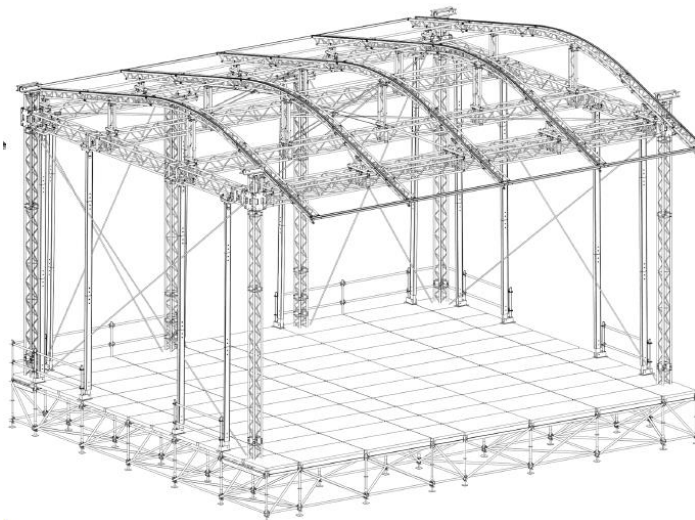
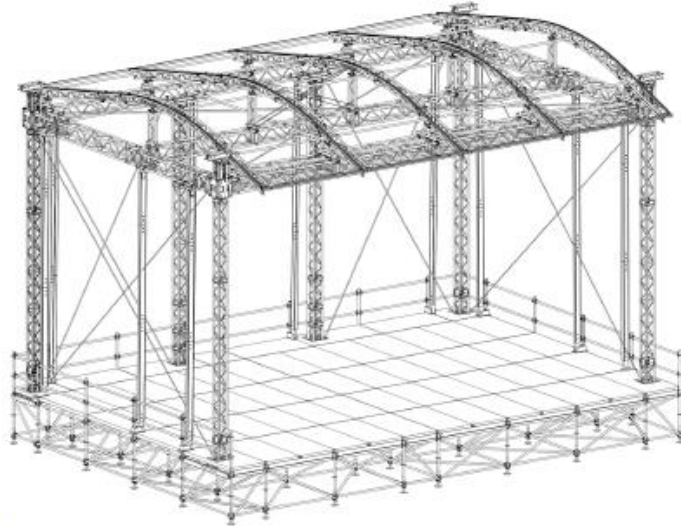


PODIUM – BOEK

CLT

Eekels Verhuur 112023-15



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Voorwoord

Opdrachtgevers en organisatoren, alsmede gemeentelijke diensten hebben behoefte aan handvatten voor de beoordeling van kwaliteit en specificaties van overdekte podia die tijdelijk geplaatst worden. Met als doel het inzichtelijk krijgen van waar gehuurde overdekte podia aan moeten voldoen op gebied van onder meer brandveiligheid- en constructieve veiligheid. Een van de is om een podiumboek op te stellen waarin deze zaken overzichtelijk en begrijpelijk worden weergegeven, dit op een vergelijkbare manier hoe een tentboek wordt samengesteld.

In het veld worden diverse termen gebruikt voor het overdekken van een podium; kap, dak, stage, overkapping. In essentie betreft het in dit bouwboek een podium wat voorzien is van een constructie welke zorgdraagt voor (gedeeltelijke) beschutting van de elementen.

In de bijlagen komen zaken aan de orde als tekeningen, kwaliteitsverklaringen, constructieve berekenen en andere informatie welke verder relevant is.

In de normen welke gaan over de overdekte podia worden kwaliteitsverklaringen, constructieve berekeningen en andere relevante stukken genoemd. Hierin staat gesteld dat deze stukken niet in de Nederlandse taal opgesteld hoeven te zijn, eventuele aanvullende toelichtingen en handleidingen wel. Het voorwoord en handleidingen die minimaal in het podium-boek moeten staan worden gezien als toelichting. Andere zaken dan de toelichting(en) in het podium-boek mogen in het Duits, Frans of Engels aangeleverd worden.

Het gebruik van het overdekte podium is geen onderwerp van het podium-boek.

Binnen het NEN lopen nog een aantal andere trajecten die te maken hebben met evenementen, allemaal beginnende met: 8020-

Een aantal, al dan niet Europese, algemeen gehanteerde normen en richtlijnen die te maken hebben met overdekte podia welke tijdelijk geplaatst worden zijn o.a.:

- NPR 8020-50 Evenementen – Podiumconstructies – Verantwoordelijkheden
- NPR 8020-51 Evenementen – Podiumconstructies – Belastingen en constructieve uitgangspunten
- NEN-EN 13814 Machines en constructies op kermisterreinen en amusementsparken – Veiligheid
- NEN-EN 1990 Grondslagen van het constructief ontwerp
- NEN-EN 1991 Belastingen op constructies
- NEN-EN 1993 Staalconstructies

Bovenstaande normen- en richtlijnen refereren o.a. aan de Eurocodes NEN-EN 1991-1-4/NB;

Deel 1: Belastingen op constructies

Deel 1-4: Algemene belastingen – Windbelasting.

Een tijdelijk geplaatst overdekt podium is in beginsel geen bouwwerk in de zin van het bouwbesluit. Hieruit voortvloeiende kan er daarom niet automatisch naar het bouwbesluit of andere zaken worden gekeken als het gaat om beoordeling van een tijdelijk geplaatst overdekt podium. Hier moeten dus ook de eerder genoemde normen- en richtlijnen naast gehouden worden.

Keuringsrapporten voor zeil, bijvoorbeeld bepaald volgens B1 of M1, zijn doorgaans voorzien van een geldigheidsdatum. Deze datum heeft alleen betrekking op het productieproces van het zeil en niet op het product. Het zegt niets over het (brand)verloop van de kwaliteit van het materiaal. Zeil dat voldoet aan de gestelde eisen blijft zelfdovend. Dit gegeven is mede onderschreven door het LNB, cluster brandveilig gebruik.

Overdekte podia zijn onder te verdelen in:

- (gedeeltelijk) met zijwanden van harde panelen of zeil
- zonder zijwanden
- voorzien van meer bouwlagen

Het gebruik van dit podium-boek is slechts voorbehouden aan Eekels Verhuur B.V..

Hallenstraat 20

P.O. Box 175

5530 AB Bladel

T: +31 0 73 6136867

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I: www.eekelsverhuur.nl

NOODNUMMER: +31 0 467 870 112

1. Algemene informatie

In dit hoofdstuk worden alle gegevens van de fabrikant en algemene gegevens overdekte podia indien deze buiten Europa is geproduceerd, tevens naam van importeur.

1.1 Algemene gegevens fabrikant(en);

Zeil	POLYMAR – FR COLOR 700
Constructie	Prolyte H30V – H40V – H30D
Type zeil	PVC; artikel 8509 5240

1.2 Algemene gegevens;

Naam	CLT
Type	CLT 12x8 – 12x10 roof
Configuratie(s)	12x8 – 12x10 meter

2 Gegevens verhuurder of leverancier

Hieronder wordt alle huidige en relevante informatie weergegeven van de verhuurder/leverancier.

Rechtsvorm	Besloten Vennootschap
Handelsnaam	Eekels Verhuur B.V.
Bezoekadres	Hallenstraat 20 5531 AB BLADEL
Postadres	P.O. Box 175 5530 AD BLADEL
Telefoonnummer	0031 73 6136867
Website	www.eekelsverhuur.nl
Mailadres	info@eekelsverhuur.nl
K.v.K. nummer	84151722
Omzetbelasting nummer	NL863114192B01
Bank	Rabobank de Kempen
IBAN Rekening nummer	NL43RABO0374476608
BIC	RABONL2U

3 Algemene technische gegevens van de overdekte podia

Waar dient de huurder ten alle tijden rekening mee te houden bij de ingebruikname van het overdekte podium.

3.1 Algemeen

- Geen sneeuw- en/of hagelbelasting gerekend
- Podiumvloer is geschikt voor een belasting tot 750 kg/m²
- Obstakels moeten ten minste 0,5 meter van het doek verwijderd zijn (zowel binnen als buiten).

3.2 Bijzonderheden

Voor de berekeningen is aangehouden:

- Onbebouwde omgeving;
- Tekeningen volgens het bouwboek;
- Toetsing volgens NEN-EN 13814;
- Afmeting van de constructie: 12x8 – 12x10 meter

4 Basis instandhouding- en ontruimingsprotocol

Er zijn zaken welke in basis ten alle tijden van toepassing zijn bij een overdekt podium.

- De constructie van de overdekte podia mogen na oplevering nooit zo worden aangetast dat de constructieve veiligheid in het geding komt.
- Organisator moet grondankers, ballast, windverbanden, spanbanden, palen, wandpanelen, zeilen of andere zaken na losmaken voor welk doel dan ook direct weer terugplaatsen/vastmaken.
- Bij het verlaten van het terrein en/of afsluiten van dagelijkse werkzaamheden en/of na afloop van het evenement moet organisator waar mogelijk de toegang tot het overdekte podia sluiten of niet toegankelijk maken.
- Het overdekte podia moet(en) te allen tijde door organisator sneeuw- en of hagelvrij gehouden worden.
- Cumulatie van water, z.g. waterzakken, moeten door organisator direct verwijderd worden, indien dit niet lukt moet verhuurder meteen verwittigd worden.
- Eventuele loskomende grondverankering of verschuivende ballast moet door organisator direct gemeld worden aan verhuurder.
- Voor opgave gemiddelde wind in Bft. en windstoten. (piekwind) in relatie tot de grenswaarden, het sluiten of buiten gebruik stellen van het overdekte podium zie windtabel(len) elders in dit stuk. Daarbij dienen de beheersmaatregelen uit bijlage 4 in acht genomen te worden.
- Equipotentiaalverbinding. Al het blootliggende metaalwerk binnen een structuur dat in contact zou kunnen komen met een bron van elektrische stroom moet op adequate wijze geaard zijn. Er moet rekening worden gehouden met de mate van blootstelling en het risico op blikseminslag en, waar van toepassing, moet de constructie voldoende worden beschermd. Advies over verlichtingsniveaus voor normaal en noodgebruik valt buiten het toepassingsgebied van deze norm en is elders beschikbaar.
- Blikseminslag in de constructie die voldoet aan gestelde (brandveiligheidseisen levert geen schade op aan de overdekte podia).
- Bij acute dreiging van zwaar onweer gepaard gaande met z.g. valwind en/of hagel moet het overdekte podium en directe omgeving ontruimd-, en indien mogelijk gesloten worden. Het overdekte podium is hierin van ondergeschikt belang.
- Organisator moet het lokale weer tijdens het evenement adequaat bewaken en actie ondernemen waar eigen organisatieprotocollen of overdekte podiumspecificaties dit aangeven.

5 Verklaring weeromstandigheden

Met welke weersomstandigheden dient de huurder rekening te houden.

- Een constructie wordt berekend op een stuwdruk (de windbelasting per m²). De stuwdruk ontstaat door de windsnelheid. De windsnelheid is opgebouwd uit een stationair deel en een turbulent deel. Hierdoor ontstaan er pieken in de windsnelheid.
- Windsnelheid wordt standaard gemeten op 10 meter hoogte in het vrije veld, zonder obstakels. Er kan gesproken worden over een piekwindsnelheid, een 10-minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid of een uurgemiddelde windsnelheid. Hoe langer de tijd is, hoe lager het gemiddelde.
- De in de berekeningen gehanteerde beaufort-windschaal wordt in Nederland weergegeven in een 10-minuten **gemiddelde windsnelheid** op 10 meter hoogte in het vrije veld.
- **De stuwdruk waarop een overkapping berekend is, is bepalend voor de sterkte van de overkapping. Het gaat er dus om dat op de juiste manier wordt vastgesteld welke windsnelheid moet worden aangehouden om te kunnen bepalen of de stuwdruk overschreden wordt.**
- Als er niet op locatie gemeten wordt, moet gebruik worden gemaakt van de dichtstbijzijnde meteostation en moet de 10-minuten-gemiddelde windsnelheid op 10 meter hoogte worden opgevraagd. Als de grens-10 minutengemiddelde snelheid wordt bereikt, is de grens-stuwdruk bereikt. De opgegeven waarden gelden voor onbebouwd terrein (buiten de bebouwde kom) en niet voor het strand.
- Onderscheid tussen gemiddelde- en piekwindsnelheid in acht nemen.

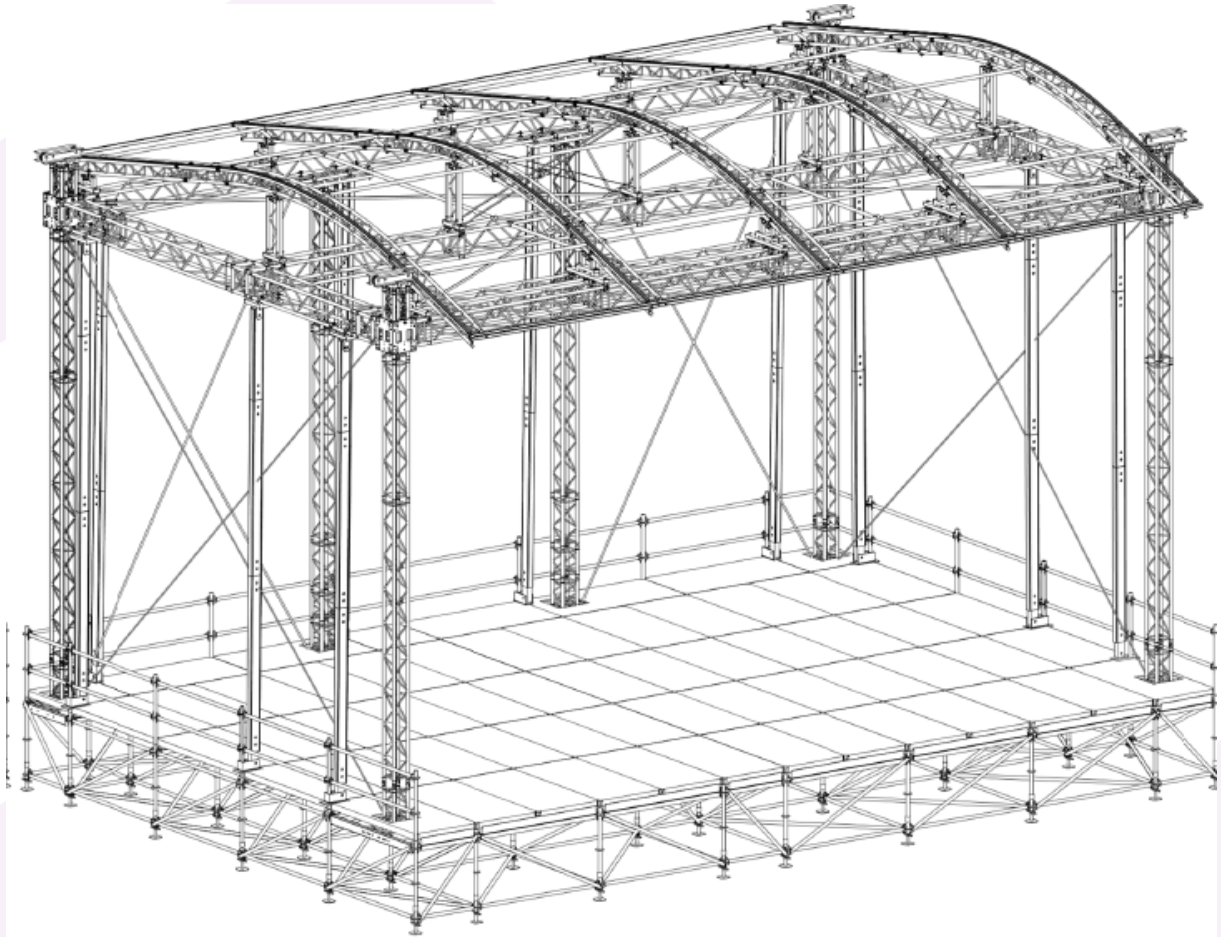
De windkracht volgens de Schaal van Beaufort (bron: KNMI). De schaal van Beaufort wordt gebruikt voor de gemiddelde windsnelheid, over minstens 10 minuten gemeten, niet voor de snelheid van rukwinden/windstoten (piekwind).

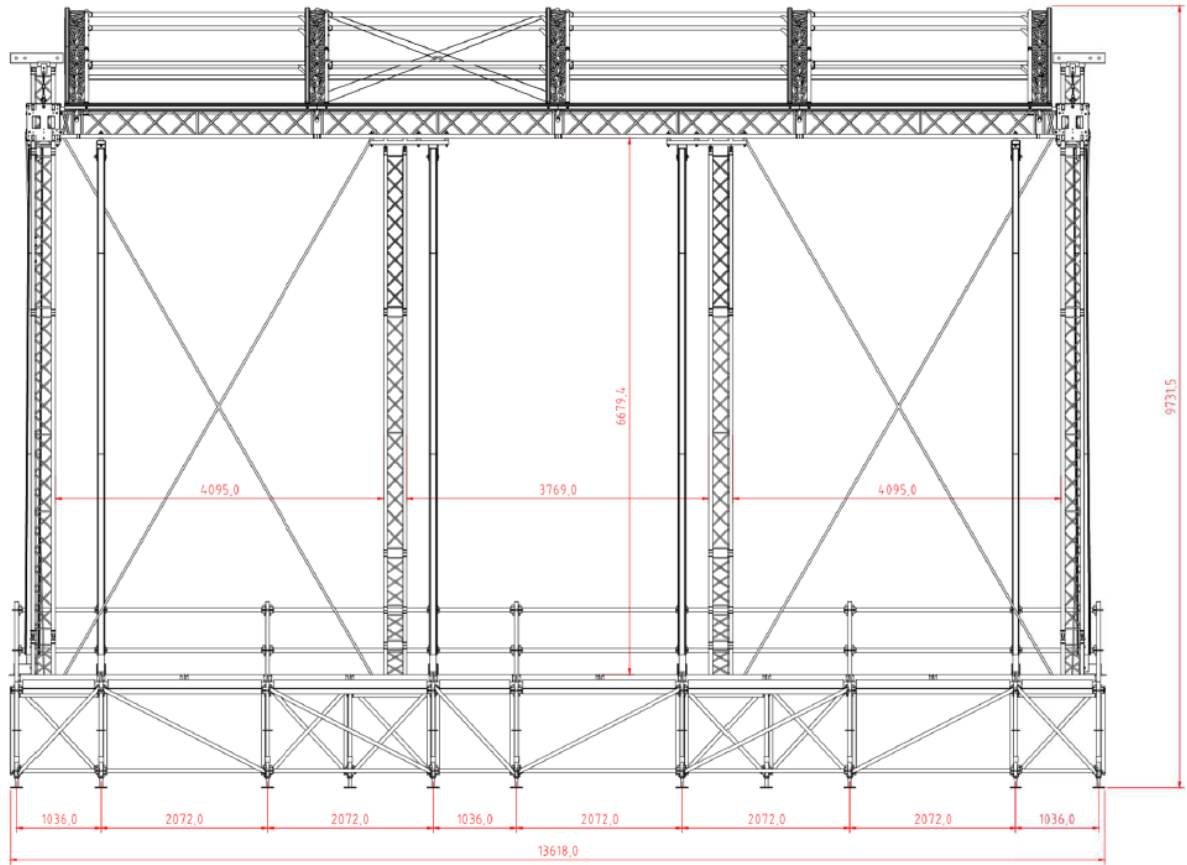
Kracht	Benaming van KNMI	Benaming in Zeevaart	Snelheid in km/h*	Snelheid in m/s*	Snelheid in knopen
0	Stil	Windstil	0-1	0-0,2	0-1
1	Zwak	Flauw en stil	1-5	0,3-1,5	1-3
2	Zwak	Flauwe koelte	6-11	1,6-3,3	4-6
3	Matig	Lichte koelte	12-19	3,4-5,4	7-10
4	Matig	Matige koelte	20-28	5,5-7,9	11-16
5	Vrij krachtig	Frisse bries	29-38	8,0-10,7	17-21
6	Vrij krachtig	Stijve bries	39-49	10,8-13,8	22-27
7	Hard	Harde wind	50-61	13,9-17,1	28-33
8	Stormachtig		62-74	17,2-20,7	34-40
9	Storm		75-88	20,8-24,4	41-47
10	Zware storm		89-102	24,5-28,4	48-55
11	Zeer zware storm / orkaanachtig		103-117	28,5-32,6	56-63
12	Orkaan		>117	>32,7	>63

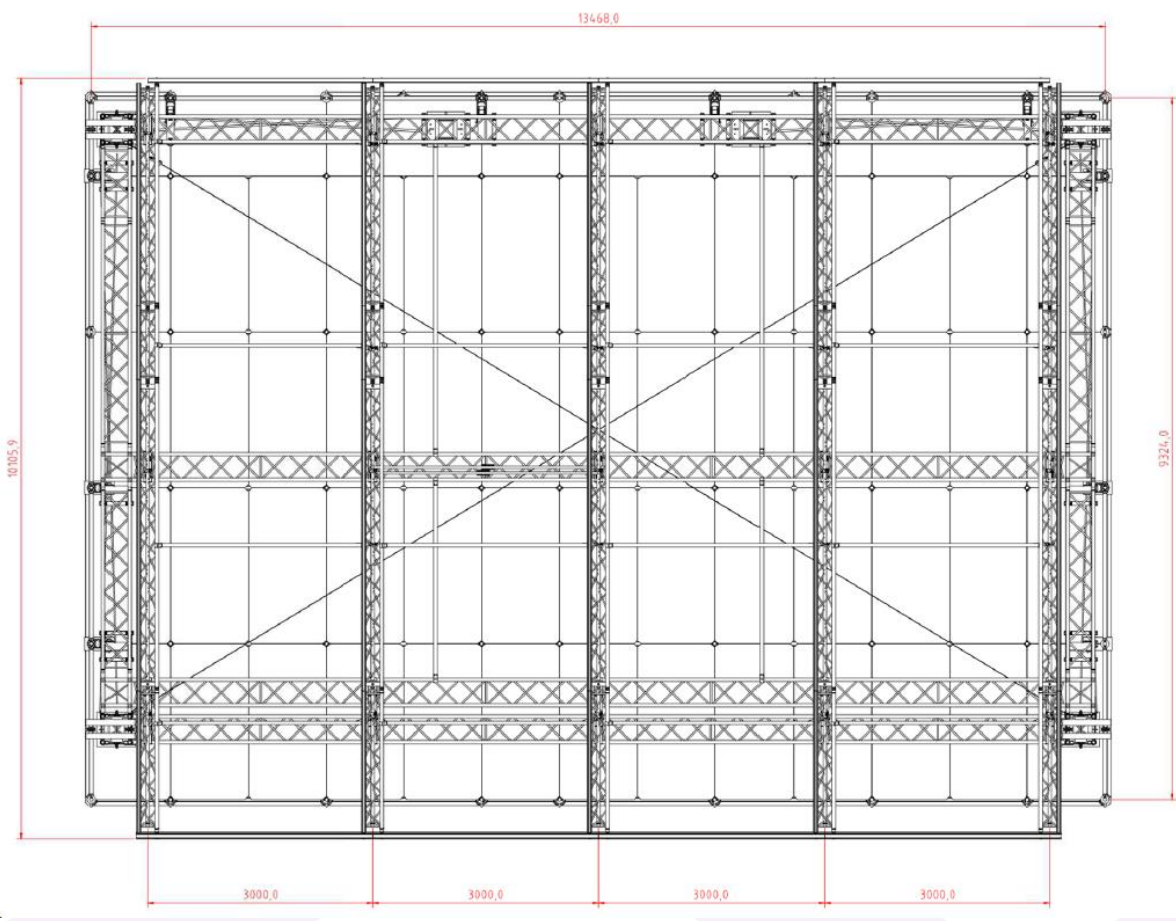
De Nederlandse weerstations onder andere vinden op: www.meteovista.nl, www.knmi.nl, www.meteoconsult.nl en www.meteostation.nl.

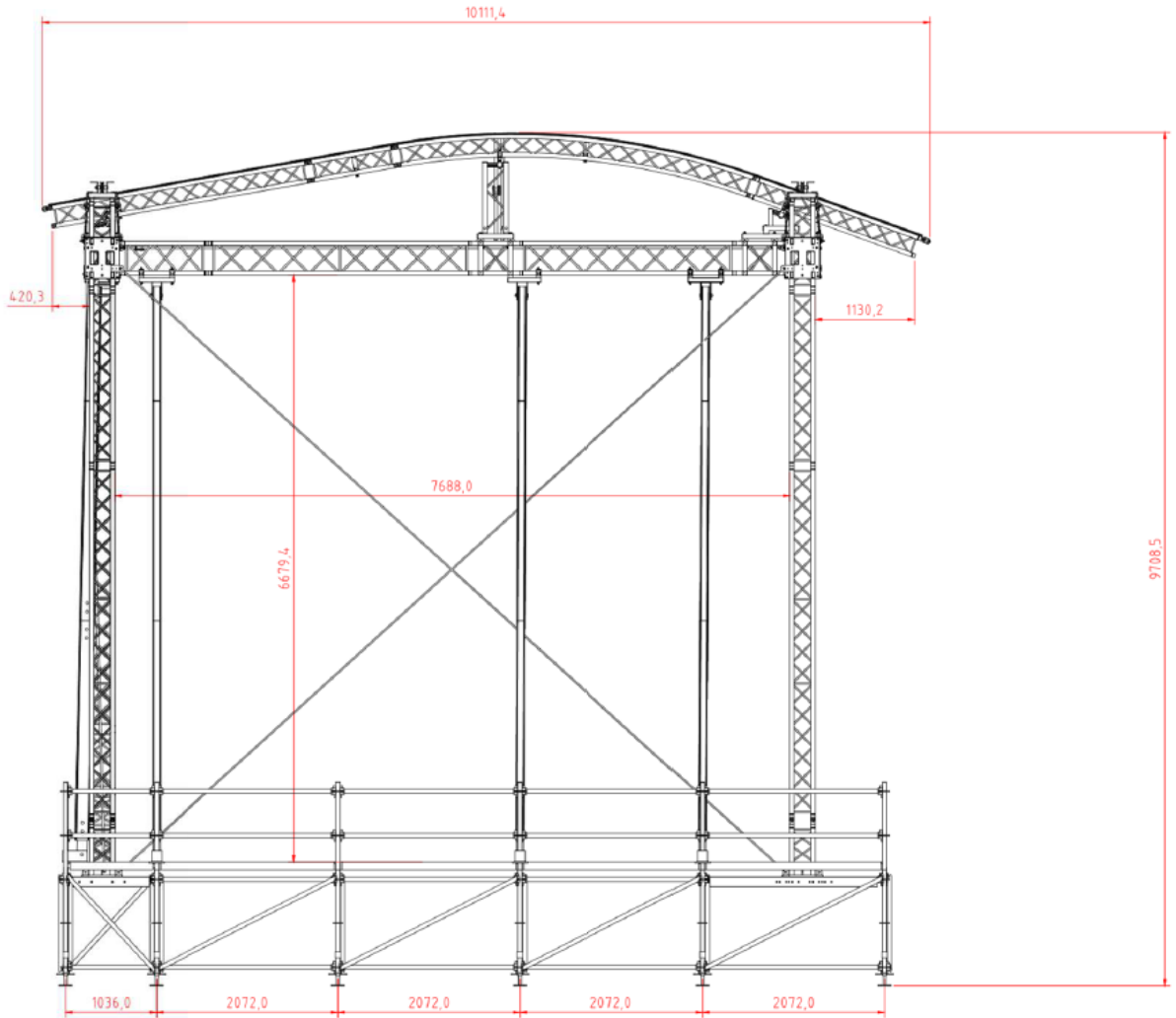
Organisator kan ook bij onder andere Meteovista en Meteoconsult gedurende de duur van het evenement een weerbewakingscontract aangaan om nog beter op de hoogte te zijn van de lokale weersomstandigheden.

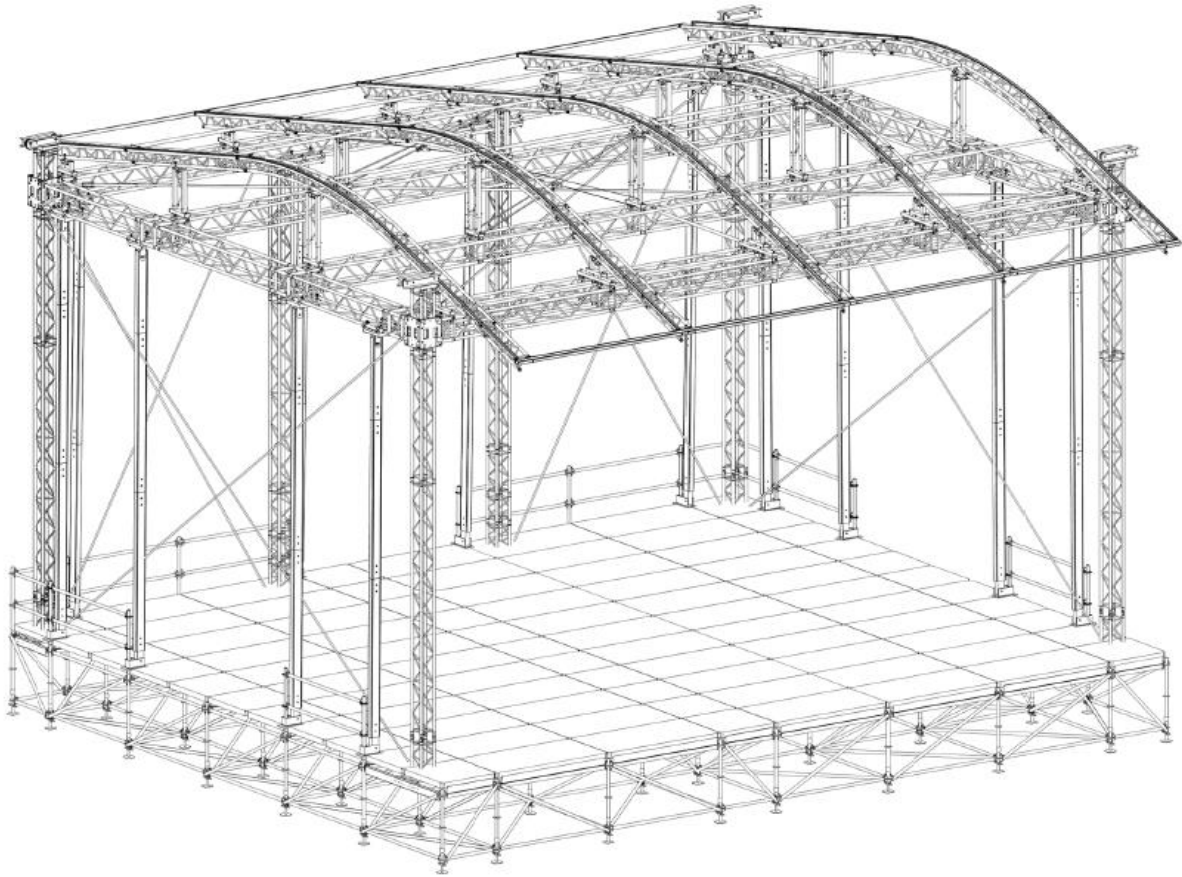
6 Bijlage I: Tekening(en)

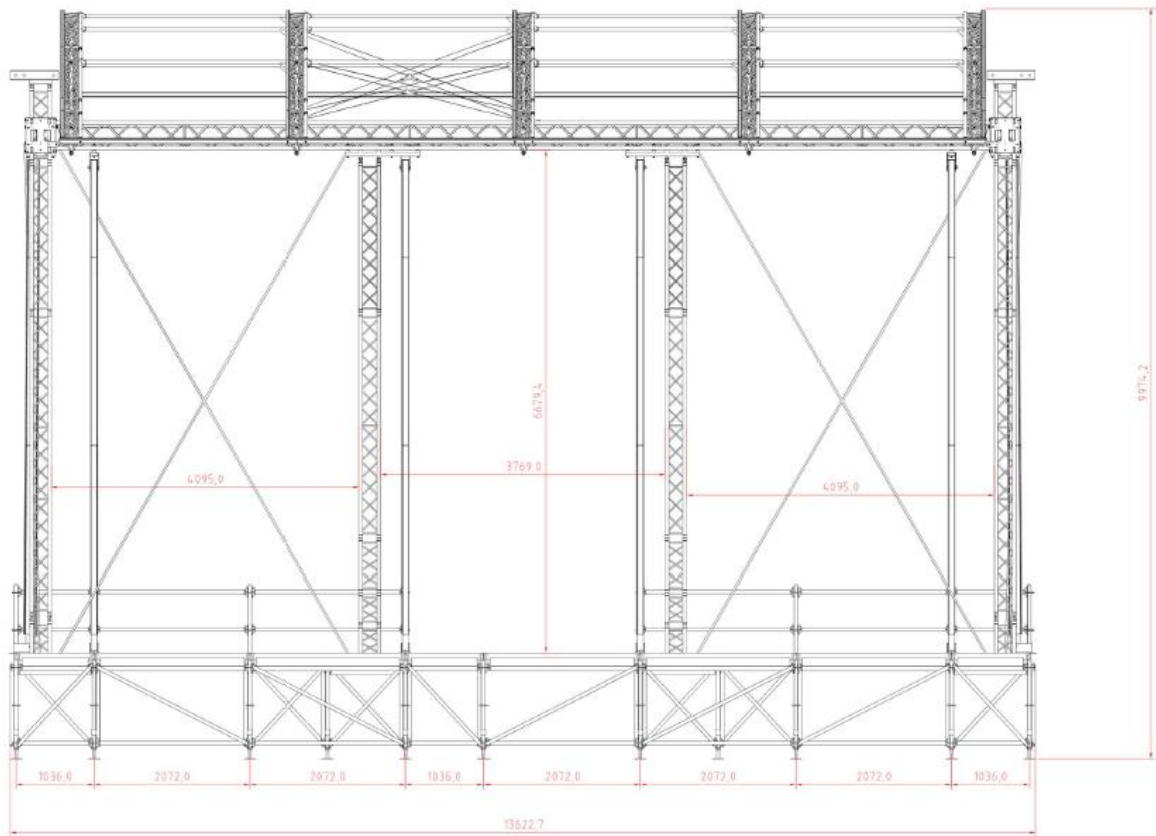


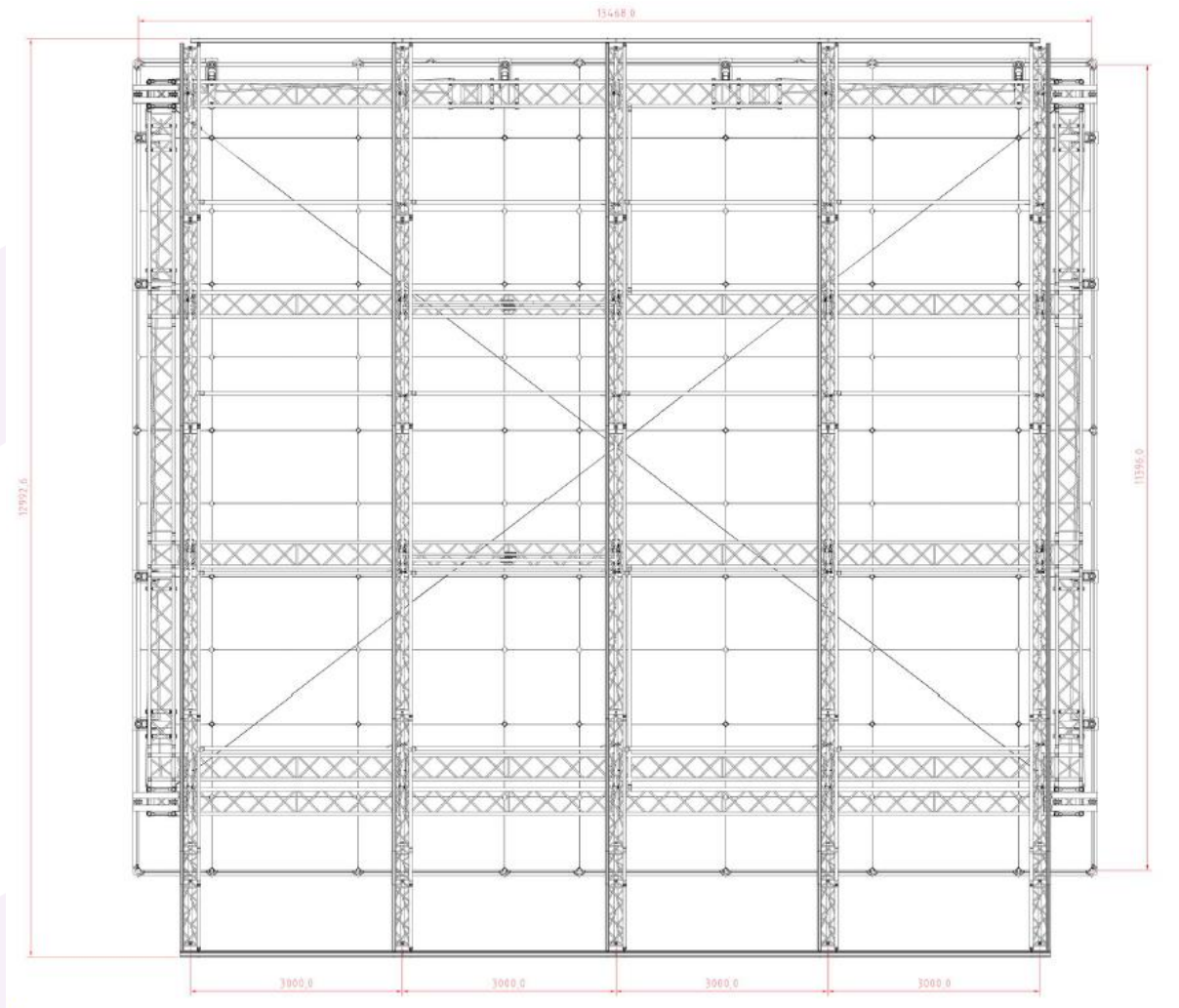


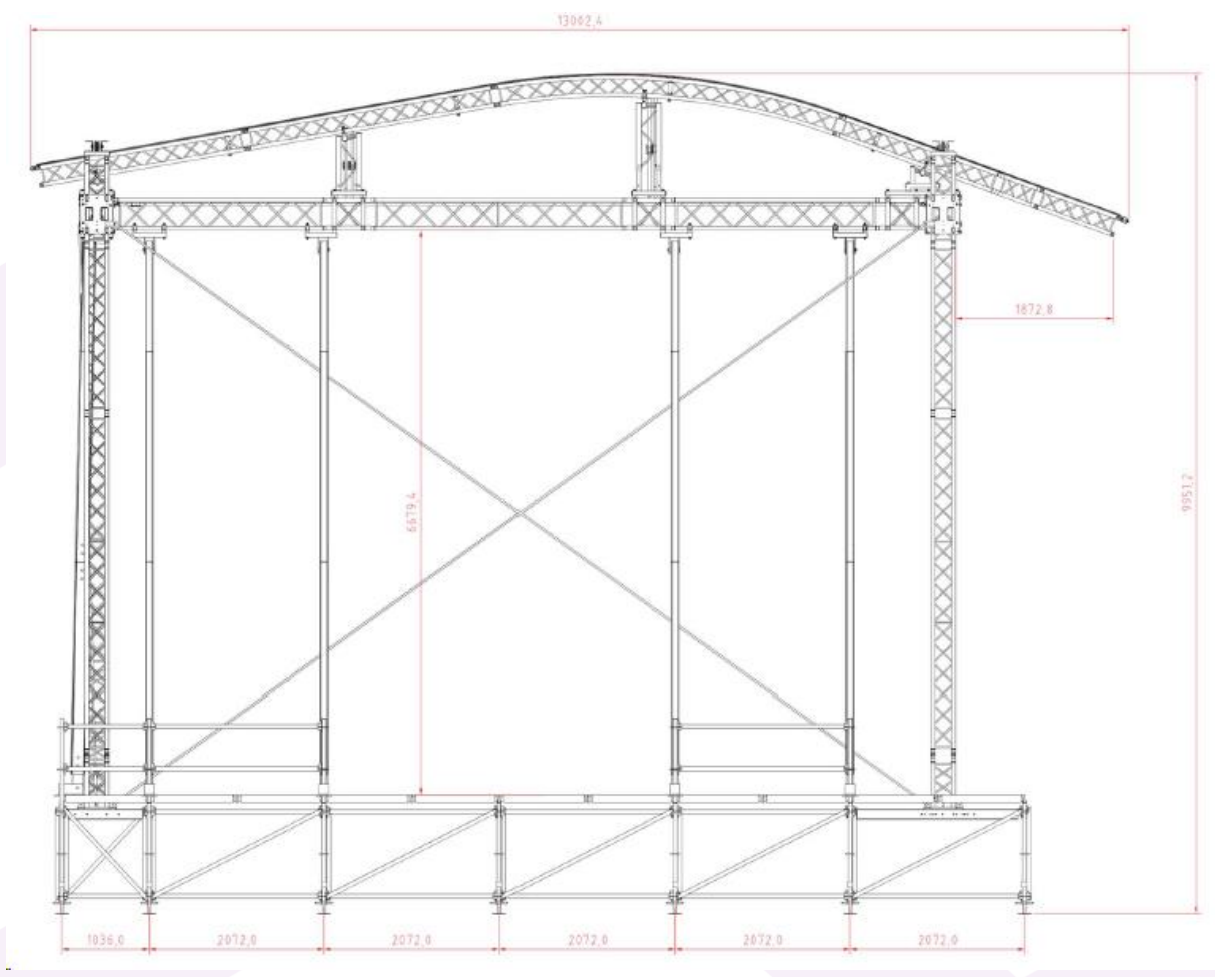




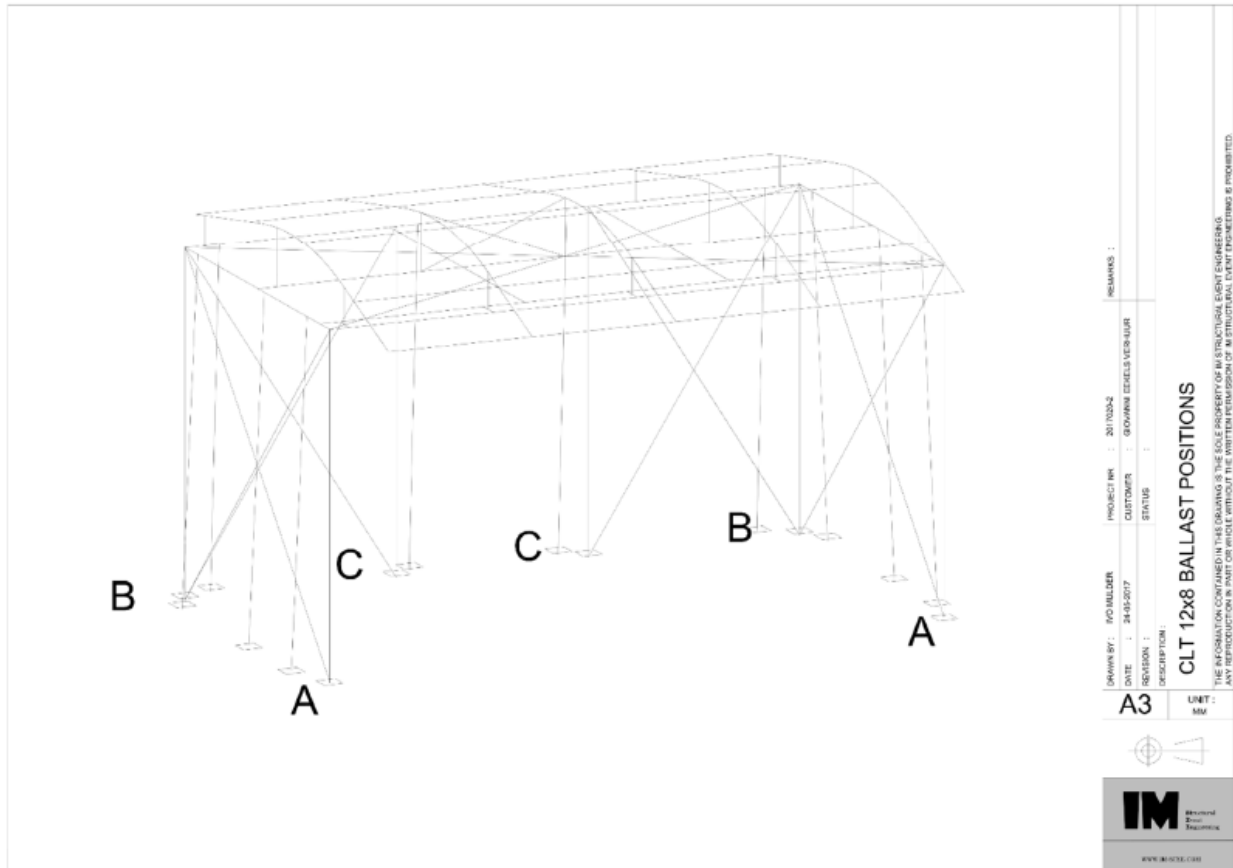








7 Bijlage II: Ballastplan

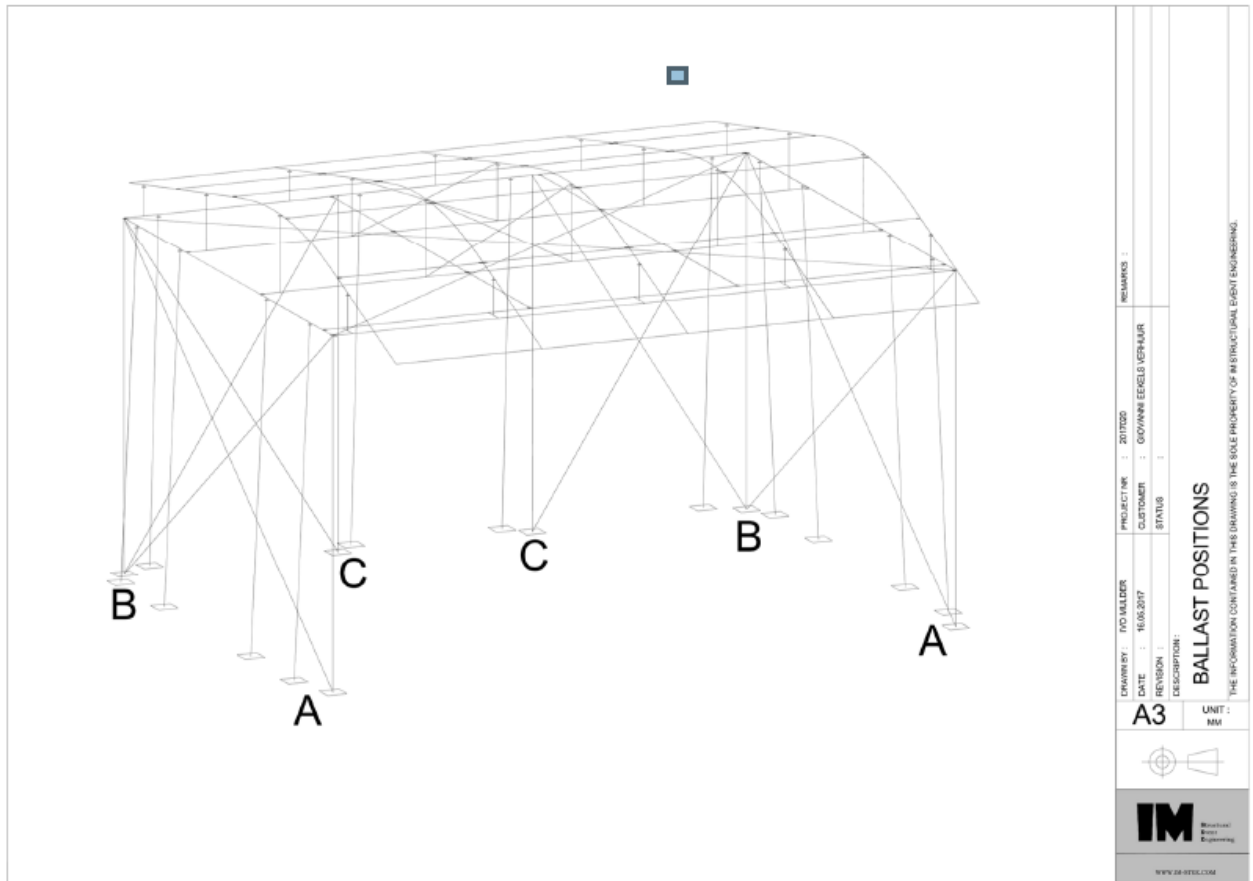


The Ballast calculation has been done in chapter 5 underneath are the result of the necessary ballast per point. For the ballast at the stack tower in the middle of the back span the self-weight of the Layer system will be taken.

Point A = 1200 kg

Point B = 1400 kg

Point C = 1000 kg



The Ballast calculation has been done in chapter 5 underneath are the result of the necessary ballast per point. For the ballast at the stack tower in the middle of the back span the self-weight of the Layher system will be taken.

Point A = 1400 kg

Point B = 1750 kg

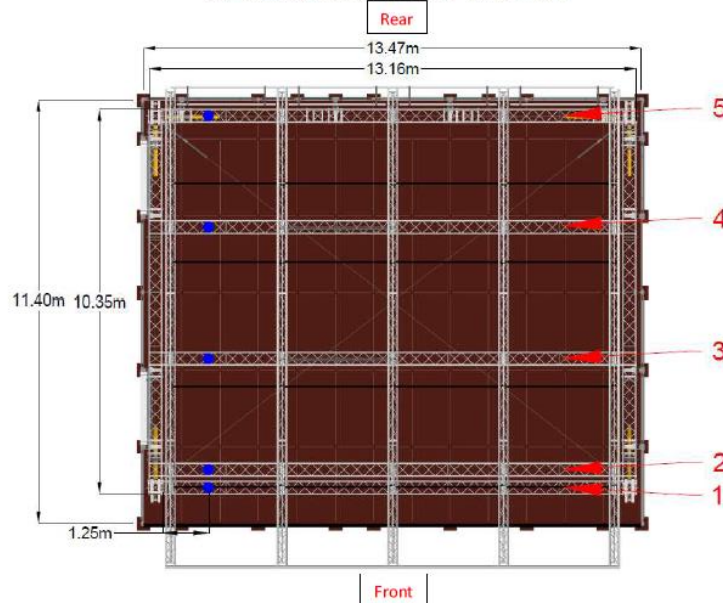
Point C = 1100 kg

8 Bijlage III: Riggingscapaciteit

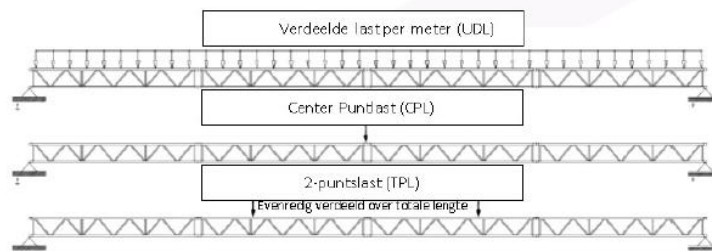


Riggingscapaciteit CLT 143/117

Bij uitvoering in opstelling CLT 117 vervalt truss 4



Naam	Waarde	Maximale Gebruiksbelasting per punt				
		1	2	3	4	5
A. Verdeelde last per meter (UDL)	kg/m	25	25	50	50	100
B. Center puntlast (CPL)	kg	125	125	400	400	1000
C. 2-puntlast (TPL)	kg	100	100	325	325	1000
D. puntlast 1.25m vanaf mast in-service	kg	500	500	500	500	1000
E. puntlast 1.25m vanaf mast out-service	kg	100	100	500	500	1000



Let op:
Bij Dynamische lasten dient een extra veiligheidsfactor gehanteerd te worden in overleg met constructeur
Eekels verhuur!

Figuur 1

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Hallenstraat 20
5531 AB Bladel



9 Bijlage IV: Beheersmaatregelen (WMP; Wind Management Plan)

In dit Beheersplan wordt kort omschreven welke stappen bij welke windsnelheid gezet dienen te worden. De waarde waarbij deze stappen gezet dienen te worden verschillen per windgebied.

Hieronder een opsomming van de 10-minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid per locatie (omschreven in de NEN-EN 1991-1-4:2005)

In de bovenstaande hoofdstukken is uitgelegd hoe de berekening is opgebouwd. Conform de Geldende normen dient dan het onderstaande Beheersingsplan toegepast te worden.

1. Zij- en achterzeilen dienen verwijderd te zijn bij het bereiken van onderstaande waarde;

Gebied	10 minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid (m/s)	Beaufort (Bft)	Piekwindsnelheid (m/s)	Stuwdruk (kN/m ²)
Kust	10.58	5	17.79	0.20kN/m ²
Onbebouwd	12.03	6	17.79	0.20kN/m ²
Bebouwd	17.57	7	17.79	0.20kN/m ²

0<8 meter

Gebied	10 minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid (m/s)	Beaufort (Bft)	Piekwindsnelheid (m/s)	Stuwdruk (kN/m ²)
Kust	11.9	6	21.91	0.30kN/m ²
Onbebouwd	13.07	6	21.91	0.20kN/m ²
Bebouwd	17.09	7	21.91	0.20kN/m ²

8<20 meter

2. Het podium dient UIT-SERVICE (out-service) gesteld te zijn bij het bereiken van onderstaande waarde;
- Tevens dient de directe omgeving ontruimd te zijn

Gebied	10 minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid (m/s)	Beaufort (Bft)	Piekwindsnelheid (m/s)	Stuwdruk (kN/m ²)
Kust	15.65	7	26.46	0.4375kN/m ²
Onbebouwd	17.79	8	26.46	0.4375kN/m ²
Bebouwd	25.99	9	26.46	0.4375kN/m ²

0<8 meter

Gebied	10 minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid (m/s)	Beaufort (Bft)	Piekwindsnelheid (m/s)	Stuwdruk (kN/m ²)
Kust	17.18	7	31.62	0.625kN/m ²
Onbebouwd	18.87	8	31.62	0.625kN/m ²
Bebouwd	24.66	8	31.62	0.625kN/m ²

8<20 meter

3. Bij acute dreiging van zwaar onweer gepaard gaande met z.g. valwind en/of hagel moet de constructie en directe omgeving ontruimd-, en indien mogelijk, gesloten worden. De overkapping is hierin van ondergeschikt belang.

NOTE; de 10-minuten gemiddelde windsnelheid wordt alleen weergegeven als referentie windsnelheid. Acties omtrent de constructie dienen ondernomen te worden aan de hand van de piekwindsnelheid.

Bij vragen of twijfel over dit plan kunt u altijd contact opnemen met Eekels Verhuur B.V.

10 Bijlage V: Zeilcertificaat



Technisches Datenblatt Nr.: **1017.14**
 Produkt: **POLYMAR®** FR COLOR 700
 Artikel Nr.: **8509 5240**

Beschichtung und Ausrüstung			
Beschichtungsart	PVC		
Ausrüstung	beidseitig mit Acryllack, mikrobiozid, UV-geschützt		
Brennverhalten	BS 7837, D.M. 26.06.84 (UNI 9177): CL 2, DIN 4102: B1, NFP 92507: M2, GOST: G1, NFPA 701 Test 2, EN 13501-1: B-s2-d0		
zu Brennverhalten	stets die Aktualität der FR-Zulassung, sowie länderspezifische Gültigkeit prüfen		
Gesamtgewicht	680 g/m ²	DIN EN ISO 2286-2	
Reißkraft Kette/Schuss	3000 / 3000 N/50 mm	DIN EN ISO 1421/V1	
Weiterreißfestigkeit Kette/Schuss	300 / 300 N	DIN 53363	
Hafffestigkeit	20 N/cm	PA 09.03 (item)	
Kältebeständigkeit.	-40 °C	DIN EN 1876-1	
Wärmebeständigkeit	+70 °C	PA 07.04 (item)	
Lichtechtheit	>6 Note, Value	DIN EN ISO 105 B02	
Knickfestigkeit	keine Risse	100000 x	DIN 53359 A
Trägergewebe			
Material	PES	DIN EN ISO 2076	
Fadenstärke	1100 dtex	DIN EN ISO 2060	
Bindung	L 1/1	ISO 3572	

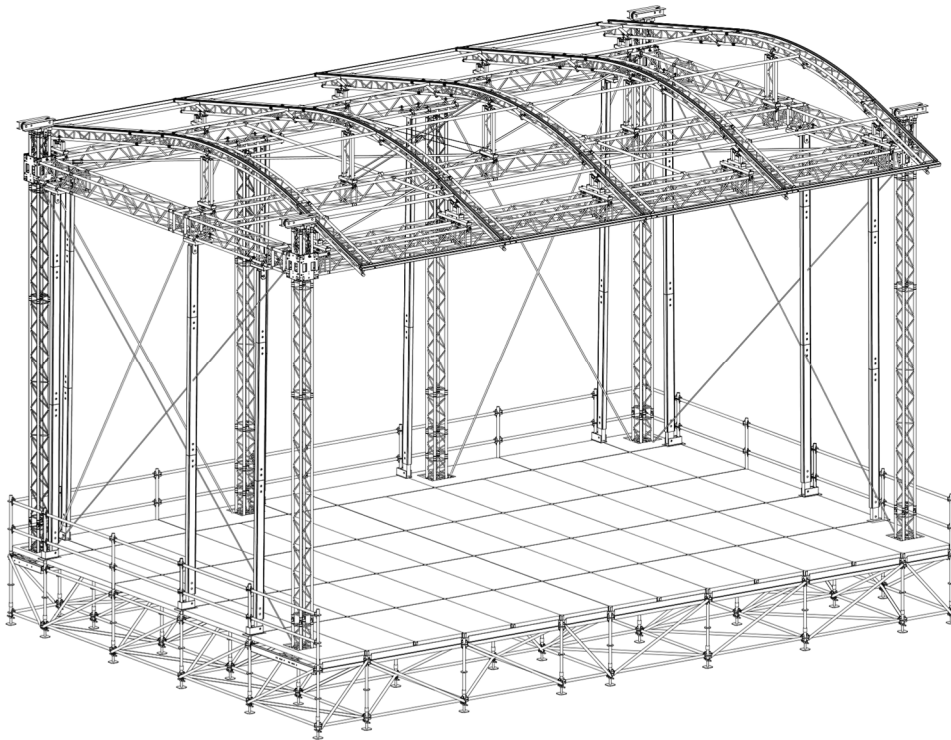
Bei den technischen Daten handelt es sich um ca. Werte, die auf Basis von ermittelten Durchschnittswerten erstellt wurden. Aus fertigungstechnischen Gründen sind Abweichungen bis zu -5% möglich. Diese technischen Angaben entsprechen dem heutigen Stand der Kenntnisse und sollen über unsere Produkte ohne Rechtsverbindlichkeit informieren. Diese Daten gelten für neue Ware. Einsatzvorschläge entbinden den Käufer nicht, selbst zu prüfen, ob das Material für den von ihm gewünschten Einsatz geeignet ist.

11 Bijlage VI: Berekening



**Structural
Event
Engineering**

WWW.IM-STEE.COM



Project number: 2016020-2

Structural calculation Report

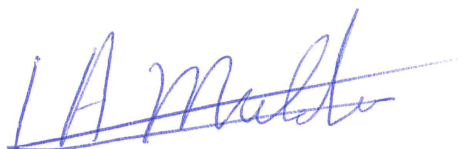
CLT roof 12x8

Eekels verhuur

This calculation report has been specific prepared for the company Eekels Verhuur at Gruttostraat 9, 5212 VM, 's-Hertogenbosch. It is not allowed to copy or print any part of this calculation other than for the intern use at InterStage. The first chapter of this calculation report can be passed on as annex to a permit application. In all other situations it is obligated to obtain an written permission from the company IM Structural Event Engineering.

Date : **25-05-2017**

Ivo Mulder BCs



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The Netherlands
+31 (0) 646597297
imulder@im-stee.com

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 - 4.9. Check of the side and back wall adapter on the top.
 - 4.10. Check of wall kedar Layher adapter
 - 4.11. Check of the steel cable in the roof construction and side and back wall.
- 5 Ballast and support load calculations.
 - 5.1. Ballast positions
 - 5.2. Over view support node numbers
 - 5.3. Reaction forces in the In-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values
 - 5.4. Reaction forces in the Out-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values
 - 5.5. Ballast calculation against uplift
 - 5.6. Calculation of the system against overturning
 - 5.7. Ballast calculation against sliding.
- 6 Calculation of Layher system
 - 6.1. RFem Layher stage model
 - 6.2. Loading Input
 - 6.3. Results of the Calculation.
 - 6.4. Stress analyse calculation for the stage components
 - 6.5. Layher design information
 - 6.6. Check of the Layher diagonals.
 - 6.7. Check of the Layher spindle's
 - 6.8. Check of the Layher columns
 - 6.9. Check of the Event Layher staging system
 - 6.10. Check of the roof Tower connection to the Layher stage.
- 7 Appendixes and extra information

1 General Preliminary notes.

1.1 Construction description.

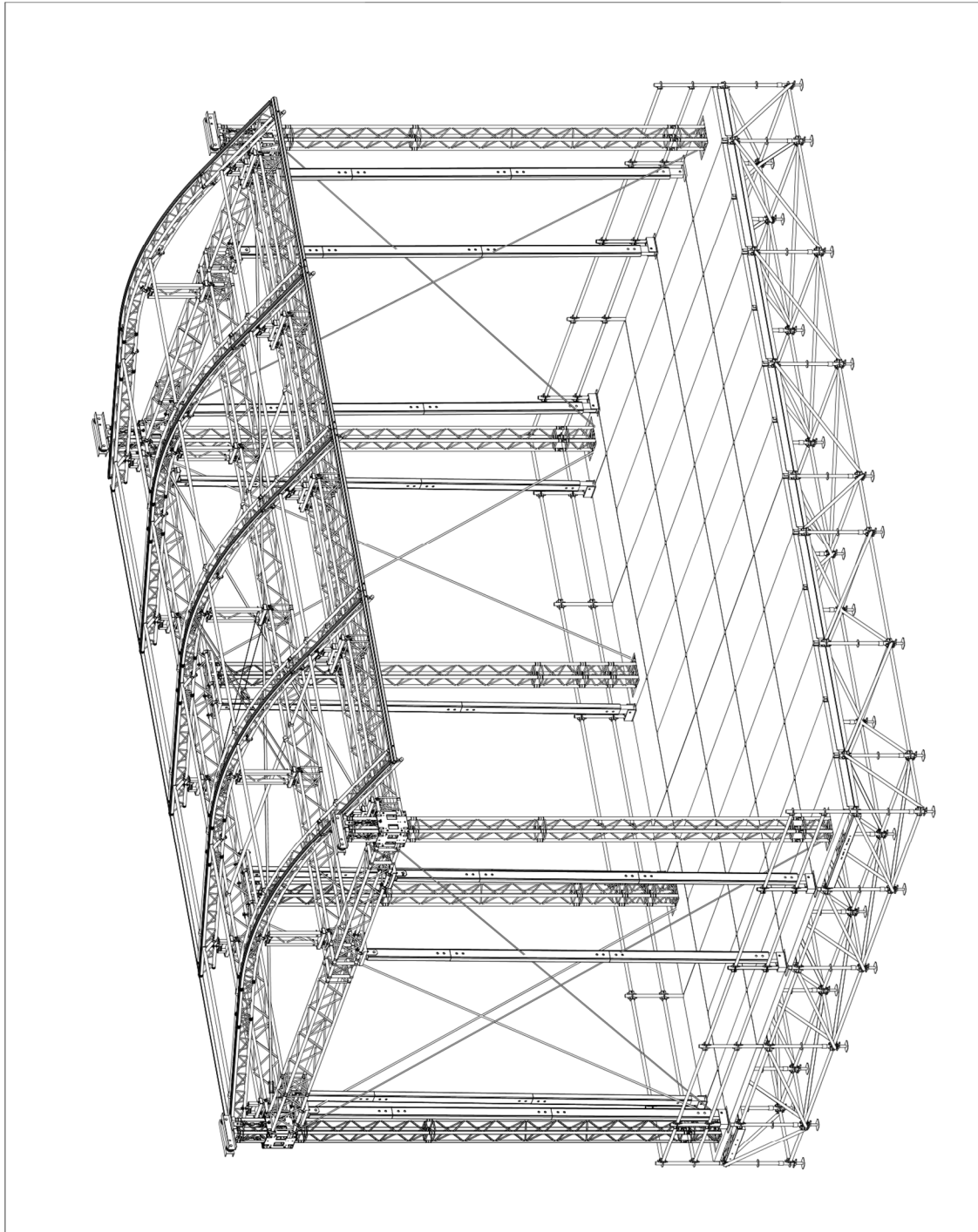
This report concerns the calculation of the CLT 12x8 roof owned by the company Eekels Verhuur. The dimensions of the roof construction are 12 meter wide 8 meters depth and 10 meters high.




The roof construction is built from mainly aluminium truss which are produced by Prolyte. The stage underneath the roof construction is constructed from the Layher scaffolding system, and is an integrated system.

The stage is calculated as a 2 meter stage but can also be built as a 1.5 meter stage.

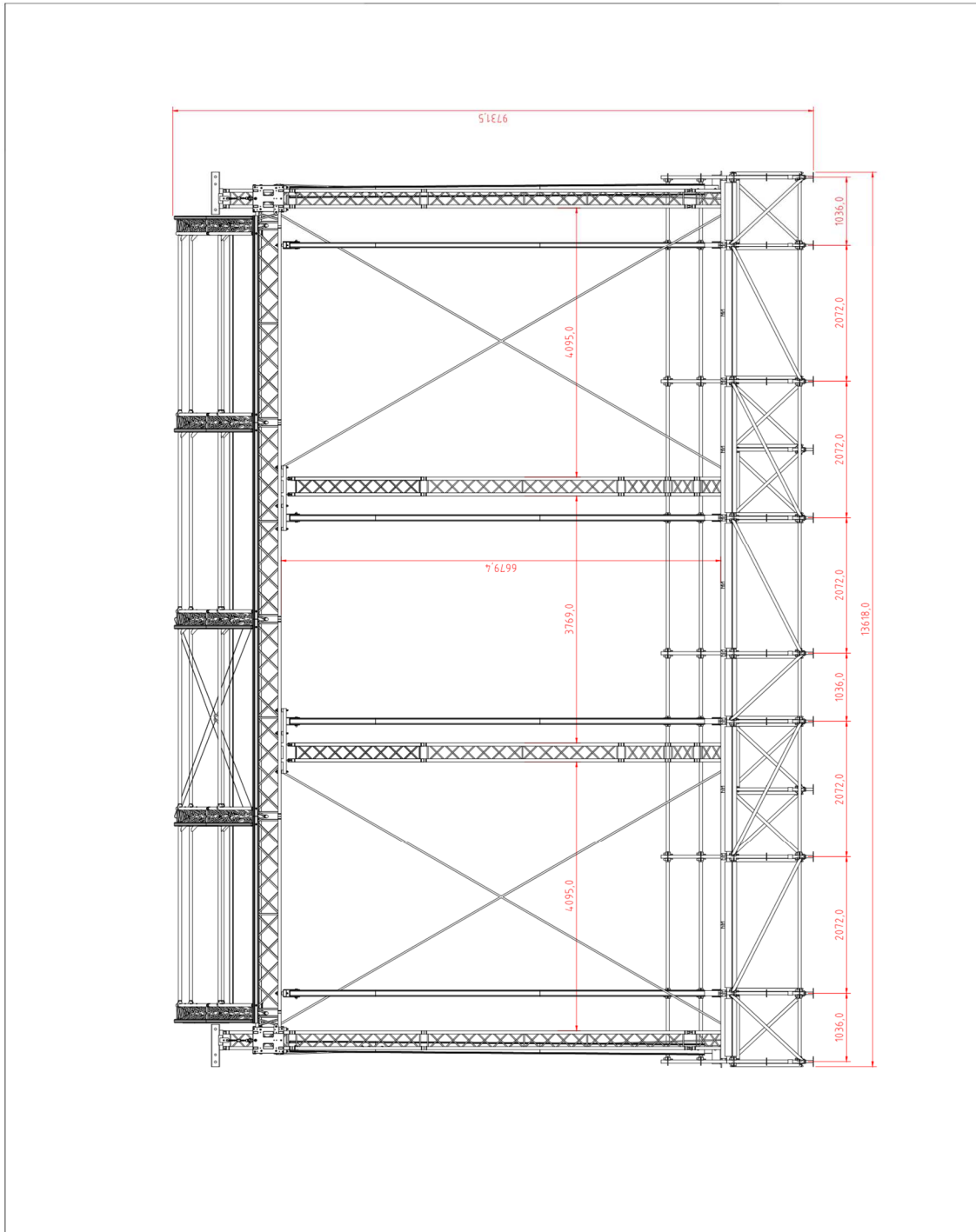
The construction will mainly be used as a staging system for festivals or outdoor events.

1.2 Construction drawing.
1.2.1 Perspective



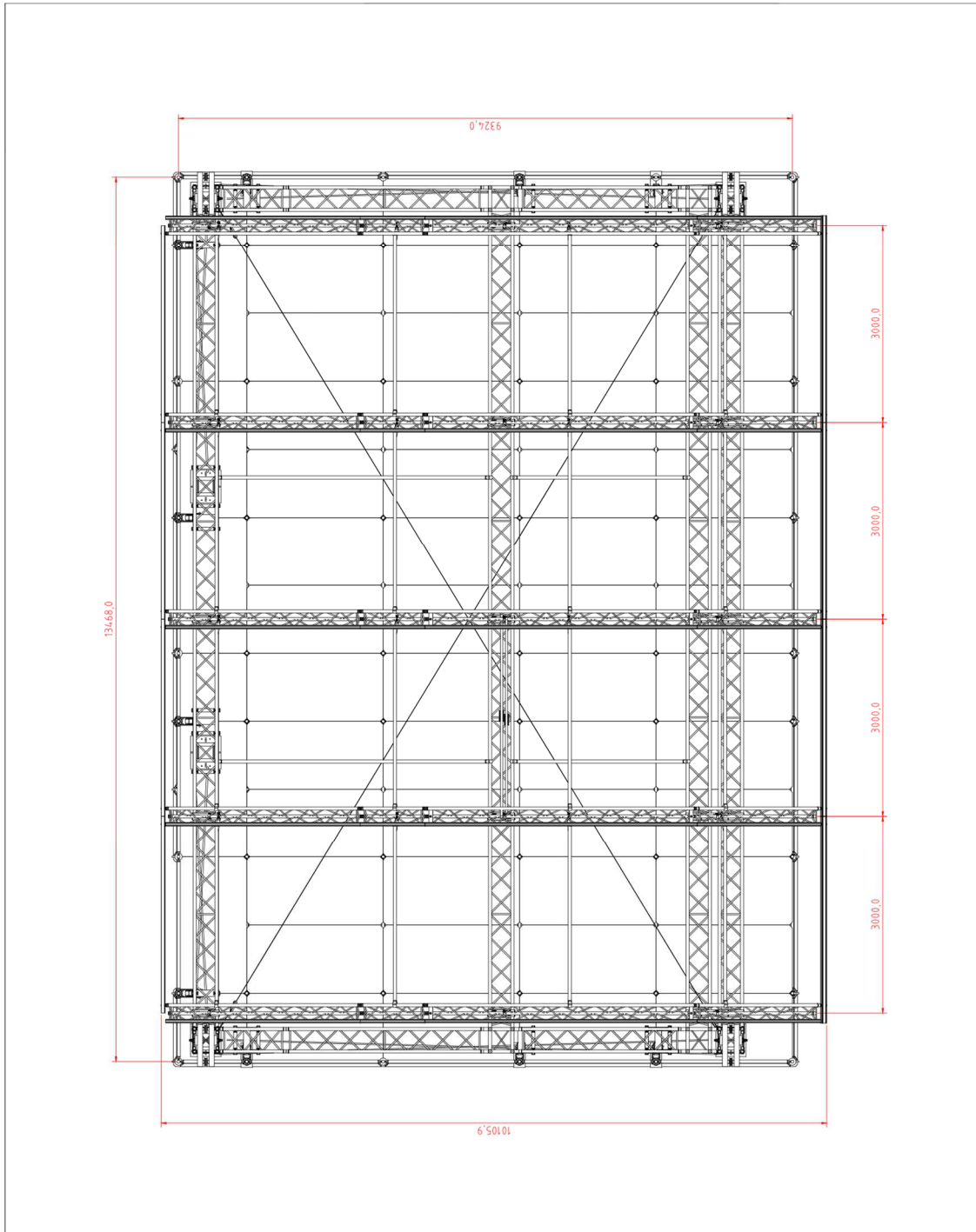
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020-2	REMARKS : SHEET 1/5	UNIT : MM   A3	 www.im-steel.com
DATE : 24-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR			
REVISION :	STATUS :			
DESCRIPTION :				
<p>CLT 12X8 ISO VIEW</p> <p>THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING. ANY REPRODUCTION IN PART OR WHOLE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING IS PROHIBITED.</p>				



1.2.2 Front view



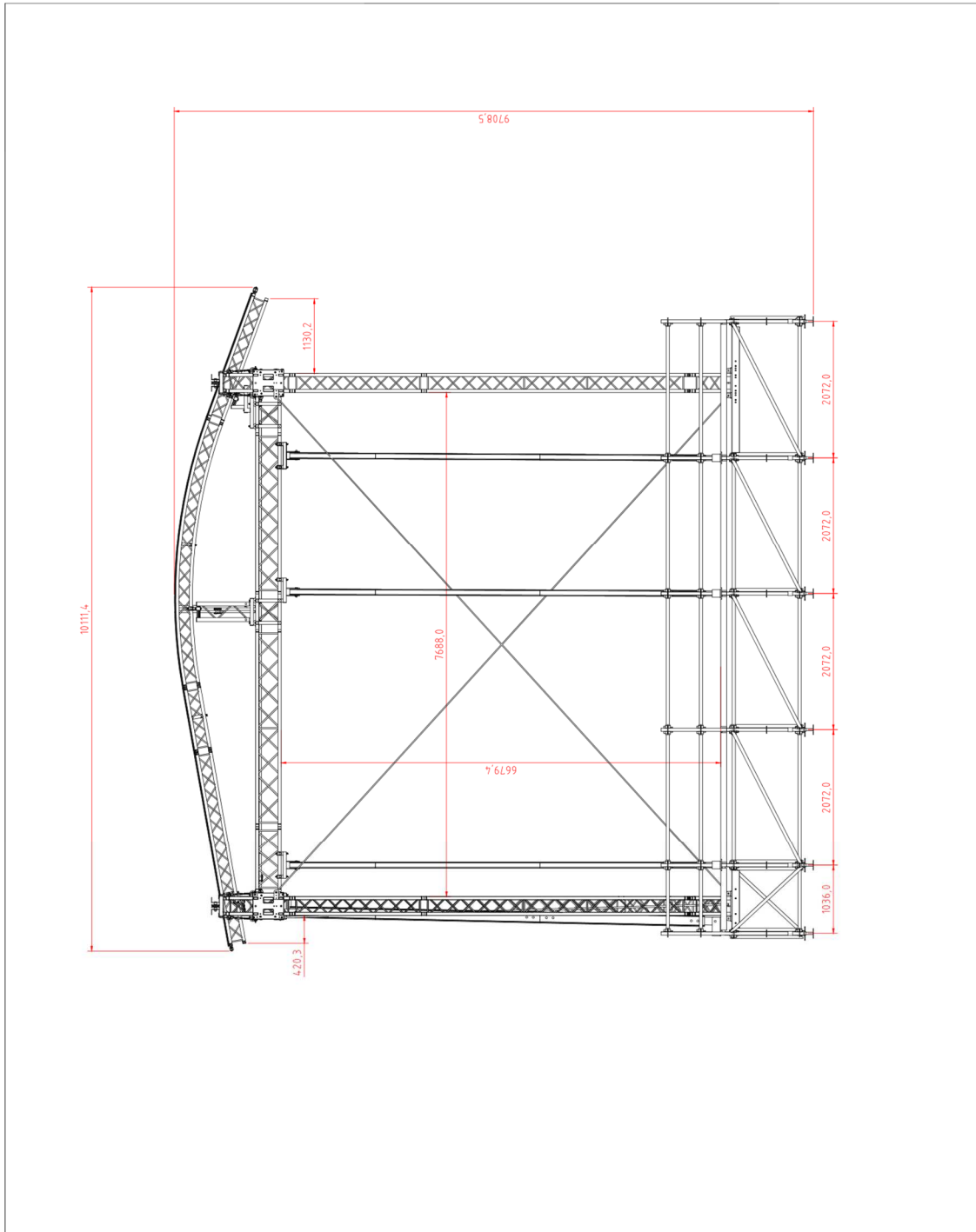
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020-2	REMARKS : SHEET 2/5	UNIT : MM 		Structural Event Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 24-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR				
REVISION :	STATUS :				
DESCRIPTION :			A3		
CLT 12X8 FRONT VIEW					
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1.2.3 Top view



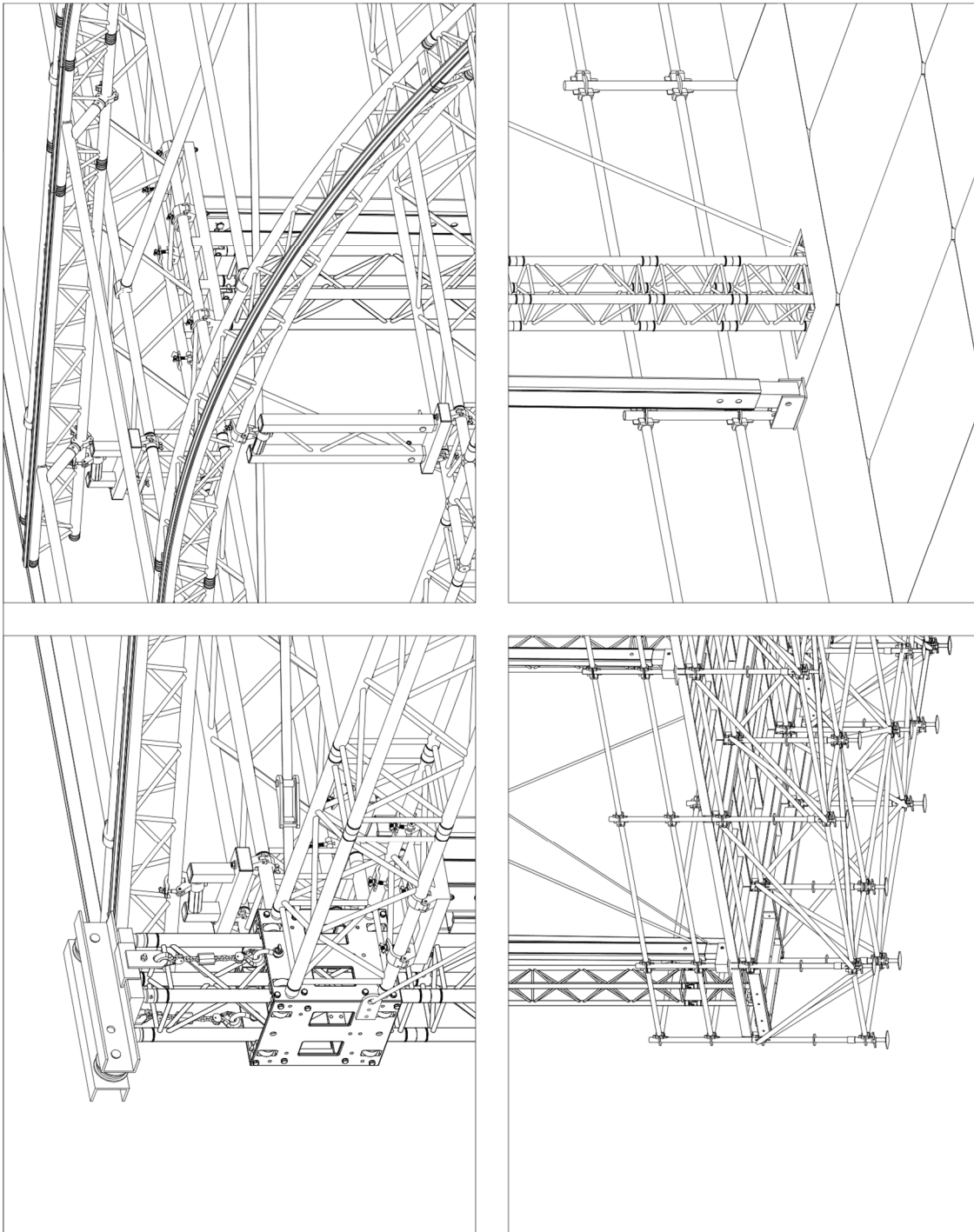
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DATE : 24-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12X8 TOP VIEW			
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1.2.4 Side view



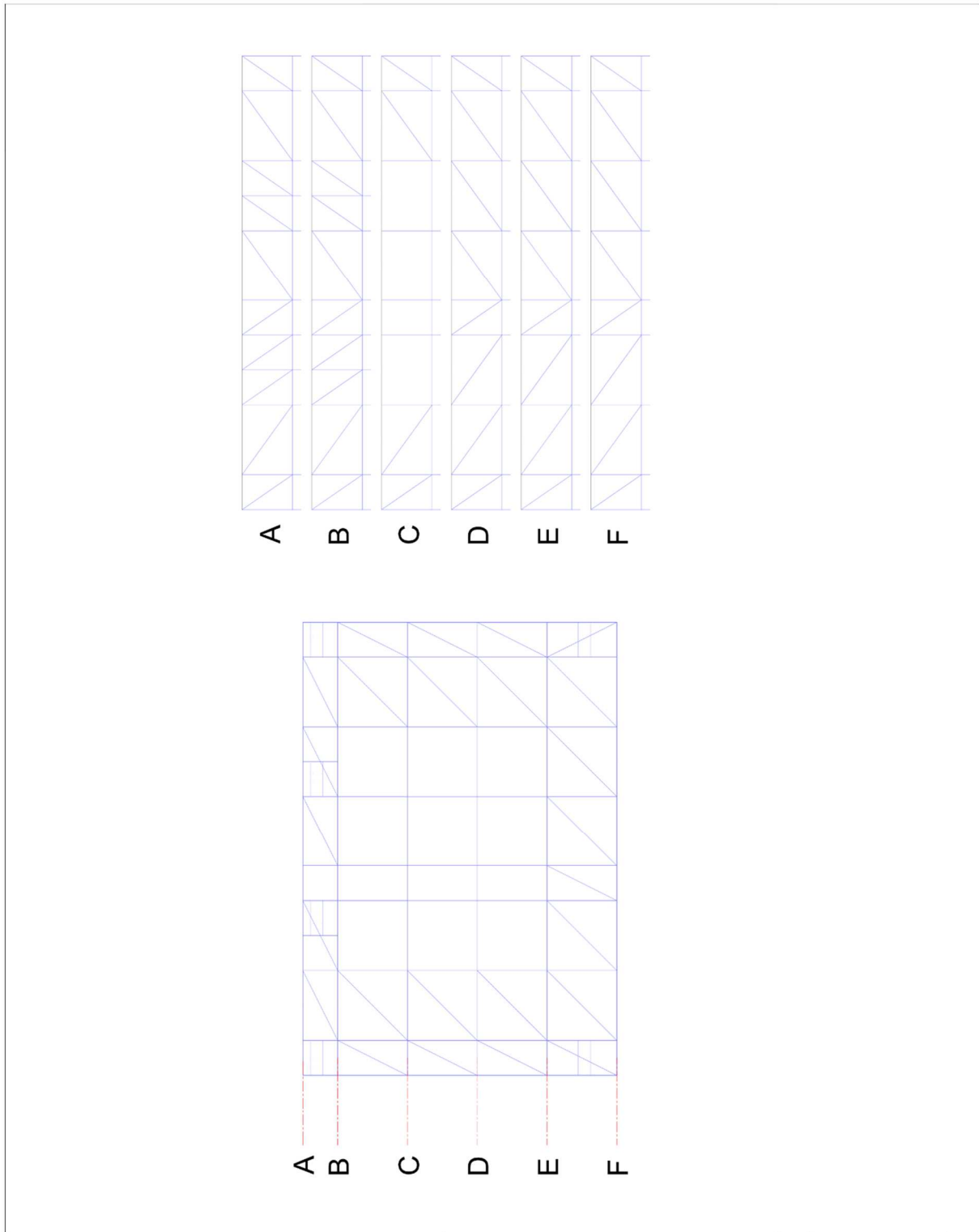
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DATE : 24-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12X8 SIDE VIEW			
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1.2.5 Details



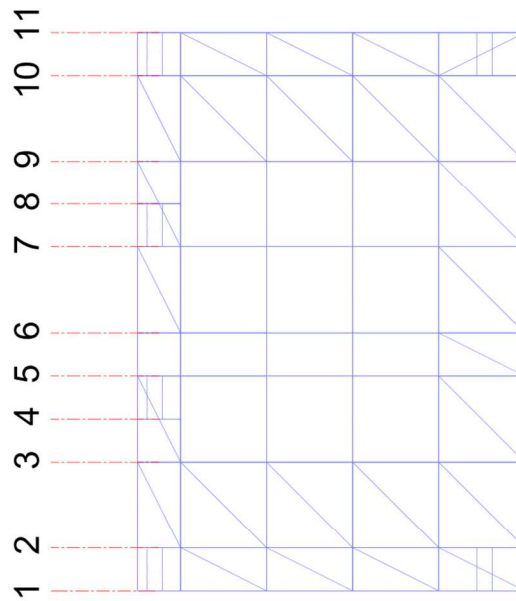
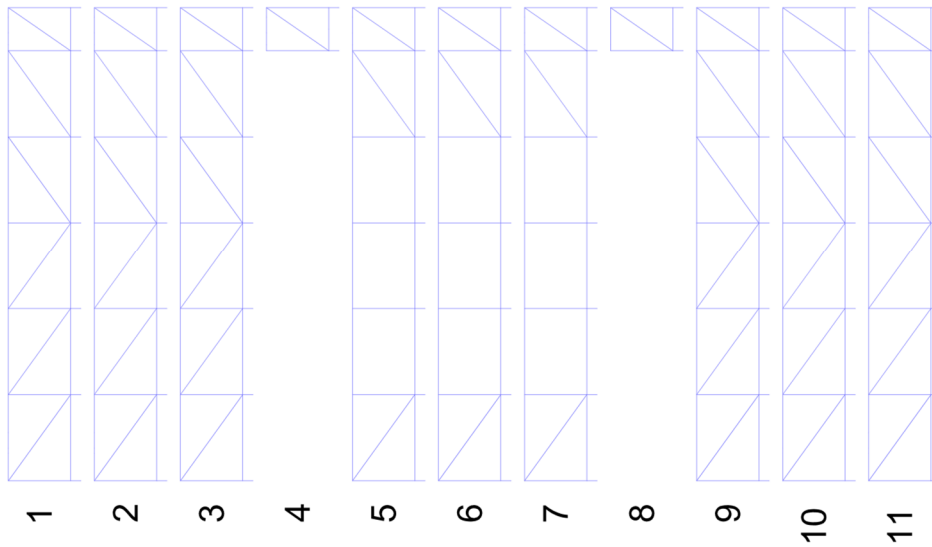
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020-2	REMARKS : SHEET 5/5	UNIT : MM   Structural Event Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 24-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12X8 DETAILS			
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1.2.6 Layher plan drawing 1



DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS :	UNIT : MM 		Structural Event Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR				
REVISION :	STATUS :		A3		
DESCRIPTION :					
CLT 12x8 LAYHER SETUP DRAWING 1			THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING. ANY REPRODUCTION IN PART OR WHOLE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING IS PROHIBITED.		

1.2.7 Layher plan drawing 1



DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS :	UNIT : MMI 	 WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR			
REVISION :	STATUS :			
DESCRIPTION :			A3	
CLT 12x8 LAYHER SETUP DRAWING 2				
THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS DRAWING IS THE SOLE PROPERTY OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING. ANY REPRODUCTION IN PART OR WHOLE WITHOUT THE WRITTEN PERMISSION OF IM STRUCTURAL EVENT ENGINEERING IS PROHIBITED.				

1.3 Used normalisation.

This calculation is based on the next parts of the Eurocodes.

NEN-EN 1990	(Eurocode 0) Basis of structural design.
NEN-EN 1991	(Eurocode 1) Action on structures.
NEN-EN 1993	(Eurocode 3) Design of steel structures.
NEN-EN 1999	(Eurocode 9) Design of Aluminium structures.
NEN-EN 13814	Fair ground and amusement park machinery and structures
NEN-EN 13782	Temporary structures-Tents-Safety.
NEN-EN 12385	Steel wire ropes.

1.4 General load assumption explanation.

The loads which are taken into account in this calculation are based on the information gathered from the different parts of the Eurocodes. Some of the loading information's from the Eurocode are based on permanent building constructions which makes it not feasible to use these information for a temporary demountable construction. In these specific cases there will be an explanation of a well weighted decision why the calculation deviates from the information presented in the Eurocode.

1.5 Used materials.

In the Appendix the structural information off each truss series and different parts can be found. The truss which is used is produced by Prolyte, and the different used series are.

Tower	Prolyte H30V truss
Main grid	Prolyte H40V truss
Roof construction	Prolyte H30D truss in combination with special adapters
Side wall Profiles	Kedar profile 170x88
Flooring system	Layher scaffolding with Layher Event system with as floor on top
Canopy sheets	PVC

Steel wires or retched straps to stabilize the construction

1.6 Load assumptions

1.6.1 Wind loading

According to the Eurocode 13814, two wind situation calculations are made of a temporary demountable structures. The first situation has a wind speed from 0 to 21 m/s and is called the In-service situation and the second situation has a wind speed from 21 m/s to 28 m/s and is called the Out-service situation. These maximum wind speeds are the maximum wind gust measured at 10 meters high in a free environment. The In-service situation is the situation where the construction can be used for events. In this situations all the side walls are mounted. There is no danger concerning the structural integrity of the temporary demountable structure. Before the wind gust exceeds the maximum In-service wind speed of 21 m/s all the side walls, banners, PA load and big scenery objects need to be removed, so the wind can pass underneath the roof. All these actions, and how they are executed need to be written in a method statement. When all the actions are finished the Out-service situation is in place. In the Out-service situation the only people who can be in the neighbourhood of the stage are professionals who know and understand the risk involved in temporary demountable structures and are well aware of the method statement. When there are wind gust higher than the 28 m/s the construction side need to be completely cleared from all people.

The values of the extreme thrust are based on area's which have a reference wind speed of $V_{b,0}$, less or equal to 28 m/s with a return period of 5 years according to the NEN-EN 13814. If the construction will be used in an area which requires a higher extreme thrust, the user need to be aware that using the same extreme thrust value the return period will be less than 5 years.

In the NEN-EN 1991 there are 4 different terrain category's determined. In the tables on the next pages the maximum wind gust is presented which the construction can withstand in the in-service and the out-service situations, in conjunction with the height and the terrain category. The figure in the column with the head V_b in m/s is the mean wind velocity measured on 10m height in the concerning terrain category, it is recommended to use a professional weather station near to the place where the construction is build. The column with the head Max. wind gust is the maximum peak wind which is determined from the peak wind velocity by the law of Bernoulli.

1.6.2 In-service situation.

The 21 m/s which is mentioned as the maximum wind gust for the in-service situation is based on an average between the wind gust 17.98 m/s for $0 < 8$ m and the wind gust 21.91 m/s for $8 < 20$ m.

$0 < 8$ meter 0.20 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	10.58	17.89
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	11.02	17.89
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	12.03	17.89
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	14.29	17.89
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	17.57	17.89

$8 < 20$ meter 0.30 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	11.9	21.91
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	12.25	21.91
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	13.07	21.91
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	14.83	21.91
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	17.09	21.91

1.6.3 Out-service situation.

The 28m m/s which is mentioned as the maximum wind gust for the out-service situation is based on an average between the wind gust 26.46 m/s for $0 < 8$ m and the wind gust 31.62 m/s for $8 < 20$ m.

The wind pressure which is mentioned in the table below is increased with 20 % in comparison to the Eurocode 13814. This because the factor C_{tem} , which is 0.80 is taken out of the wind pressure values. Intentionally the factor C_{tem} is applied due to the fact that protection, reinforcement and sheltering is possible. In the case of these kind of structure's this is not possible to do.

$0 < 8$ meter 0,4375 kN/m²

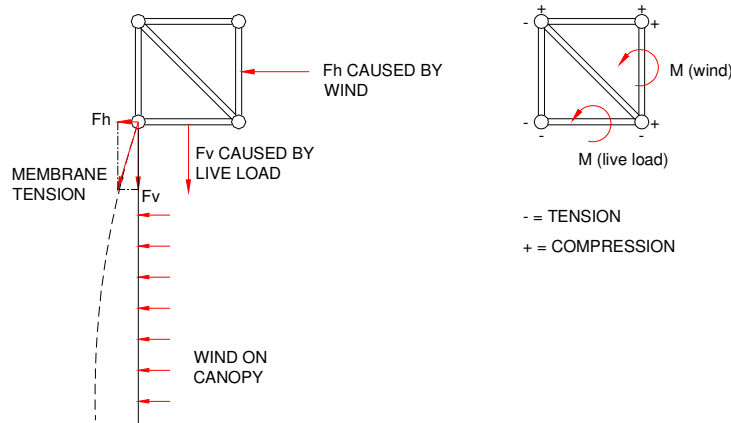
Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	15.65	26.46
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	16.3	26.46
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	17.79	26.46
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	21.14	26.46
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	25.99	26.46

$8 < 20$ meter 0.625 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	17.18	31.62
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	17.68	31.62
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	18.87	31.62
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	21.41	31.62
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	24.66	31.62

1.6.4 Membrane tension of the canopy due to wind influences.

If there is a wind pressure applied to a membrane this membrane will have reaction forces in two directions on the connection to the construction. This phenomenon is called membrane tension. And in some cases this extra loading need to be applied.



With a dynamic loading $q=0.50 \text{ kN/m}^2$ applying an aerodynamic coefficient $C_f=0.40$ and a span of $l=5.00 \text{ m}$ a resulting membrane tension of $Z=0.80 \text{ kN/m}$ is derived.

$$Z = (Z_y^2 + Z_z^2)^{1/2} = 0.80 \text{ kN/m with } \begin{aligned} Z_z &= 0.5 * 0.4 * 5.0 / 2 = 0.50 \text{ kN/m} \\ Z_y &= (Z^2 - Z_z^2)^{1/2} = (0.80^2 - 0.50^2)^{1/2} = 0.624 \\ Z_y / Z_z &= 0.624 / 0.50 = 1.25 = 1 / 0.8 \end{aligned}$$

1.6.5 Snow Loads.

Snow loads are not taken into account in this calculation. Erection of the construction is initially intended to be in appropriate weather conditions. If the construction should be built in winter season, the construction need to be reinforced or kept free from snow, the method how the structure will be kept free from snow need to be written in the method statement.

1.6.6 Live load.

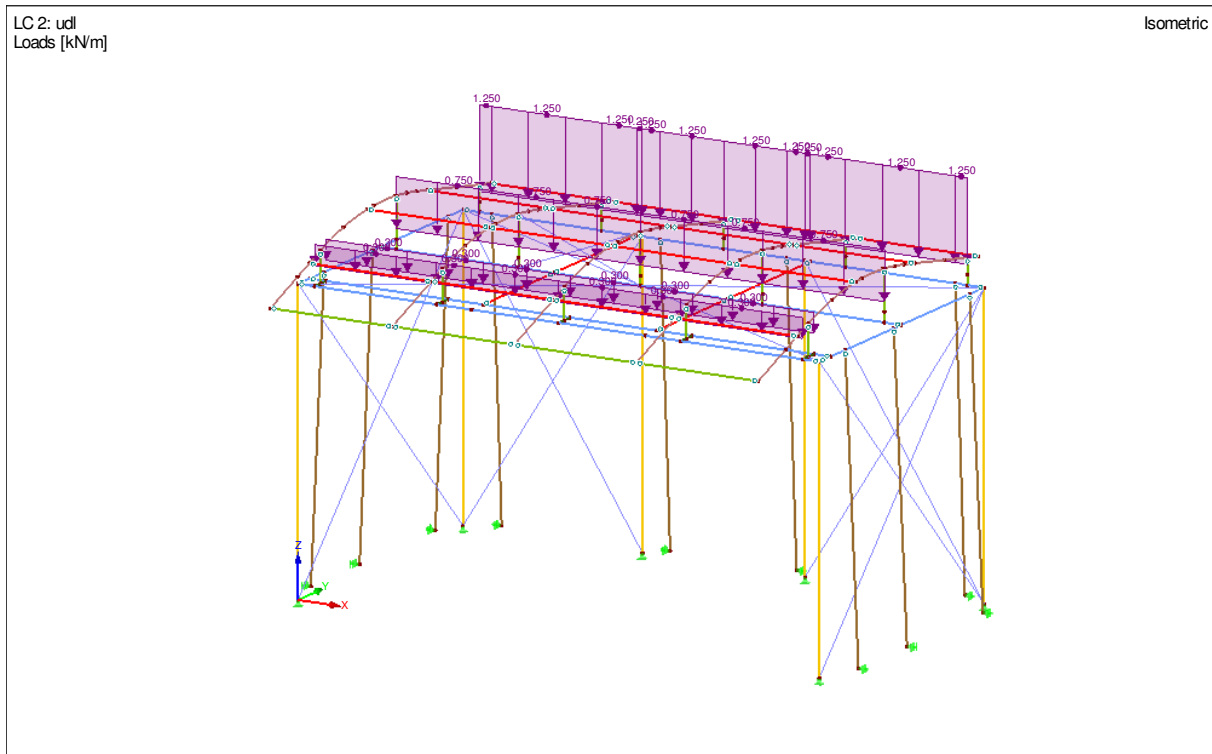
In this structural report there are Live load scenario's presented. These are intended to give an indication of the Rigging possibilities in the construction. If the actual loading of the construction deviates from the these Rigging plots an additional comparison calculation need to be made. The shifting of Rigging point can influence the maximum loading of the construction.

Each Rigging point need to be attached to the node point of the truss.

1.7 Loading Configurations.

The calculation of the roof system has been done with 5 different loading scenarios. Uniform distributed load, Center point load, point loads in the third point and point load 1.25 meter from the side span. In the Out-service situation the PA load and big scenery need to be derigged from the roof, the loading of the main roof can stay in the roof. This is taken into account in this calculation.

1.7.1 UDL Loading setup



Equally divided load along the main span.

Span 1 = 30 kg/m

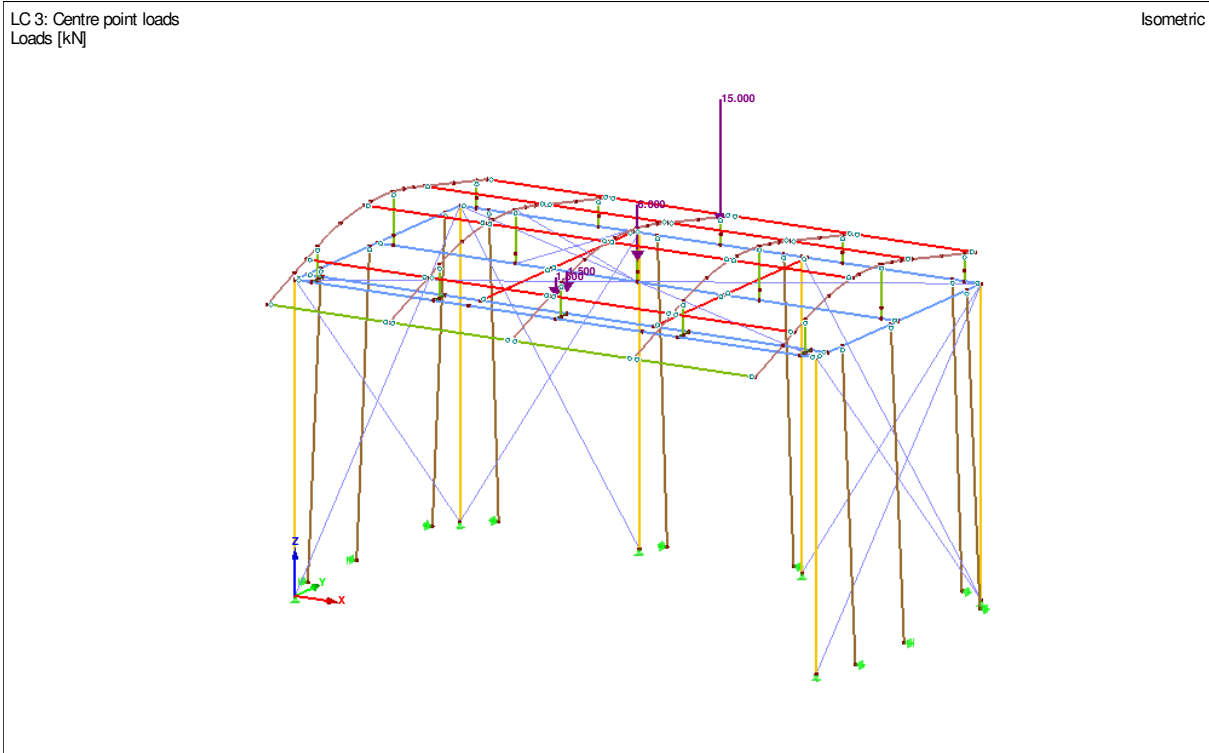
Span 2 = 30 kg/m

Span 3 = 75 kg/m

Span 4 = 125 kg/m

The total load on the main system is ~ 3120 kg

1.7.2 Centre point load



Span 1 = 150 kg

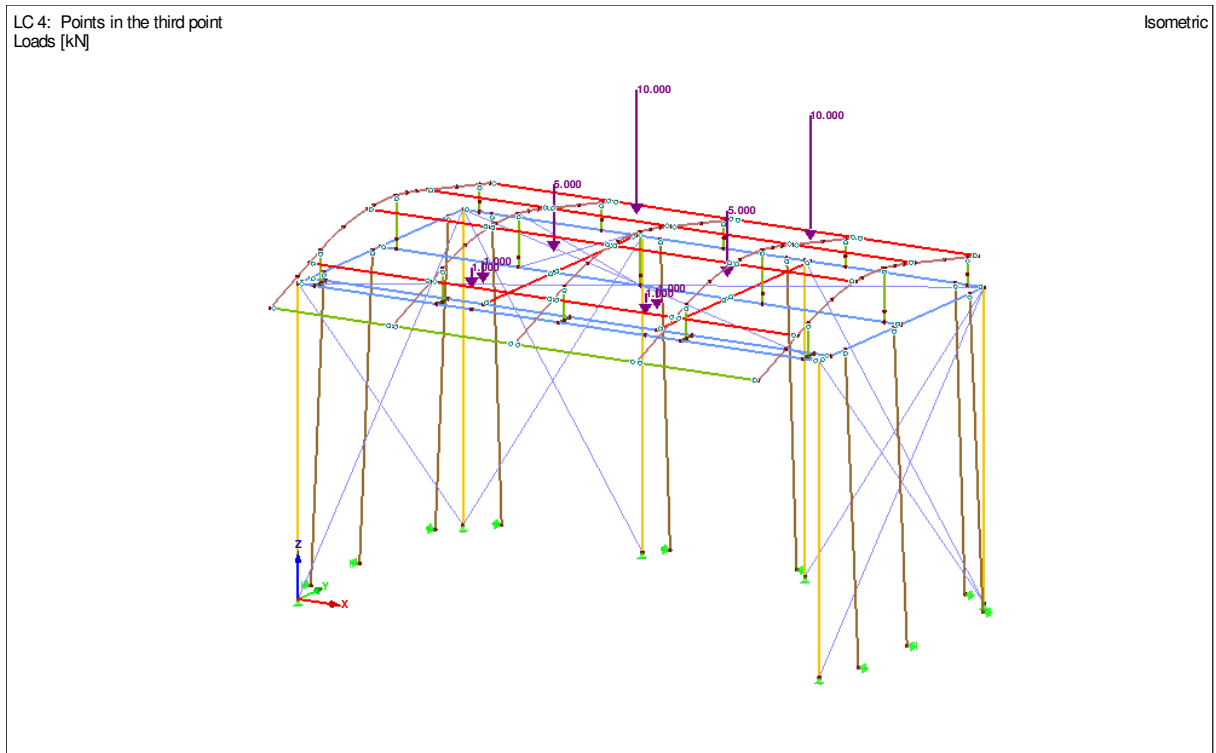
Span 2 = 150 kg

Span 3 = 600 kg

Span 4 = 1500 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 2400 Kg

1.7.3 Point loads in the third point



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

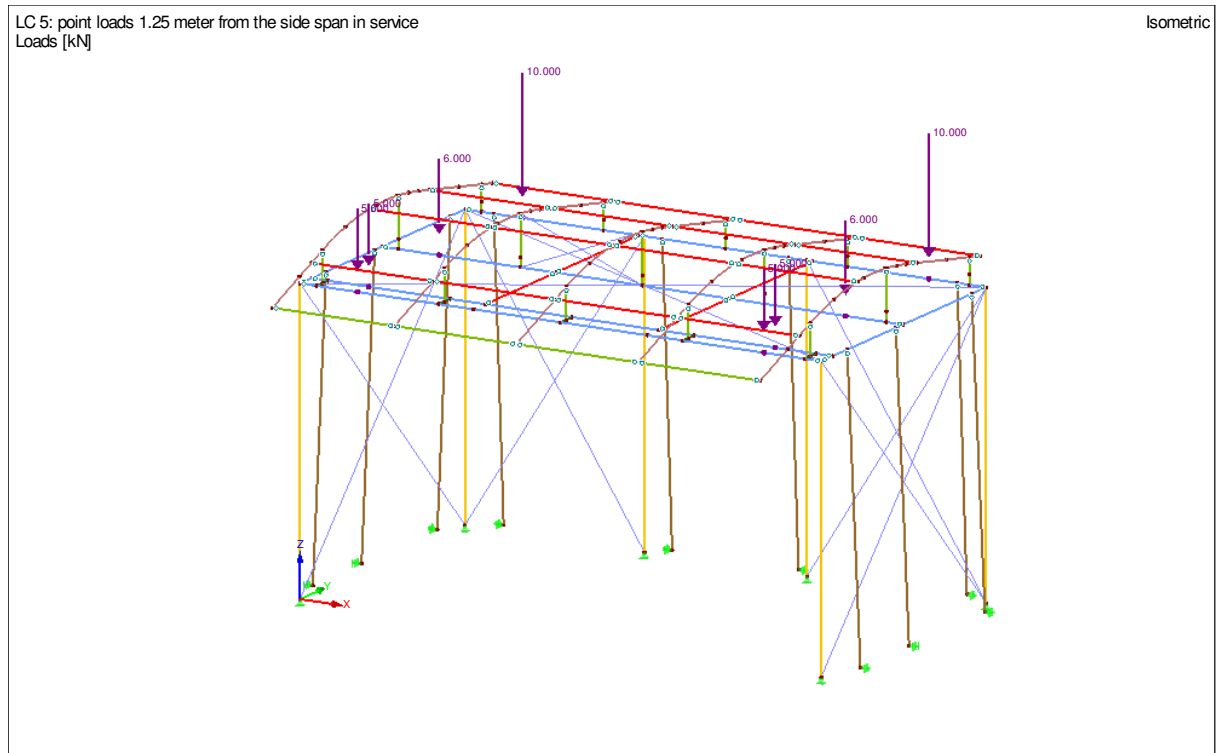
Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

Span 3 = 2x 600 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 3600 Kg

1.7.4 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service



Span 1 = 2x 500 kg

Span 2 = 2x 500 kg

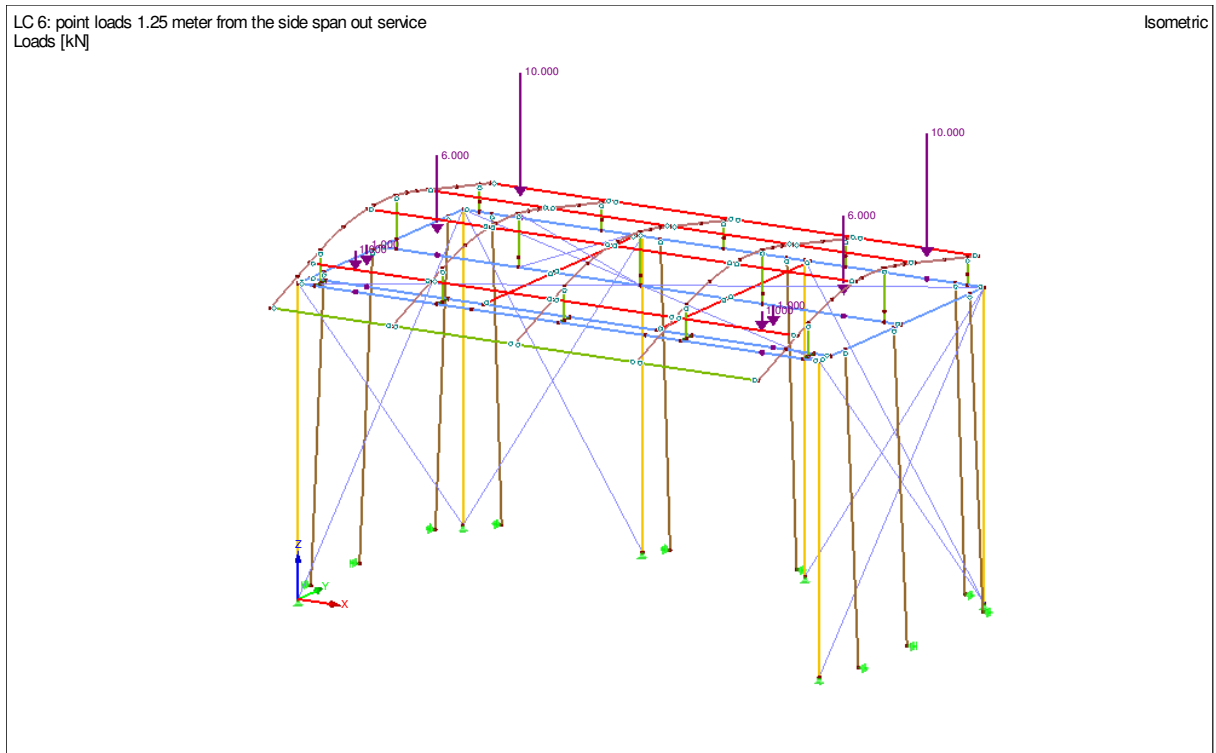
Span 3 = 2x 600 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 5200 Kg

This loading scenario can only be used in the In service situation. When the out service situation is in place the two main loading points in the front two spans need to be removed and this loading setup will be replaced by LC6!!

1.7.5 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

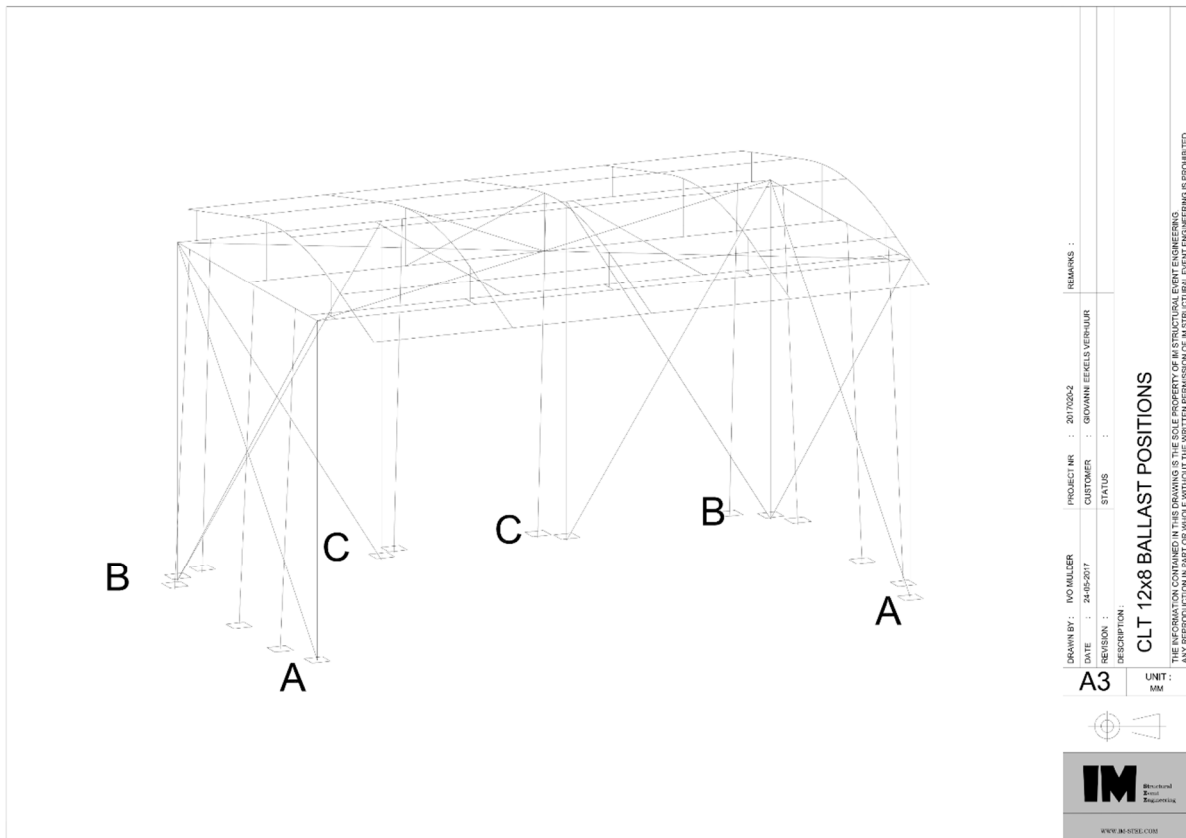
Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

Span 3 = 2x 600 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 3600 Kg

1.8 Necessary Ballast loading, full system

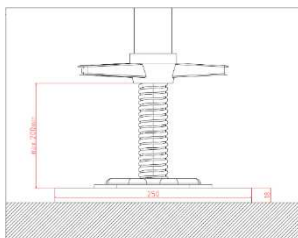


The Ballast calculation has been done in chapter 5 underneath are the result of the necessary ballast per point. For the ballast at the stack tower in the middle of the back span the self-weight of the Layher system will be taken.

Point A = 1200 kg

Point B = 1400 kg

Point C = 1000 kg



For the proof against sliding a minimum friction coefficient of 0,4 is taken into account. Which means that every Layher spindle need a wood pad underneath. The recommended minimum dimensions of the wood pad is 25x25x18 mm.

2.0 General calculation input.

2.1 Used program information.

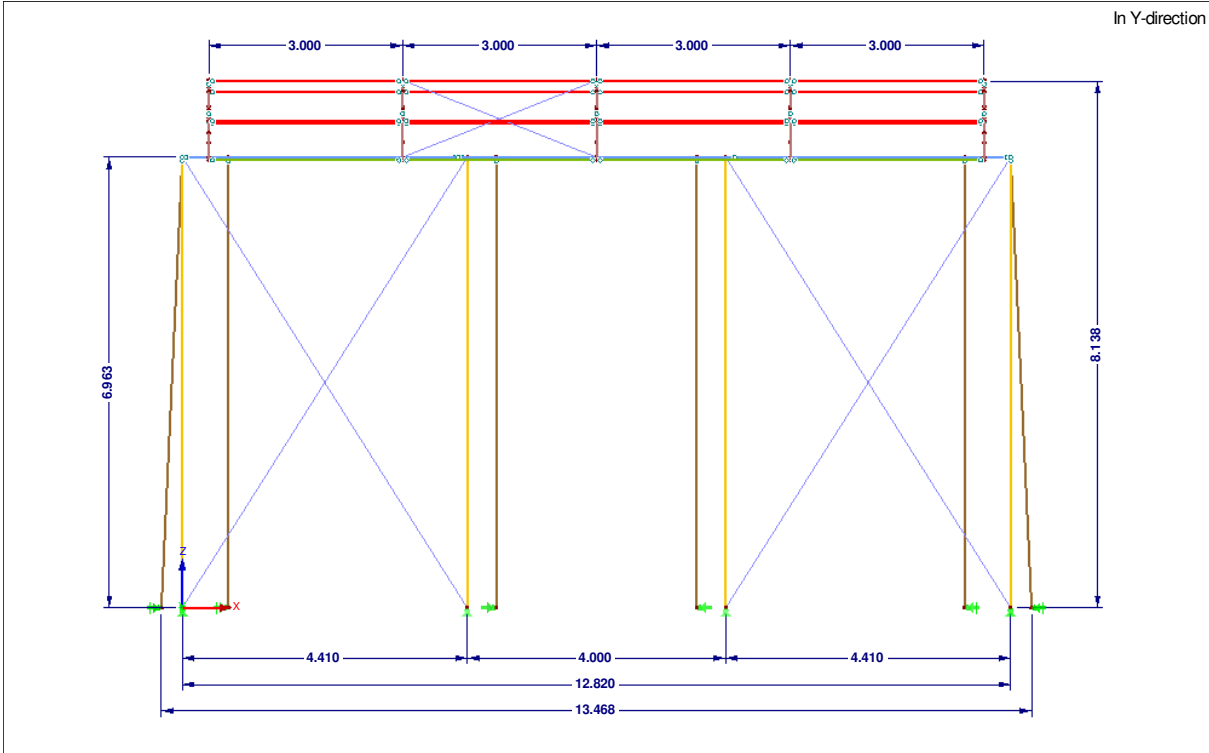
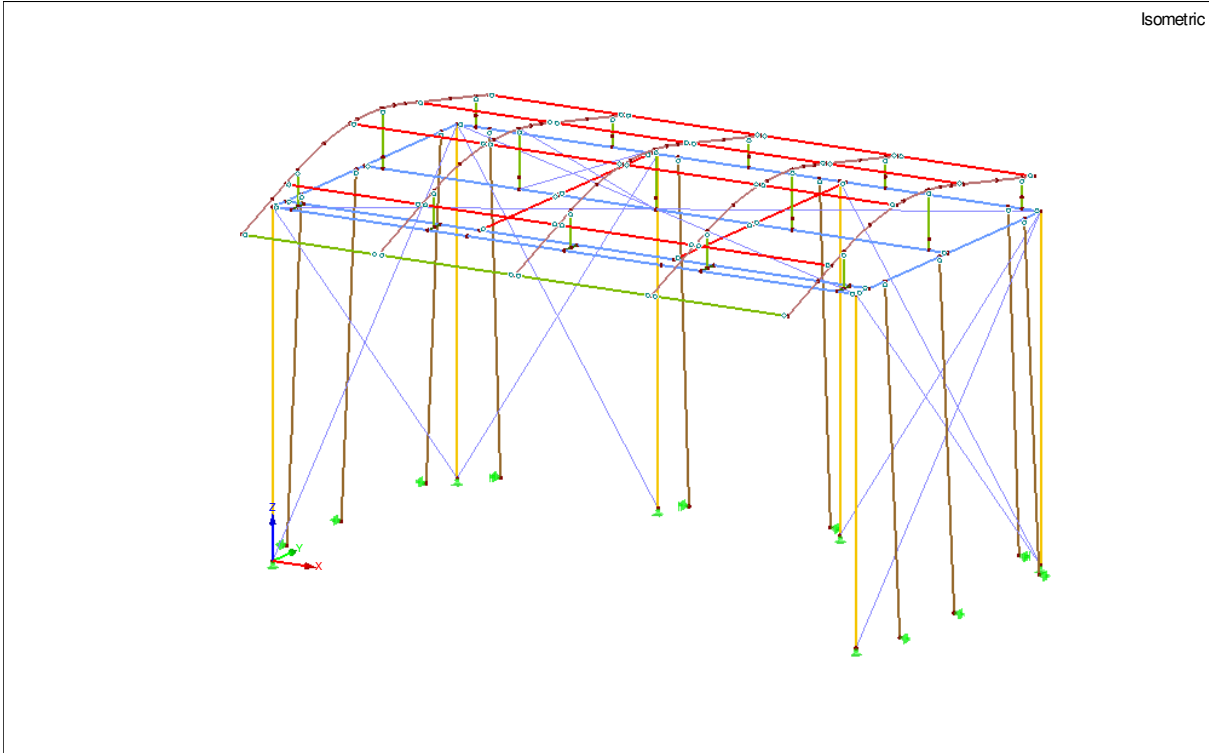
For the calculation of the construction the program RFem 5.08.001 is used.

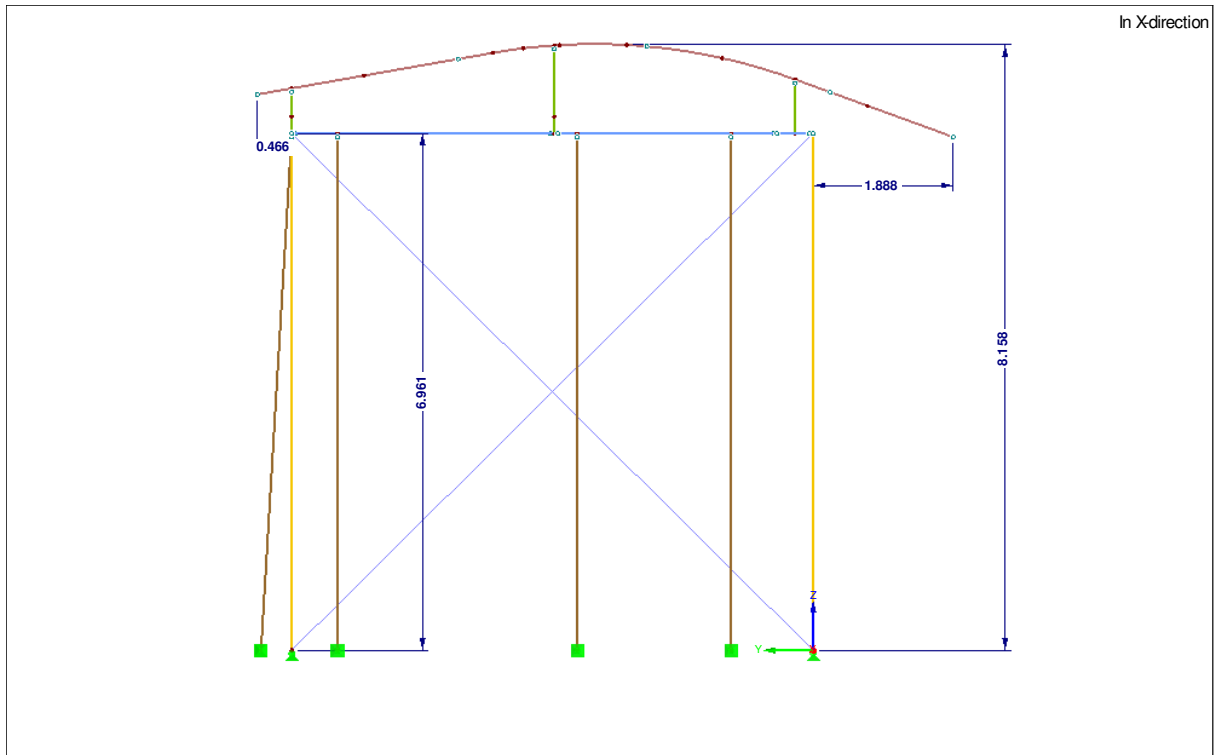
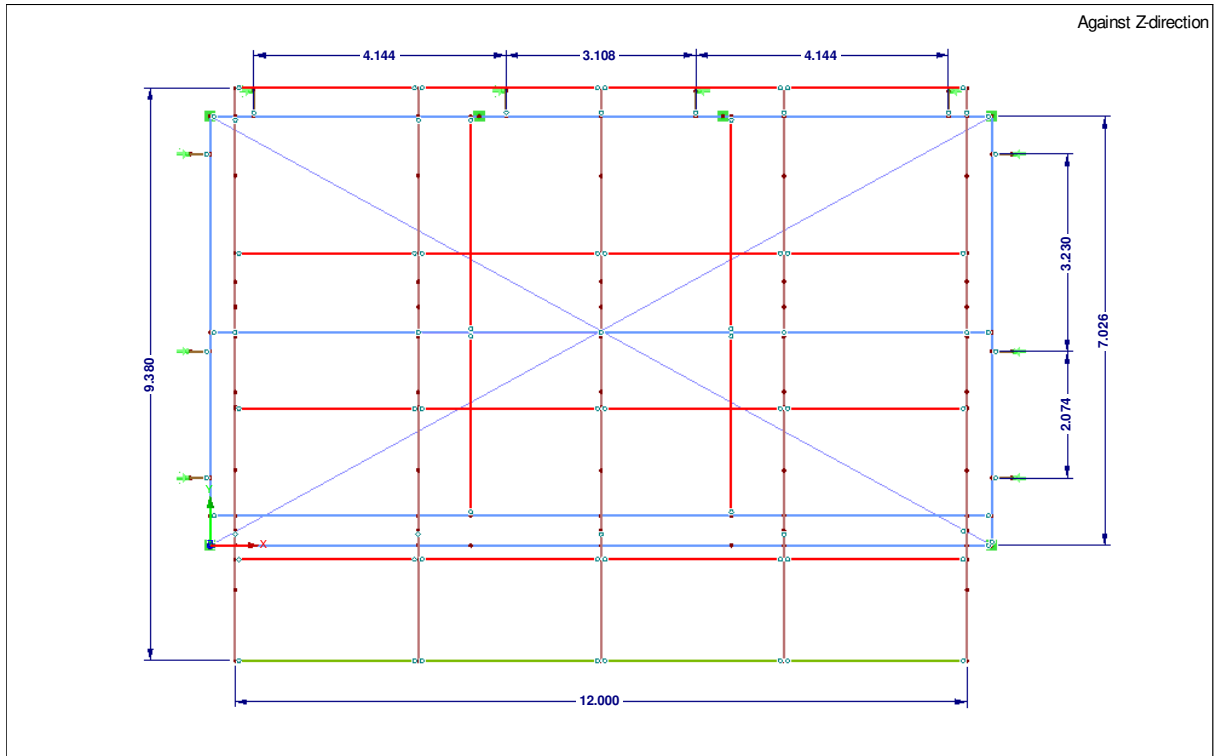
2.2 Program input for the main roof construction calculation.

For the roof system CLT 12 x10 is a model constructed in the RFem program. For special parts of the roof construction which need a more detailed calculation a separate model constructed and loaded with the results of the main roof system model, which makes the calculation more accurate.

The Layher staging system is constructed as a separate model and will be loaded with the support reaction forces of the main models of the roof.

2.3 Construction model of the main roof system.





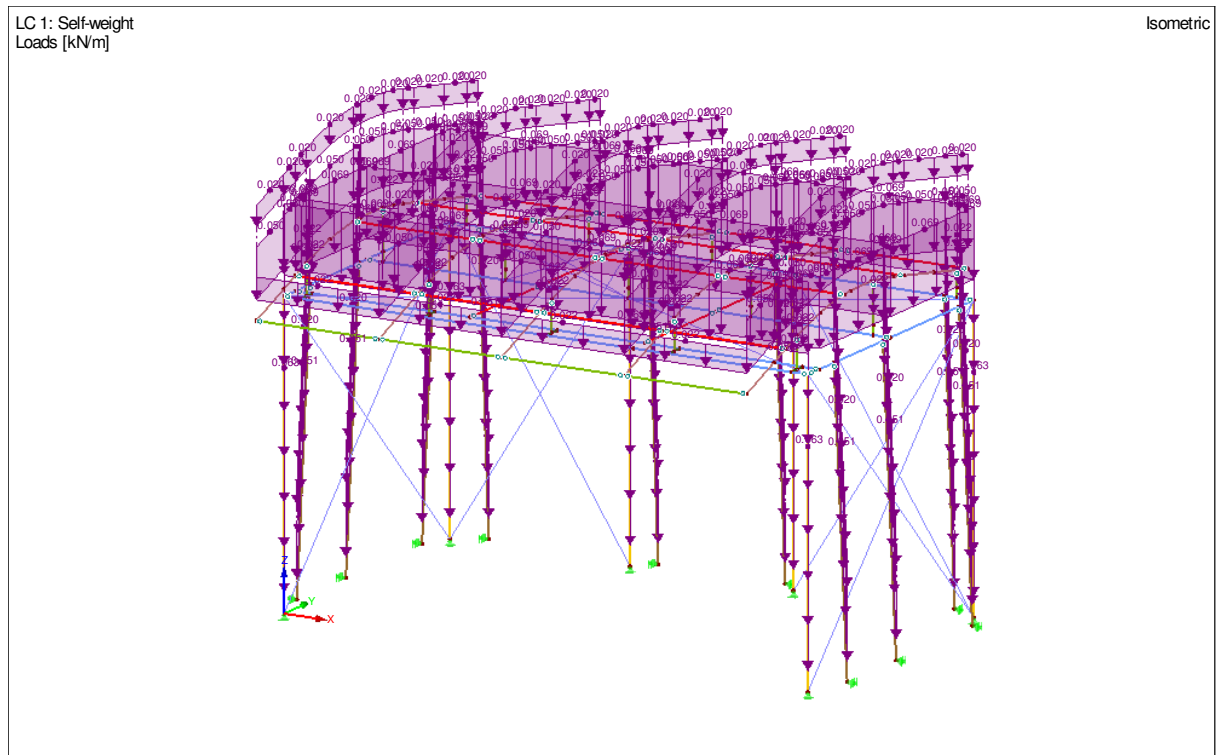
2.4 Different load cases for the In-service and Out service situation

For the calculation different load cases have been constructed in the program.

Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve	EN 1990 CEN Action Category	Self-Weight - Factor in Direction			
				Active	X	Y	Z
LC1	Self-weight	+	Permanent	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC2	UDL loading	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC3	Centre point loads	+	Permanent	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC4	point loads in the third point	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC5	point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC6	point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC10	in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC11	in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC12	in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC13	in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC20	in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC21	in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC22	in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC23	in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC30	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC31	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC32	in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC33	in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC34	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC35	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC110	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC111	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC112	Out-service wind dir. 0° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC113	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC114	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC120	Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC121	Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC122	Out-service wind dir. 90° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC130	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC131	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC132	Out-service wind dir. 180° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC133	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC134	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000

2.5 Load case input for the self-weight and the loading possibilities.

2.5.1 Load case 1 Self-Weight



Self-weight different components

H30V Towers = 6.3 kg/m

H40V = 6.9 kg/m

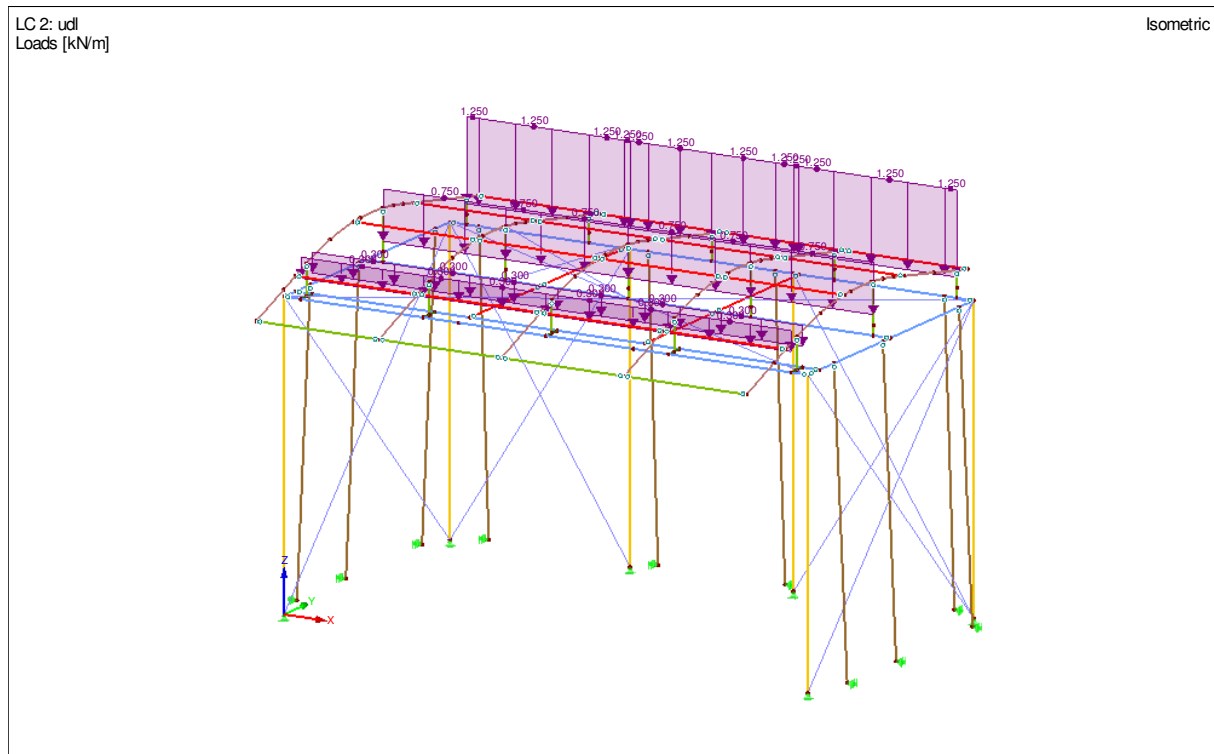
H30D = 5 kg/m

Kedar Profile 170x88x3 = 5.1 kg/m

Canopy skin = 1 kg/m²

Aluminium adapters = 2.2 kg/m Profile

2.5.2 load case 2 UDL loading



Equally divided load along the main span.

Span 1 = 30 kg/m

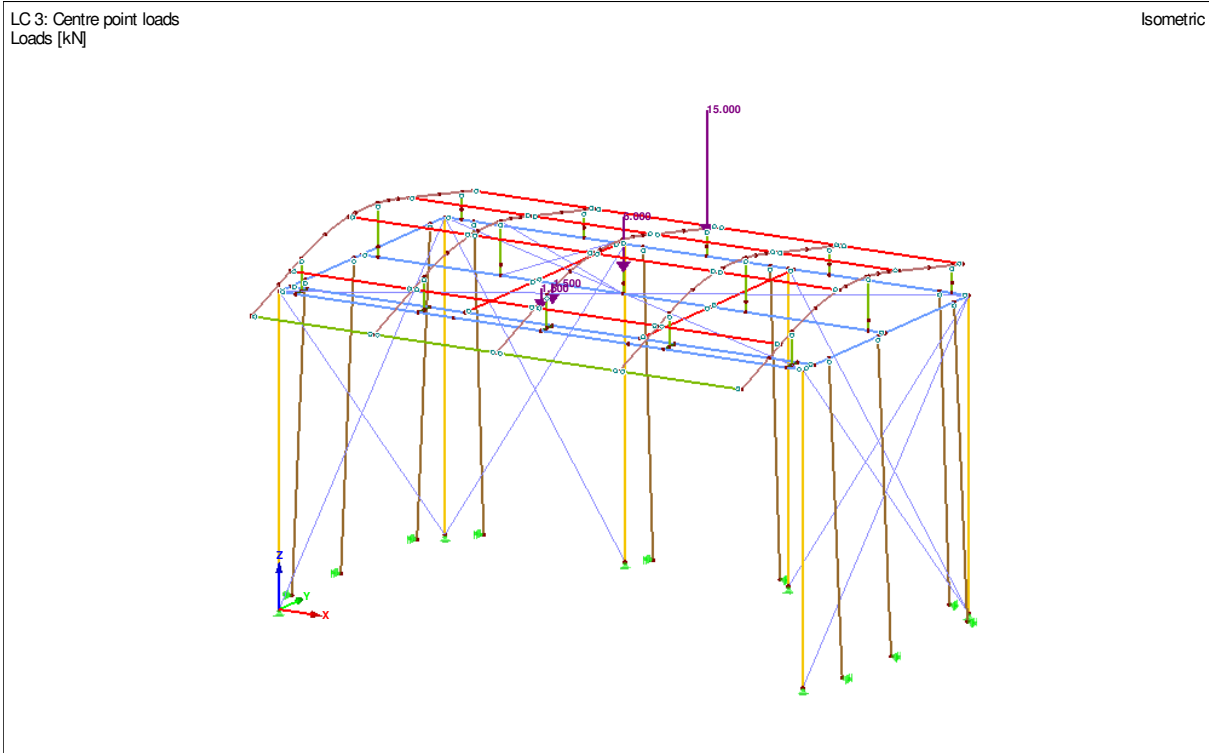
Span 2 = 30 kg/m

Span 3 = 75 kg/m

Span 4 = 125 kg/m

The total load on the main system is ~ 3120 kg

2.5.3 load case 3 Center point load.



Span 1 = 150 kg

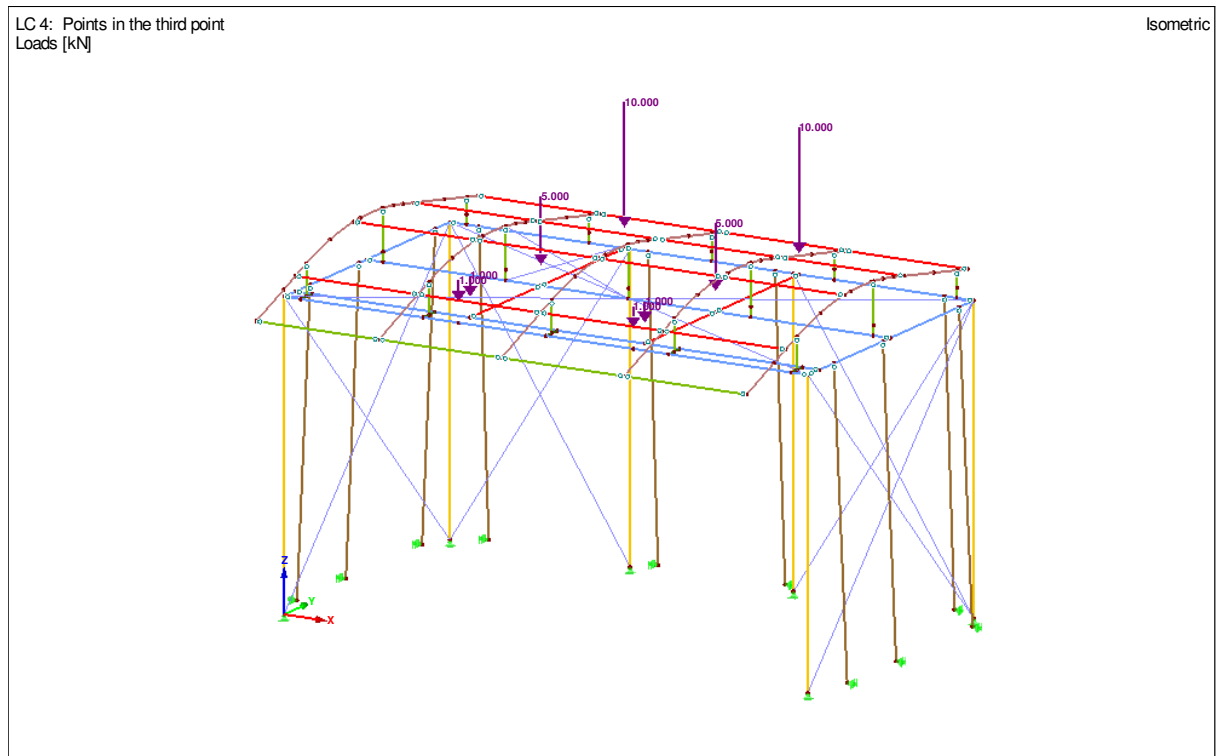
Span 2 = 150 kg

Span 3 = 600 kg

Span 4 = 1500 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 2400 Kg

2.5.4 load case 4 Point load in the third point



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

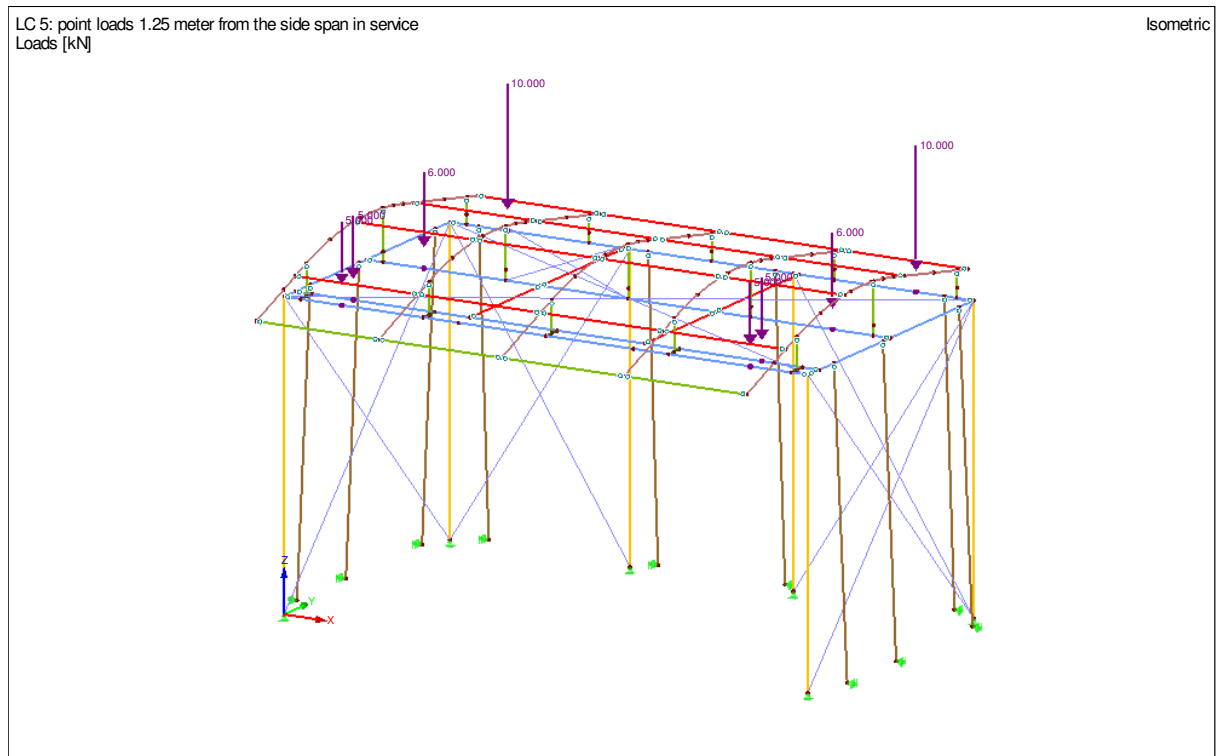
Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

Span 3 = 2x 500 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 3400 Kg

2.5.5 load case 5 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service



Span 1 = 2x 500 kg

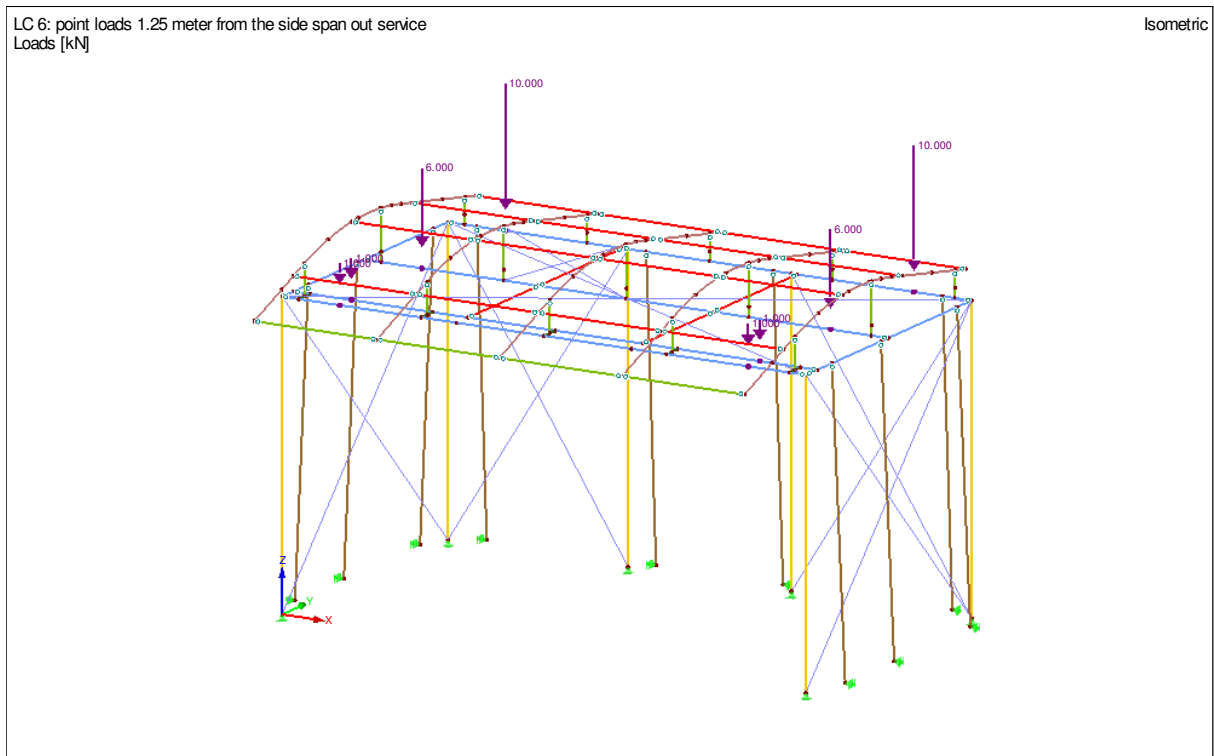
Span 2 = 2x 500 kg

Span 3 = 2x 600 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 5200 Kg

2.5.6 load case 6 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

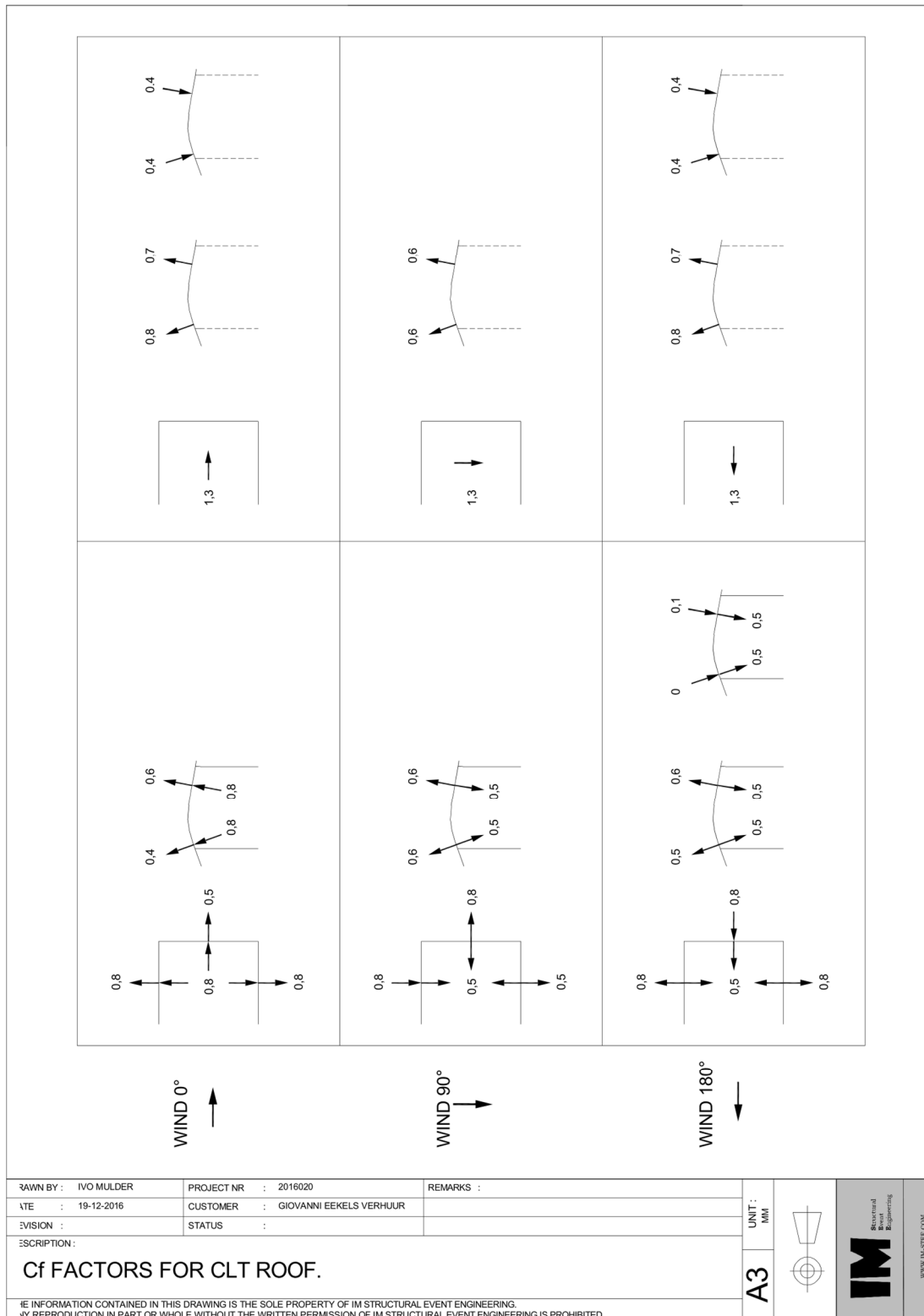
Span 3 = 2x 600 kg

Span 4 = 2x 1000 kg

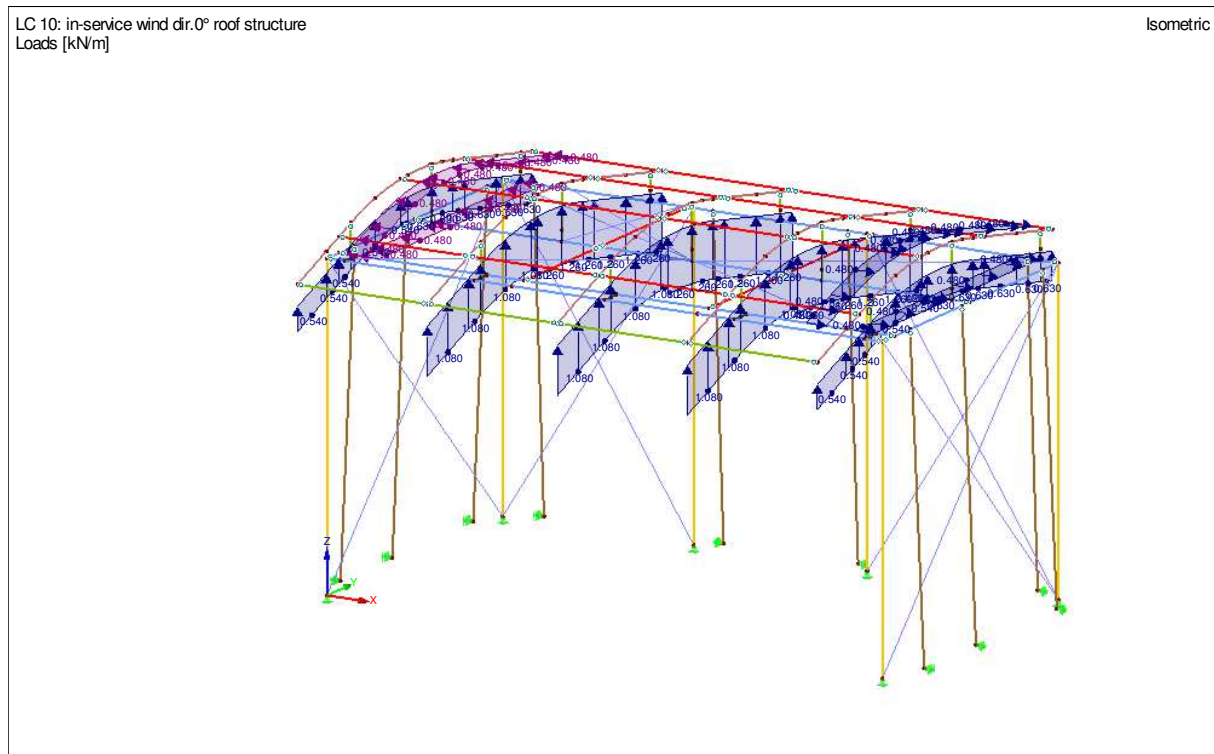
The total load on the main system is ~ 3600 Kg

2.6 load cases concerning wing loading.

For the calculation of the wind loading the next wind coefficient are used. These factors are subtracted from the Eurocode NEN-EN 1999-1 1-4: general actions – wind actions.



2.6.1 load case 10 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.630 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.630 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

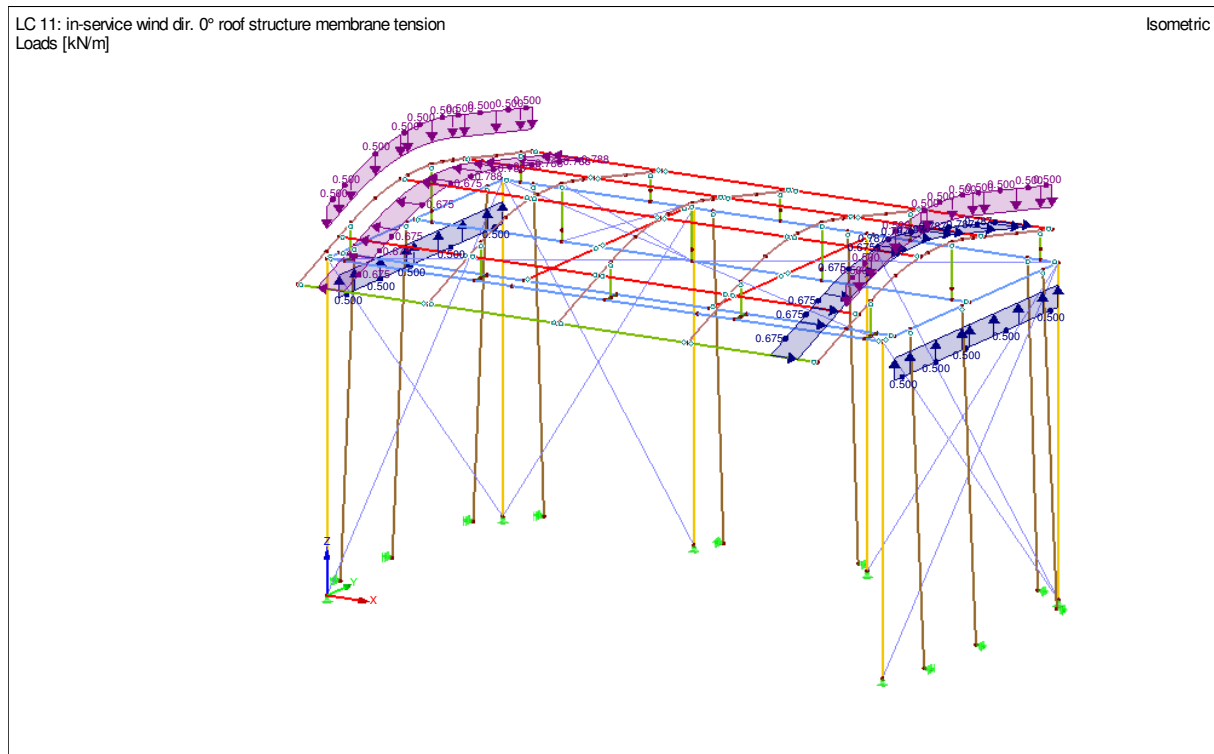
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.6 * 0.3 * 12.5 = 6 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 6 / 15 = 0.400 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.2 load case 11 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.675 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.675 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.788 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

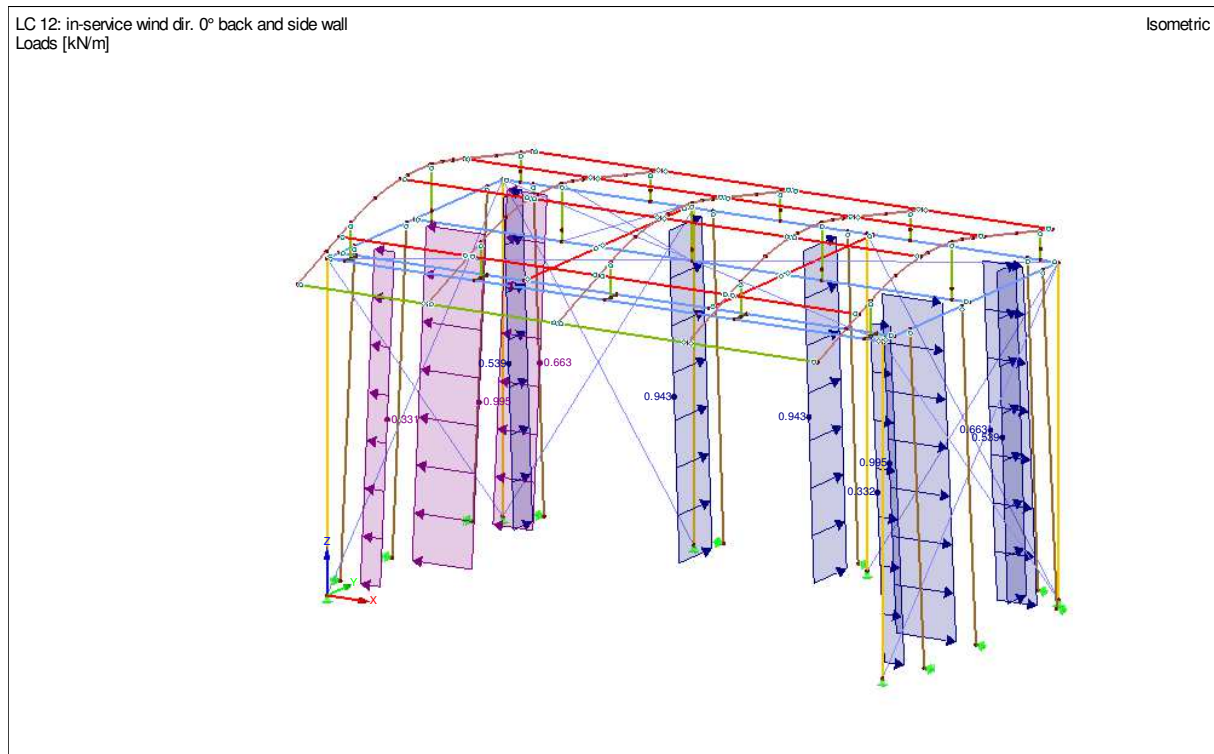
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.788 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.400 / 0.8 = 0.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.3 load case 12 In-service wind dir. 0° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 3 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

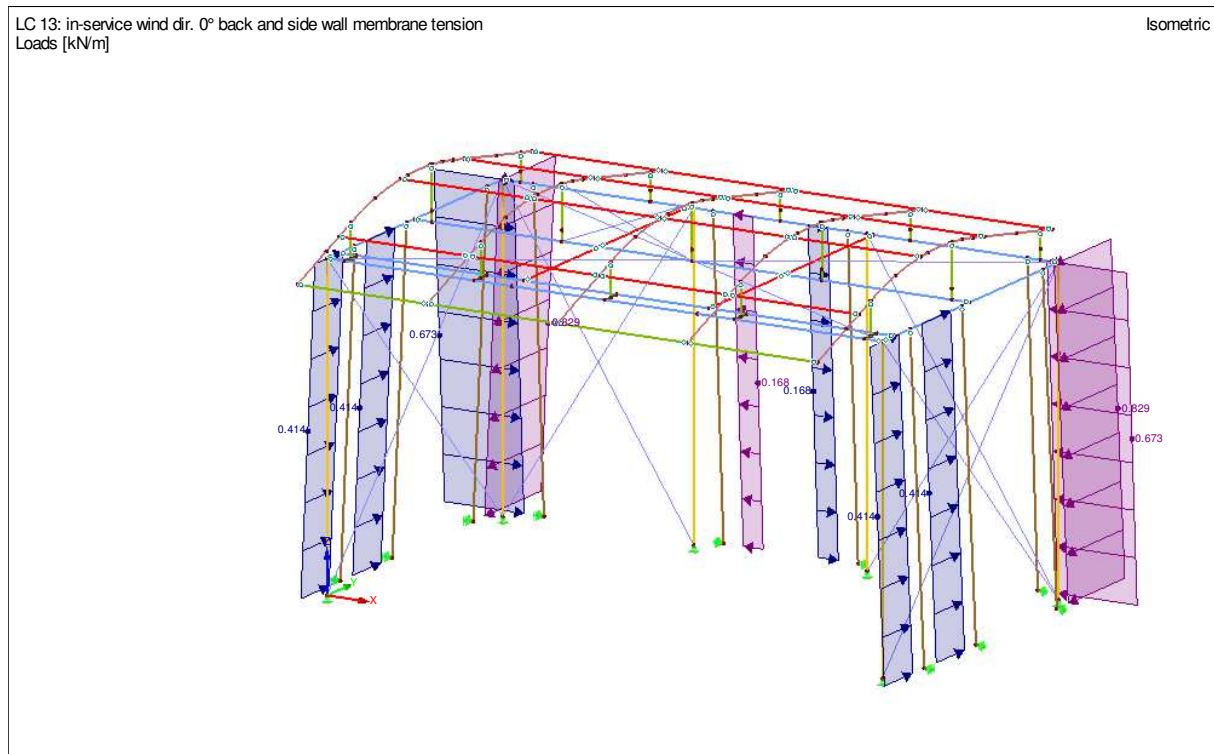
Calculation of the wind on the side walls

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.331 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.995 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.663 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.4 load case 13 In-service wind dir. 0° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 0°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

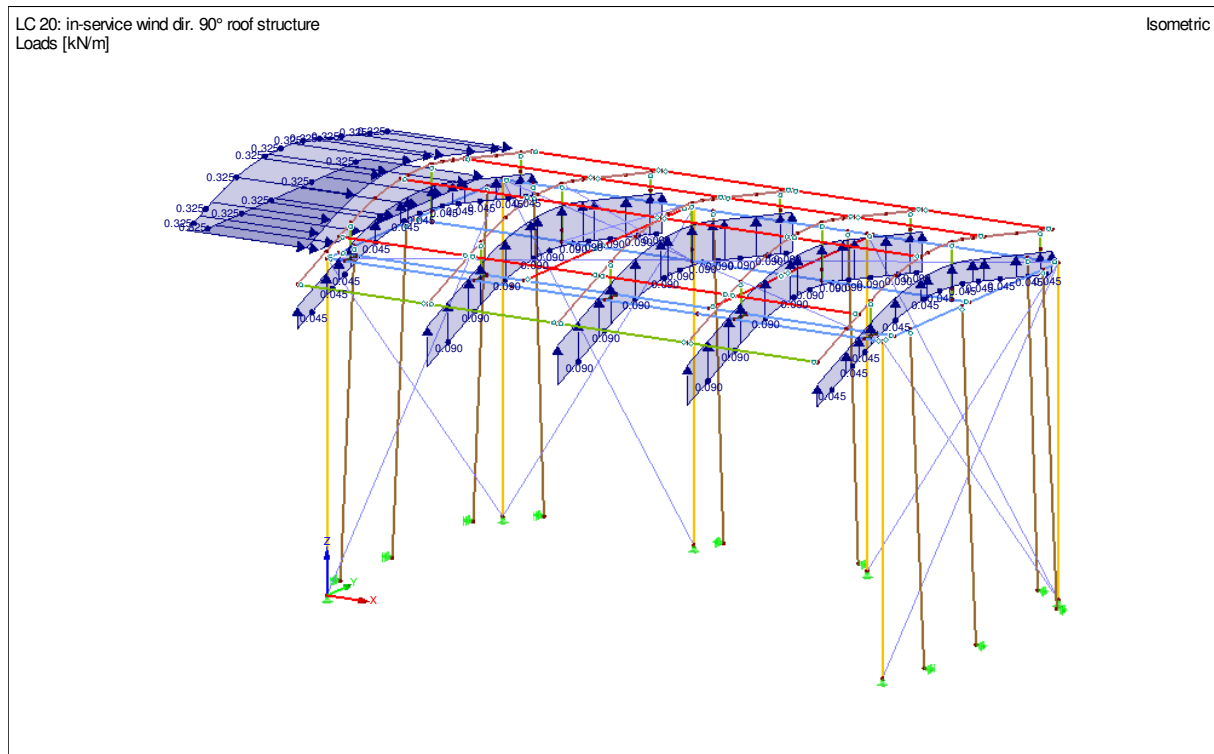
Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.829 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.5 load case 20 In-service wind dir. 90° roof structure



Wind calculations roof construction wind 90°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

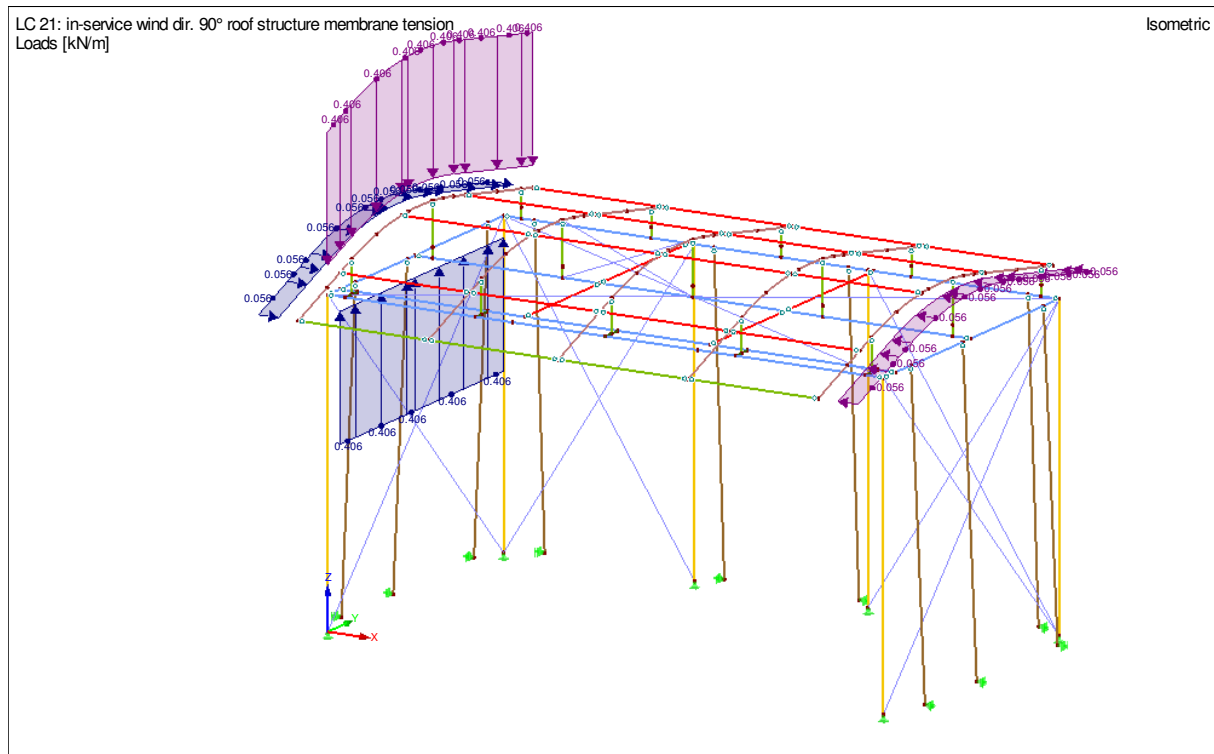
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.3 * 0.3 * 12.5 = 4.875 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 4.875 / 15 = 0.325 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.6 load case 21 In-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 90°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} &= 0.563 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} &= 0.563 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

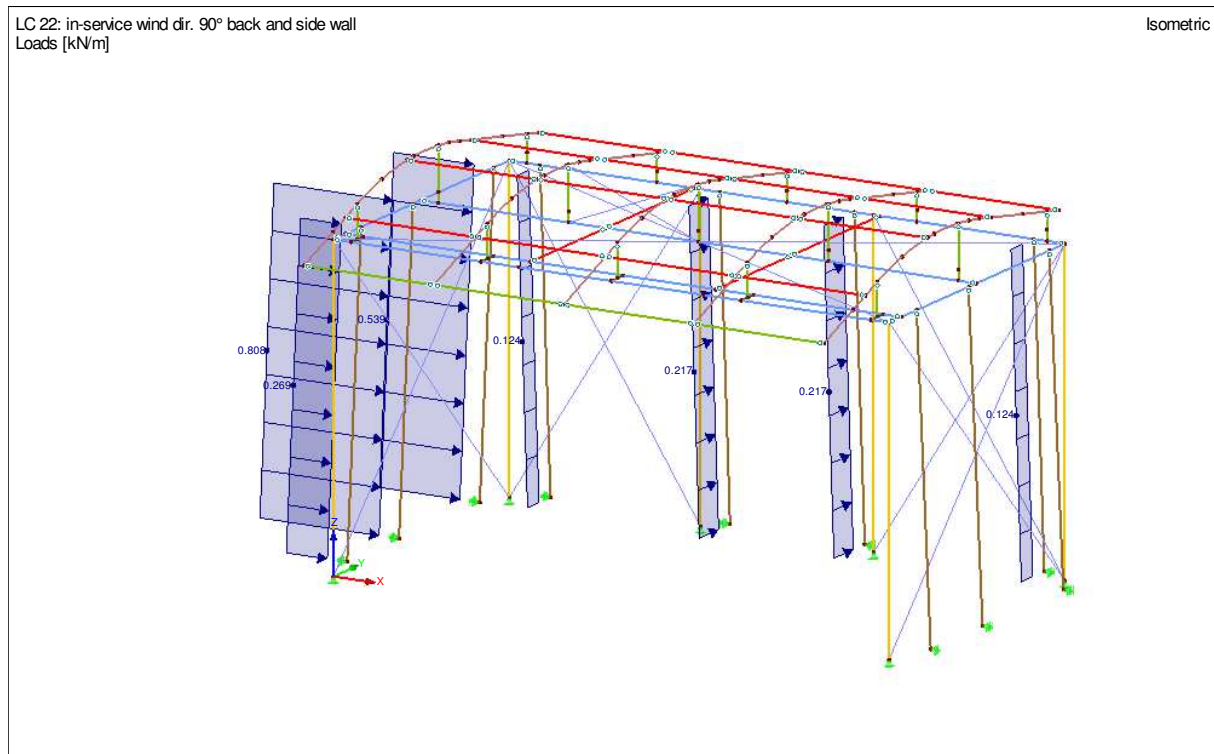
Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} &= 0.563 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} &= 0.563 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.325 / 0.8 = 0.406 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.7 load case 22 In-service wind dir. 90° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.124 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.218 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.218 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.124 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 3 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

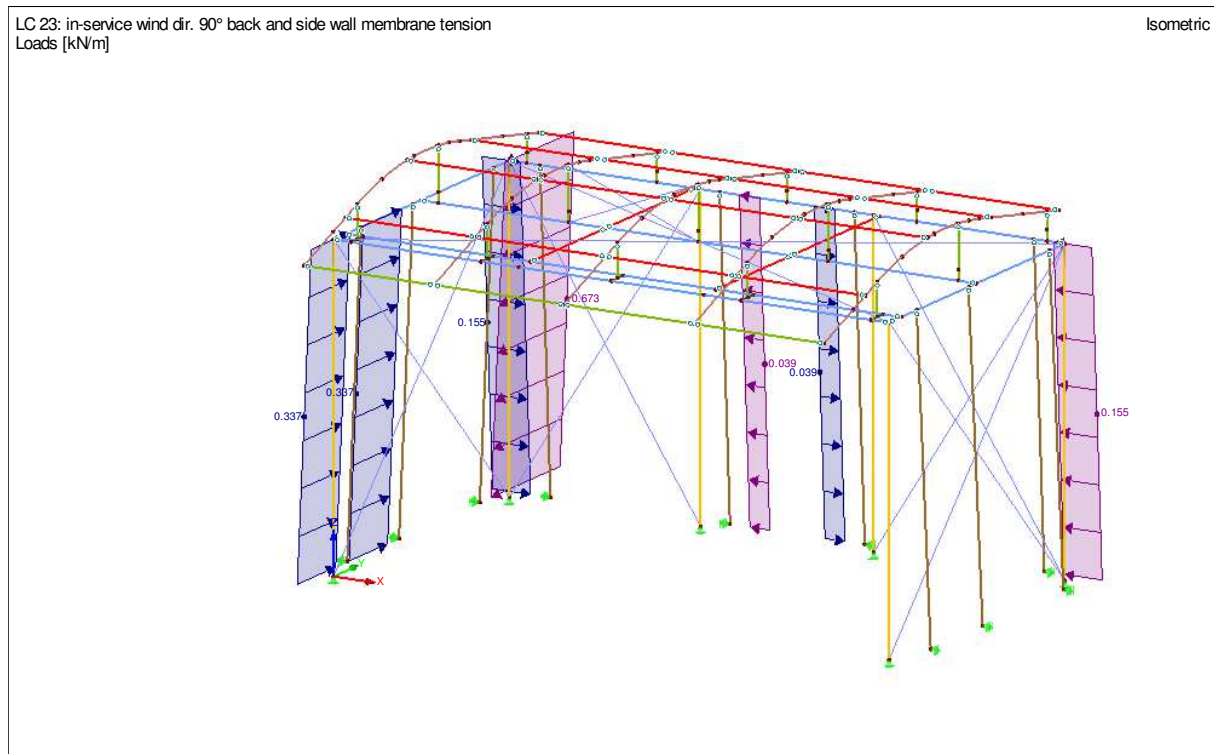
Calculation of the wind on the side walls

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.269 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.808 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.8 load case 23 In-service wind dir. 90° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 90°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.155 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.039 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.039 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.155 \text{ kN/m}$$

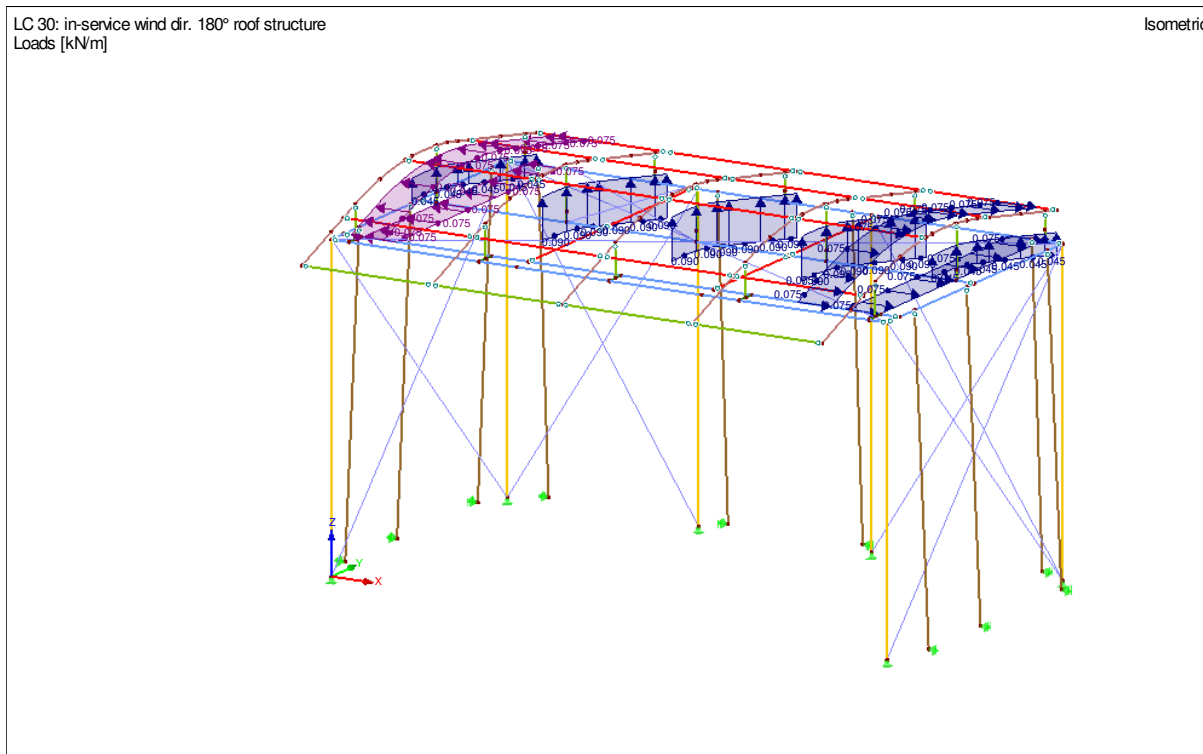
Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.9 load case 30 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180°.

Main roof structure front side the Cf of the front side is 0

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

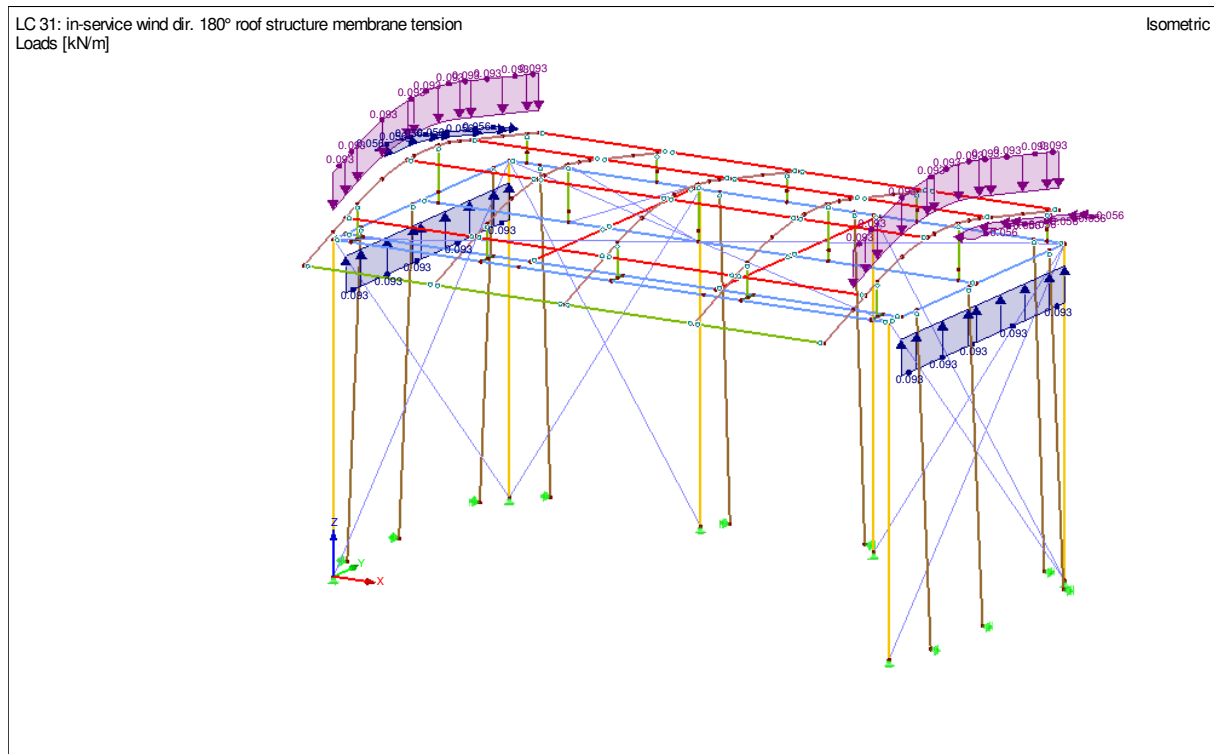
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.3 * 0.3 * 12.5 = 1.125 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keel profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.125 / 15 = 0.075 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.10 load case 31 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.056 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

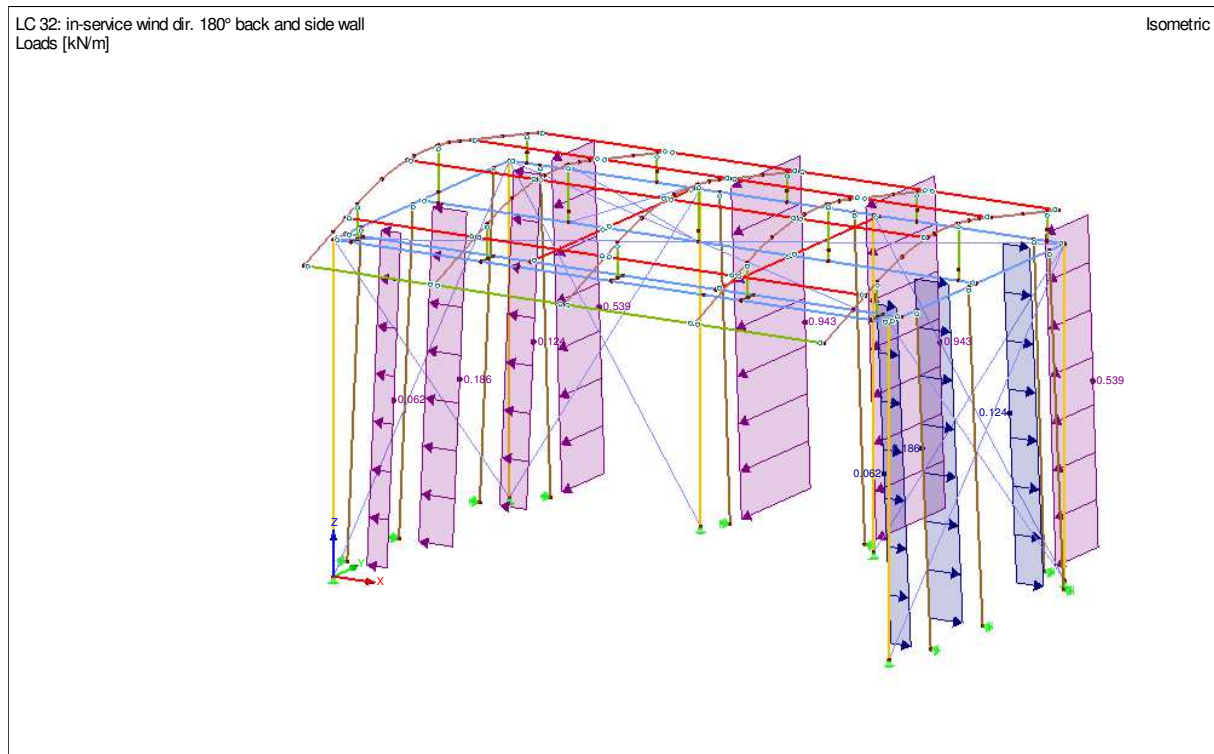
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.056 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.075 / 0.8 = 0.094 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.11 load case 32 In-service wind dir. 180° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

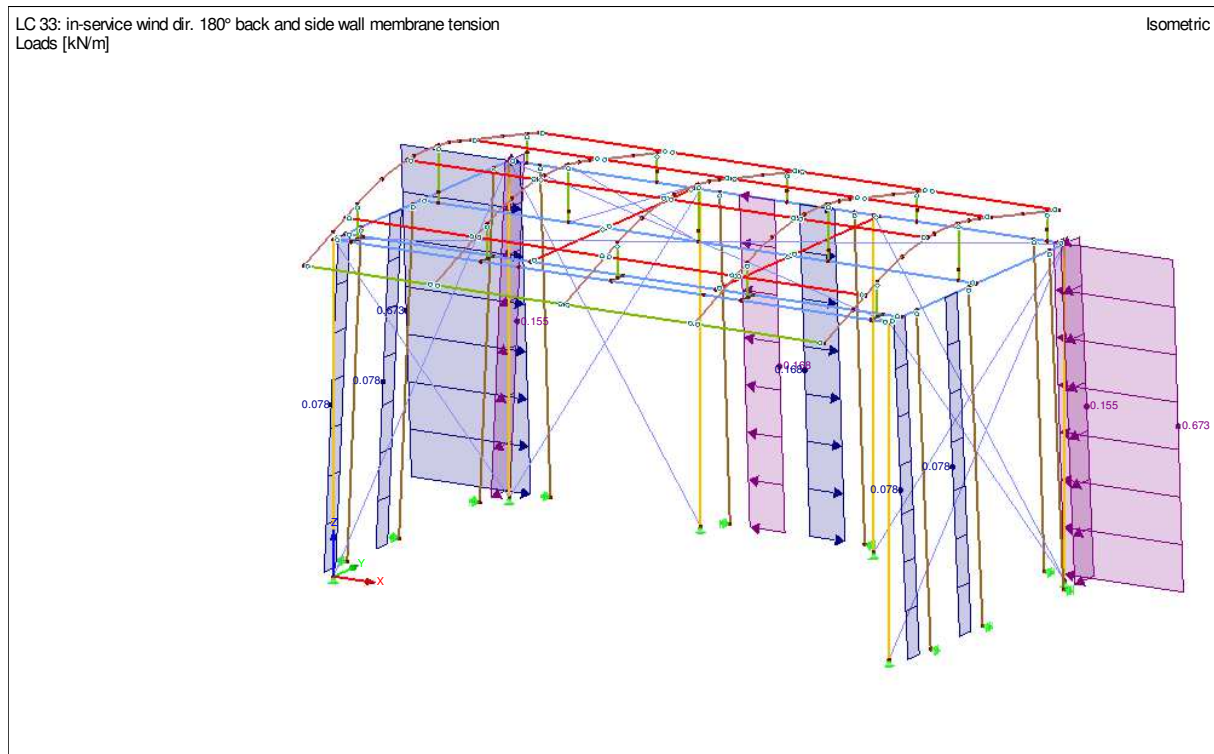
Calculation of the wind on the side walls

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.062 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.186 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.124 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.12 load case 33 In-service wind dir. 180° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 180°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

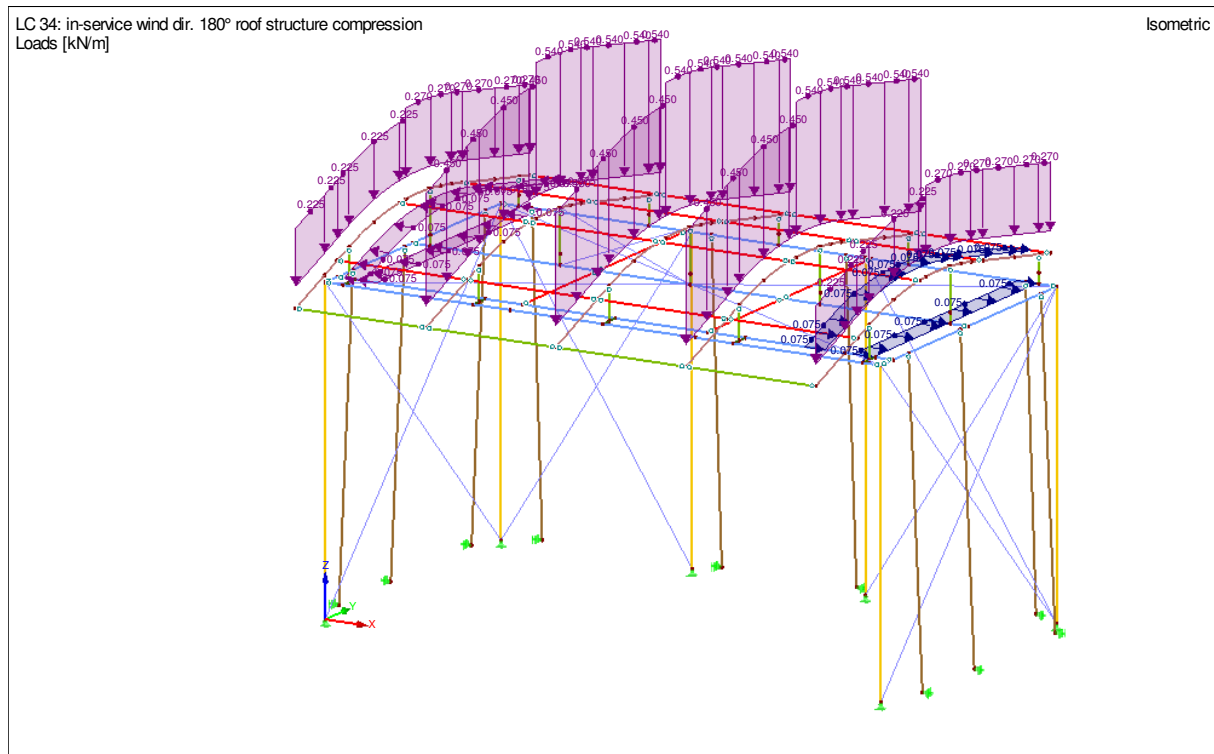
Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.078 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.078 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.155 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.13 load case 34 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.225 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.225 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.270 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.270 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

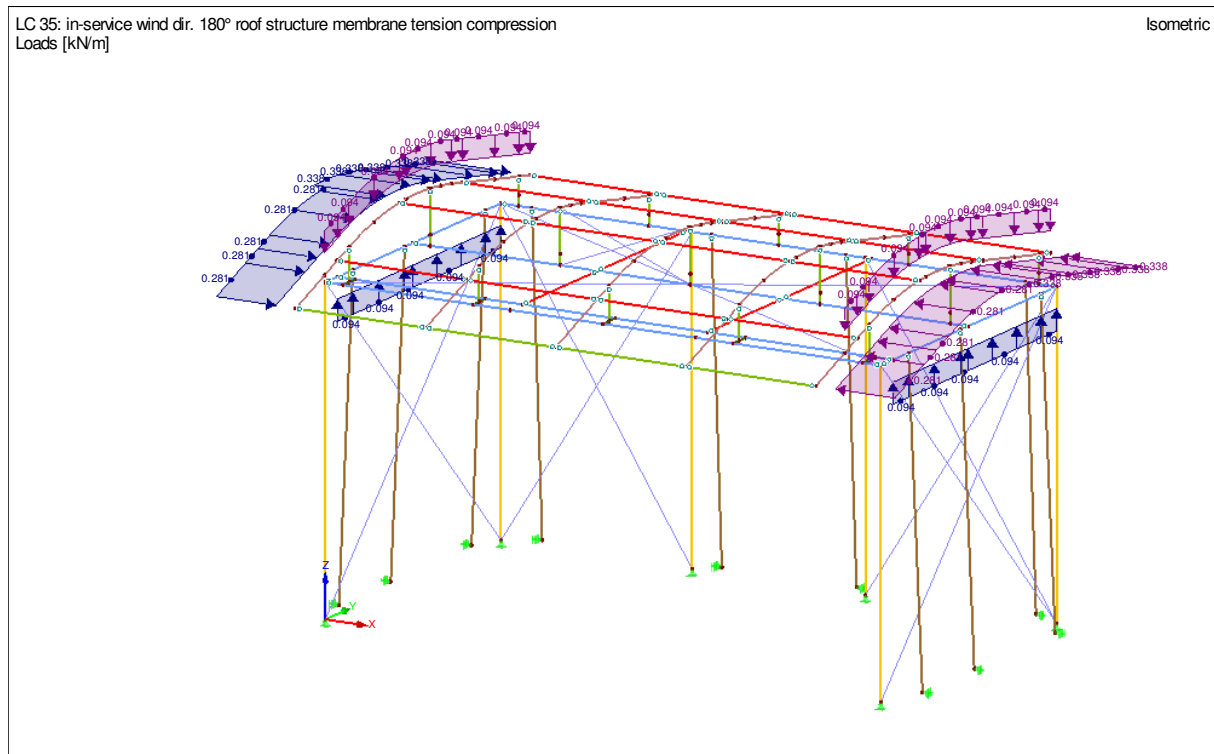
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.3 * 0.3 * 12.5 = 1.125 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.125 / 15 = 0.075 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.14 load case 35 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.281 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.281 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.338 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

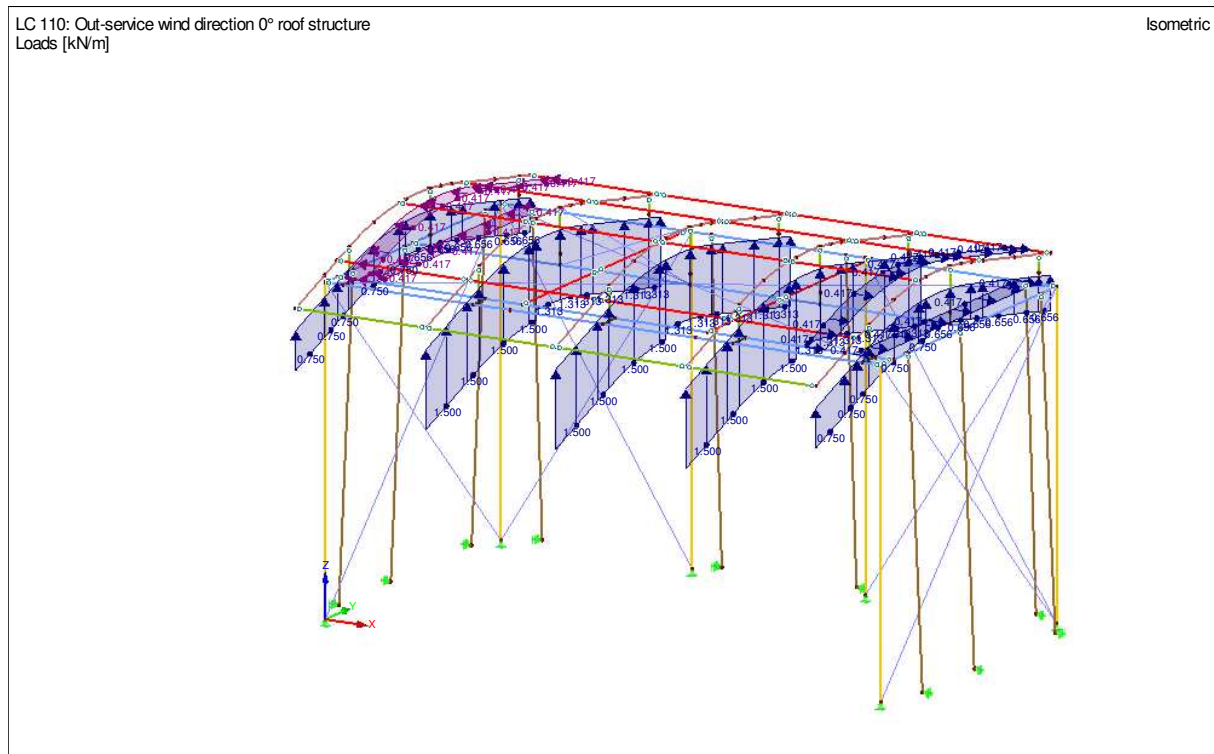
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.338 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.075 / 0.8 = 0.094 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.15 load case 110 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.313 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.313 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.313 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

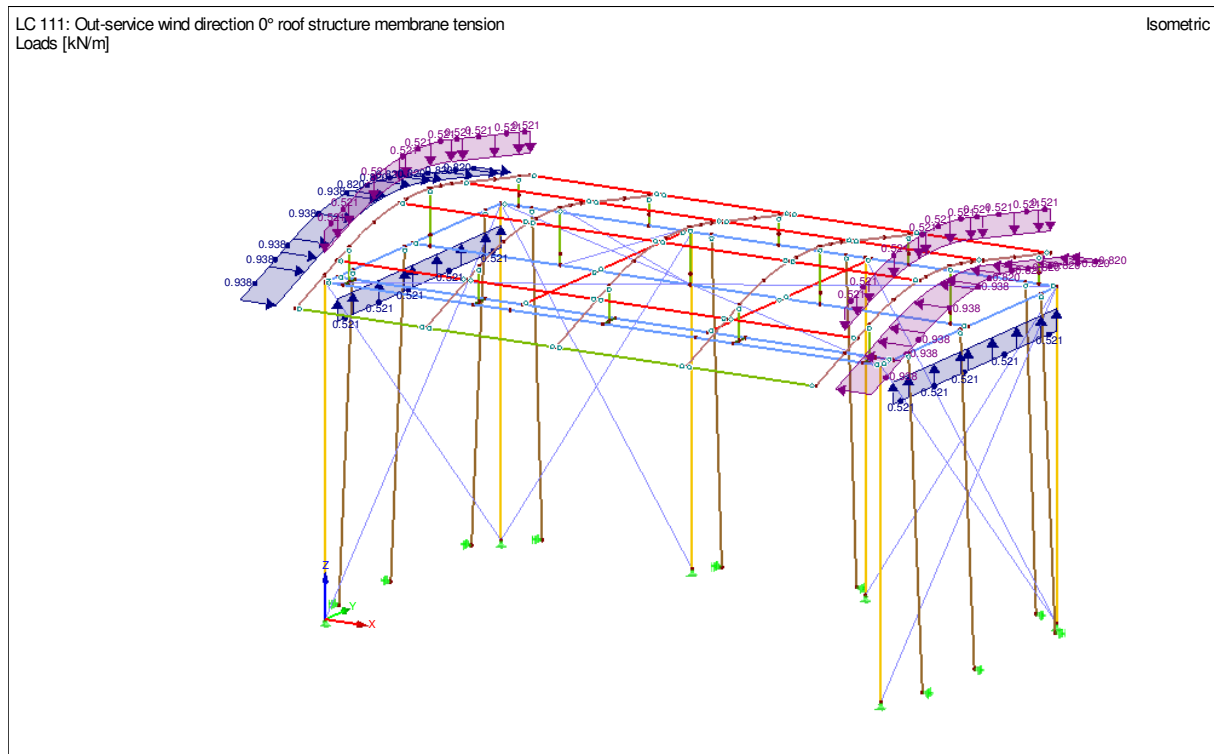
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 12.5 = 6.25 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 6.25 / 15 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.16 load case 111 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

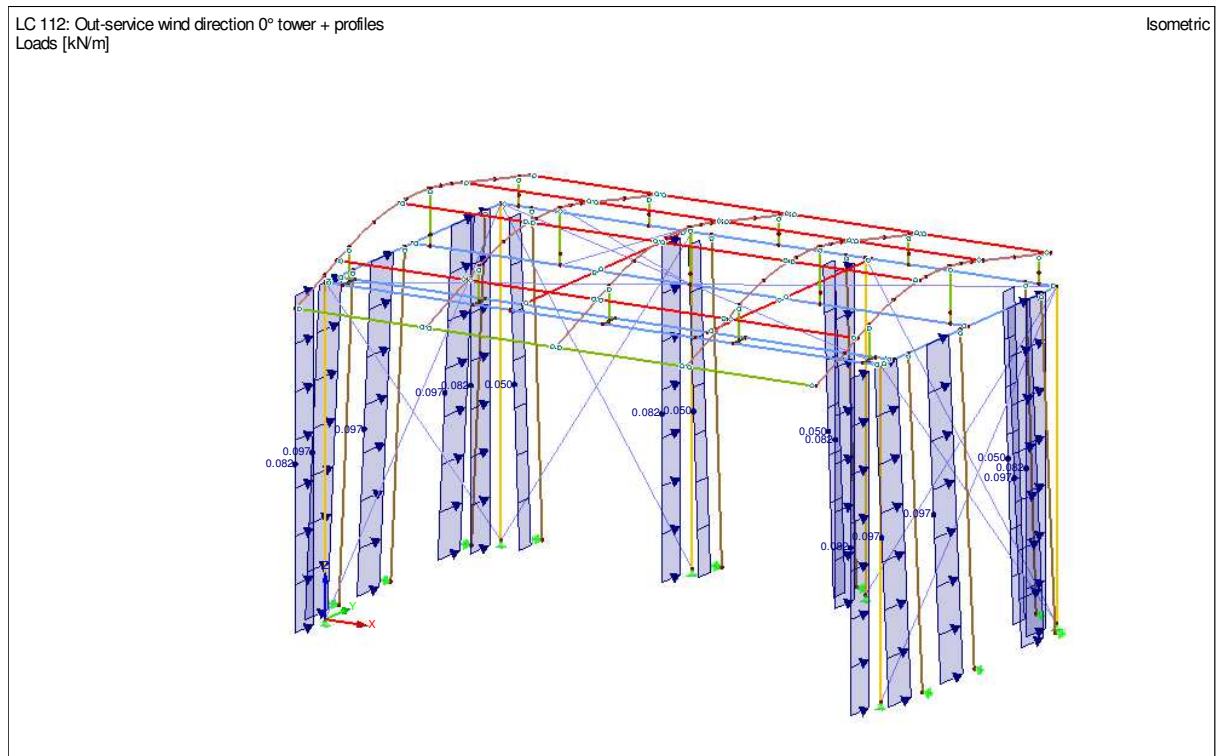
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.17 load case 112 Out-service wind dir. 0° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 0°

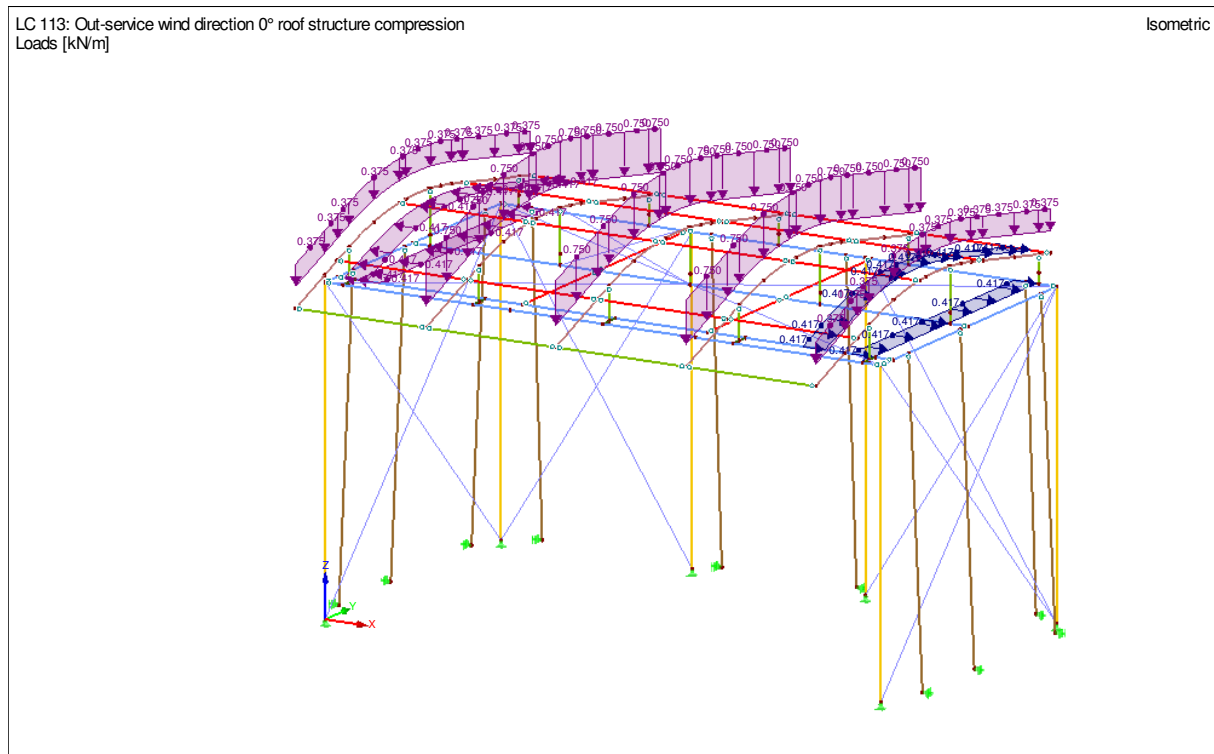
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.18 load case 113 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

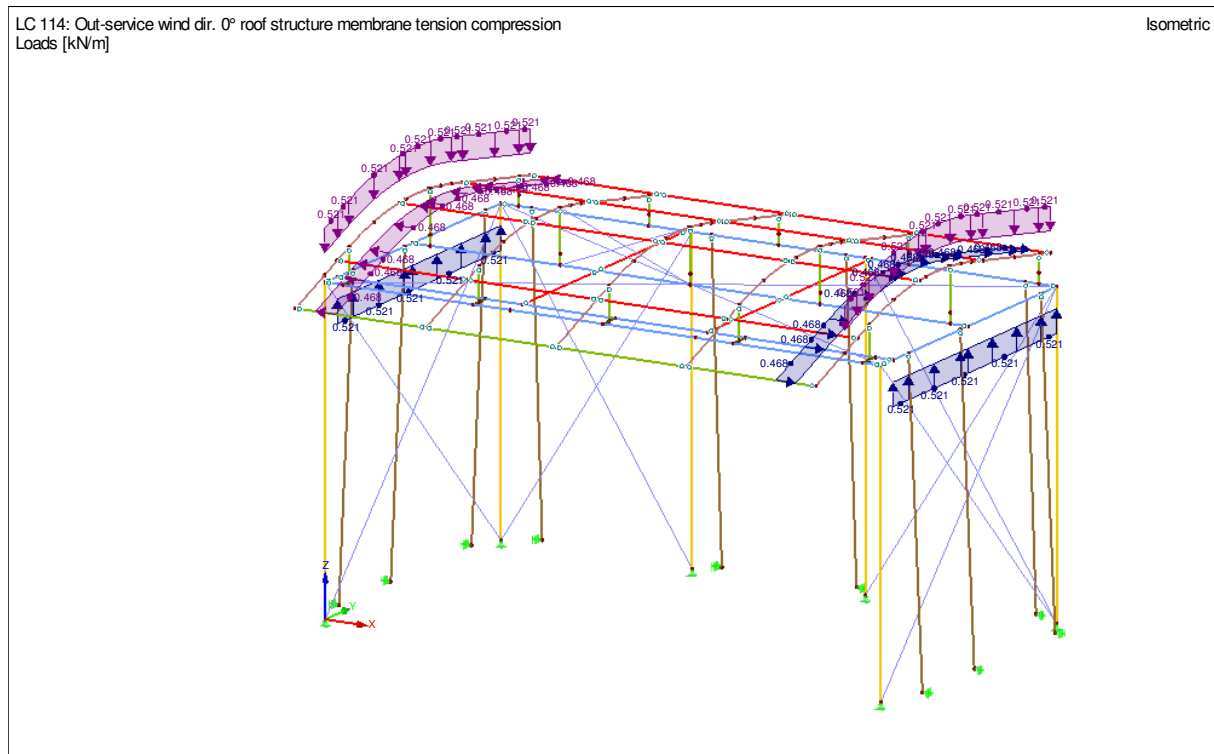
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 12.5 = 6.25 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 6.25 / 15 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.19 load case 114 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

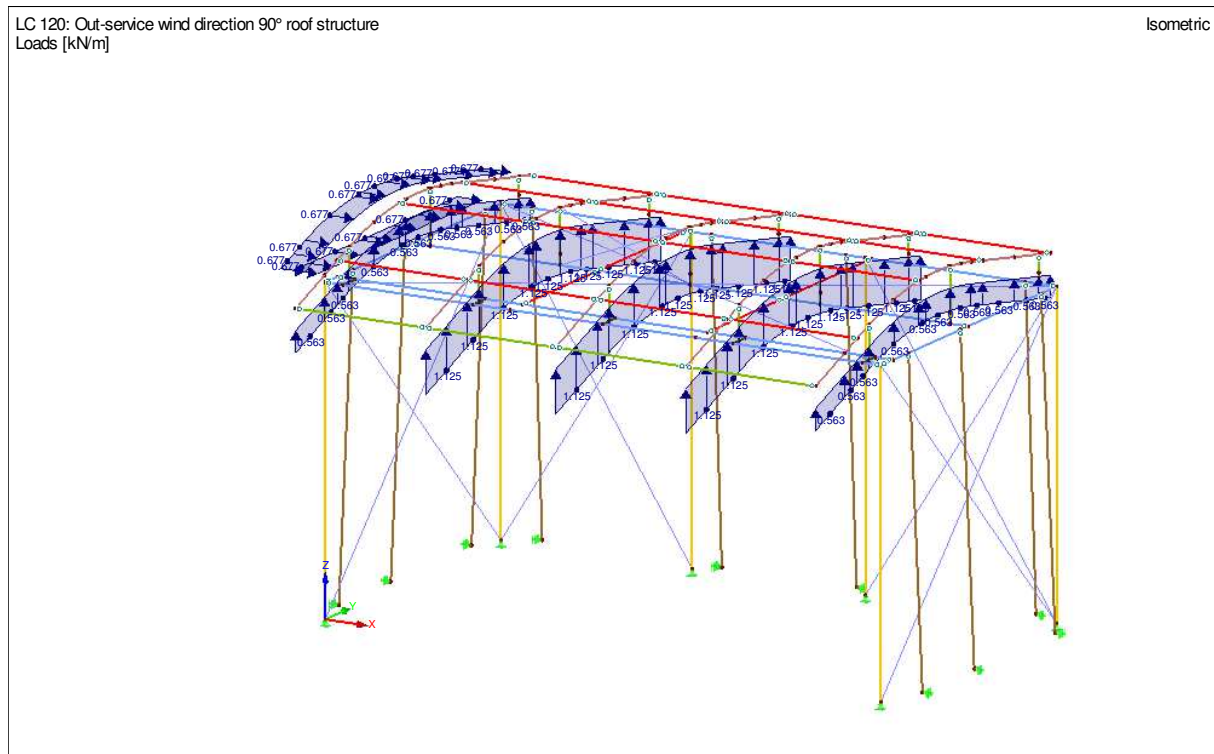
Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.20 load case 120 Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 90°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

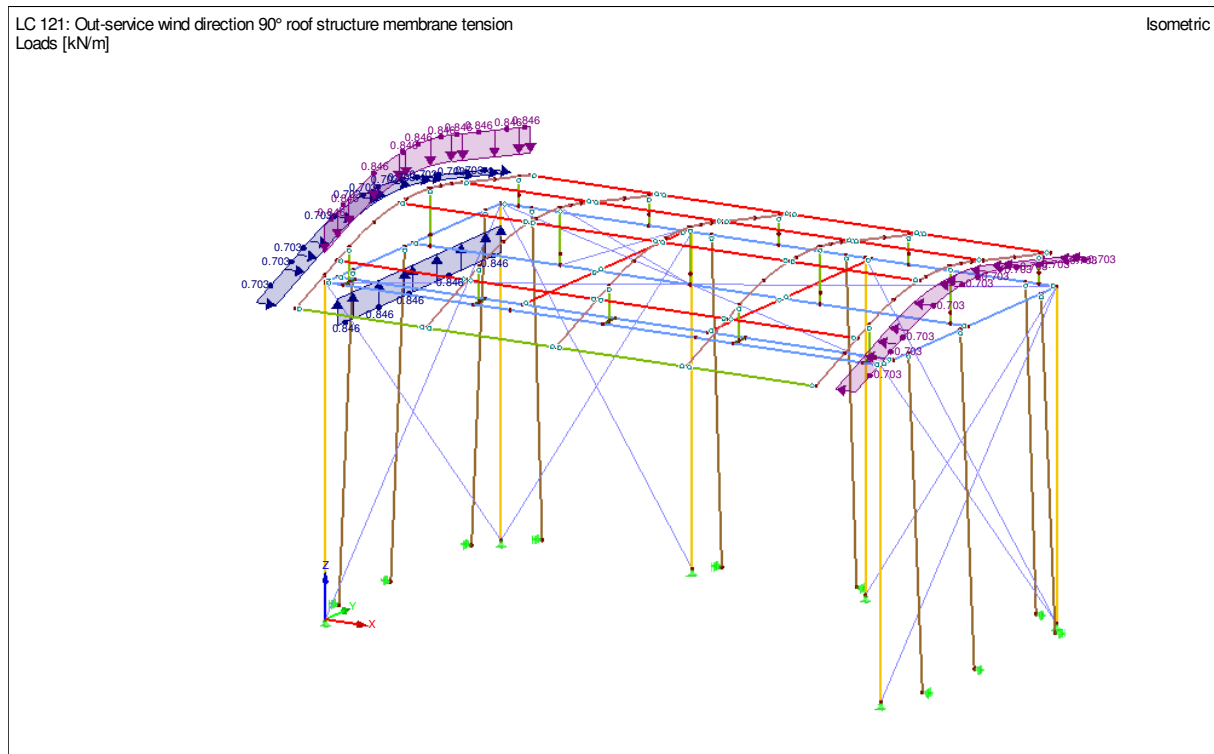
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.3 * 0.625 * 12.5 = 10.15 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 10.15 / 15 = 0.677 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.21 load case 121 Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 90°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

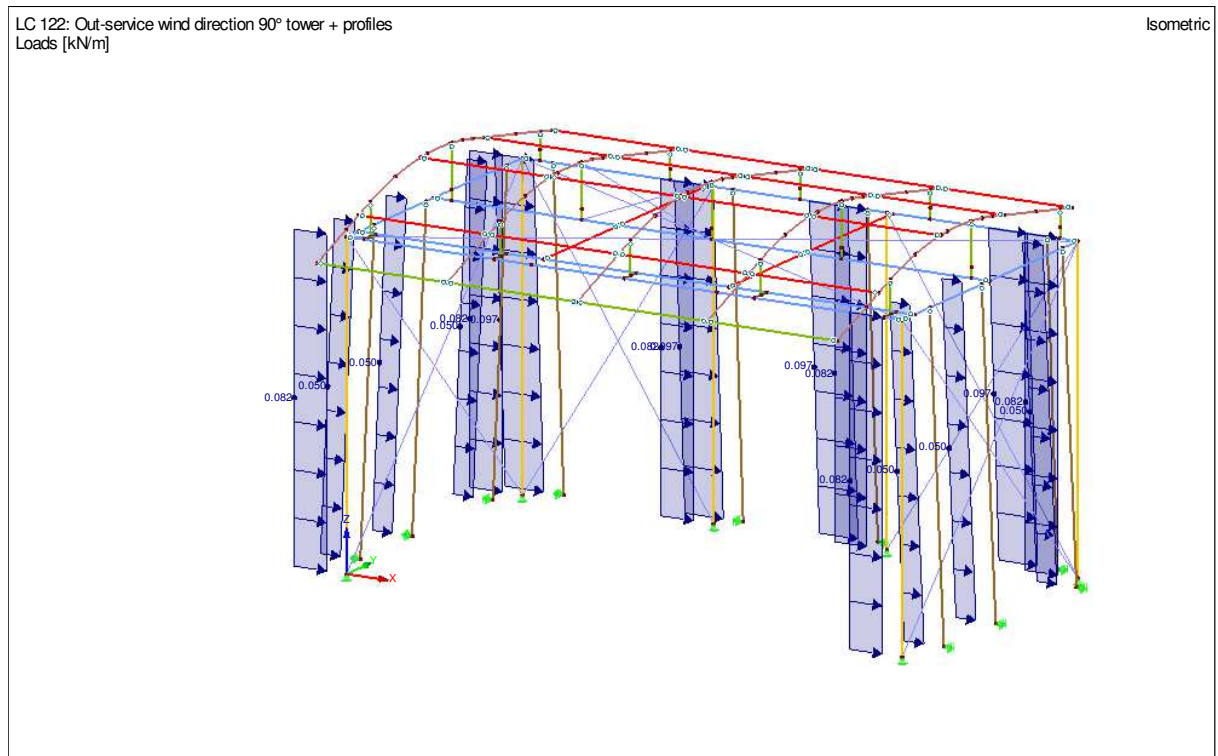
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.677 / 0.8 = 0.846 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.22 load case 122 Out-service wind dir. 90° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 90°

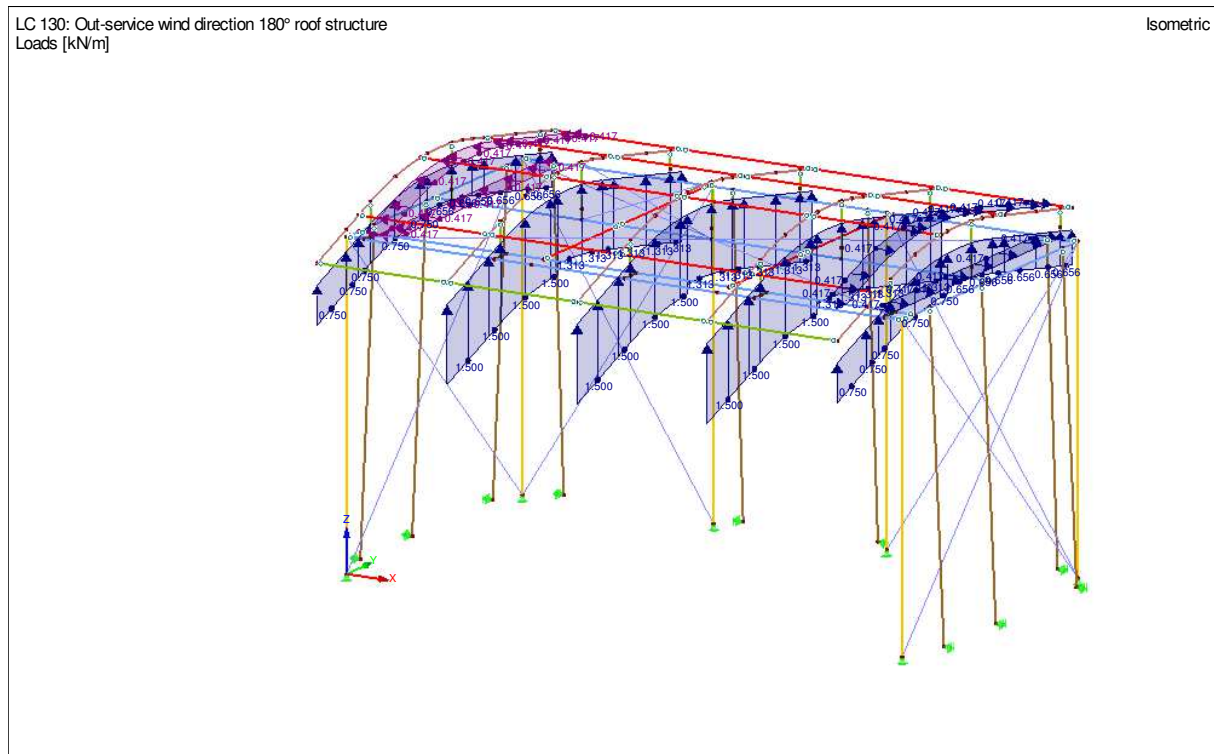
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.23 load case 130 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

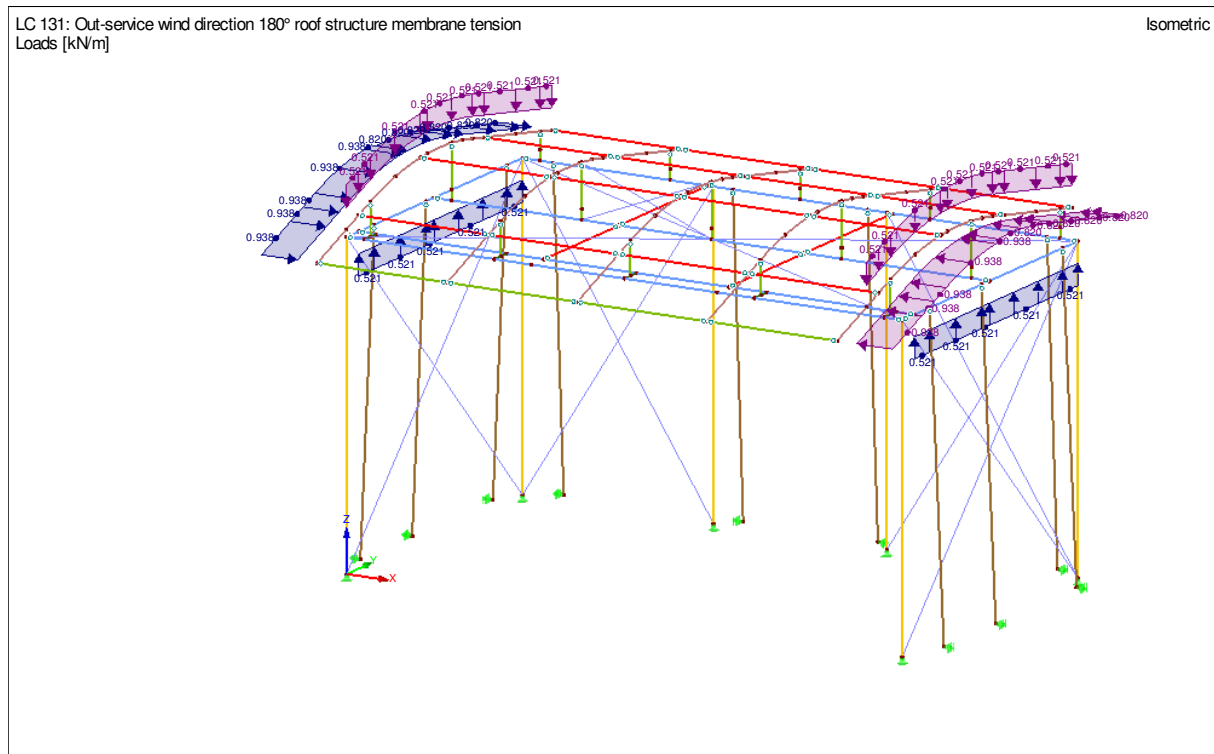
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 12.5 = 6.25 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keelar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 6.25 / 15 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.24 load case 131 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

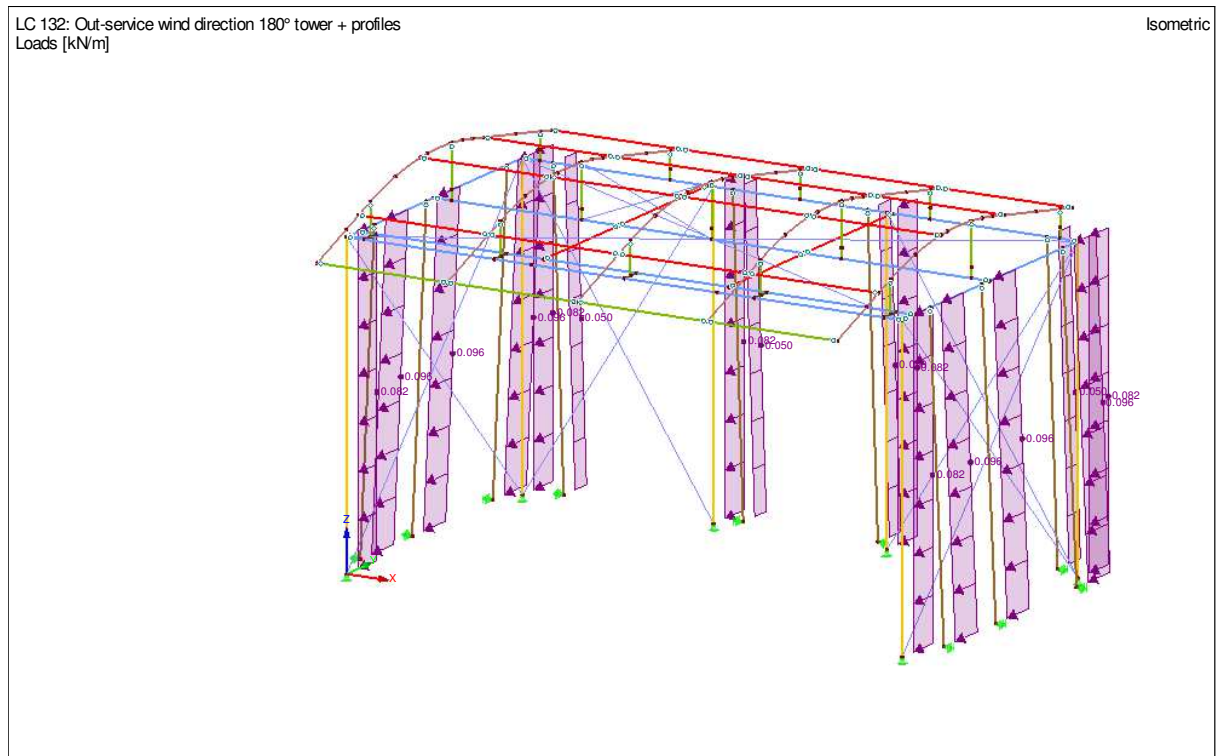
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.25 load case 132 Out-service wind dir. 180° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 180°

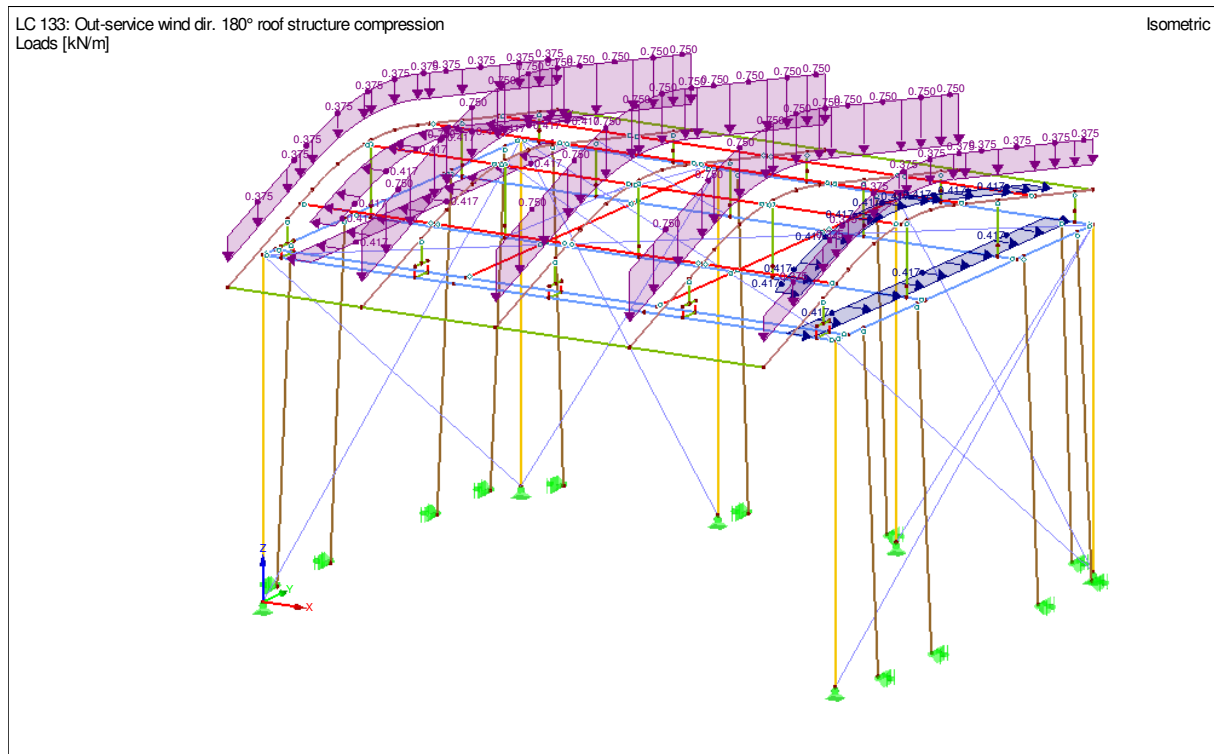
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.26 load case 133 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

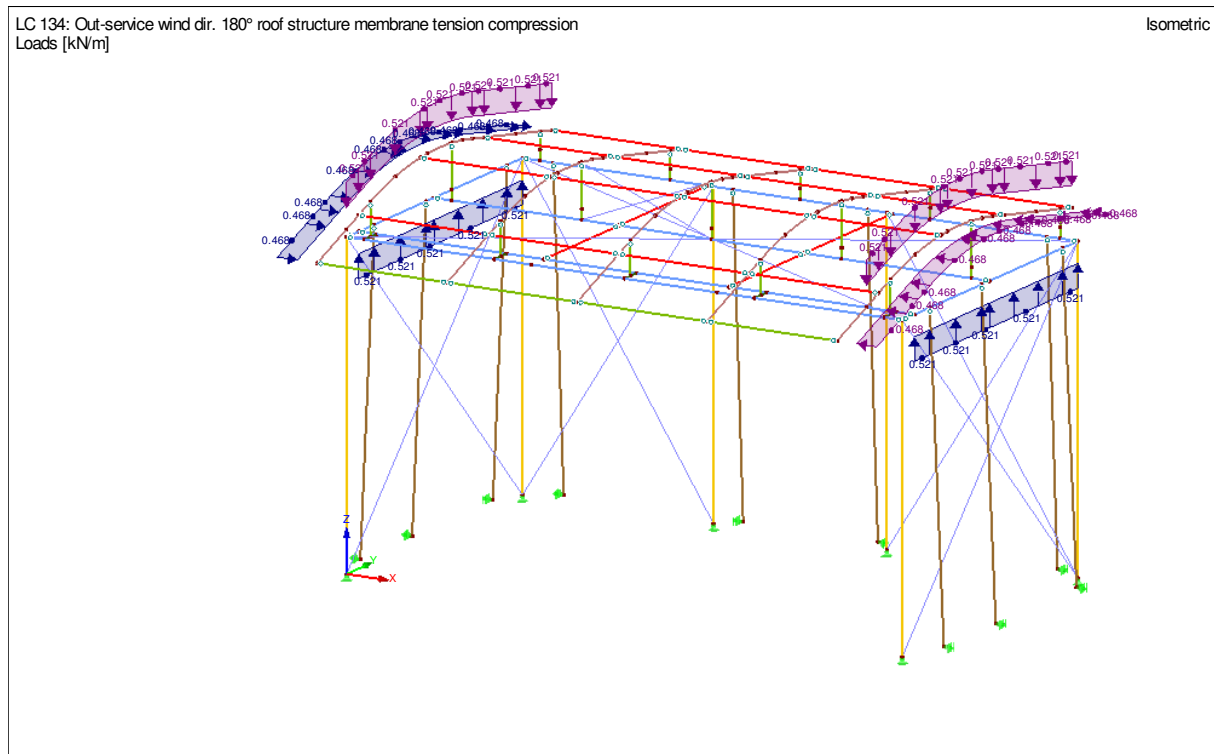
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 12.5 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 12.5 = 6.25 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 15 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 6.25 / 15 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.27 load case 134 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 16. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} &= 0.468 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.7 load combinations and result combinations

Different load combinations have been generated in the program.

The calculation has been done according to the stress capacity calculation.

The partial safety factors are According to the EN 13814:2004 chapter 5.3.6.1

$\gamma_G = 1,1$ or $1,35$ Partial safety factor for permanent actions

$\gamma_{k,i} = 1,35$ Partial safety factor for variable actions

The fundamental combinations are

$\Sigma \gamma_G G_k$ (= $\Sigma 1,35 * G_k$)

$\Sigma \gamma_G G_k + \Sigma \gamma_{k,i} Q_{k,i}$ (= $\Sigma 1,1 * G_k + \Sigma 1,35 * Q_{k,i}$)

G_k **Characteristic value of permanent actions**

$Q_{k,i}$ **Characteristic value of one of the variable actions**

The γ_G is set to 1,15 as an extra safety for all the small extra material which are used in the construction and which are not specific inserted in the Self-weight load case. These extra materials are for example retched straps, steel wire's, clamps....

2.7.1 load combinations

CO1-CO4 Design calculation live load

CO50-CO53 Characteristic calculation live load

CO100-CO134 Design calculation In-service situation

CO150-CO184 Characteristic calculation In-service situation

CO200-CO229 Design calculation Out-service situation

CO250-CO279 Characteristic calculation Out-service situation

Load Combin.	DS	Load Combination	To Solve
		Description	
CO1	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2	+
CO2	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3	+
CO3	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4	+
CO4	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5	+
CO50	0	LC1 + LC2	+
CO51	0	LC1 + LC3	+
CO52	0	LC1 + LC4	+
CO53	0	LC1 + LC5	+
CO100	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO101	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO102	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO103	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO104	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO110	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO111	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO112	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO113	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO114	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO120	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO121	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO122	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO123	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO124	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO130	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO131	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO132	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO133	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO134	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO150	0	LC1 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO151	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO152	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO153	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO154	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO160	0	LC1 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO161	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO162	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO163	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO164	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO170	0	LC1 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO171	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO172	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO173	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO174	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO180	0	LC1 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO181	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+

CO182	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO183	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO184	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO200	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO201	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO202	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO203	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO204	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO205	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO206	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO207	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO208	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO209	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO210	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO211	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO212	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO213	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO214	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO220	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO221	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO222	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO223	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO224	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO225	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO226	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO227	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO228	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO229	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO250	0	LC1 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO251	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO252	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO253	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO254	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO255	0	LC1 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO256	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO257	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO258	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO259	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO260	0	LC1 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO261	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO262	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO263	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO264	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO270	0	LC1 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO271	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO272	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO273	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO274	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO275	0	LC1 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO276	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO277	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO278	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO279	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+

2.7.2 result combinations

Different Result combinations have been generated in the program.

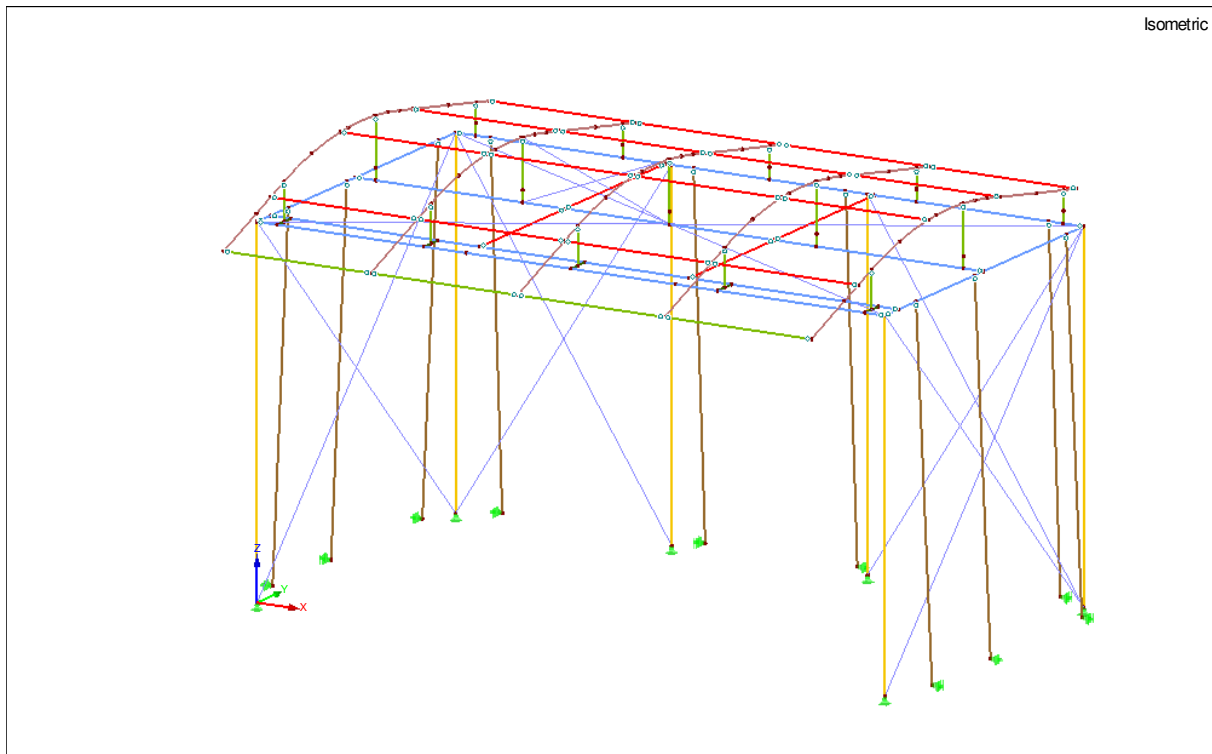
RC1 – SW + Loading - Design Values	: 1 * (CO1 or to CO4)
RC2 – SW + Loading - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO50 or to CO53)
RC3 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Design Values	: 1 * (CO100 or to CO134)
RC4 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO150 or to CO184)
RC5 - SW + Loading + Out service Wind - Design Values	: 1 * (CO200 or to CO129)
RC6 - SW + Loading + Out service Wind - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO250 or to CO279)

3 Calculation results for different Load Cases and Load Combinations.

In this chapter the results of the different load cases and load combinations are presented. The design calculations will be used to check the structural integrity of separate parts of the structure. The results for the characteristic calculations will be used to determine the deflection of the system and the steel wires which need to be used. These results will not be presented for each load combination. If the use of these results is necessary the particular information will be given.

3.1 General input information

3.1.1 construction scheme



3.1.2 Used Materials

Material No.	Material Description	Modulus of Elasticity E [kN/cm ²]	Shear Modulus G [kN/cm ²]	Poisson's Ratio ν [-]	Specific Weight γ [kN/m ³]	Coeff. of Th. Exp. α [1/°C]	Partial Factor γ _M [-]	Material Model
1	Aluminum EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
2	steel 8.8 kwaliteit EN 10346:2009-03	21000,00	8076,92	0,300	78,50	1,20E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic

3.1.3 Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I_y	Bending I_z	Axial A	Shear A_y	Shear A_z			Width b	Depth h
1	Prolyte H40V	1	900,00	4179,54	4179,54	16,96	16,50	16,50	0,00	0,00	390,0	390,0
2	Prolyte H30V	1	500,00	2095,86	2095,85	16,96	16,50	16,50	0,00	0,00	290,0	290,0
3	Prolyte H30D	1	150,00	1057,29	1057,10	12,72	12,00	12,00	0,00	0,00	290,0	255,0
4	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5	1	48,28	30,75	30,75	9,00	4,00	4,00	0,00	0,00	50,0	50,0
5	Ring 50/4	1	30,81	15,41	15,41	5,78	2,93	2,93	0,00	0,00	50,0	50,0
6	Circle 12	2	0,20	0,10	0,10	1,13	0,96	0,96	0,00	0,00	12,0	12,0
7	RODER roder keder 170x88x3	1	100,00	766,50	230,70	18,98	18,50	18,50	0,00	0,00	170,0	88,0
8	HK 50/100/6/6/6/6	1	155,83	63,93	200,87	16,56	10,64	3,74	0,00	0,00	100,0	50,0

3.2 Calculation result summary's

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
Summary			
Calculation Status	OK		
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	CO132, Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,3	mm	CO100, Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-218,0	mm	CO226, Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	218,5	mm	CO226, Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,9	mrاد	CO104, Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrاد	CO103, Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,3	mrاد	CO102, Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Number of 1D finite elements (member elements)	302		
Number of 2D finite elements (surface elements)	0		
Number of 3D finite elements (solid elements)	0		
Number of FE nodes	249		
Number of equations	1494		
Matrix solver method	Direct		
Maximum number of iterations	100		
Number of divisions for member results	10		
Number of divisions of members with cable, elastic foundation, taper, or plastic characteristic	10		
Activate shear stiffness of members (A-y, A-z)	+		
Plate bending theory	Mindlin		
Allow failing members	+		
Precision of convergence criteria of nonlinear calculation	1,0		

3.3. Result for RC1 and RC2

3.3.1 Result for the single load cases LC1 to LC6.

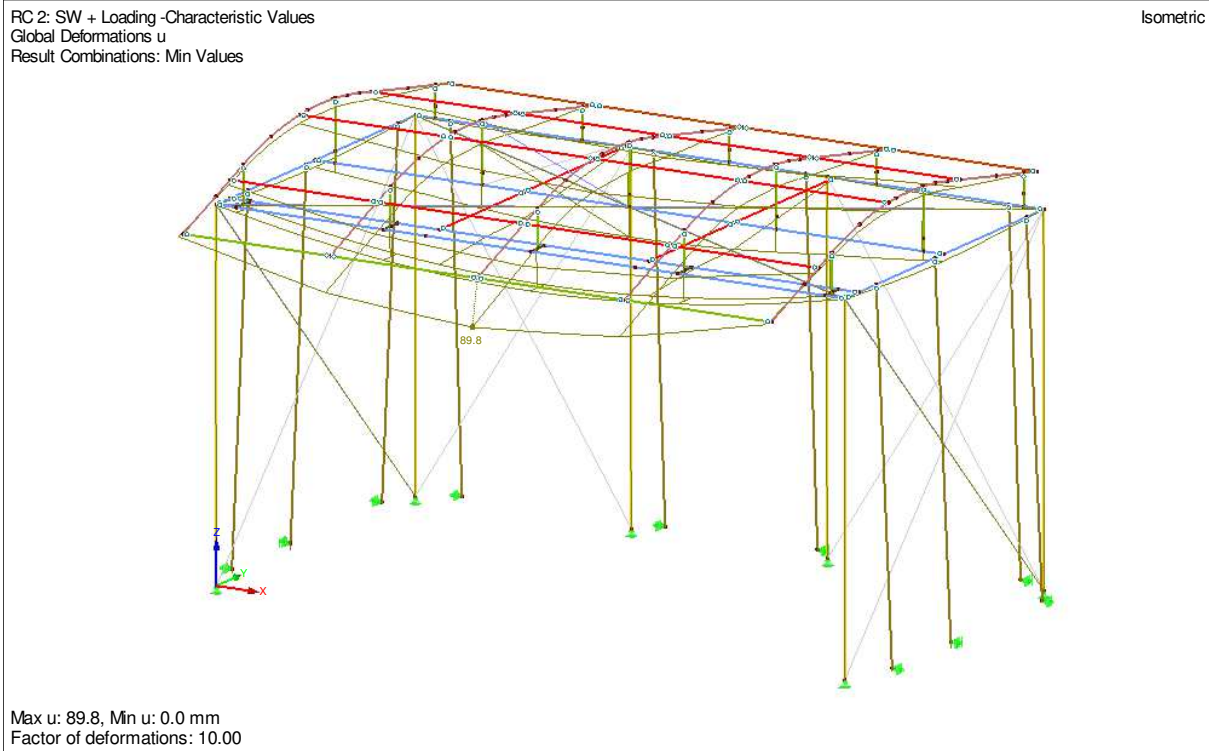
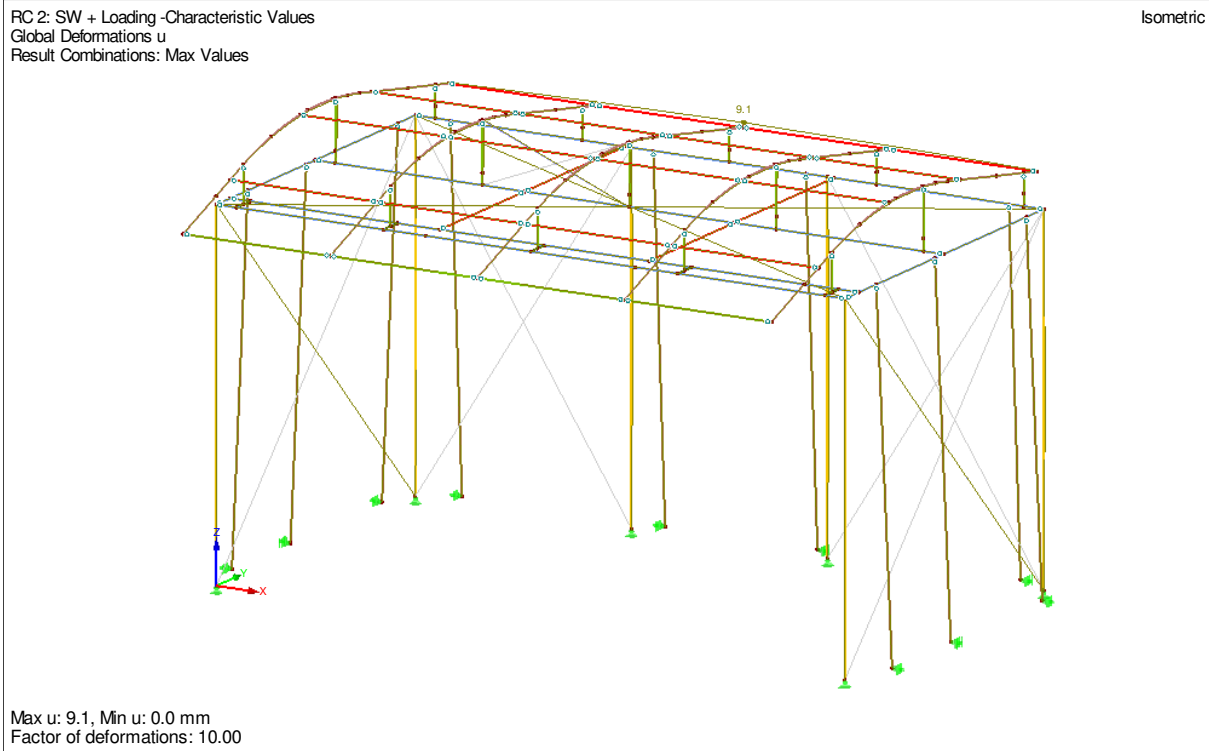
Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC1 - Self-weight			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-15,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-15,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,776	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,019	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,0	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	1,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-24,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	24,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	3,2	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-6,5	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,7	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC2 - udl			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-31,20	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-31,20	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-19,673	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,210	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-4,4	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,4	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-48,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	49,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	12,2	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	11,6	mrاد	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,8	mrاد	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC3 - Centre point loads			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-24,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-24,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-35,620	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,162	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-5,5	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-35,9	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	36,1	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	10,1	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	8,1	mrاد	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,9	mrاد	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC4 - Points in the third point			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-34,00	kN	

Sum of support forces in Z	-34,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-46,847	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,229	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-5,5	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-7,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-47,0	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	47,3	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	15,2	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	10,8	mrاد	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,4	mrاد	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LCS - point loads 1.25 meter from the side span in service			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-52,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-52,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	10,860	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,350	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,3	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-5,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-65,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	65,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	10,6	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-15,4	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,5	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC6 - point loads 1.25 meter from the side span out service			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-36,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-36,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-46,202	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,242	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,1	mm	Member No. 10, x: 4.178 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,1	mm	Member No. 131, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-21,5	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	21,7	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	7,3	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	5,6	mrاد	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,3	mrاد	Member No. 40, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.3.2 Calculation results Load combinations CO1-CO4

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO1 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-60,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-60,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-7,1	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-7,7	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-93,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	94,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	20,2	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-22,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,4	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO2 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-50,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-50,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-8,6	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-5,9	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-69,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	69,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	17,4	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-16,7	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,2	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO3 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-64,28	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-64,28	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-8,6	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-8,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-80,6	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	80,8	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.026 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	24,3	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	19,8	mrad	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,5	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO4 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-88,58	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-88,58	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-4,3	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-8,6	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-115,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	116,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	18,1	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-28,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

3.3.3 Deformation RC2 – SW + Loading setup - Characteristic Values



3.4 Result for RC3 and RC4

3.4.1 Result for the single load cases LC10 to LC35.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC10 - in-service wind dir.0° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	45,22	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	45,22	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-39,452	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,305	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	8,9	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	9,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	129,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	129,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-25,2	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	28,3	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	1,8	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC11 - in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	-0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	3,487	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,006	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,7	mm	Member No. 138, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 11, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,3	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,3	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,7	mrad	Member No. 65, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,1	mrad	Member No. 86, x: 0.959 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,5	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC12 - in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	20,66	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	20,66	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	40,782	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,007	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,149	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	57,2	mm	Member No. 130, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	62,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	2,7	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	62,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	26,2	mrad	Member No. 130, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,6	mrad	Member No. 2, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC13 - in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-0,02	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-0,02	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-0,044	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)

Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	128,4	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-158,0	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	158,0	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	72,4	mrad	Member No. 202, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	58,8	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,5	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC20 - in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	4,85	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	4,85	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	3,47	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	3,47	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-3,650	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	9,779	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	1,359	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	8,8	mm	Member No. 14, x: 1.026 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	1,5	mm	Member No. 20, x: 0.257 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	10,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	12,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-1,7	mrad	Member No. 28, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	3,6	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	1,6	mrad	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC21 - in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,416	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-3,428	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,1	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.360 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,2	mm	Member No. 7, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-1,0	mm	Member No. 119, x: 1.424 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	1,0	mm	Member No. 119, x: 1.424 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,5	mrad	Member No. 65, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,6	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,1	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC22 - in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	11,26	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	11,26	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	4,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	9,386	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-22,243	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-1,111	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	50,8	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	14,7	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,0	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	50,9	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,4	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	22,5	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,0	mrad	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC23 - in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	

Sum of loads in Y	0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,010	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,042	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	29,6	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-128,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	128,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-58,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-13,5	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,7	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC30 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	1,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	1,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	2,176	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,012	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,3	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	1,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	2,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.697 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.697 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-1,3	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-0,6	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC31 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,35	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,35	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,655	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,002	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,1	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.599 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,1	mm	Member No. 7, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,5	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	0,5	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,1	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,0	mrad	Member No. 137, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC32 - in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-20,67	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-40,781	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,139	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-10,6	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-62,6	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,7	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	62,7	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	27,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-4,9	mrad	Member No. 130, x: 6.971 m

Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,4	mrad	Member No. 109, x: 0.410 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC33 - in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,012	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	128,4	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-29,5	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 145, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	128,4	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-13,5	mrad	Member No. 202, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	58,8	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,5	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC34 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-19,14	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-19,14	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	16,076	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,129	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-3,7	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,0	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-53,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	54,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	10,7	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-11,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,7	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC35 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,35	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,35	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,655	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,002	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,3	mm	Member No. 65, x: 0.867 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,1	mm	Member No. 11, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	0,5	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,1	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,4	mrad	Member No. 56, x: 0.381 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.4.2 Calculation results Load Combination CO100-CO134

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO100 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	40,16	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	40,16	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	141,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO101 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-1,96	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,96	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,2	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	76,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,2	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO102 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	7,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	7,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	101,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,3	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO103 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-5,74	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-5,74	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	91,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,3	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

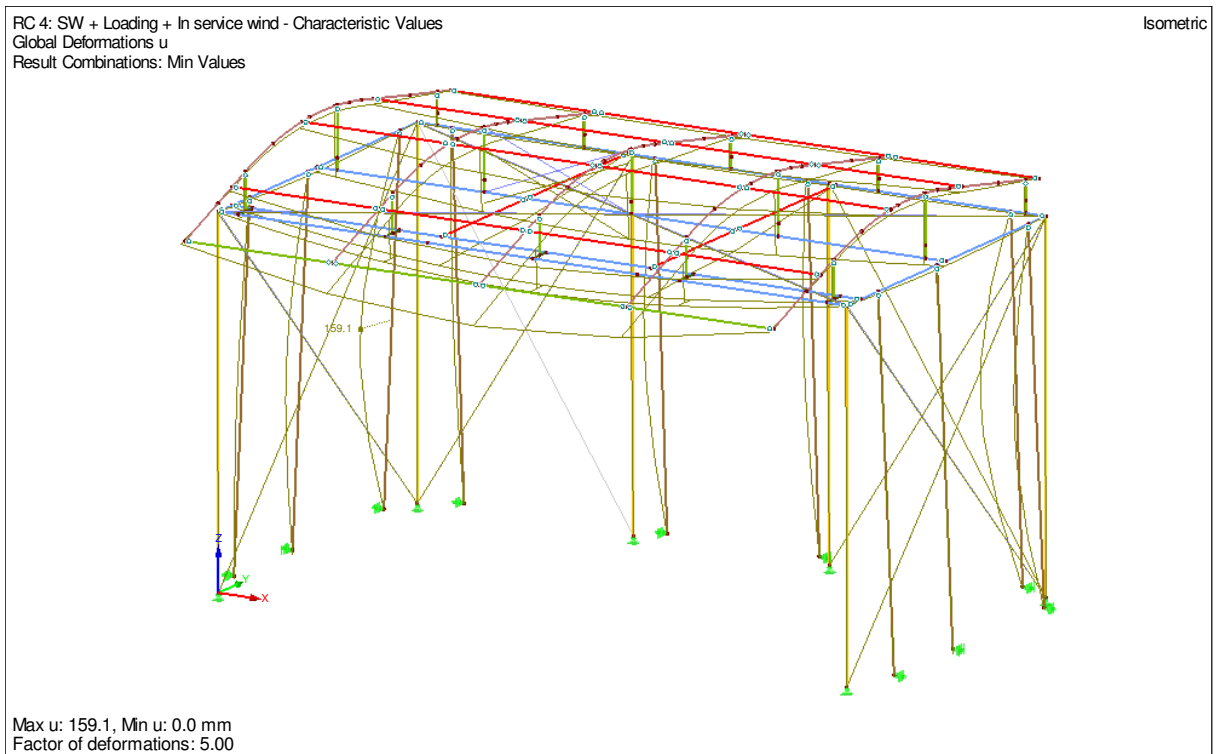
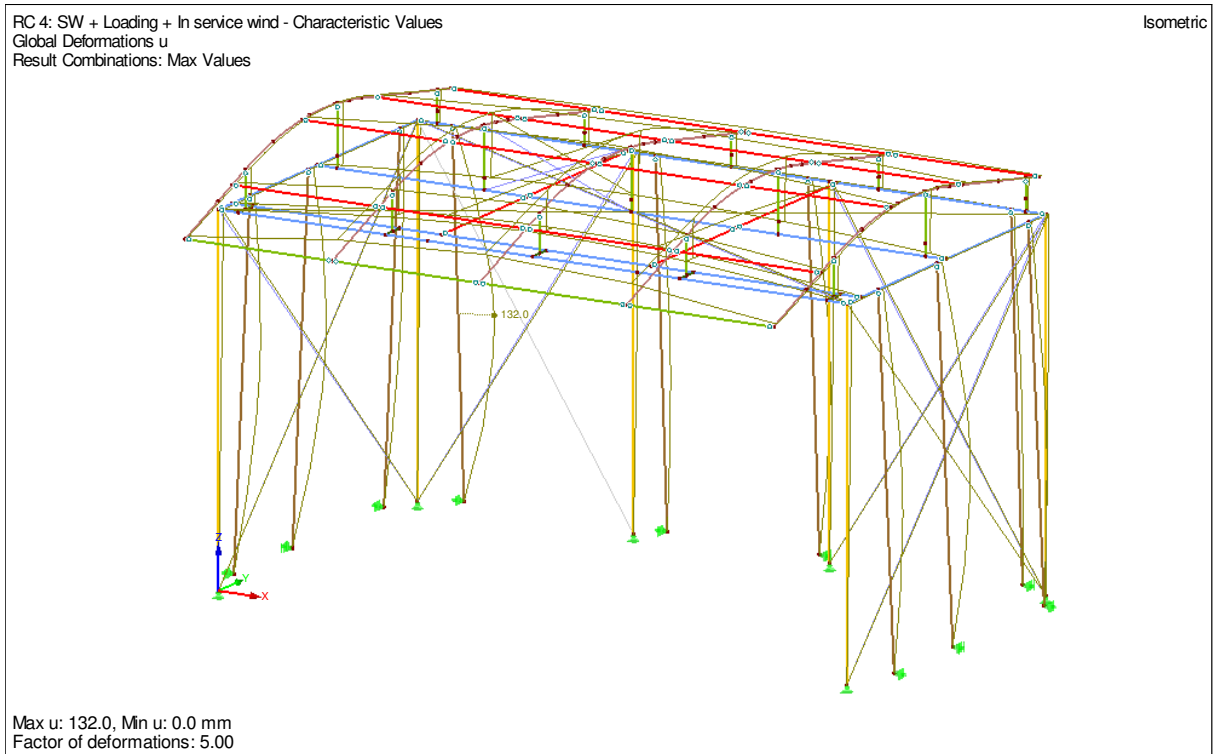
CO104 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-30,04	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-30,04	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-208,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	55,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,2	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-97,9	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 6.973 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO110 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	21,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-14,72	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-14,72	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	74,0	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-172,7	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-14,6	mm	Member No. 34, x: 2.625 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	179,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	79,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,0	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,4	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO111 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	21,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-56,84	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-56,84	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	74,4	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-173,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-81,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	179,8	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	79,3	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,1	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,5	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO112 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	21,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-47,12	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-47,12	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	74,3	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-172,8	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-58,6	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	179,6	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	79,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,1	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,4	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO113 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	21,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

Sum of loads in Y	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-60,62	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-60,62	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	74,5	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-172,9	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-73,4	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.540 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	179,7	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	79,3	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,1	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,5	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO114 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	21,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-84,92	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-84,92	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	74,7	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-173,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-104,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	180,2	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	79,4	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,2	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,7	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO120 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-16,40	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-16,40	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-84,7	mm	Member No. 206, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-28,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,9	mrad	Member No. 206, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO121 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-58,52	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-58,52	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-84,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-94,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,9	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO122 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-48,80	kN	

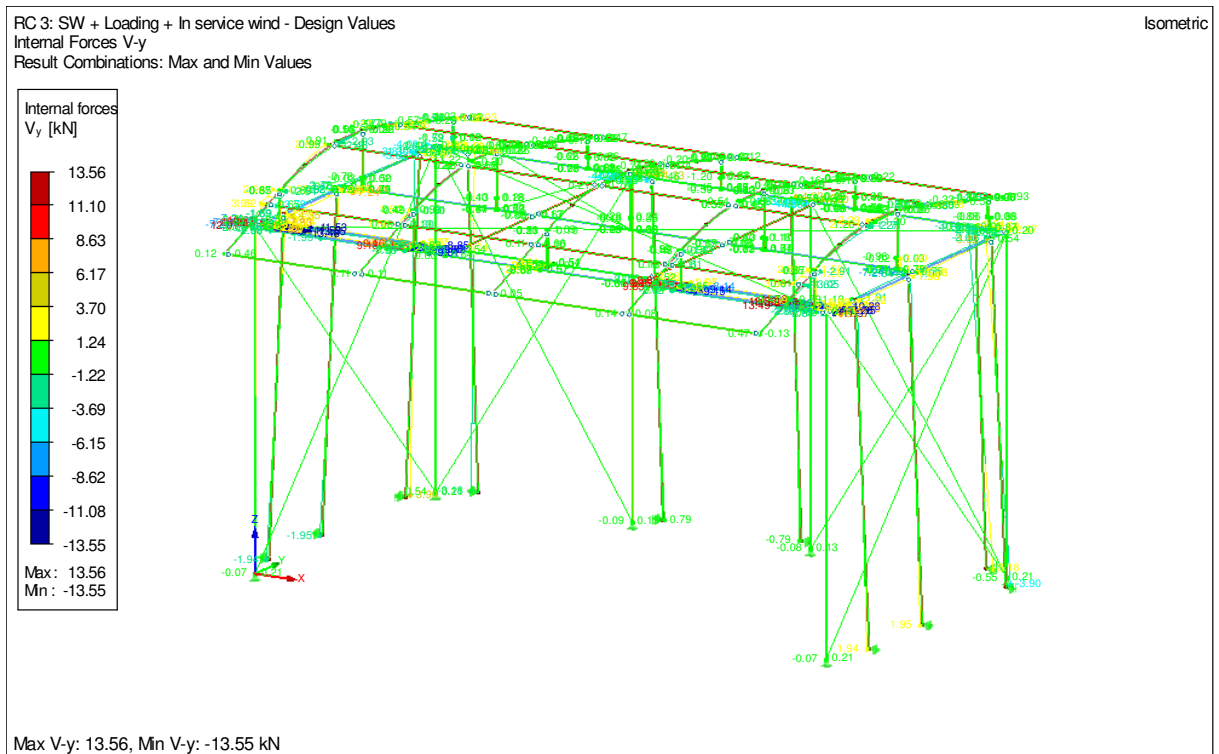
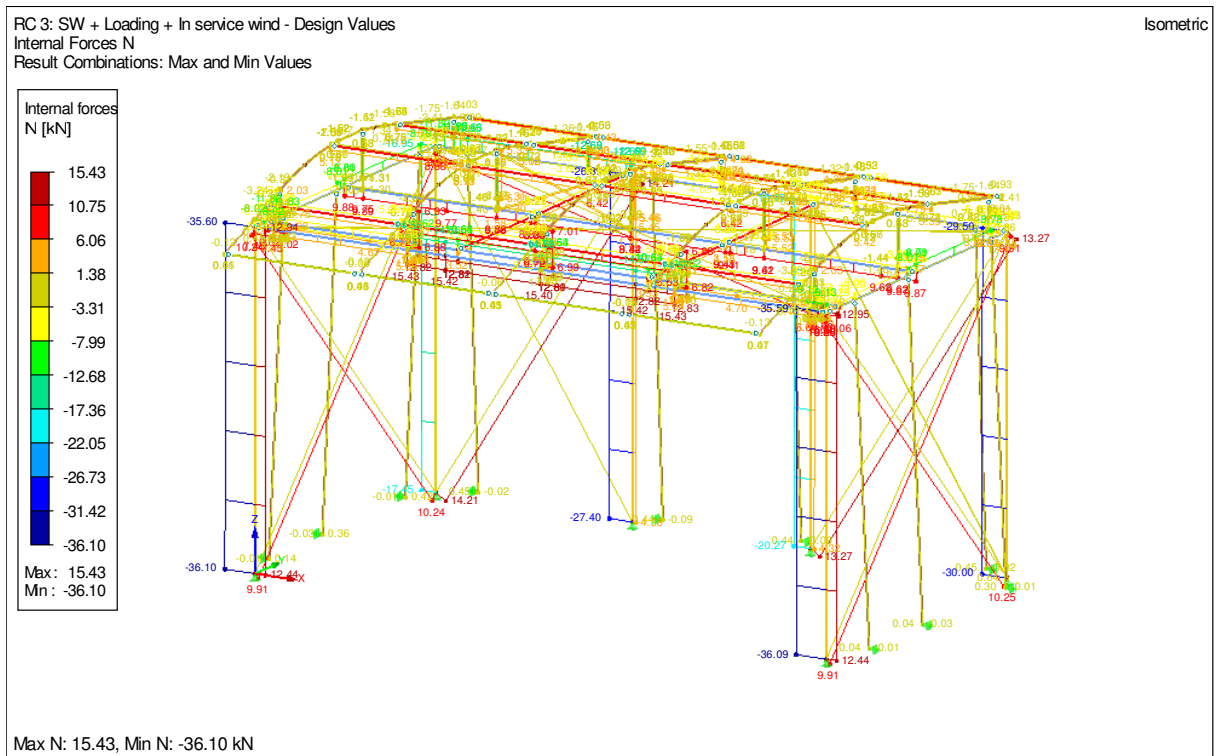
Sum of support forces in Z	-48,80	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-84,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-69,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,9	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO123 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-62,30	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-62,30	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-84,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-79,6	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,9	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO124 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-86,60	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-86,60	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,3	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-116,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,3	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	37,0	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO130 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-44,69	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-44,69	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,0	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-102,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,9	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO131 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-86,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-86,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,2	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m

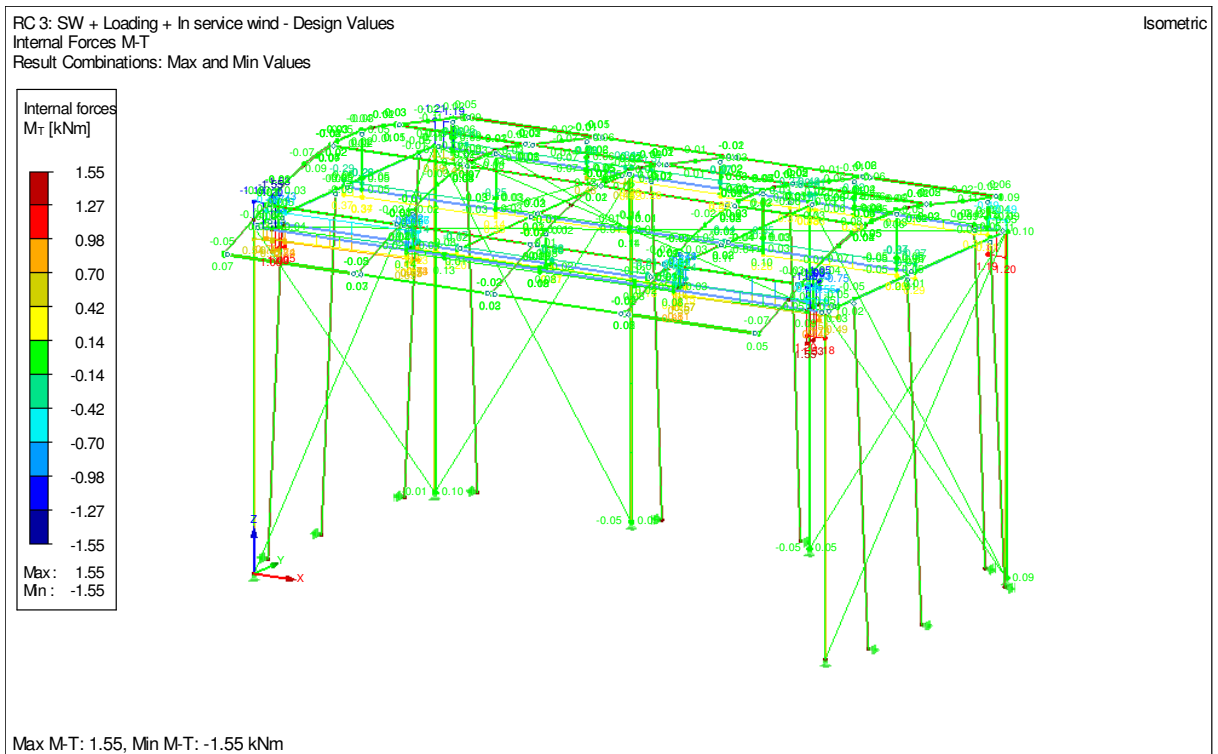
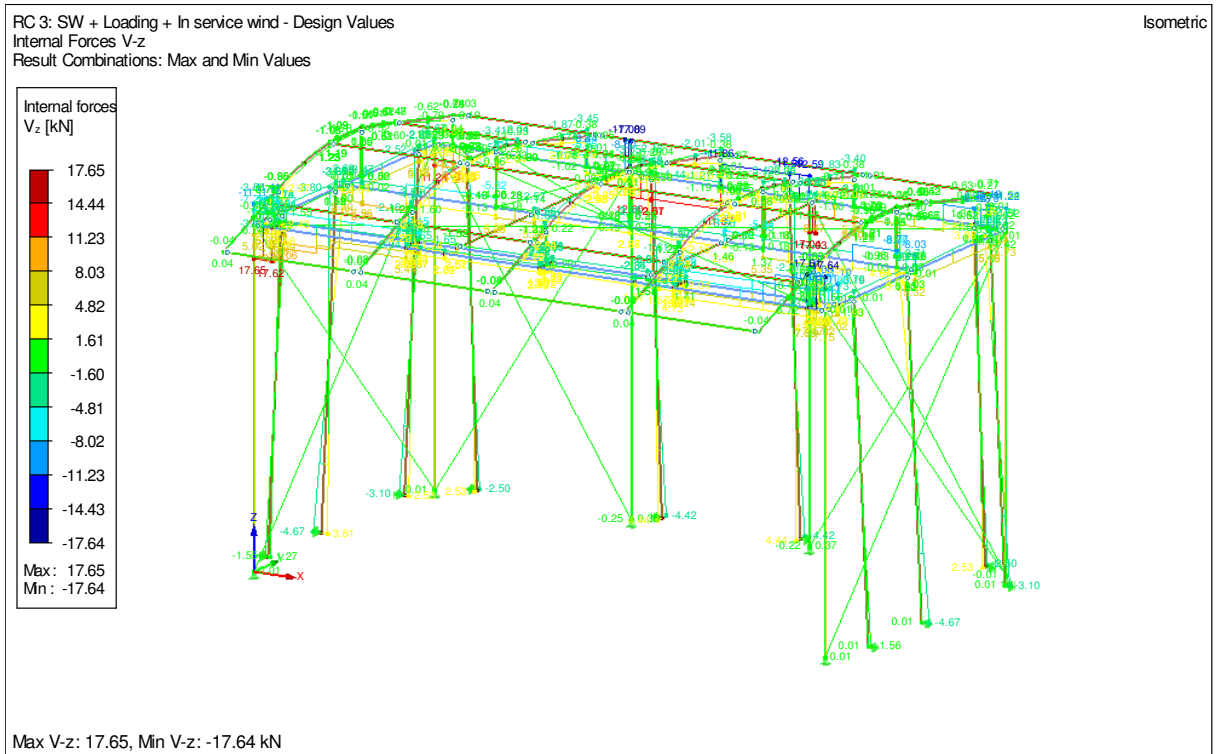
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-168,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	37,0	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO132 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-77,09	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-77,09	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,1	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-143,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	37,0	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO133 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-90,59	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-90,59	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,1	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-153,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	39,4	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO134 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-114,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-114,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-85,5	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-191,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	192,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	37,1	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.973 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

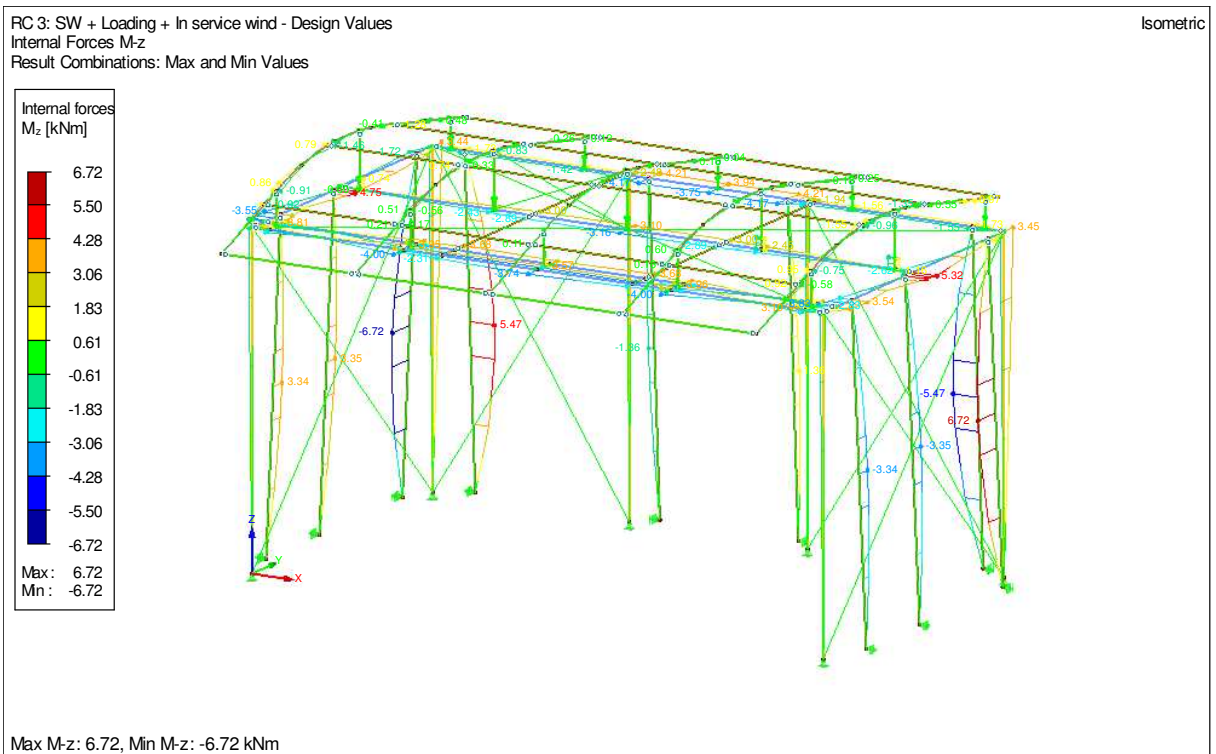
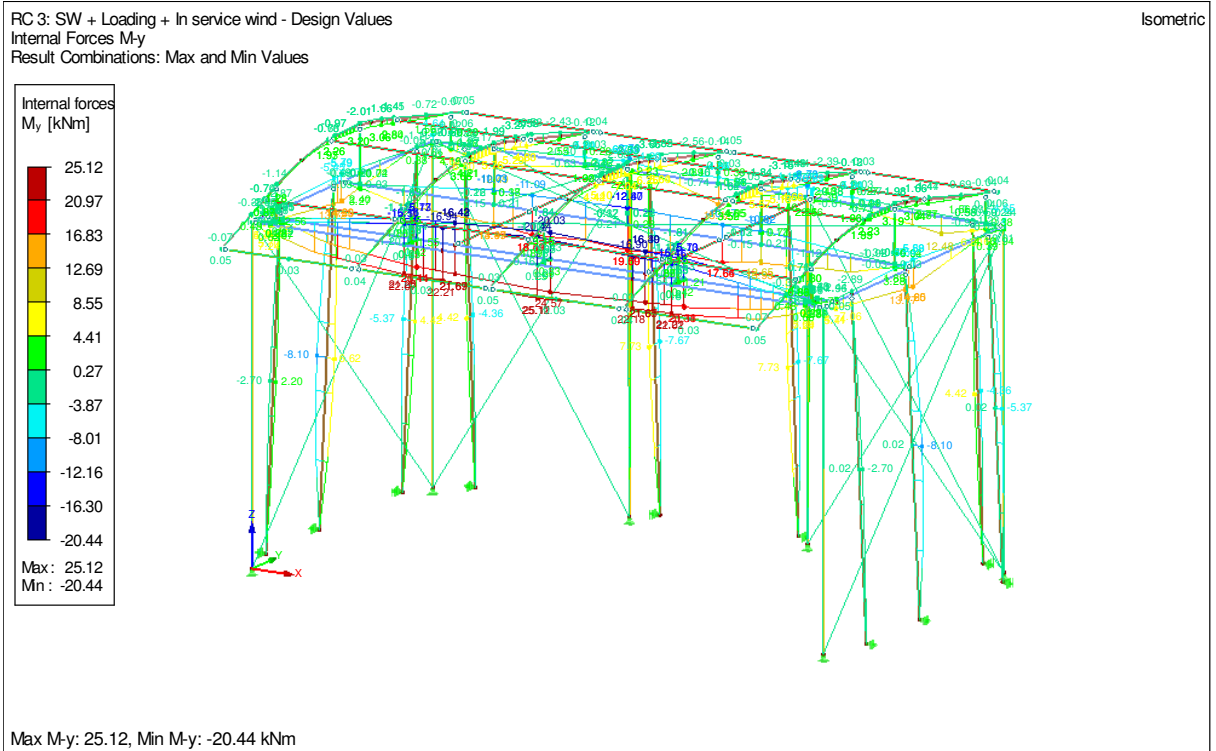
3.4.3 Deformation RC4 - SW + Loading setup + In service Wind - Characteristic Values



3.4.4 Internal force diagram RC3 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Design Values







3.5 Result for RC5 and RC6

3.5.1 Result for the single load cases LC110 to LC134.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC110 - Out-service wind direction 0° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	53,99	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	53,99	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-65,377	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,364	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	10,7	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	11,5	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	177,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-28,9	mrad	Member No. 28, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	38,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC111 - Out-service wind direction 0° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	3,633	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,008	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,008	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,7	mm	Member No. 89, x: 0.867 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 11, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,7	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,8	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 170, x: 0.440 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,6	mrad	Member No. 137, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC112 - Out-service wind direction 0° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	8,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	17,527	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,060	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,1	mm	Member No. 73, x: 1.613 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	19,5	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,5	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-8,8	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-0,2	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,5	mrad	Member No. 109, x: 0.410 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC113 - Out-service wind direction 0° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-28,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-28,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	30,420	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)

Resultant of reactions about Y	0,195	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-5,7	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-6,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-89,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	89,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	15,8	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-19,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.375 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC114 - Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	3,633	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,013	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,4	mm	Member No. 138, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 7, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,4	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,4	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,7	mrad	Member No. 65, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,9	mrad	Member No. 86, x: 0.959 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,3	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC120 - Out-service wind direction 90° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	10,11	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	10,11	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	43,32	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	43,32	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-45,630	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	20,126	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	2,831	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	21,4	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	9,3	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	133,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	135,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-23,2	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	29,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,3	mrad	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC121 - Out-service wind direction 90° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,57	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,57	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	2,950	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-7,144	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,6	mm	Member No. 138, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,5	mm	Member No. 7, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,2	mm	Member No. 119, x: 1.424 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,2	mm	Member No. 119, x: 1.424 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,1	mrad	Member No. 65, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,5	mrad	Member No. 137, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC122 - Out-service wind direction 90° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	8,22	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	8,22	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-16,233	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-11,746	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	20,0	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	0,7	mm	Member No. 179, x: 14.619 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 202, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	20,0	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.487 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-0,1	mrad	Member No. 200, x: 6.971 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	8,9	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,6	mrad	Member No. 206, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC130 - Out-service wind direction 180° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	53,99	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	53,99	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-65,377	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,364	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	10,7	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	11,5	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	177,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-28,9	mrad	Member No. 28, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	38,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC131 - Out-service wind direction 180° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	3,633	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,008	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,008	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,7	mm	Member No. 89, x: 0.867 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 11, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,7	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,8	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 170, x: 0.440 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,6	mrad	Member No. 137, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC132 - Out-service wind direction 180° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-8,84	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-8,84	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-17,444	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,060	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,1	mm	Member No. 93, x: 1.613 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-19,3	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,3	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	8,7	mrad	Member No. 202, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 126, x: 0.000 m

Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,4	mrad	Member No. 109, x: 0.410 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC133 - Out-service wind direction 180° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-28,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-28,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	30,420	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,195	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-5,7	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-6,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-89,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	89,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	15,8	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-19,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.375 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC134 - Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-1,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-1,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	3,633	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.403, Y: 3.810, Z: 5.456 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,013	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,4	mm	Member No. 127, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 7, x: 4.177 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,6	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,6	mm	Member No. 197, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,7	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,9	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,3	mrad	Member No. 137, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.5.2 Calculation results Load Combination CO200-CO229

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO200 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	51,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	51,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	12,9	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,1	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	210,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	211,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-34,1	mrad	Member No. 28, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	47,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO201 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	9,78	kN	

Sum of support forces in Z	9,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	6,9	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	143,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	144,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-22,6	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO202 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	19,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	19,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,6	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,1	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	168,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	169,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-26,4	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	37,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO203 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	6,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	6,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,4	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,1	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	158,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	159,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,9	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	35,6	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO204 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	3,30	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	3,30	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	11,9	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,3	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	185,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	186,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-25,8	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	40,6	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,1	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.125 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO205 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-59,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-59,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-9,3	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m

Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-149,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	149,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	25,7	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-33,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO206 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-102,10	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-102,10	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-15,3	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,3	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-213,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	214,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	42,0	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-48,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO207 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-92,38	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-92,38	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-16,7	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-189,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	190,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	39,3	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-42,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,3	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO208 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-105,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-105,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-16,8	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,3	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-198,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	199,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	46,1	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-45,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,6	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO209 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	11,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	11,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-108,58	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-108,58	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-10,3	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,5	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-173,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	173,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	35,5	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m

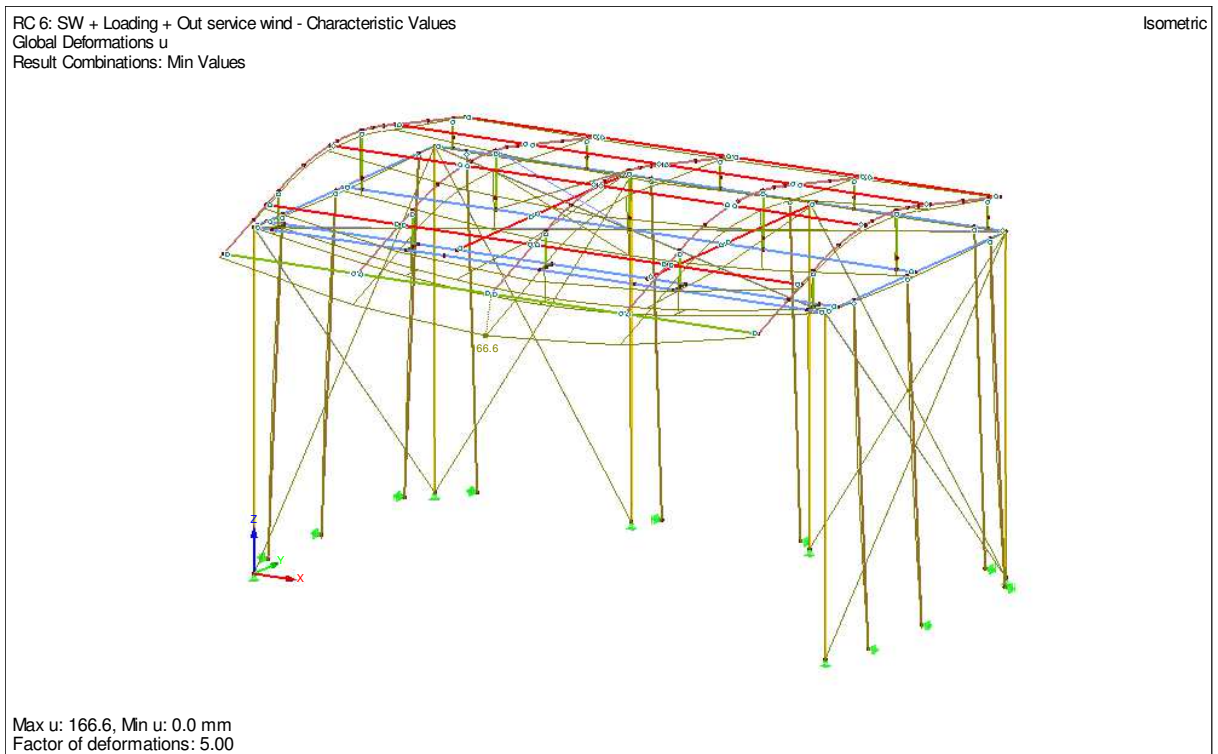
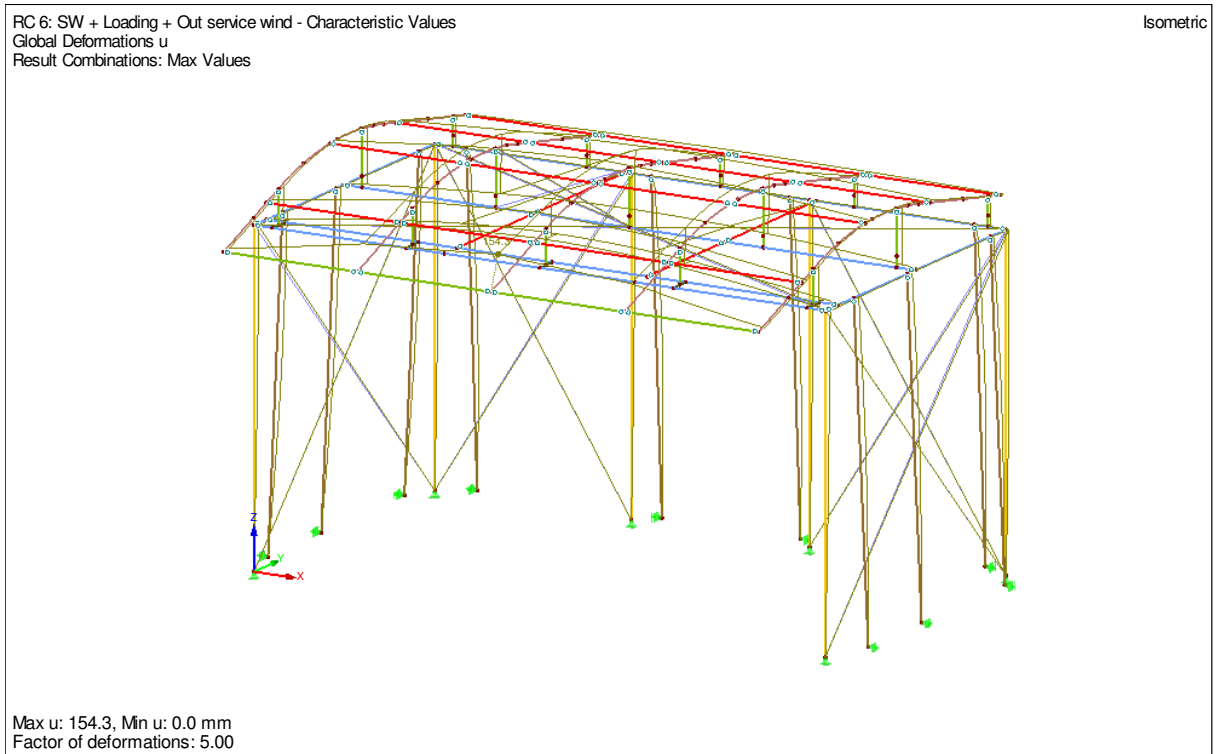
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-40,2	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,0	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO210 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	24,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	24,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	37,99	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	37,99	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	33,7	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	11,0	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	154,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	158,3	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,1	mrاد	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	35,0	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,1	mrاد	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO211 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	24,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	24,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-4,13	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-4,13	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	32,0	mm	Member No. 205, x: 4.184 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-9,9	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	86,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	91,3	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-15,0	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	19,5	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,1	mrاد	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO212 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	24,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	24,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	5,59	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	5,59	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	32,0	mm	Member No. 205, x: 4.184 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-13,1	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	111,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	115,3	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-18,8	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	25,4	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,1	mrاد	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO213 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	24,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	24,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-7,91	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-7,91	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	32,1	mm	Member No. 205, x: 4.184 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-16,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	101,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	106,2	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-20,3	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	23,1	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,1	mrاد	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)

Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO214 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	24,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	24,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-10,61	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-10,61	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	34,4	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-11,3	mm	Member No. 131, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	128,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	133,8	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-18,2	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	28,3	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,1	mrاد	Member No. 102, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO220 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	51,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	51,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	12,9	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-25,3	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	210,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	211,7	mm	Member No. 34, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-34,2	mrاد	Member No. 28, x: 0.124 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	47,3	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,2	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO221 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	9,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	9,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	7,0	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-25,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	143,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	145,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-22,6	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	32,2	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,2	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO222 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	19,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	19,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,5	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-25,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	168,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	170,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-26,4	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	38,0	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,2	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO223 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	

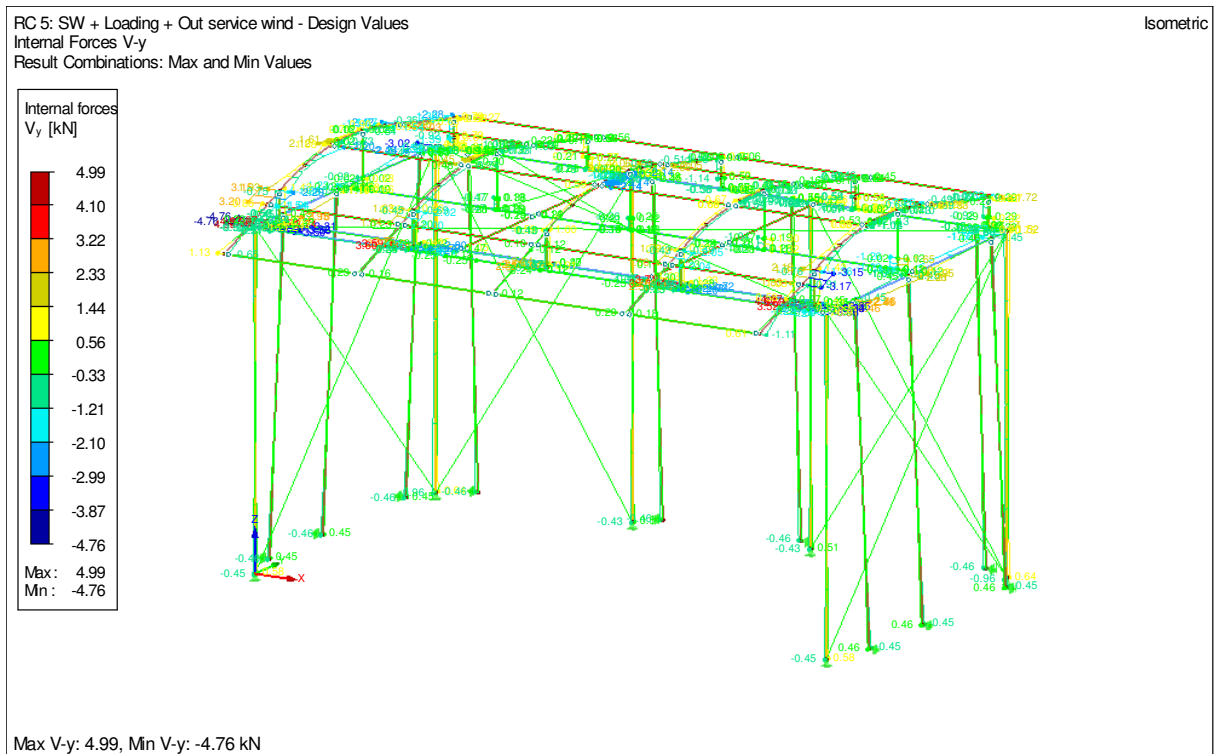
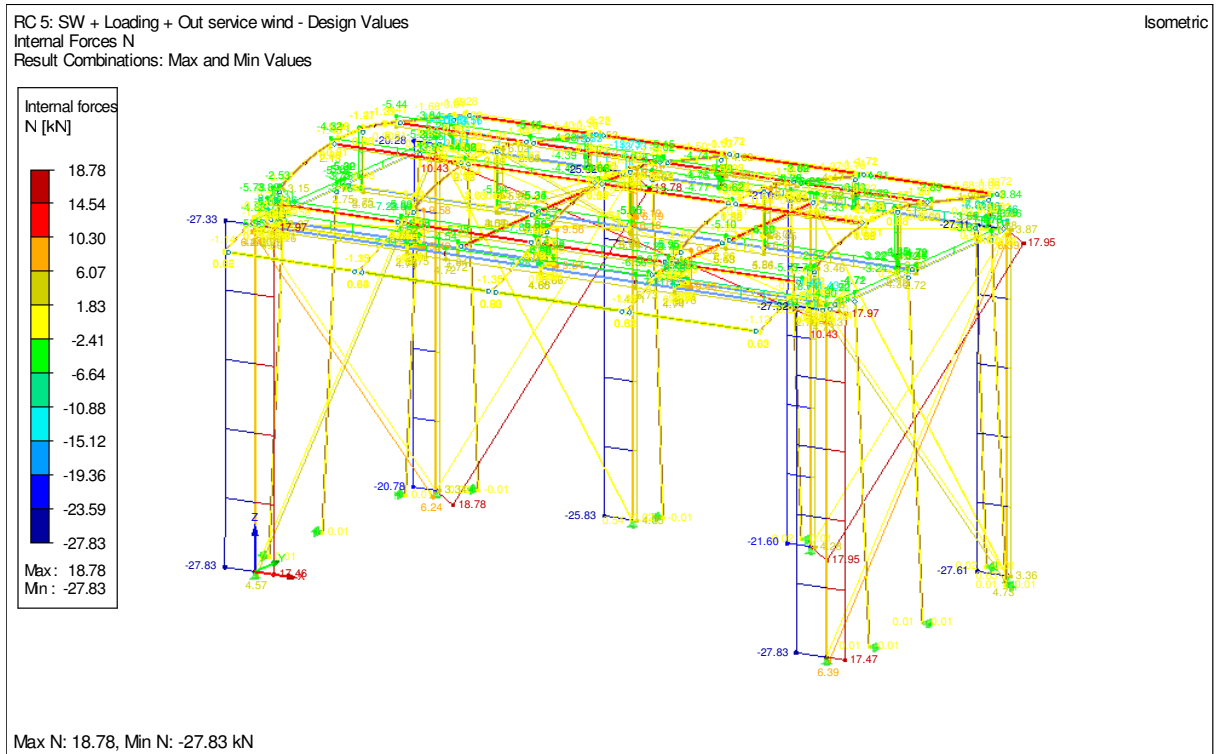
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	6,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	6,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,5	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	158,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	161,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,9	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	35,7	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO224 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	3,30	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	3,30	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	12,0	mm	Member No. 15, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-25,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	185,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	187,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-25,8	mrad	Member No. 132, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	40,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO225 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-59,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-59,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-9,1	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,4	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-151,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	152,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	26,1	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-34,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,4	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO226 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-102,10	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-102,10	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-15,1	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,7	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-218,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	218,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	42,5	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-49,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,5	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO227 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

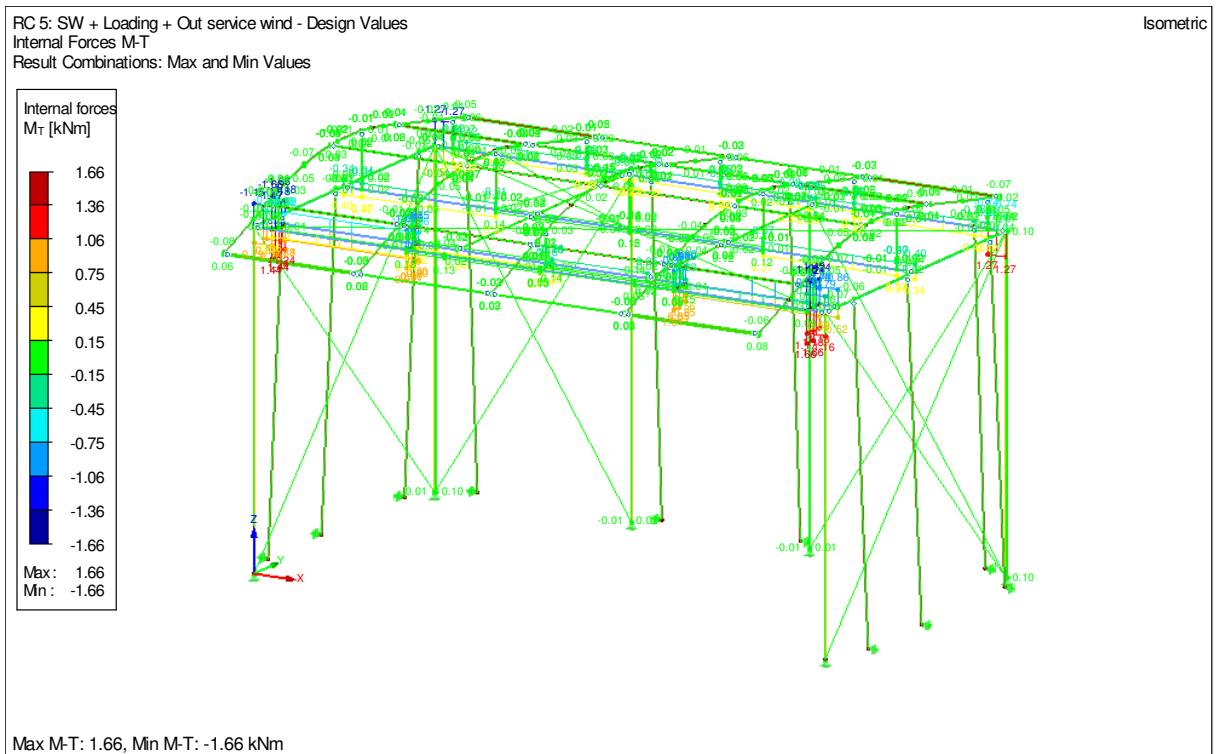
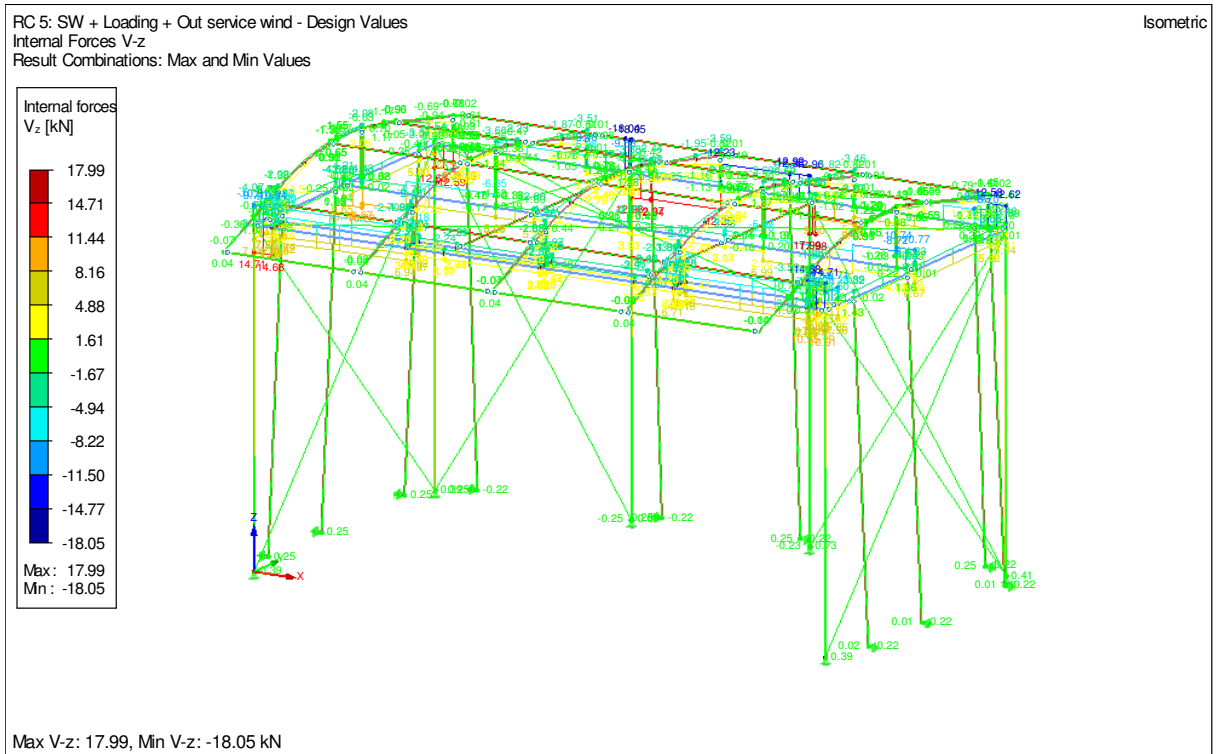
Sum of loads in Z	-92,38	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-92,38	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-16,6	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,5	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-193,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	194,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	39,8	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-43,7	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,4	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO228 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-105,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-105,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-16,6	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,6	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-202,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	203,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	46,7	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-45,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,6	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO229 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-11,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-11,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-108,58	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-108,58	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-10,1	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,7	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-176,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	176,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	35,9	mrad	Member No. 145, x: 0.472 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-41,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,8	mrad	Member No. 45, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

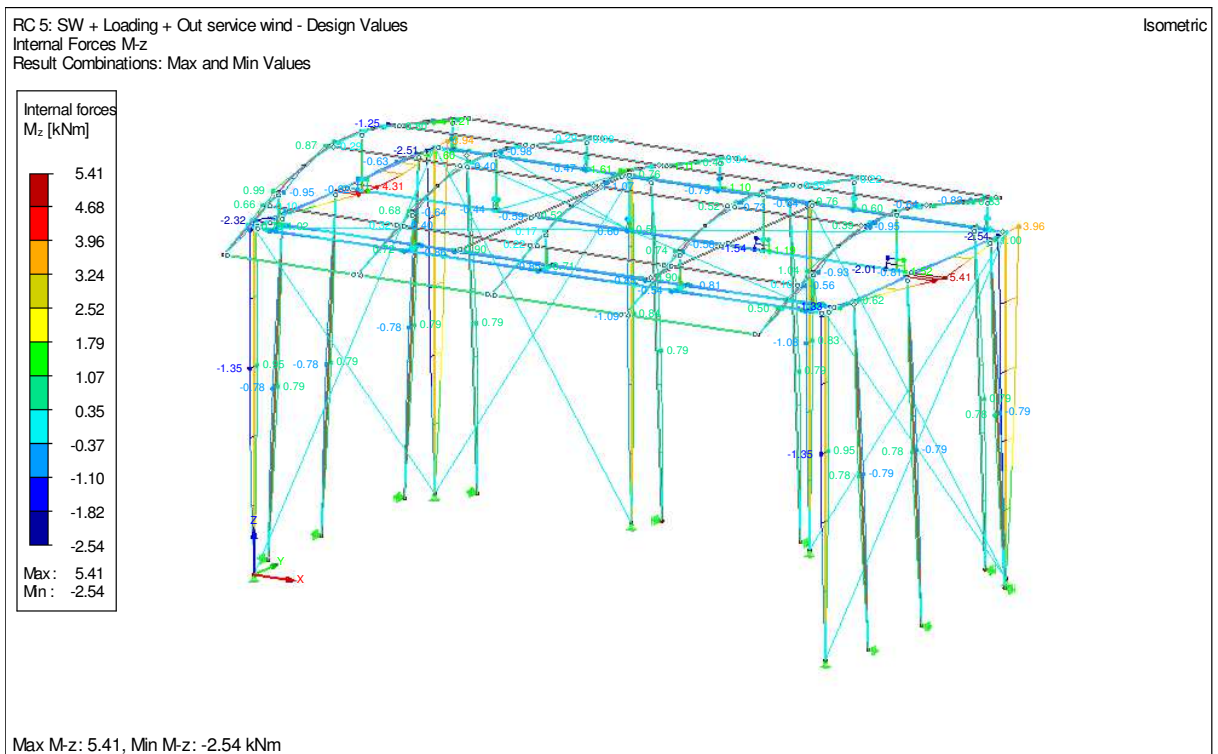
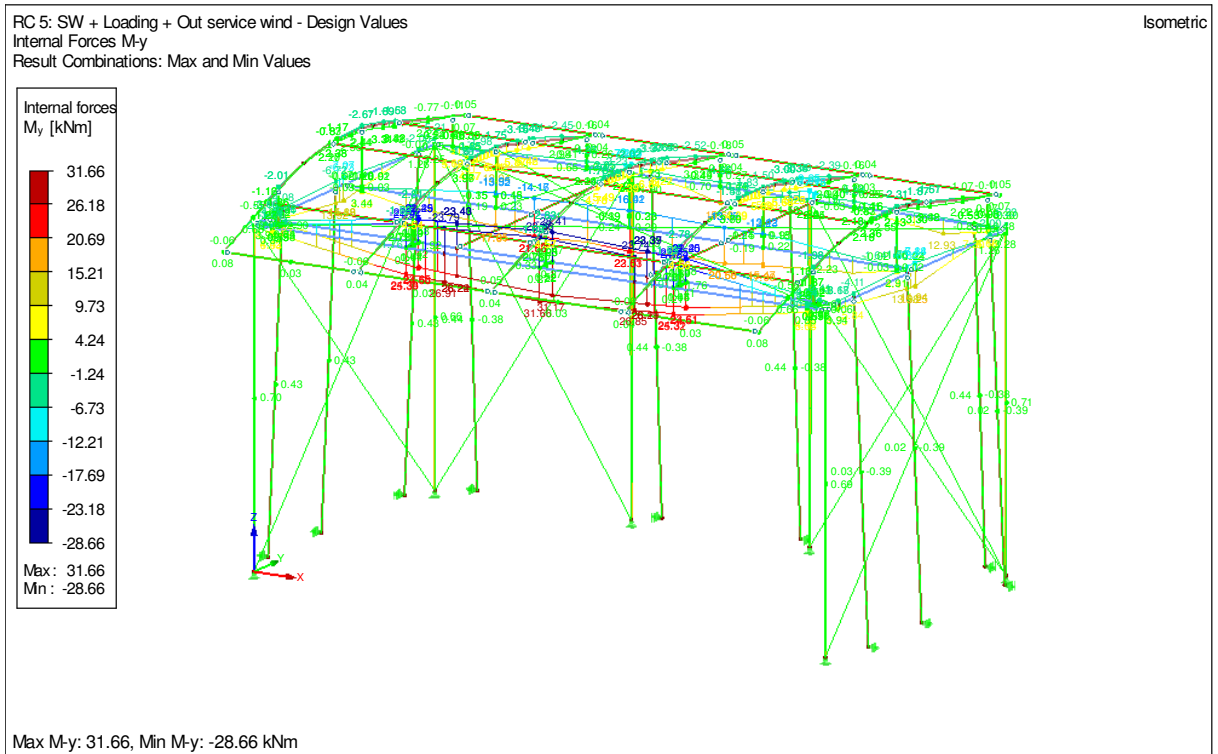
3.5.3 Deformation RC6 characteristic calculations Out-service situation



3.5.4 Internal force diagram RC5 - SW + Loading setup + Out service Wind - Design Values

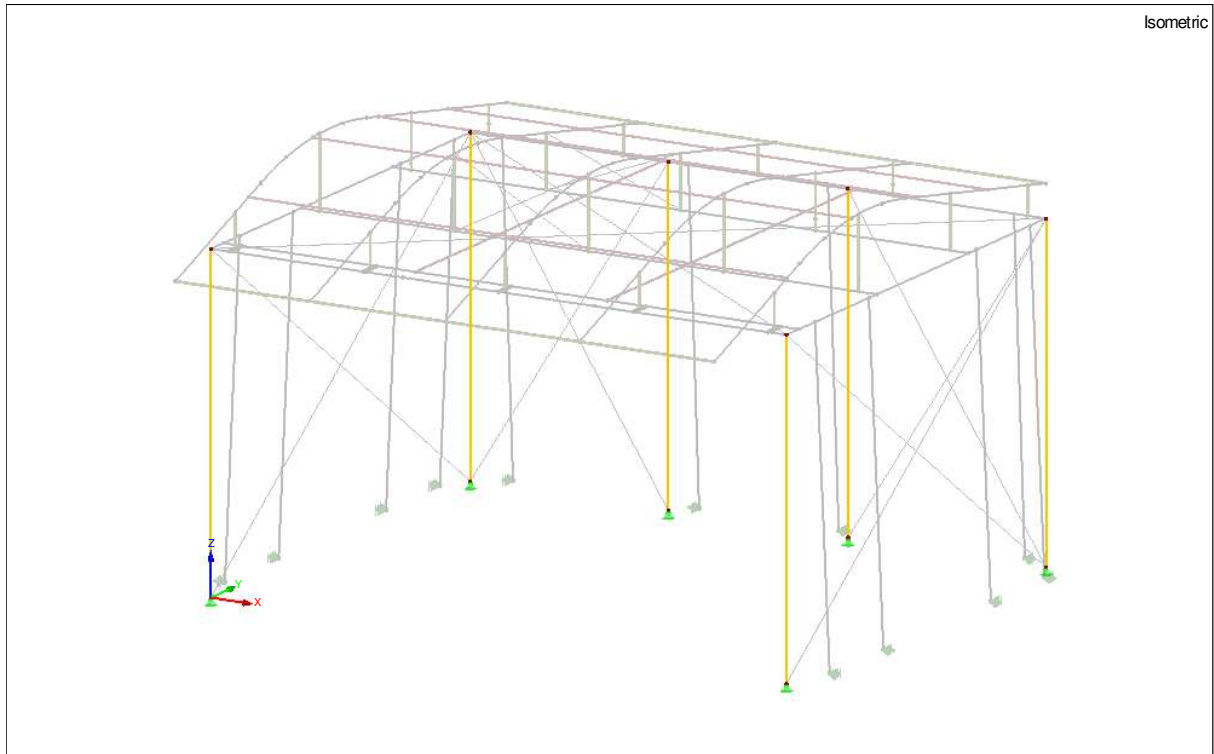




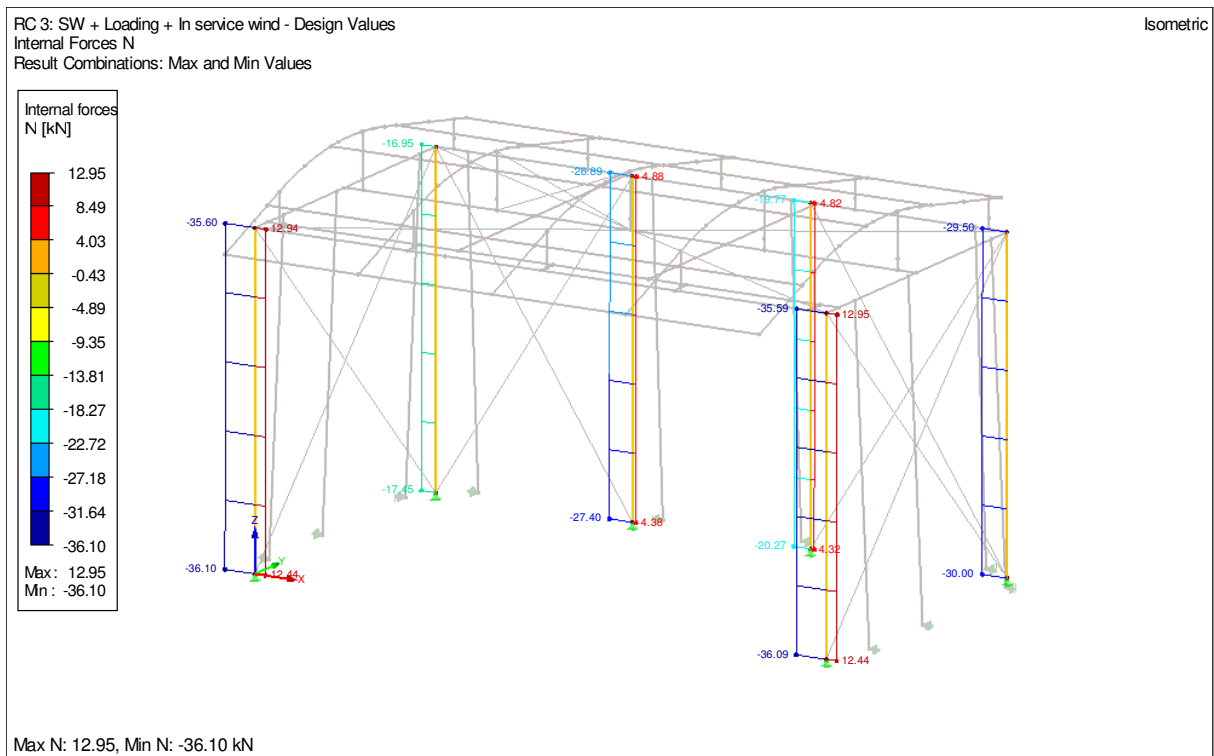


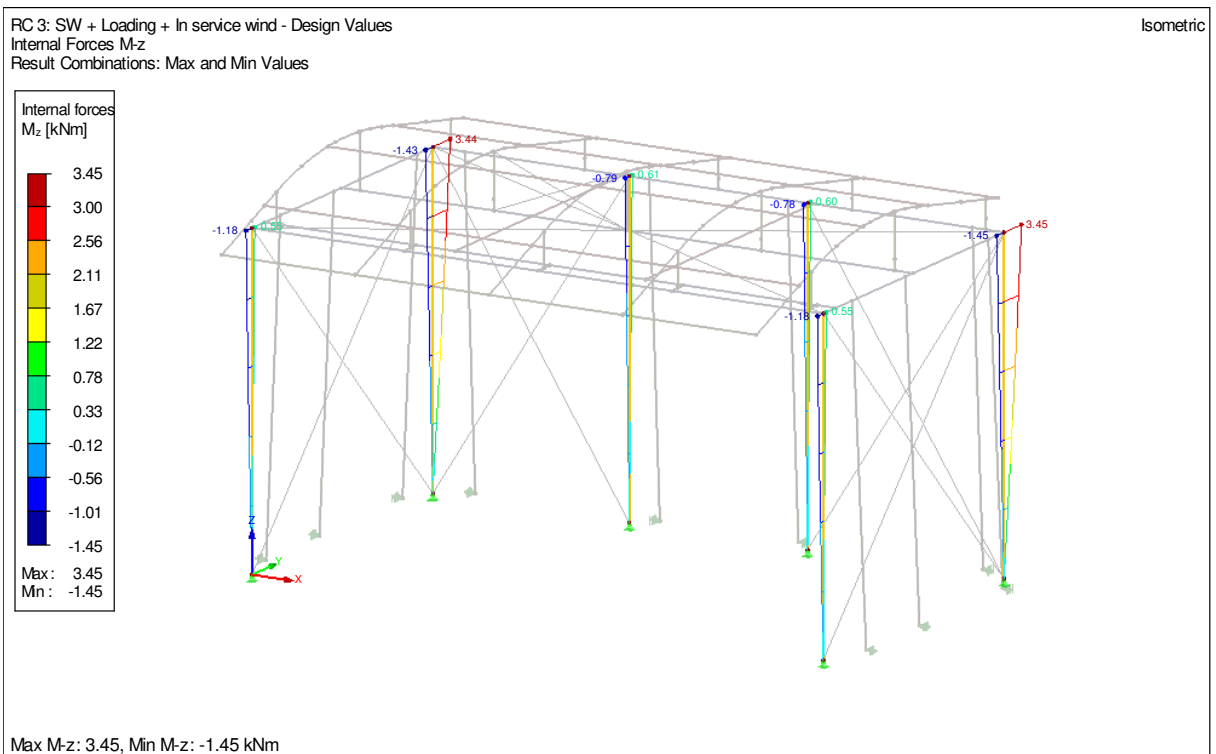
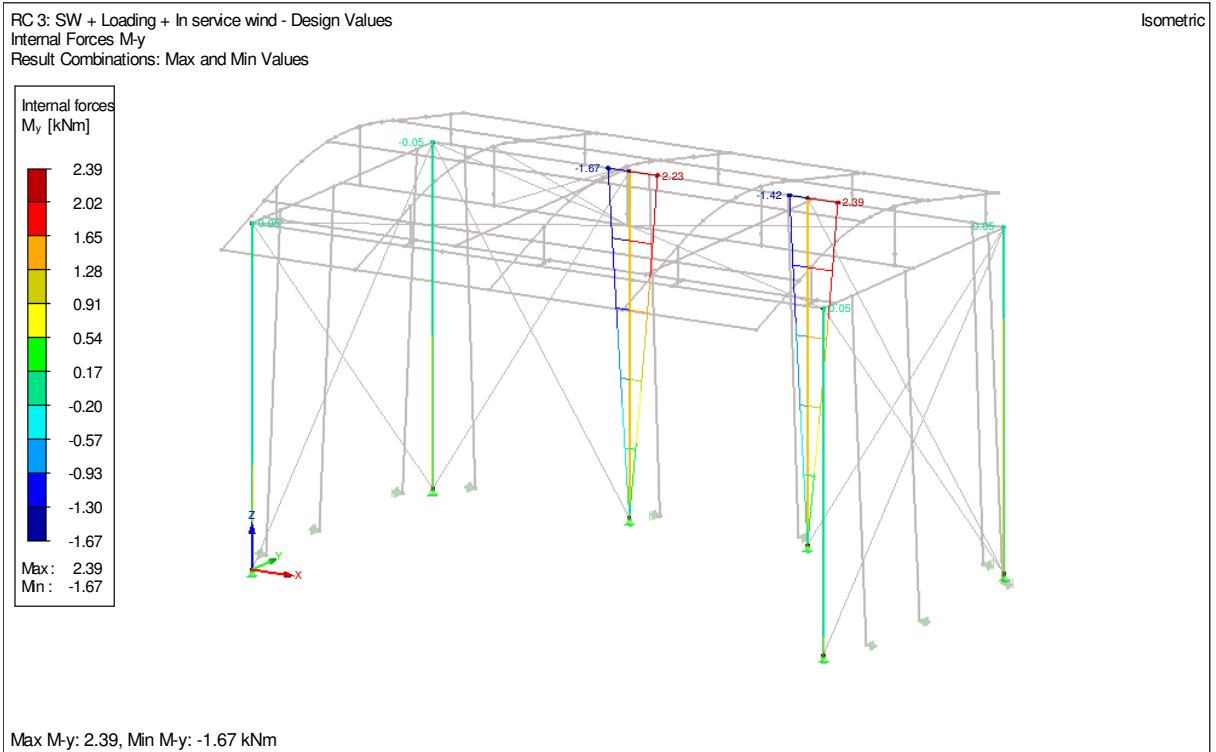
4.0 Detail calculations for different parts.

4.1 Detail calculation of tower.



The in service situation presents the highest internal forces.





Check of the front Tower

Maximum internal forces in the front tower

$$N = 36.16 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_y = 0.05 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_z = 1.18 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = N / 4 + M_y / 2 / \text{height}_{(\text{centre to centre})} + M_z / 2 / \text{width}_{(\text{centre to centre})}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = 36.16 / 4 + 0.05 / 2 / 0.239 + 1.18 / 2 / 0.239 = 11.61 \text{ kN} < 50.22 \text{ kN}$$

Buckling calculation:

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

$$L_{cr} = 1.5 * 700 = 1050$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * \sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / (A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 1050 / (11.12 * \pi) * \sqrt{(16.96 * 25) / (16.96 * 7000)} = 1.796$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (1.796 - 0.10) + 1.796^2) = 2.283$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (2.283 + \sqrt{2.283^2 - 1.796^2}) = 0.271$$

$$(N / (X_z * N_{RD}))^{0.8} + ((M_y / M_{y,RD})^{1.7} + (M_z / M_{z,RD})^{1.7})^{0.6} < 1$$

$$(36.16 / (0.271 * 200.88))^{0.8} + ((0.05 / 24)^{1.7} + (1.18 / 24)^{1.7})^{0.6} = 0.77 < 1$$

Check of the stack tower

Maximum internal forces in the stack tower

$$N = 26.69 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_y = 2.23 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_z = 0.79 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = N / 4 + M_y / 2 / \text{height}_{(\text{centre to centre})} + M_z / 2 / \text{width}_{(\text{centre to centre})}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = 26.69 / 4 + 2.23 / 2 / 0.239 + 0.79 / 2 / 0.239 = 12.99 \text{ kN} < 50.22 \text{ kN}$$

Buckling calculation:

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.25$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

$$L_{cr} = 1.25 * 700 = 875$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * \sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / (A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 875 / (11.12 * \pi) * \sqrt{(16.96 * 250) / (16.96 * 7000)} = 1.497$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (1.497 - 0.10) + 1.497^2) = 1.760$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (1.760 + \sqrt{1.760^2 - 1.497^2}) = 0.372$$

$$(N / (X_z * N_{RD}))^{0.8} + ((M_y / M_{y,RD})^{1.7} + (M_z / M_{z,RD})^{1.7})^{0.6} < 1$$

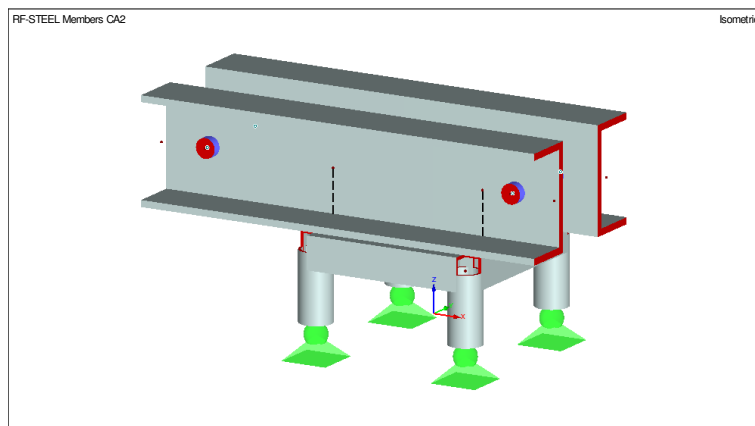
$$(26.69 / (0.372 * 200.88))^{0.8} + ((2.23 / 24)^{1.7} + (0.79 / 24)^{1.7})^{0.6} = 0.54 < 1$$

4.2 Detailed calculation of the tower head section and safety system.

4.2.1 Detailed calculation of the tower head section.

Construction model

The calculation of the tower top section has been done in a separate model.



Cross section description

Section No.	Material No.	Cross-Section Description
1	1	UM 80/160/10/10
2	3	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5
3	2	Circle 30
4	3	Ring 50/4

Used material

Material No.	Material Description	Safety Factor γ_M [-]	Yield Strength f_{yk} [kN/cm ²]	Limit Stresses [kN/cm ²]			
				Manually	Limit σ_x	Limit τ	Limit σ_{eqv}
1	Aluminium EN-AW 6060 (ET,EP,ER/B) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,10	11,50	-	10,45	6,04	10,45
2	ETG100+W3000C	1.10	90.00	-	81.82	47.24	81.82
3	Aluminium EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,10	12,50	-	11,36	6,56	11,36

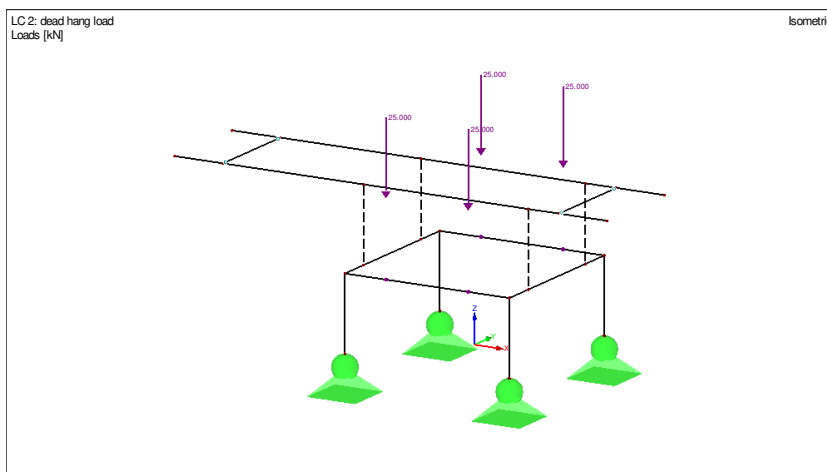
The Yield strength has been manually changed in 12.5 kN/cm². This is according to the Eurocode NEN-EN 1999-1-1 Table 3.2 the $f_{o,haz}$ for the heat affective zone. This check is concerning a welded construction with heat affective zones in the main elements, there for the choice to check the construction according to the lower $f_{o,haz}$.

Load cases

Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve
LC1	Self-Weight Construction	+
LC2	dead hang load	+
LC3	lifting load	+

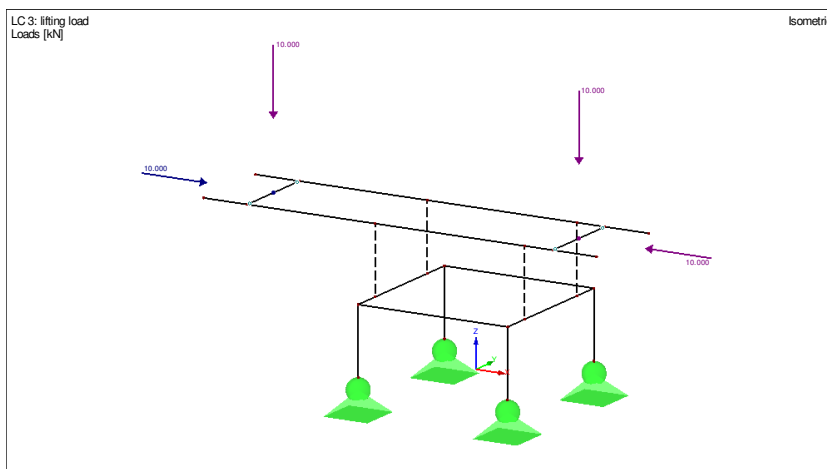
Load case 1 is the self-weight of the Top section which is calculated by the program itself.

Load case 2 dead hang of the system.



The design forces which are taken into account are 50 kN per side of the top section. This is more than the maximum forces in result combination RC3 which is the design calculation including all the load cases multiplied with the different Partial safety factors. Because these are design forces the safety factor in the load combination CO1 is set to 1 instead of 1.5.

Load case 3 lifting of the system

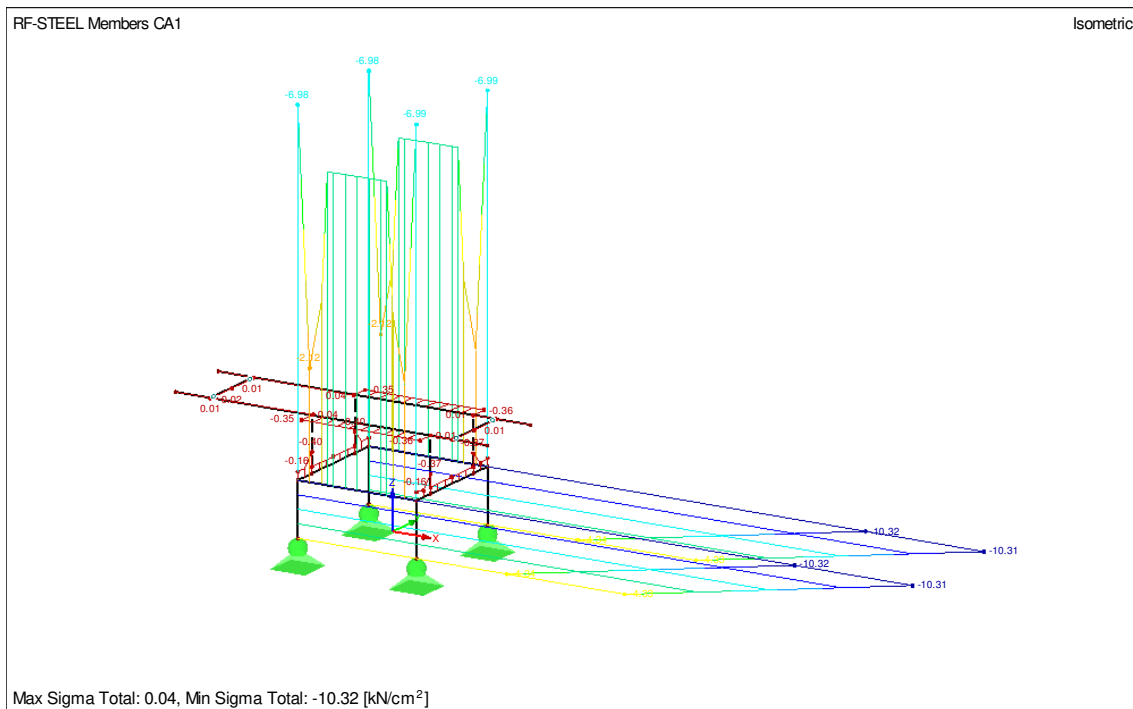
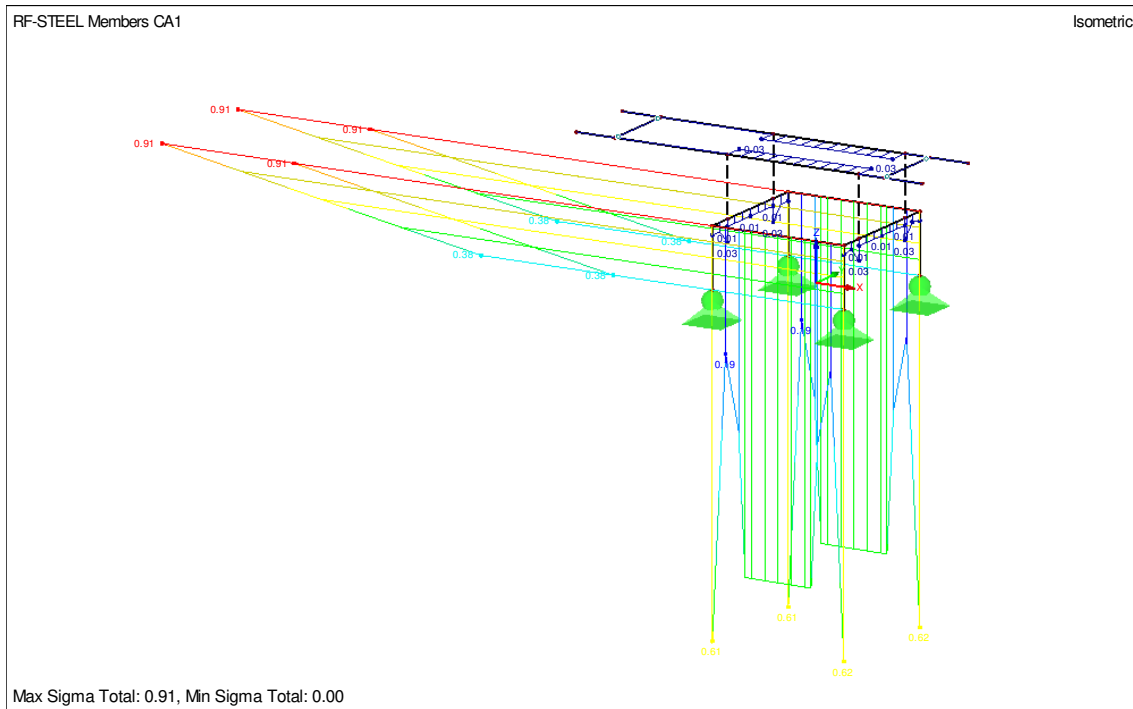


The forces which are taken into account are when using a 1 ton chain hoist.

Load combinations

Load Combin.	Load Combination		To Solve	LC.1		LC.2	
	DS	Description		Factor	No.	Factor	No.
CO1	0	1.35*LC1 + LC2	+	1,350	LC1	1,000	LC2
CO2	0	1.35*LC1 + 1.5*LC3	+	1,350	LC1	1,500	LC3

Stress calculation for dead hang of the system.

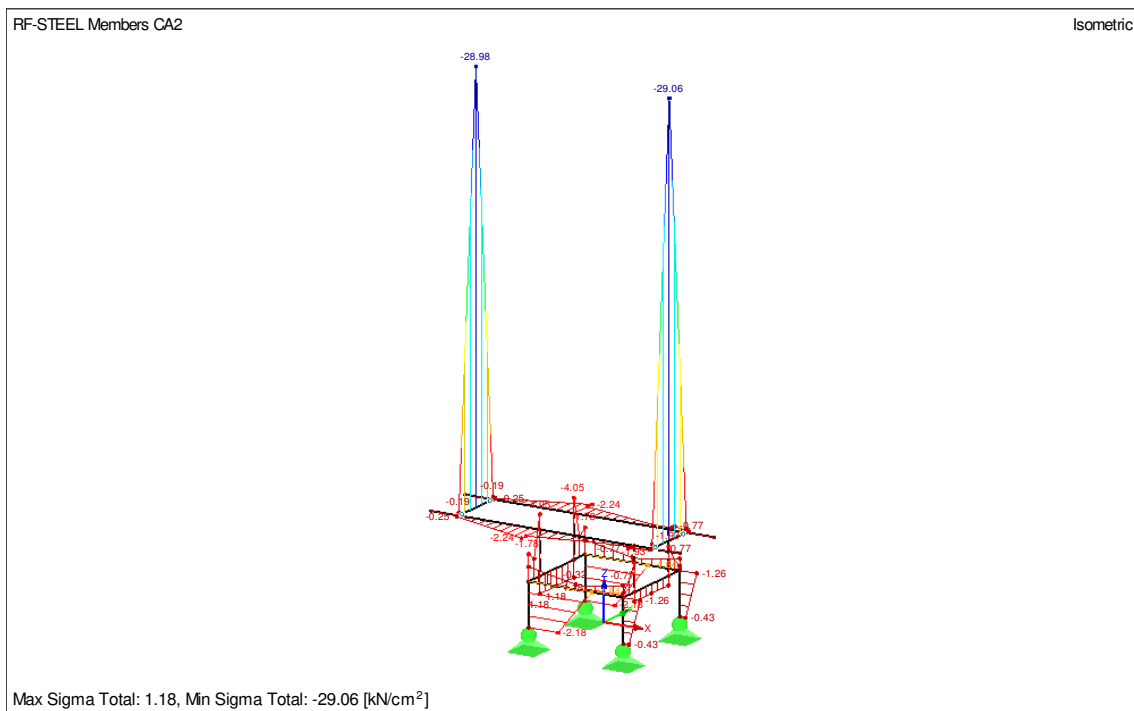
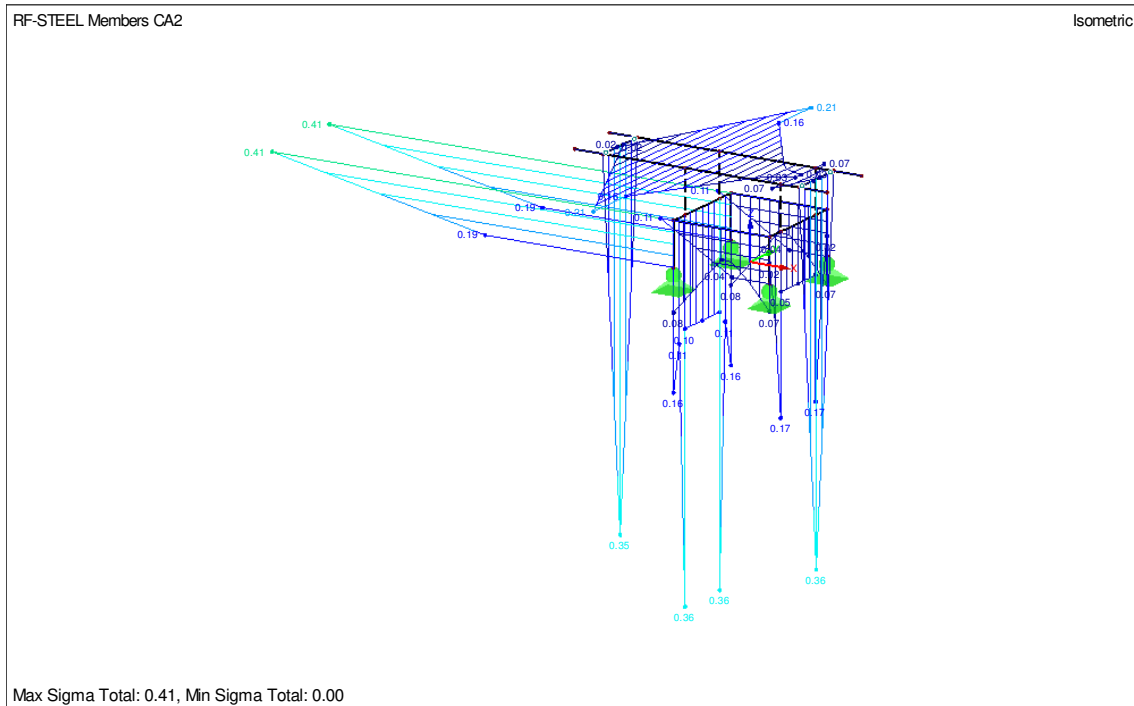


Maximum Stress analyses per cross section

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Load-ing	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	UM 80/160/10/10							
	27	0,239	1	CO1	Sigma Total	-0,36	10,45	0,03
	21	0,239	12	CO1	Tau Total	0,02	6,04	0,00
	21	0,239	4	CO1	Sigma-equiv	0,36	10,45	0,03
2	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5							
	6	0,000	14	CO1	Sigma Total	-6,99	11,36	0,62
	6	0,215	8	CO1	Tau Total	6,20	6,56	0,95
	6	0,215	16	CO1	Sigma-equiv	10,75	11,36	0,95
3	Circle 30							
	13	0,072	28	CO1	Sigma Total	0,02	81,82	0,00
	38	0,000	37	CO1	Tau Total	0,00	47,24	0,00
	13	0,072	28	CO1	Sigma-equiv	0,02	81,82	0,00
4	Ring 50/4							
	2	0,000	28	CO1	Sigma Total	-10,32	11,36	0,91
	1	0,105	19	CO1	Tau Total	-1,25	6,56	0,19
	2	0,000	28	CO1	Sigma-equiv	10,32	11,36	0,91

The maximum utilisation in the dead hang load case is 91%.

Stress calculation for the lifting of the system.



Maximum Stress analyses per cross section

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Load-ing	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	UM 80/160/10/10							
	20	0,205	1	CO2	Sigma Total	-2,24	10,45	0,21
	21	0,239	12	CO2	Tau Total	0,60	6,04	0,10
	20	0,205	1	CO2	Sigma-equiv	2,24	10,45	0,21
2	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5							
	7	0,047	2	CO2	Sigma Total	-4,05	11,36	0,36
	7	0,000	8	CO2	Tau Total	3,03	6,56	0,46
	7	0,047	2	CO2	Sigma-equiv	5,42	11,36	0,48
3	Circle 30							
	38	0,072	14	CO2	Sigma Total	-29,06	81,82	0,36
	38	0,000	37	CO2	Tau Total	2,00	47,24	0,04
	38	0,072	14	CO2	Sigma-equiv	29,06	81,82	0,36
4	Ring 50/4							
	2	0,000	18	CO2	Sigma Total	-4,64	11,36	0,41
	2	0,105	27	CO2	Tau Total	-0,54	6,56	0,08
	3	0,000	2	CO2	Sigma-equiv	4,64	11,36	0,41

The utilisation of the 30mm pin used for the dead hang chain is 41%.

Bearing forces of the holes in the U profile.

Material = EN AW-6060-T6

$$f_u = 17,0 \text{ Kn/cm}^2$$

$$T = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$D = 30 \text{ mm}$$

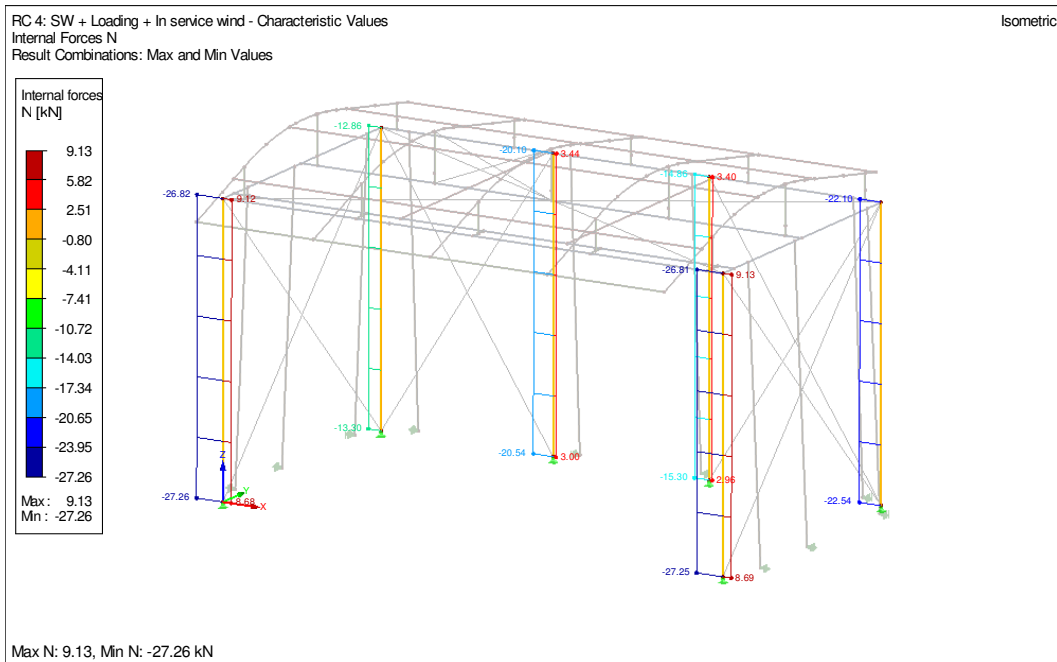
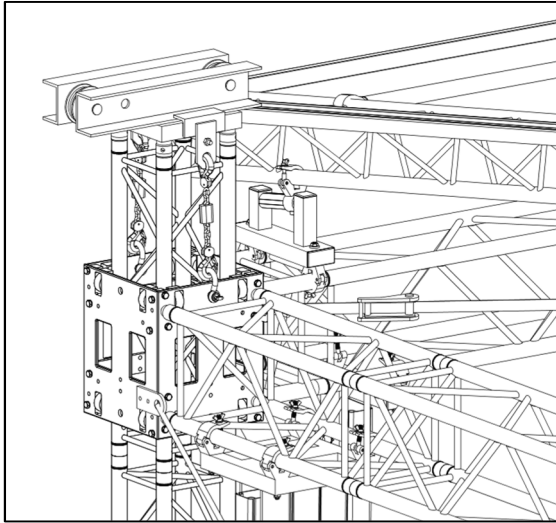
$$F_{b, Ed} = \sqrt{(7.52^2 + 7.52^2)} = 7.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b, Rd} = 1.5 * f_u * D * T / \gamma_{m2} = 1,5 * 17 * 3 * 1 / 1.25 = 61.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b, Ed} / F_{b, Rd} < 1$$

$$7.52 / 61.2 = 0.12 < 1$$

4.2.2 check of the dead hang chain



normative load result is RC4 In service characteristic values

Maximum down force at the top of the tower is 26.82 kN

The chains are checked against the characteristic values, because the SWL of the chain has a safety factor of 4 taken into count.

This maximum down force is divided into two chain falls, which means the maximum force in the chain is

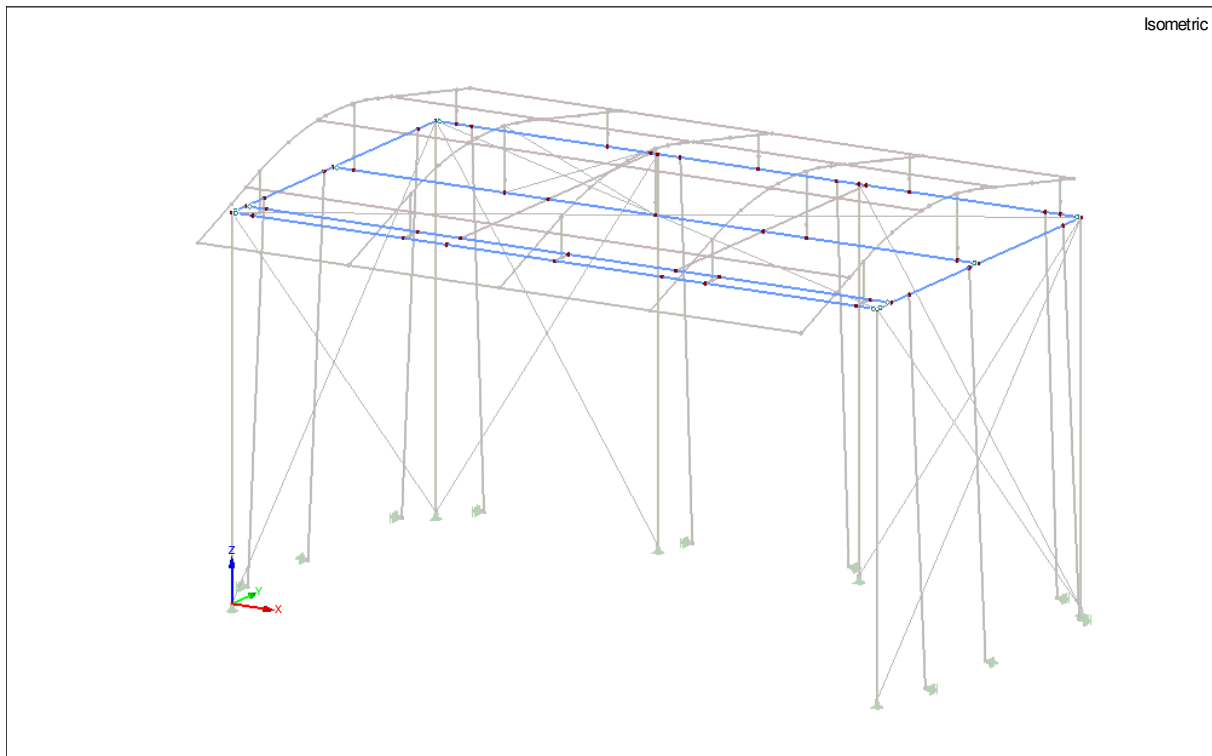
$$F_{\text{chain}} = N_{\text{Ed, max}} / 2 = 26.82 / 2 = 13.41 \text{ kN}$$

The used chain has a SWL of 15 kN

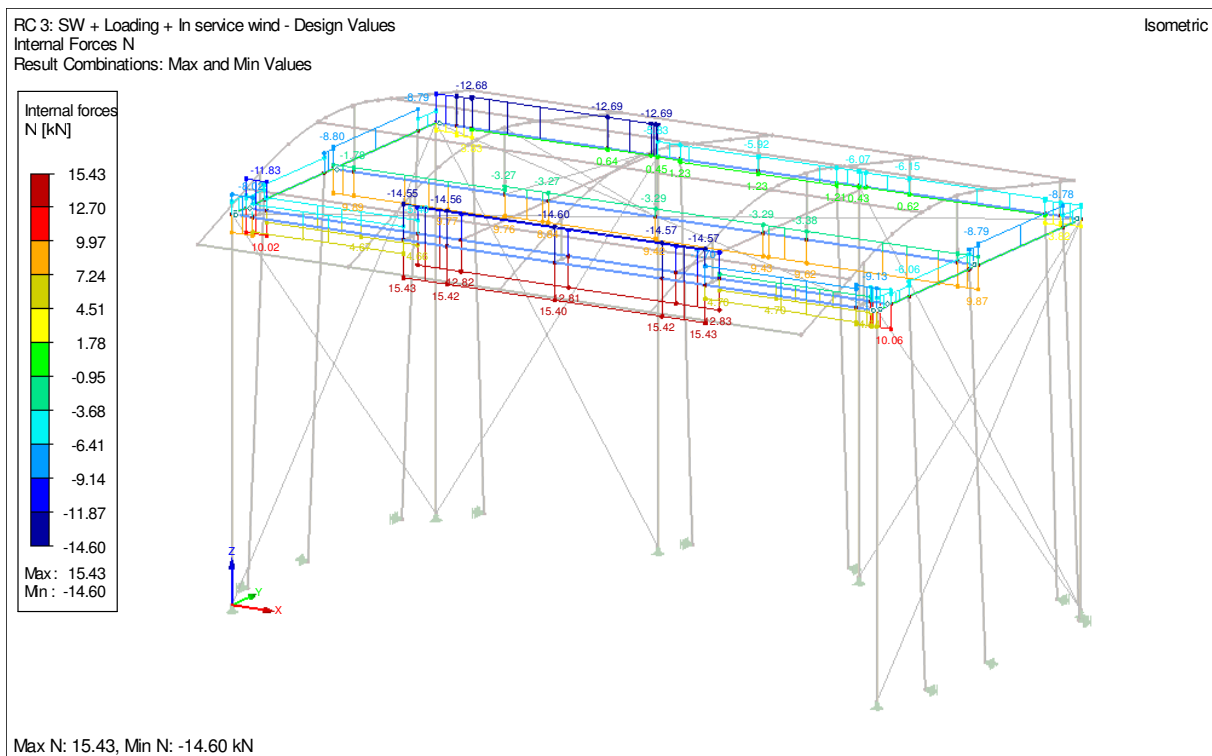
Check $F_{\text{chain}} / \text{SWL} < 1$

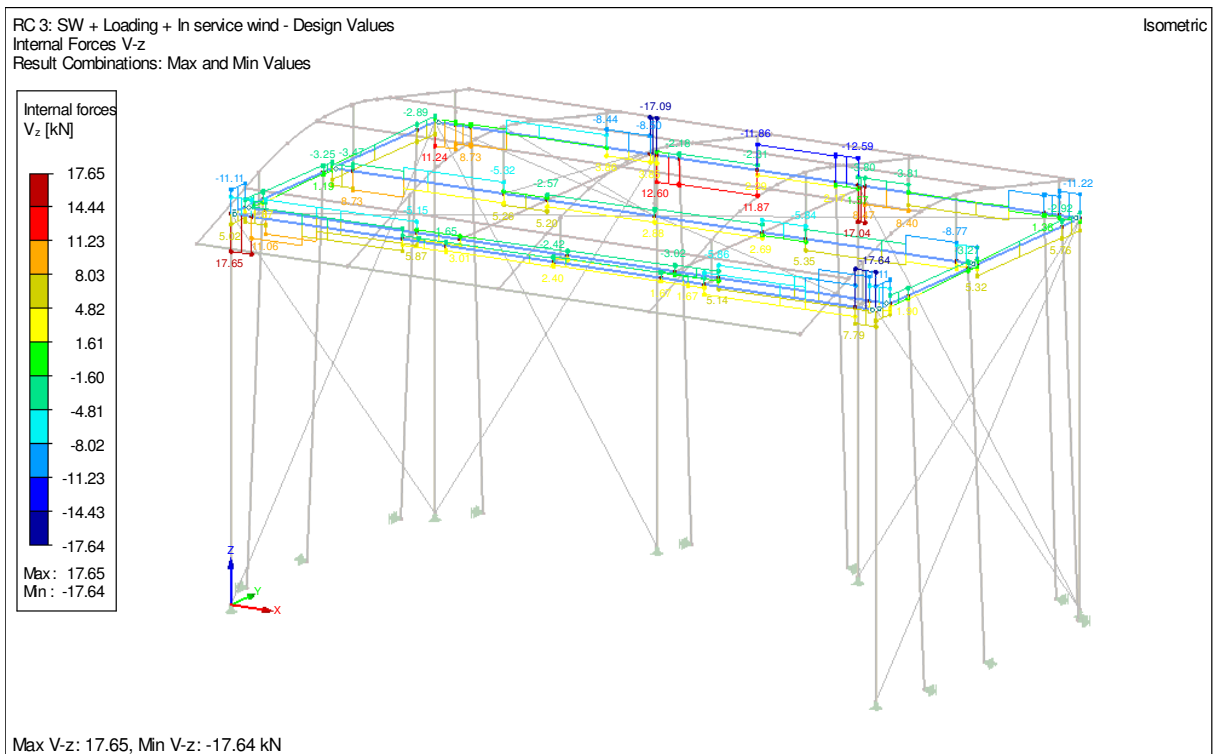
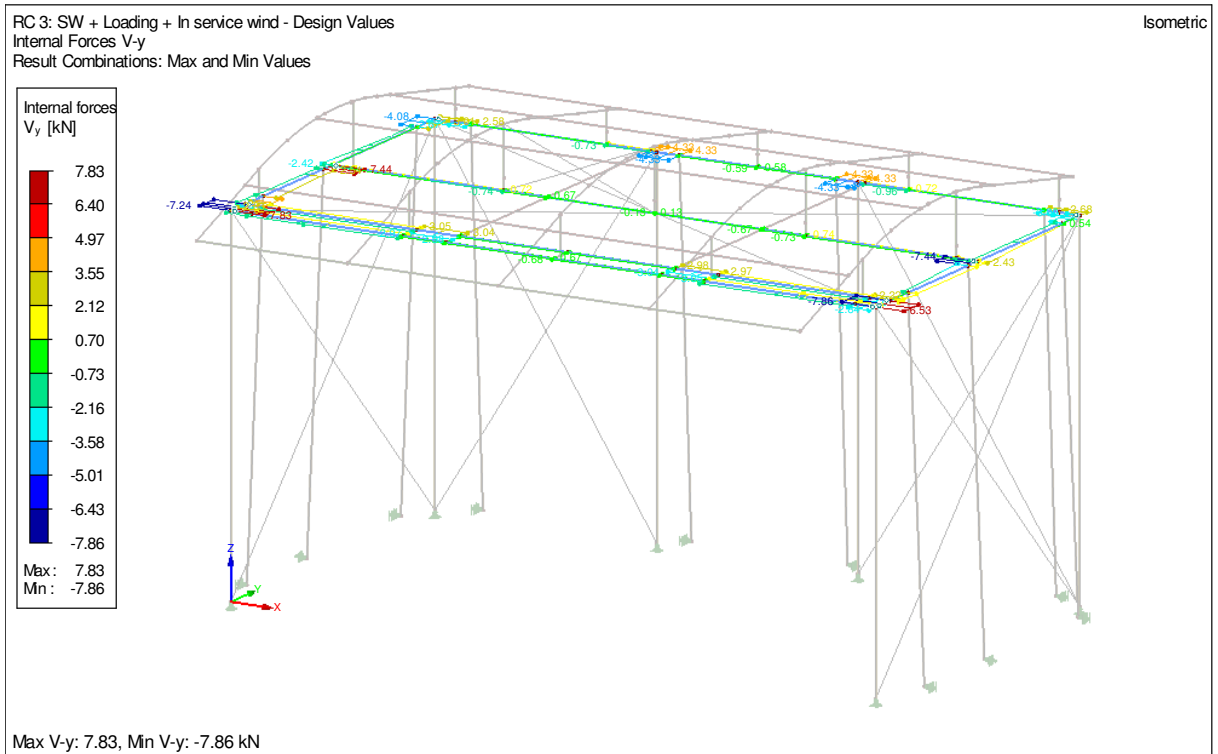
$$13.41 / 15 = 0.89 < 1$$

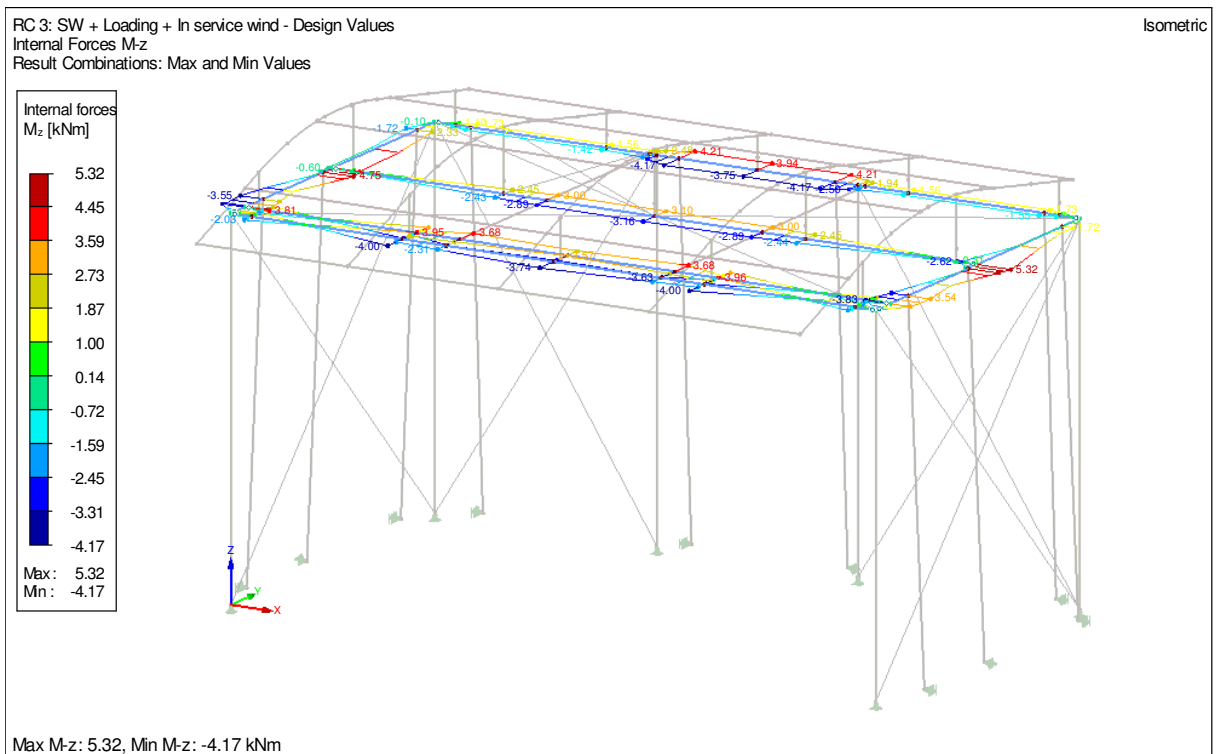
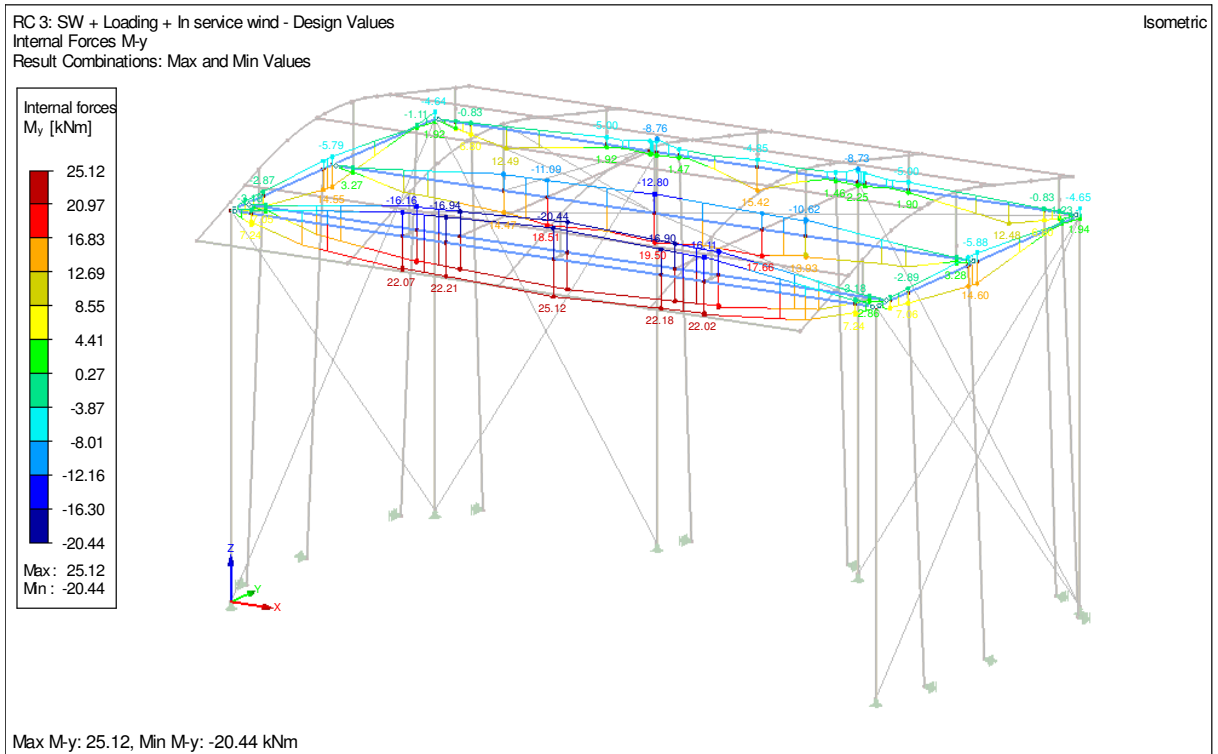
4.3 Detailed calculation of the main grid constructed from H40V.



4.3.1 Calculation results for the In-service situation.



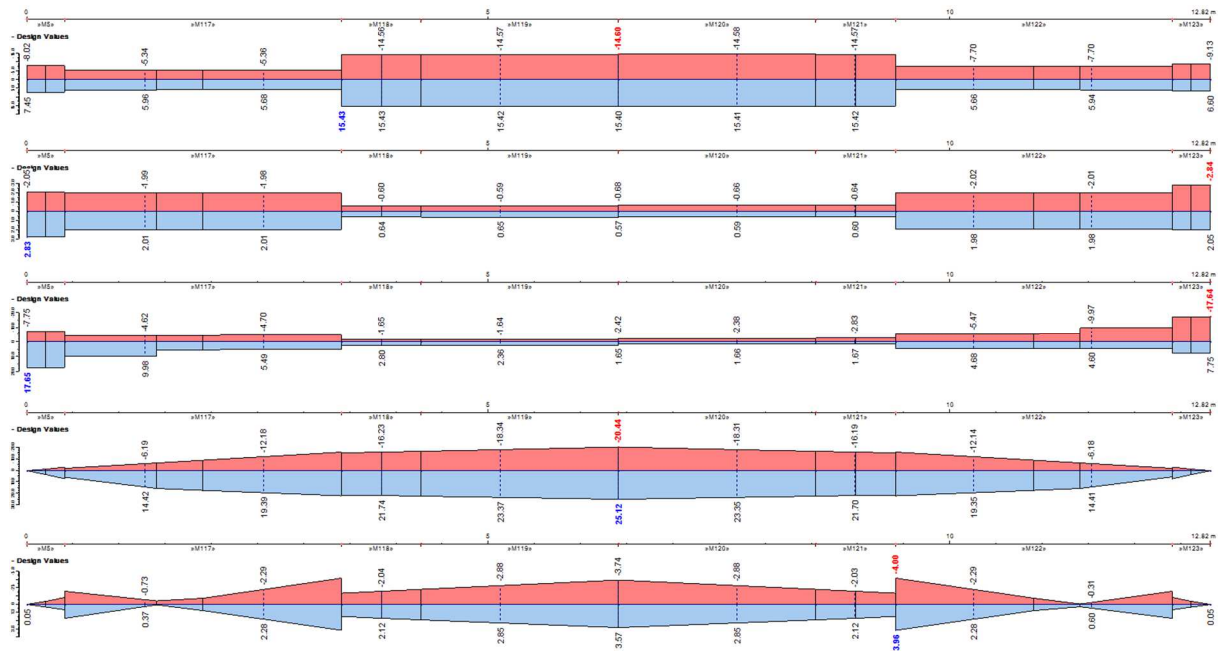




4.3.2 Internal forces for different spans in the In-service situation.

Span 1 : front span

Normative Load combination CO131



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 131	15,21	-0,66	-1,4	-0,1	25,12	-3,67

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 15.12 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.66 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 25.12 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 3.67 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.66^2 + 1.40^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.387 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.387 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.019 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 15.12 / 4 + 15.12 / 2 / 0.339 + 3.67 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 46.24 \text{ kN}$$

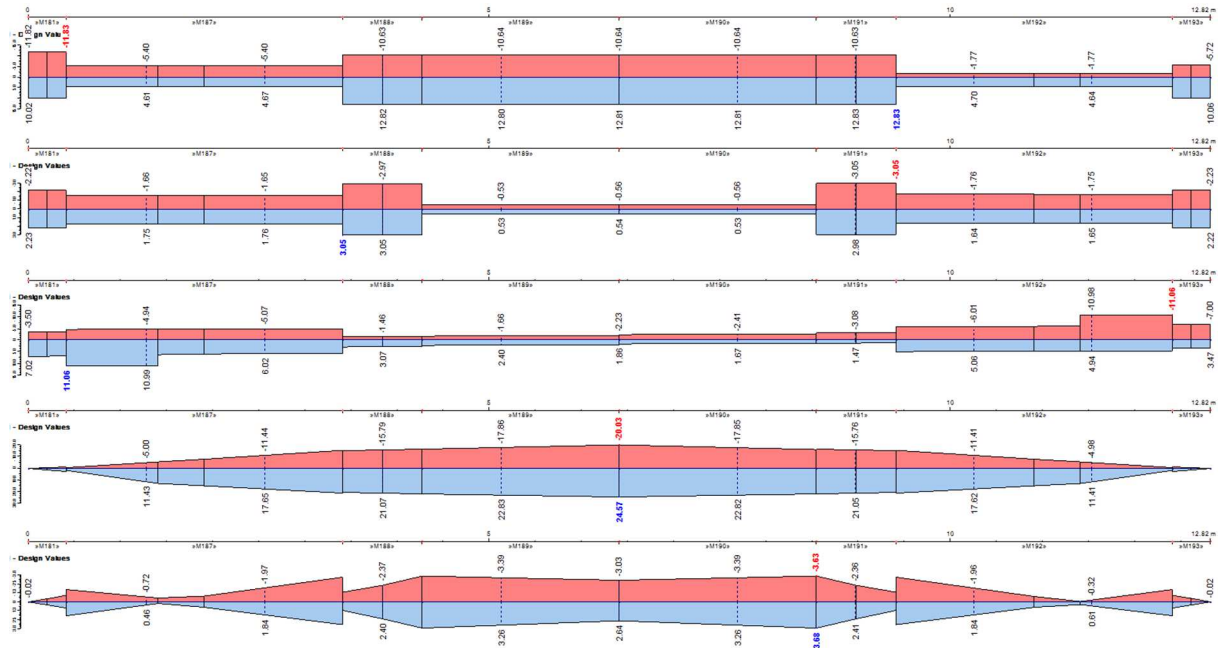
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (46.24 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.019 / 0.532 = 0.93 < 1$$

Span 2 : second span from the front

Normative Load combination CO131



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 131	-8,4	0,24	-1,21	-0,18	24,57	-2,91

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 8.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.24 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.21 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 24.57 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.91 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.24^2 + 1.21^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.308 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.308 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.015 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 8.4 / 4 + 24.57 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.91 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 42.63 \text{ kN}$$

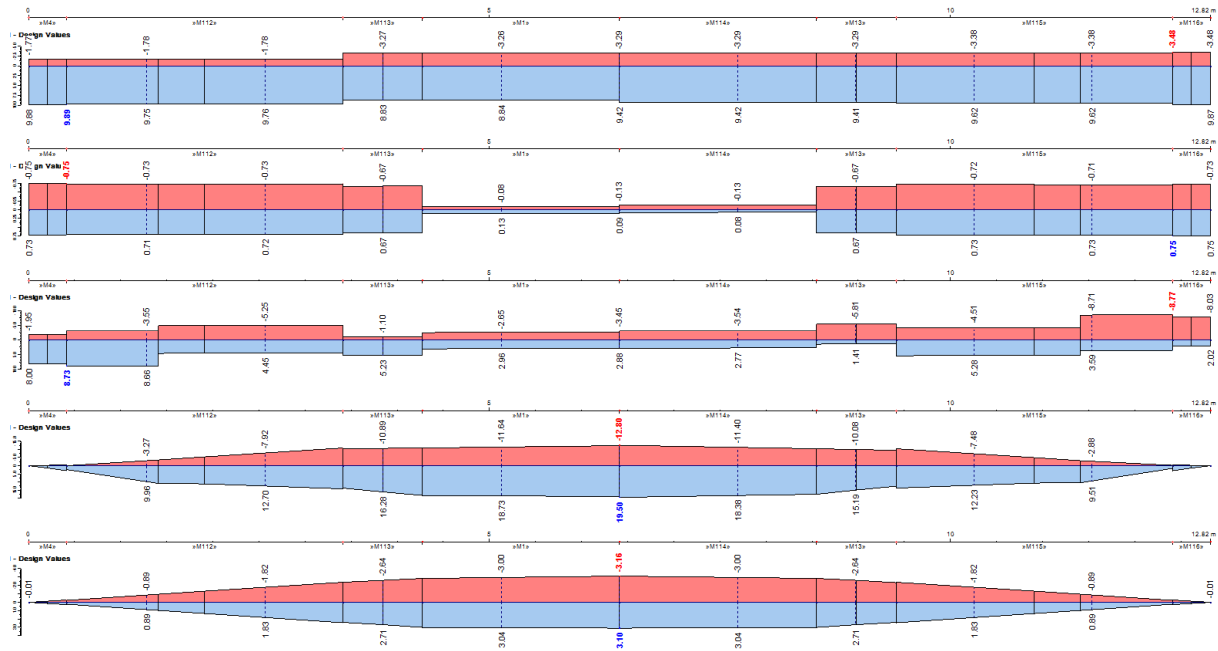
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (42.63 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.015 / 0.532 = 0.83 < 1$$

Span 3 : third span from the front

Normative Load combination CO132



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
CO 132	1,83	-0,13	-3,45	-0,12	19,5	-3,15

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 1.83 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 3.45 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 19.5 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 3.15 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.13^2 + 3.45^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.863 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.863 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.043 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.83 / 4 + 19.05 / 2 / 0.339 + 3.51 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 33.86 \text{ kN}$$

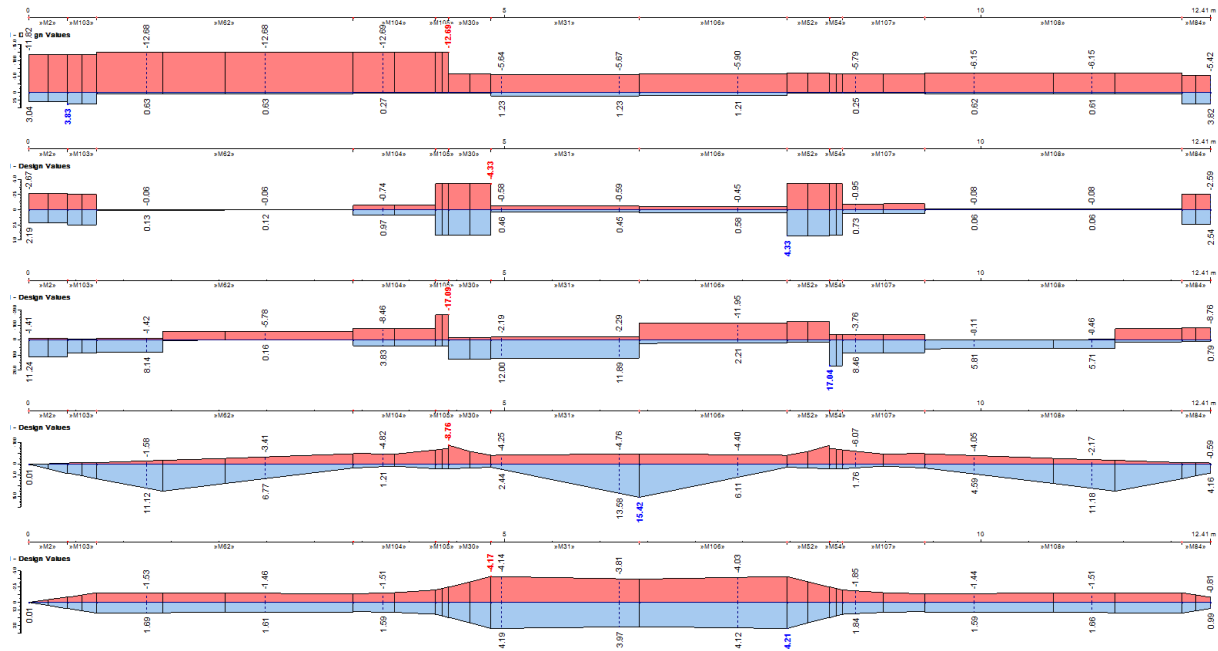
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (33.86 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.043 / 0.532 = 0.67 < 1$$

Span 4 : fourth span from the front

Normative Load combination CO132



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 132	-1,98	-0,48	11,87	-0,3	15,42	-3,38

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 1.98 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.48 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 11.87 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 15.42 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 3.38 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.48^2 + 11.87^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.970 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 2.970 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.15 \text{ kNcm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.98 / 4 + 15.42 / 2 / 0.339 + 3.38 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 28.22 \text{ kN}$$

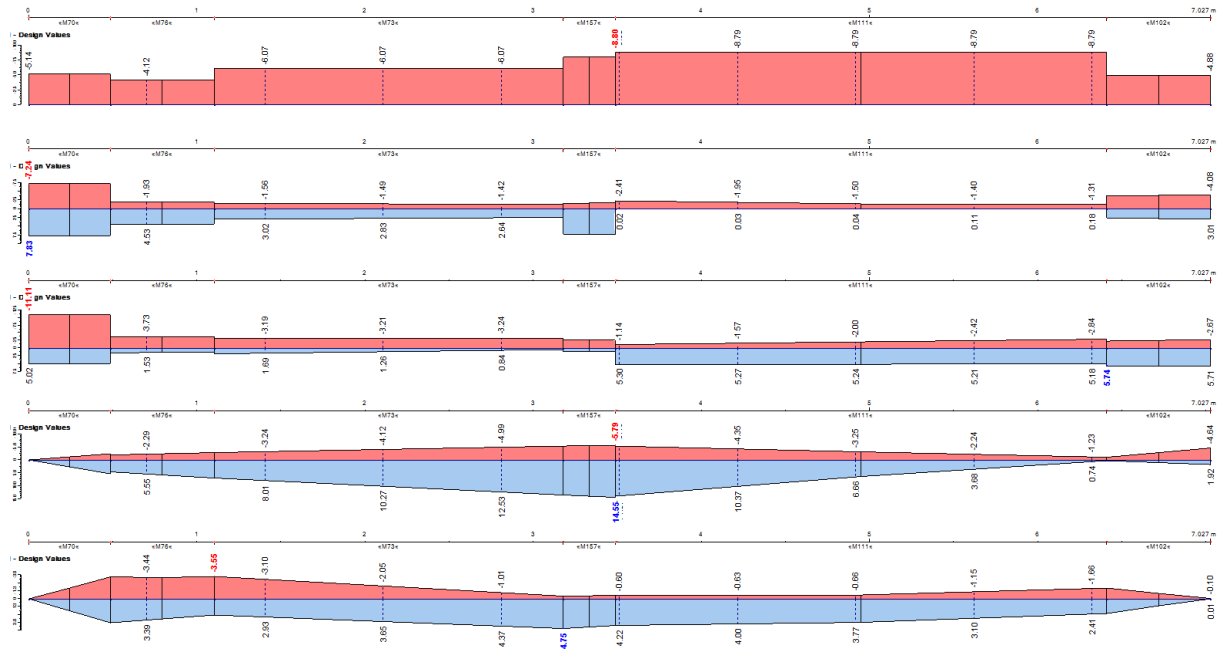
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (28.22 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.15 / 0.532 = 0.74 < 1$$

Side span left side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO134



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 134	-4,7	7,8	-11,11	-0,03	5,41	3,8

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 4.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 7.8 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 11.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 5.41 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 3.8 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(7.8^2 + 11.11^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 3.39 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.169 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.7 / 4 + 5.41 / 2 / 0.339 + 3.8 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 14.76 \text{ kN}$$

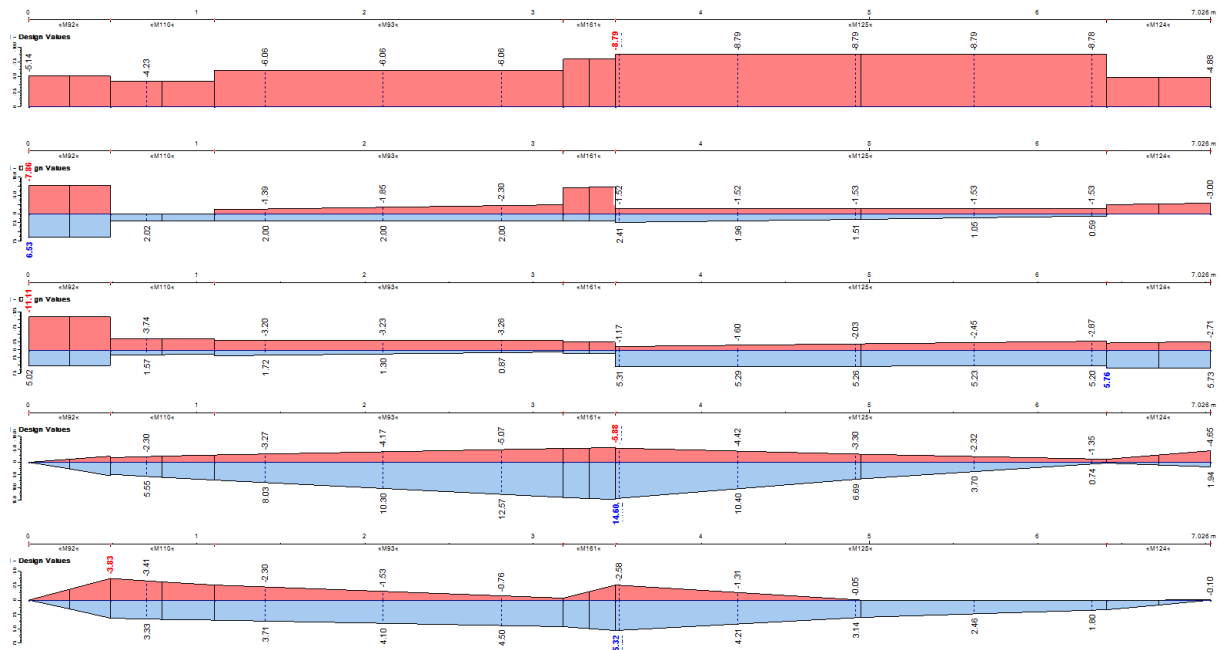
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (14.76 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.169 / 0.532 = 0.52 < 1$$

Side span right side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO134



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 134	-4,71	-7,83	-11,1	0,03	5,41	-3,81

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position.

$$N_d = 4.71 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 7.83 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 11.1 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 5.41 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 3.81 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(7.83^2 + 11.1^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 3.39 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.170 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.71 / 4 + 5.41 / 2 / 0.339 + 3.81 / 2 / 0.339$$

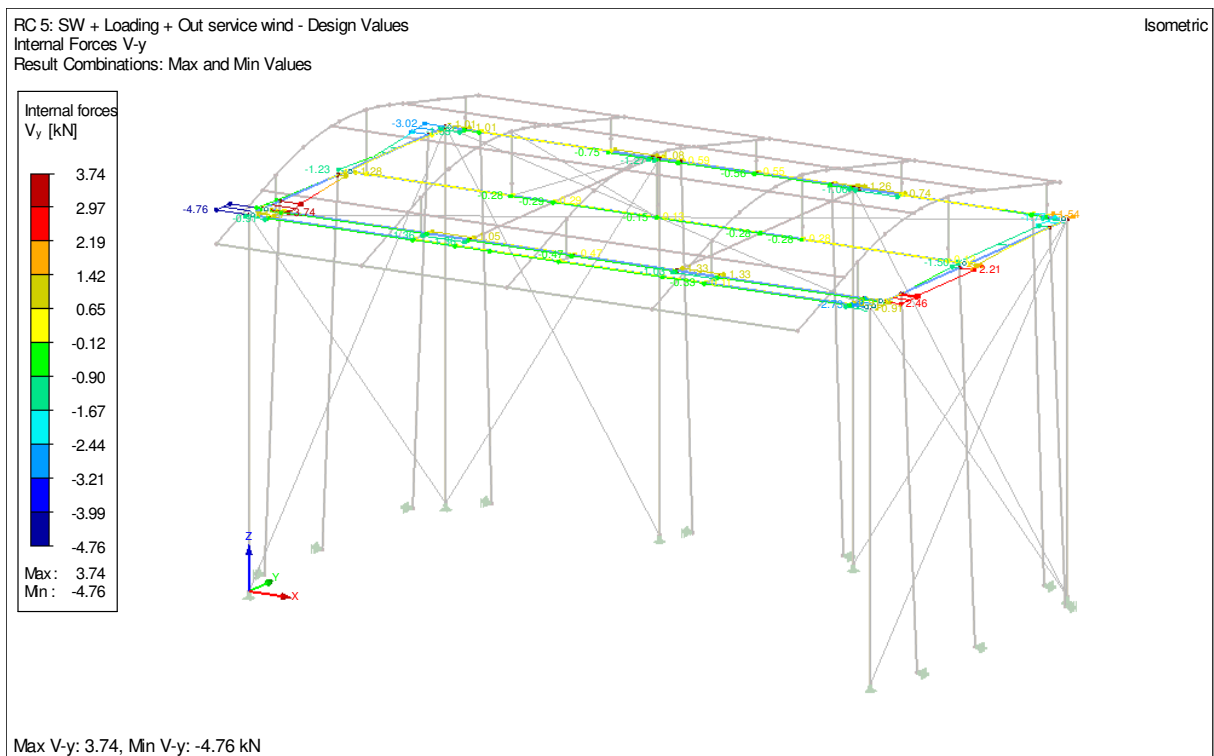
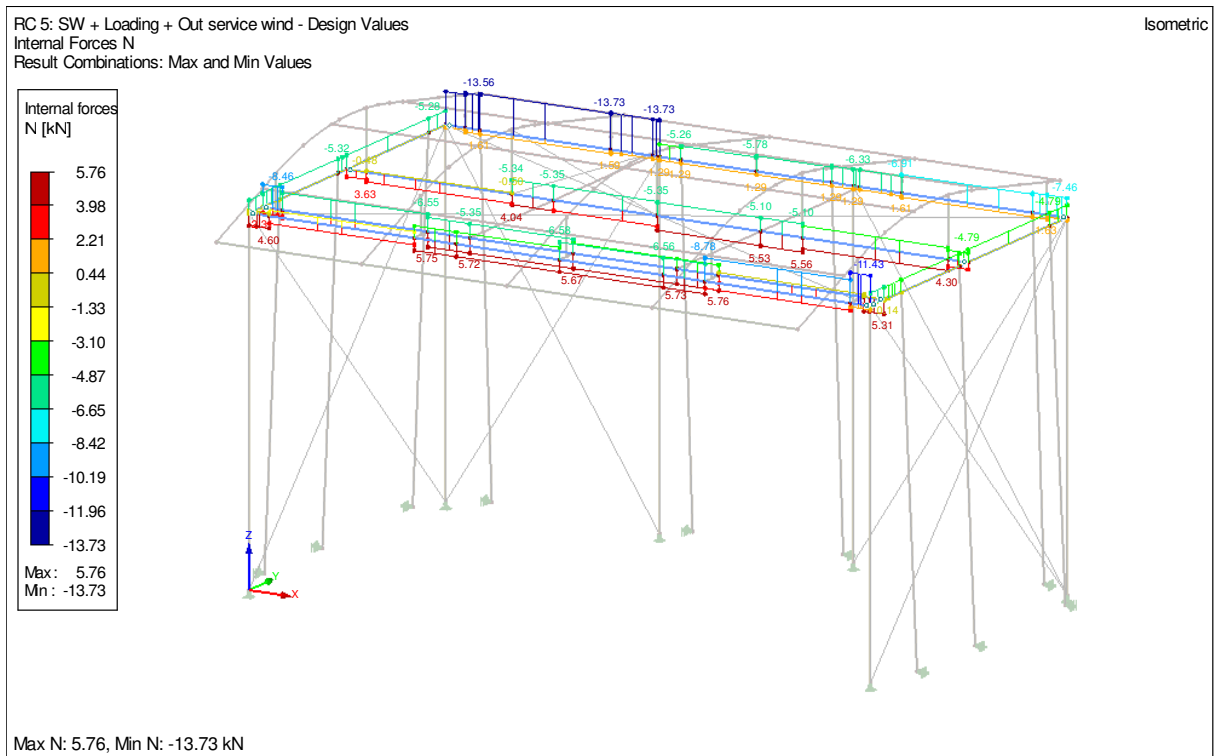
$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 14.76 \text{ kN}$$

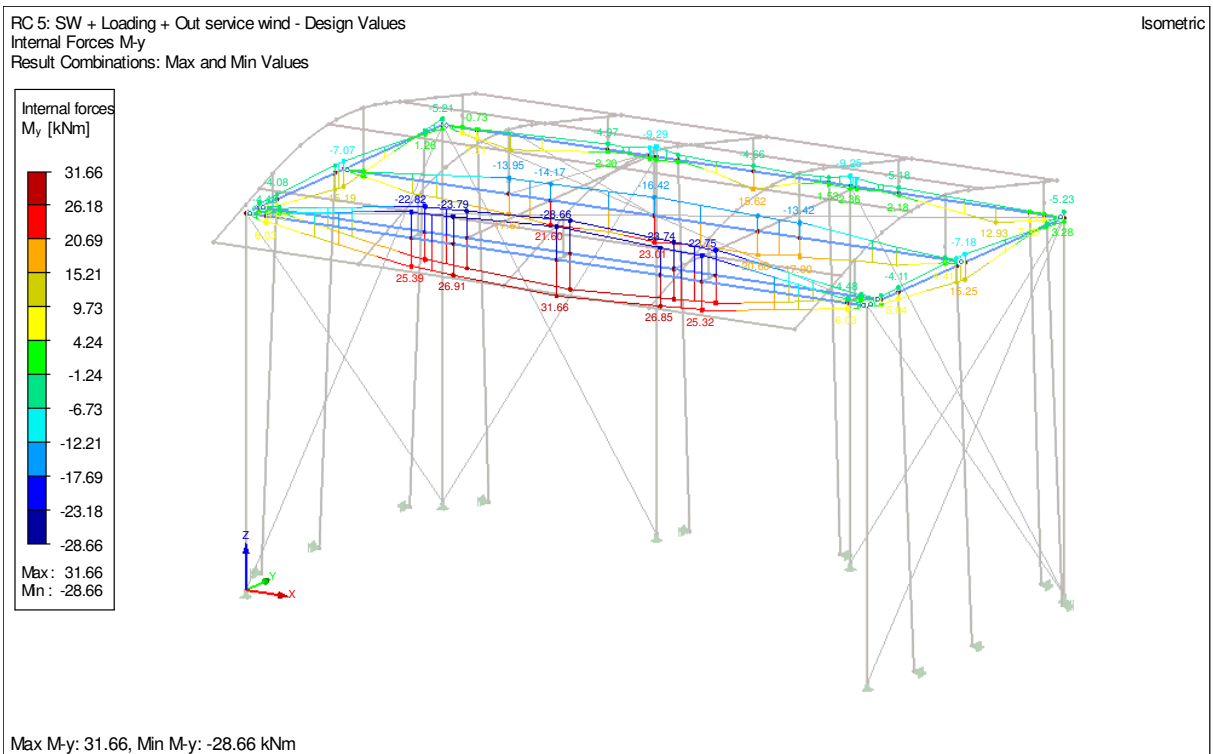
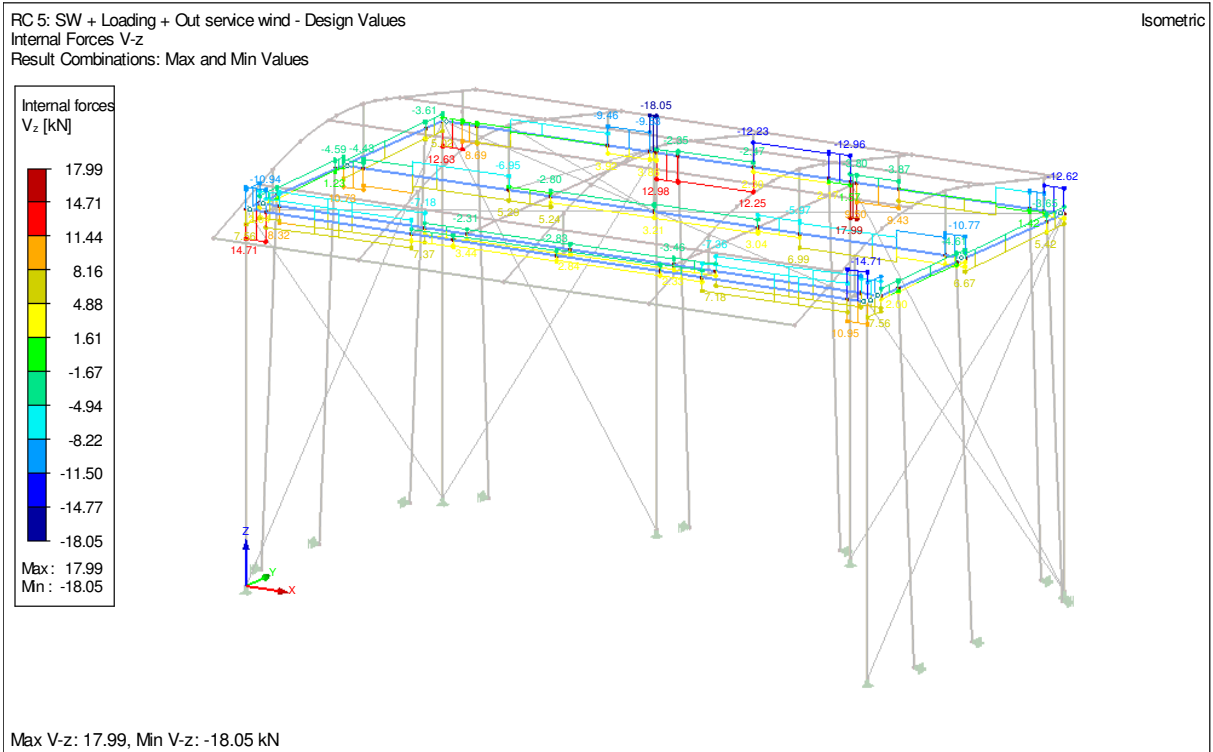
Check

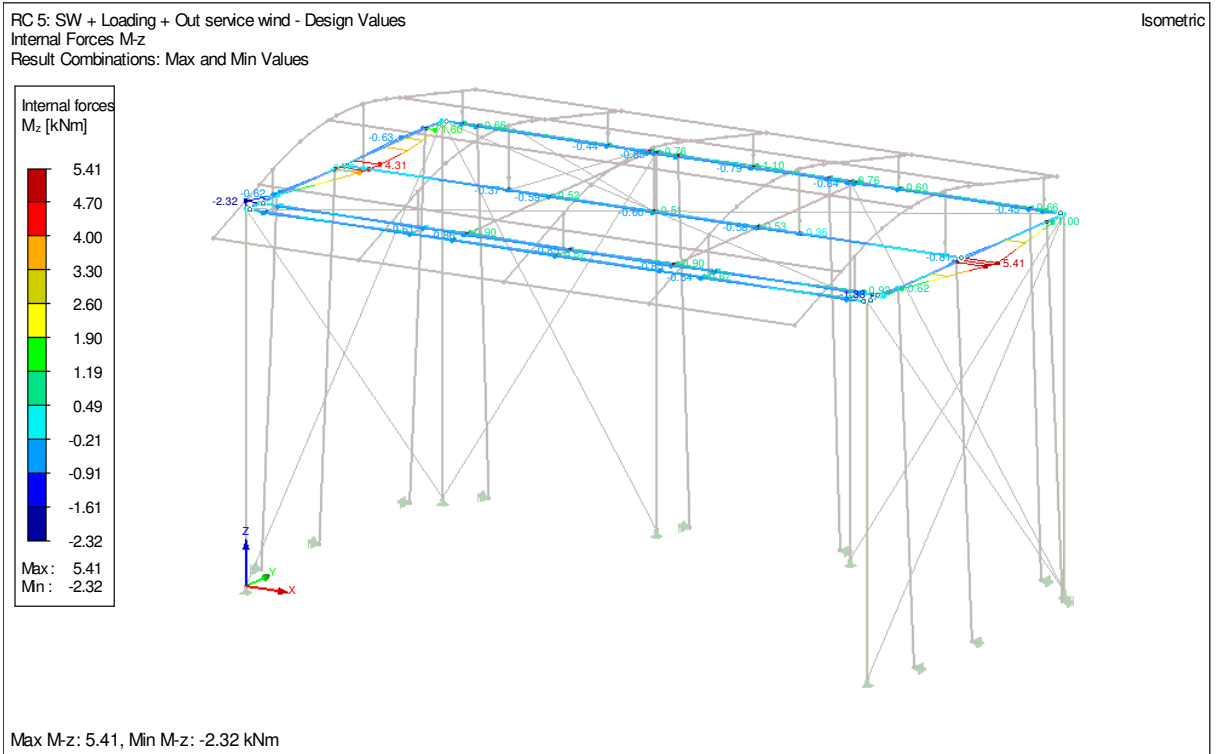
$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (14.76 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.170 / 0.532 = 0.52 < 1$$

4.3.3 Calculation results for the Out-service situation.



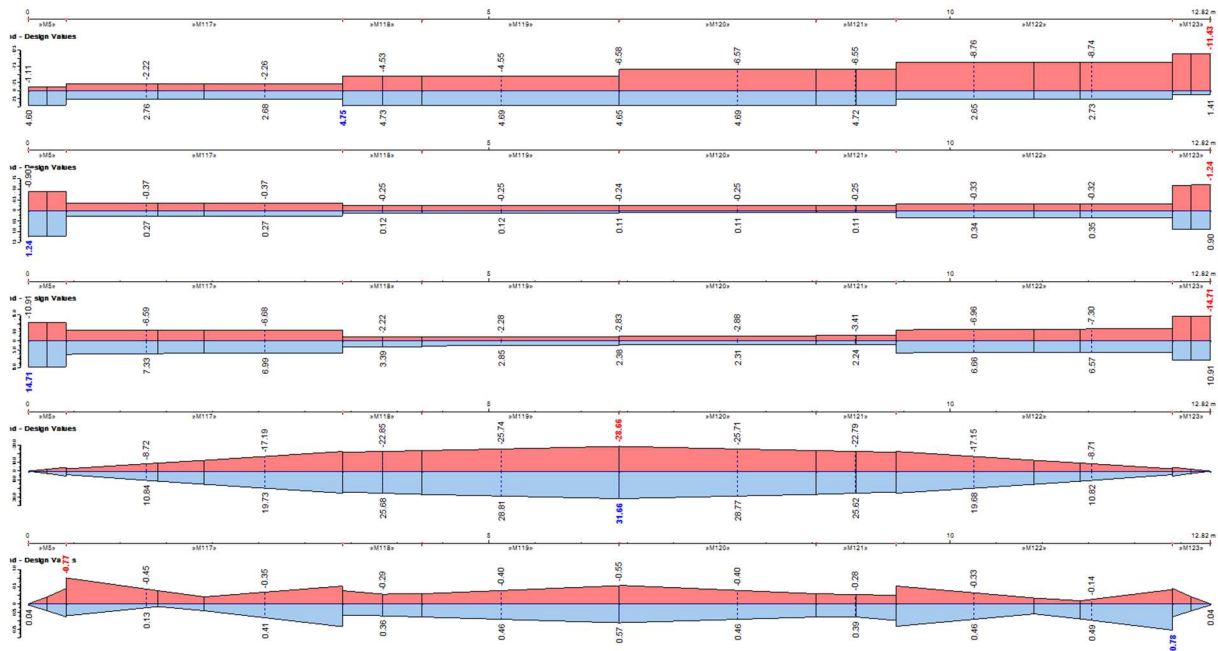




4.3.4 Internal forces for different spans in the In-service situation.

Span 1 : front span

Internal forces for the normative load case CO226



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 226	4,65	-0,11	-1,79	-0,11	31,66	-0,48

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 4.65 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.79 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 31.66 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.48 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.11^2 + 1.79^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.448 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.448 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.022 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.65 / 4 + 31.66 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.48 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 48.57 \text{ kN}$$

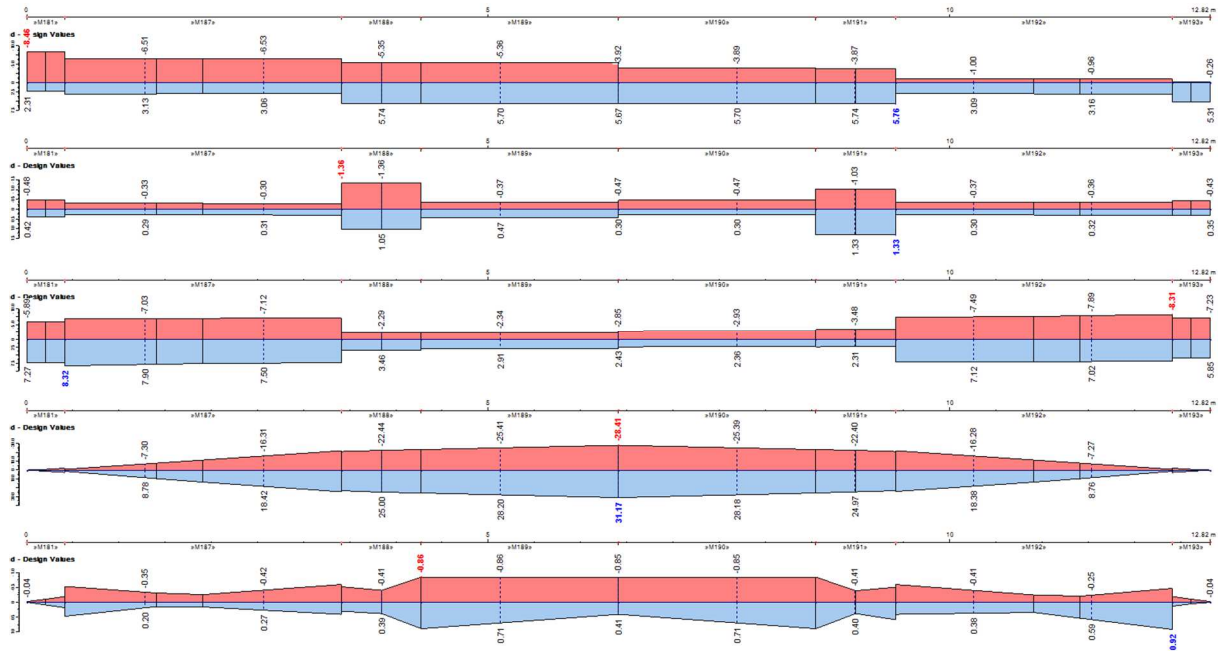
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (48.57 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.022 / 0.532 = 0.996 < 1$$

Span 2 : second span from the front

Internal forces for the normative load case CO226



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 226	2,56	-0,26	-1,84	-0,2	31,17	-0,73

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 2.56 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.26 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.84 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 31.17 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.73 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.26^2 + 1.84^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.465 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.465 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.023 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.56 / 4 + 31.17 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.73 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 47.69 \text{ kN}$$

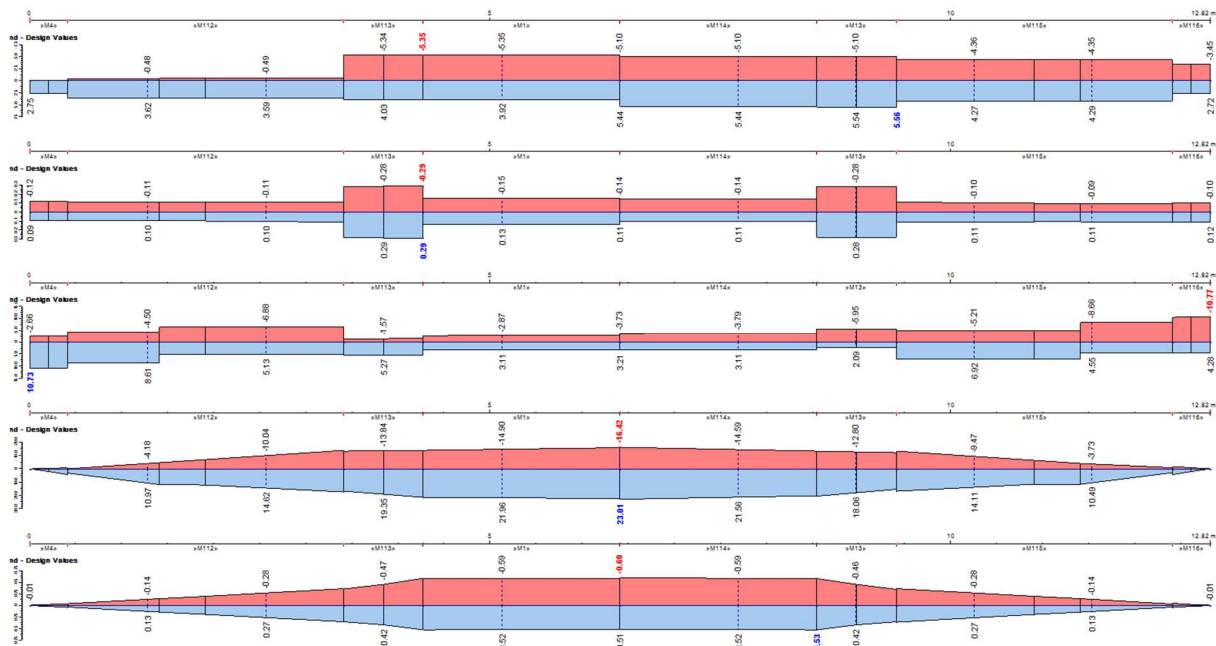
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (47.69 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.023 / 0.532 = 0.98 < 1$$

Span 3 : third span from the front

Internal forces for the normative load case CO227



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 227	4,68	-0,14	-3,73	-0,12	23,01	-0,59

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 4.68 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.14 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 3.73 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 23.01 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.59 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.14^2 + 3.73^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.933 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = V_{d, \text{ main chord}} * e = 0.933 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.047 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 4.68 / 4 + 23.01 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.59 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 35.98 \text{ kN}$$

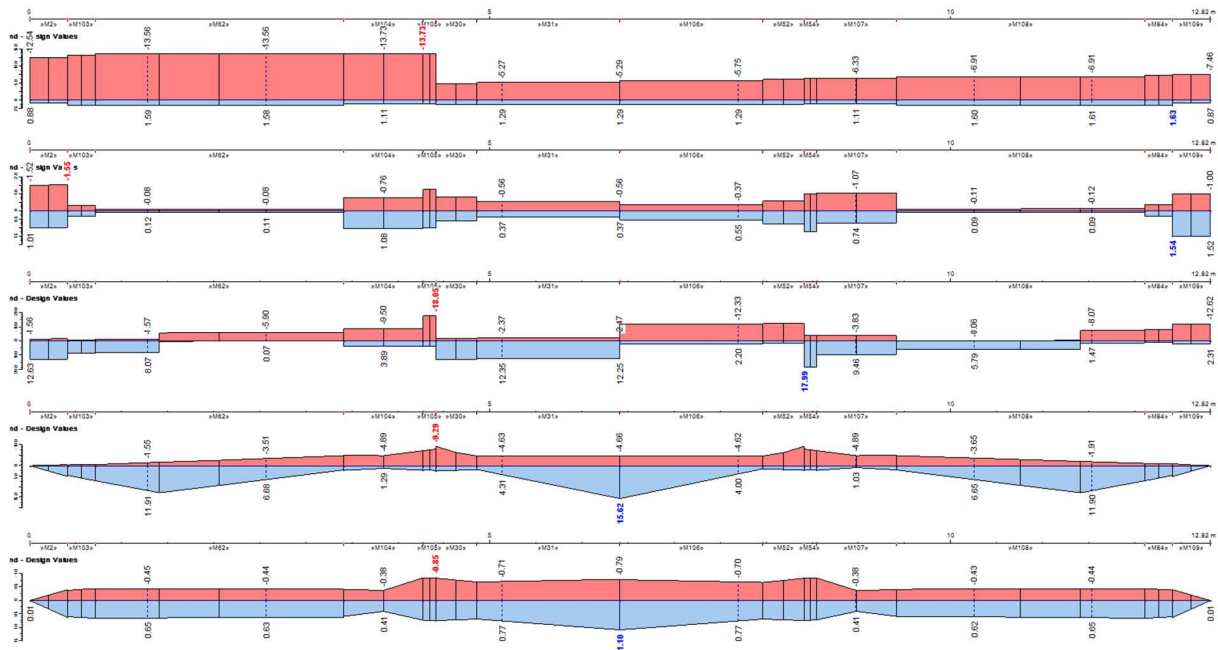
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{ main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{ main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (35.98 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.047 / 0.532 = 0.73 < 1$$

Span 4 : fourth span from the front

Internal forces for the normative load case CO227



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 227	0,53	-0,49	12,25	-0,28	15,62	0,1

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 0.53 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.49 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 12.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 15.62 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.10 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.49^2 + 12.25^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.065 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 3.065 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.015 \text{ kNcm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.53 / 4 + 15.62 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.10 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 23.32 \text{ kN}$$

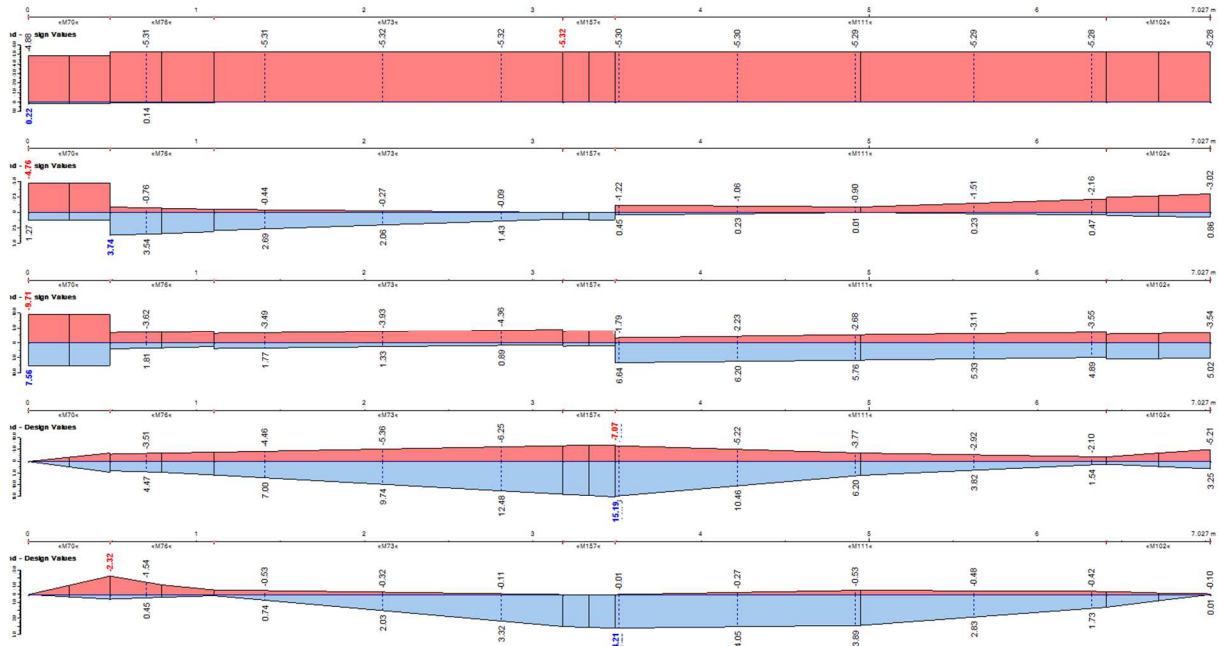
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (23.32 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.015 / 0.532 = 0.65 < 1$$

Side span left side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO209



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 209	-0,9	-1,23	6,52	0	14,88	0,81

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 0.90 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 1.23 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 6.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 14.88 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.81 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(1.23^2 + 6.52^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.66 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 1.66 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.083 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.90 / 4 + 14.88 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.81 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 23.37 \text{ kN}$$

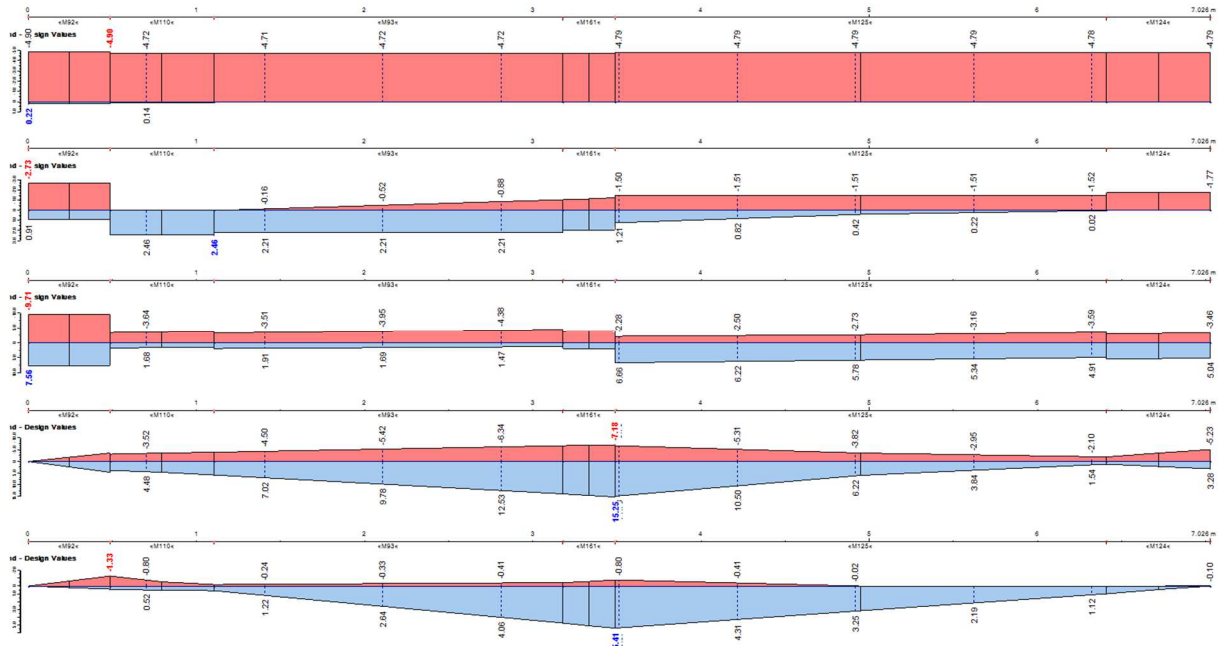
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (23.37 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.083 / 0.532 = 0.52 < 1$$

Side span right side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO209



Normative Load Combination	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
	N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
CO 209	-0,9	1,22	6,54	0	14,94	-0,78

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position

$$N_d = 0.90 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 1.22 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 6.54 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 14.94 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.78 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(1.22^2 + 6.54^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.66 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 1.66 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.083 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.90 / 4 + 14.94 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.78 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 23.41 \text{ kN}$$

Check

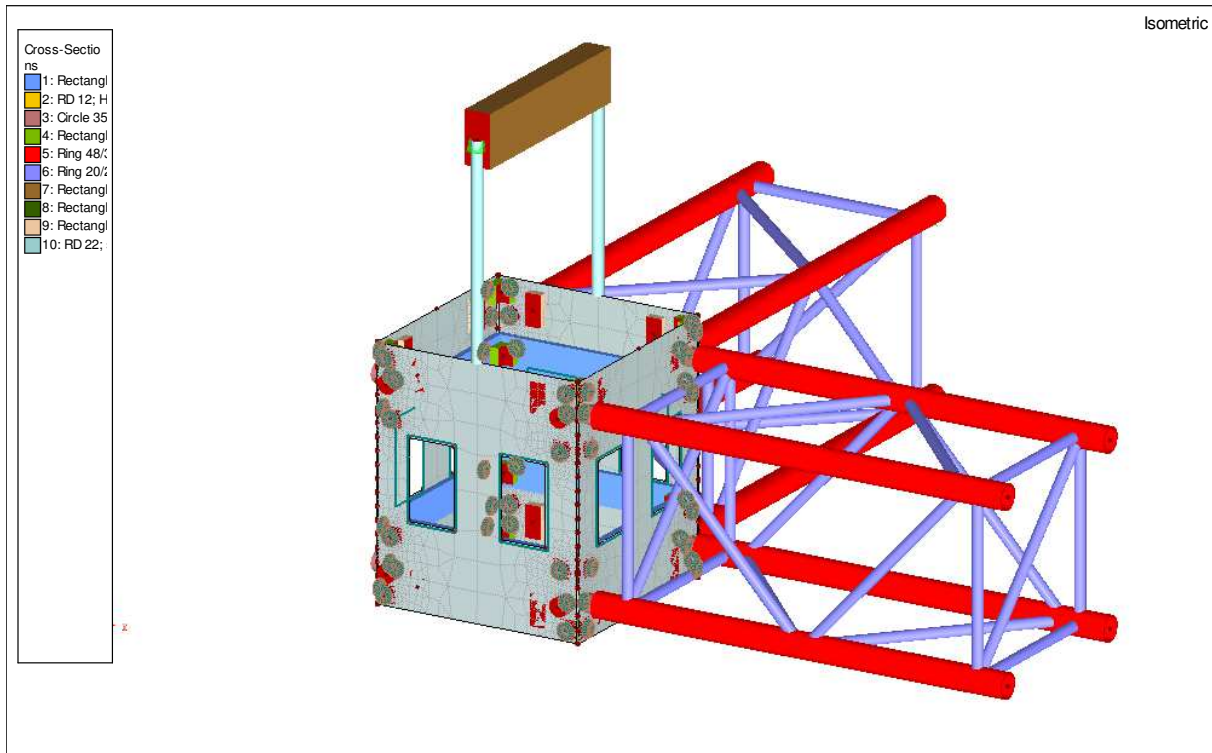
$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (23.41 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.083 / 0.532 = 0.52 < 1$$

4.4 Check of the sleeve block.

The decisive sleeve block is the front sleeve block on the left or the right of the stage. The sleeve block on the left side of the main construction is checked.

For the check of the Sleeve block a separate model has been constructed in the calculation program. The truss sections are constructed to create a more accurate model. These will be left out from the results. Only the sleeve block will be checked.



Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I _y	Bending I _z	Axial A	Shear A _y	Shear A _z			Width b	Depth h
1	Rectangle 12/60	2	3,02	21,60	0,86	7,20	6,00	6,00	0,00	0,00	12,0	60,0
2	RD 12	5	0,20	0,10	0,10	1,13	0,95	0,95	0,00	0,00	12,0	12,0
3	Circle 35	1	14,73	7,37	7,37	9,62	8,15	8,15	0,00	0,00	35,0	35,0
4	Rectangle 35/35	3	21,11	12,51	12,51	12,25	10,21	10,21	0,00	0,00	35,0	35,0
5	Ring 48/3	4	21,57	10,78	10,78	4,24	2,14	2,14	0,00	0,00	48,0	48,0
6	Ring 20/2	4	0,93	0,46	0,46	1,13	0,58	0,58	0,00	0,00	20,0	20,0
7	Rectangle 50/100	1	286,09	416,67	104,17	50,00	41,67	41,67	0,00	0,00	50,0	100,0
8	Rectangle 8/8	1	0,06	0,03	0,03	0,64	0,53	0,53	0,00	0,00	8,0	8,0
9	Rectangle 30/60	1	37,08	54,00	13,50	18,00	15,00	15,00	0,00	0,00	30,0	60,0
10	RD 22	2	2,30	1,15	1,15	3,80	3,19	3,19	0,00	0,00	22,0	22,0

Used Material

Material No.	Material Description	Safety Factor $\gamma_M [-]$	Yield Strength $f_{yk} [kN/cm^2]$	Limit Stresses $[kN/cm^2]$			
				Manually	Limit σ_x	Limit τ	Limit σ_{eqv}
1	Aluminium EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,00	26,00	-	26,00	15,01	26,00
3	steel 8.8 Quality EN 10346:2009-03	1,00	64,00	-	64,00	36,95	64

Inserted Load Cases.

Internal forces for result calculation RC4 In service characteristic values

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]		Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]			Corresponding Load Cases		
				N	V_y	V_z	M_x	M_y	M_z			
5	2	0,000	max N	5,48	0,05	9,22	-0,67	0,00	0,01	CO 164		
			min N	-5,94	1,46	2,04	-0,23	0,00	0,00	CO 170		
			max V_y	-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184		
			min V_y	4,93	-1,51	-5,51	0,37	0,00	0,01	CO 150		
			max V_z	-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184		
			min V_z	4,93	-1,51	-5,51	0,37	0,00	0,01	CO 150		
			max M_y	-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184		
			min M_y	5,48	0,05	9,22	-0,67	0,00	0,01	CO 164		
			max M_z	-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184		
			min M_z	4,83	-1,09	1,99	-0,09	0,00	0,00	CO 154		
			59	0,410	max N	5,48	0,04	9,19	-0,67	3,77	0,00	CO 164
					min N	-5,94	1,46	2,01	-0,23	0,83	-0,60	CO 170
					max V_y	-5,65	2,10	13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184
					min V_y	4,93	-1,51	-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150
max V_z	-5,65	2,10			13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184			
min V_z	4,93	-1,51			-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
max M_y	-5,65	2,10			13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184			
min M_y	4,93	-1,51			-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
max M_z	4,93	-1,51			-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
min M_z	-5,65	2,10			13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184			
2	0,000	Max N			5,48	0,05	9,22	-0,67	0,00	0,01	CO 164	
		Min N			-5,94	1,46	2,01	-0,23	0,83	-0,60	CO 170	
		Max V_y			-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184	
		Min V_y			4,93	-1,51	-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150	
		Max V_z	-5,64	2,12	13,29	-0,90	0,00	0,03	CO 184			
		Min V_z	4,93	-1,51	-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
		Max M_y	-5,65	2,10	13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184			
		Min M_y	4,93	-1,51	-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
		Max M_z	4,93	-1,51	-5,54	0,36	-2,26	0,63	CO 150			
		Min M_z	-5,65	2,10	13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	CO 184			
		70	85	0,000	max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
					min N	-3,80	5,78	-1,20	0,00	0,58	2,81	CO 170
					max V_y	-3,69	5,78	-2,37	0,00	1,16	2,82	CO 172
					min V_y	-1,70	-5,36	-2,69	-0,03	1,31	-2,61	CO 163
max V_z	-1,45				-4,82	3,51	-0,01	-1,71	-2,35	CO 150		
min V_z	-3,48				5,76	-8,42	-0,01	4,10	2,81	CO 184		
max M_y	-3,48				5,76	-8,42	-0,01	4,10	2,81	CO 184		
min M_y	-1,45				-4,82	3,51	-0,01	-1,71	-2,35	CO 150		
max M_z	-3,69				5,78	-2,37	0,00	1,16	2,82	CO 172		
min M_z	-1,70				-5,36	-2,69	-0,03	1,31	-2,61	CO 163		
2	0,487				max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
					min N	-3,79	5,78	-1,20	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 170
					max V_y	-3,69	5,78	-2,37	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 172
					min V_y	-1,69	-5,36	-2,69	-0,04	0,00	0,00	CO 163
		max V_z	-1,44	-4,82	3,51	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 150			
		min V_z	-3,47	5,76	-8,42	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 184			
		max M_y	-1,88	-5,32	-1,01	-0,04	0,00	0,00	CO 160			
		min M_y	-3,52	5,76	-5,71	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 181			
		max M_z	-3,47	5,76	-8,42	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 184			
		min M_z	-1,68	-5,33	-5,86	-0,04	0,00	0,00	CO 164			

85	0,000	Max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
85	0,000	Min N	-3,80	5,78	-1,20	0,00	0,58	2,81		CO 170
2	0,487	Max V _y	-3,69	5,78	-2,37	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 172
	0,243	Min V _y	-1,70	-5,36	-2,69	-0,03	0,65	-1,30		CO 163
2	0,487	Max V _z	-1,44	-4,82	3,51	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 150
2	0,487	Min V _z	-3,47	5,76	-8,42	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 184
85	0,000	Max M _y	-3,48	5,76	-8,42	-0,01	4,10	2,81		CO 184
85	0,000	Min M _y	-1,45	-4,82	3,51	-0,01	-1,71	-2,35		CO 150
85	0,000	Max M _z	-3,69	5,78	-2,37	0,00	1,16	2,82		CO 172
85	0,000	Min M _z	-1,70	-5,36	-2,69	-0,03	1,31	-2,61		CO 163

Normative load combinations for the In-service situation is Load combination CO184

The forces of this load combination is set as component forces on the node's next to the sleeve block

Check of load Combination CO184

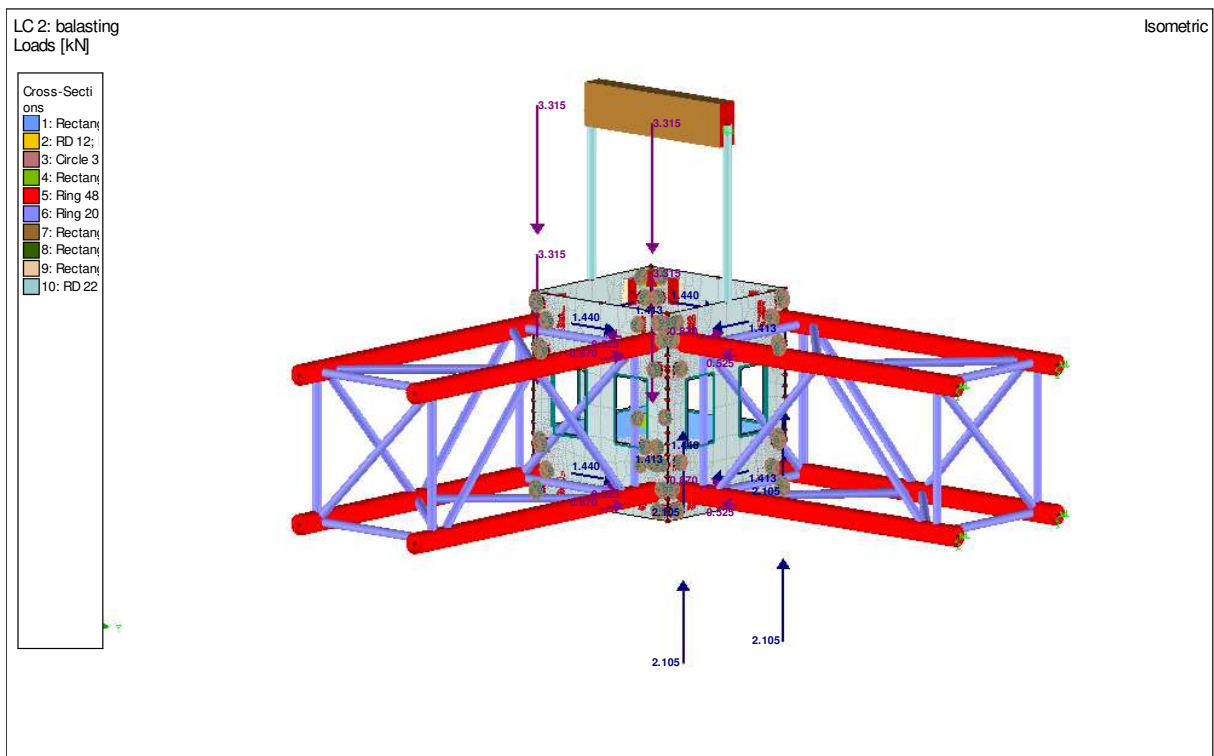
Internal forces on the 4 node points in Load combination 110 from the total construction model are

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]			Cross-Section
			N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z	
5	59	0,410	-5,65	2,10	13,26	-0,92	5,45	-0,83	1 - Prolyte H40V
70	85	0,000	-3,48	5,76	-8,42	-0,01	4,10	2,81	1 - Prolyte H40V

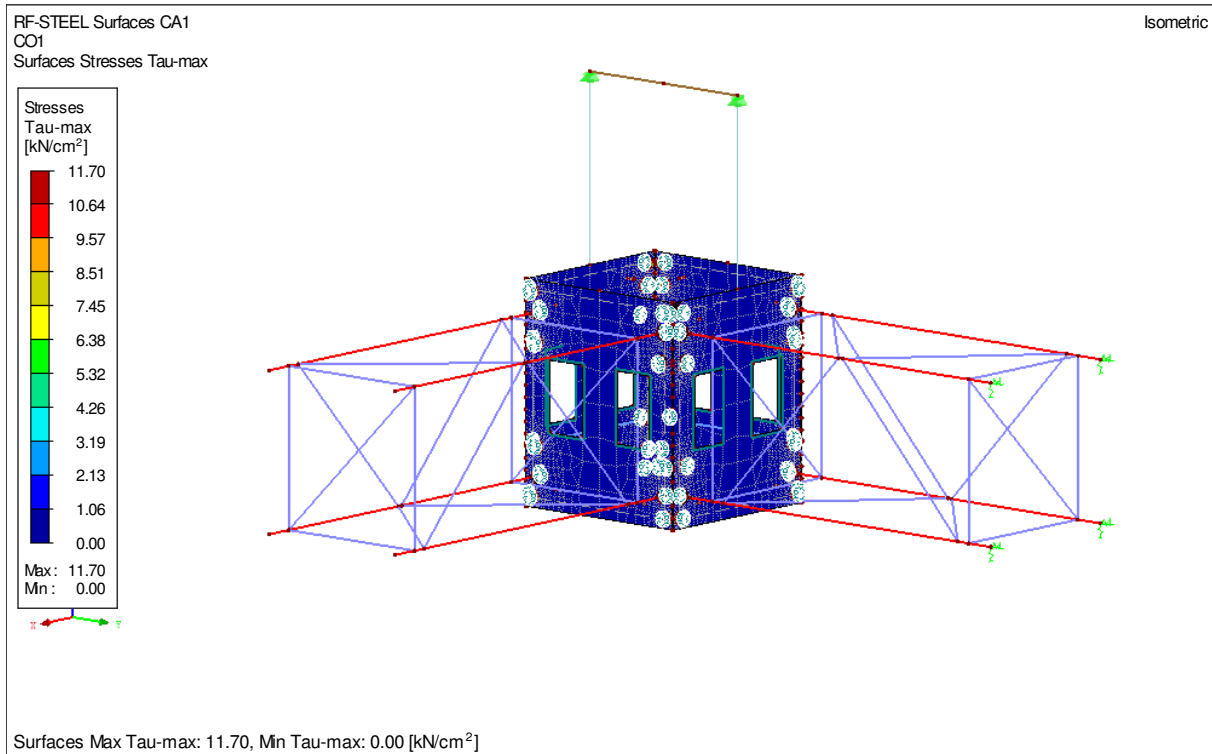
Load in put into sleeve block model

No.	On Nodes No.	Definition Type	Coordinate System	Force [kN]			Moment [kNm]		
				P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
1	78,80,82,84	By components	0 Global XYZ	1,413	-0,525	-3,315	0,000	0,000	0,000
2	29,56,58,60	By components	0 Global XYZ	-0,870	1,440	2,105	0,000	0,000	0,000

Visual input different load cases.



Stress calculation of the sleeve block



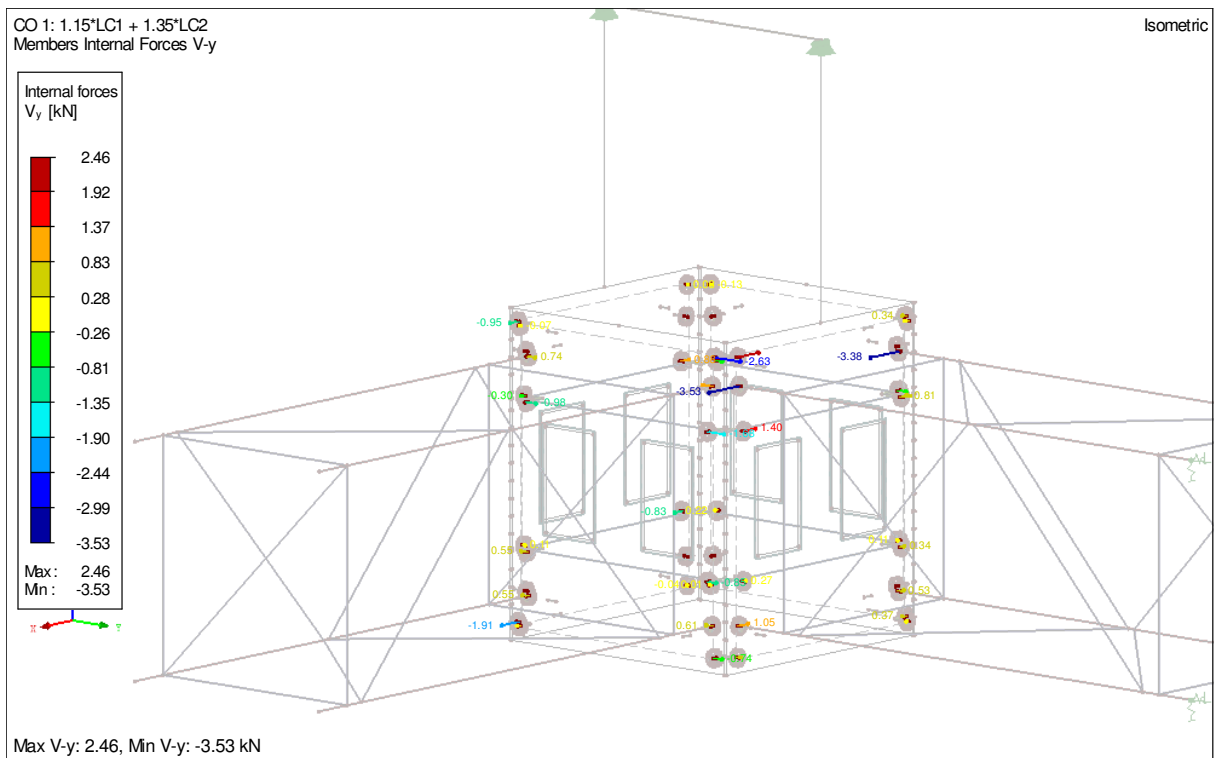
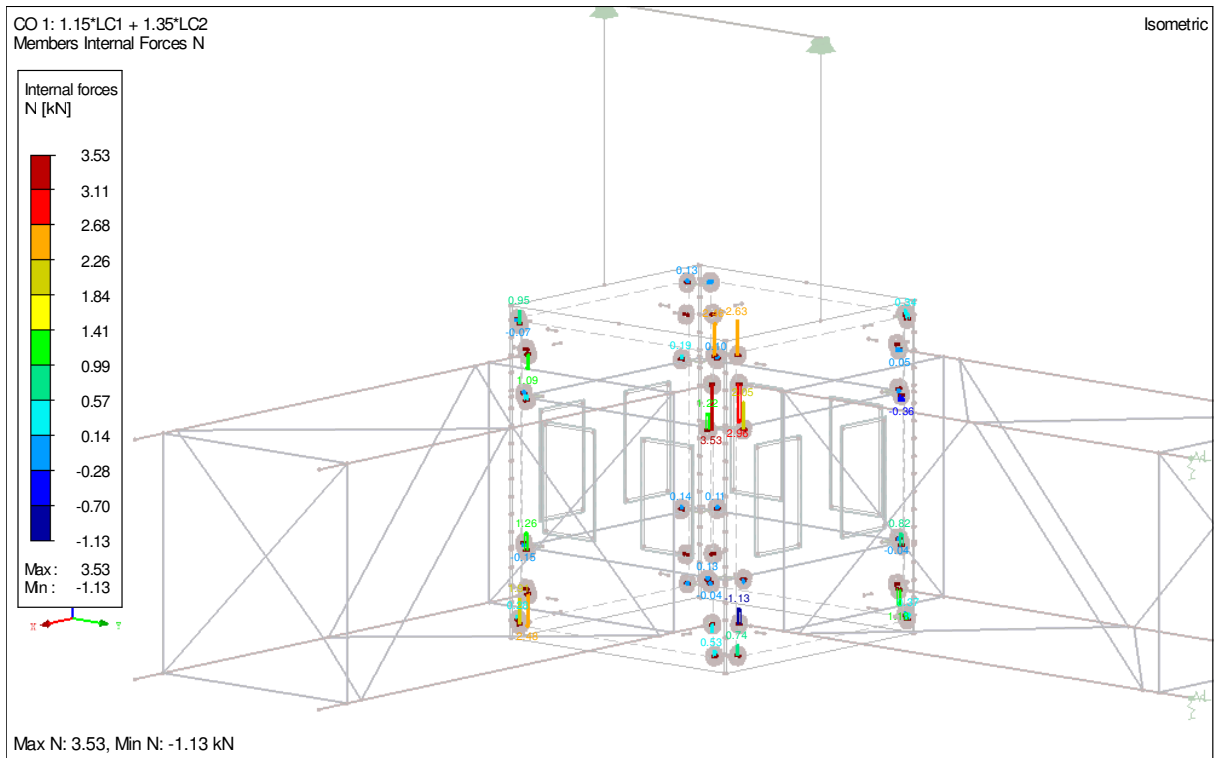
Maximum stress analyse for the aluminium sheets

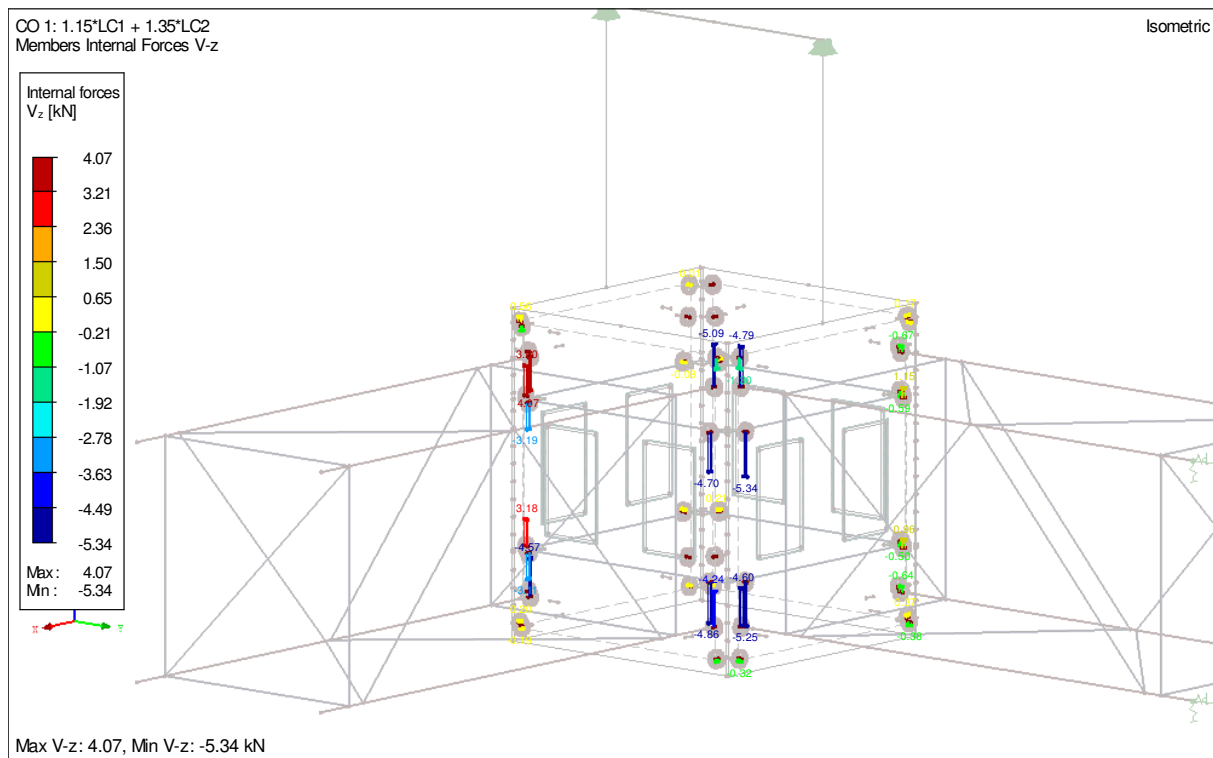
Load- ing	Surface No.	FE Mesh Point No.	Point Coordinates [m]			Stress [kN/cm ²]			Stress Ratio [-]
			X	Y	Z	Symbol	Existing	Limit	
CO1									
	4	6	-1,196	-2,808	3,446	τ_{max}	8,58	15,01	0,57
	4	1764	-1,226	-2,808	3,370	$\sigma_{1,+}$	14,91	26,00	0,57
	4	1518	-1,215	-2,808	3,046	$\sigma_{2,+}$	-11,15	26,00	0,43
	31	1486	-1,225	-2,814	3,042	$\sigma_{1,-}$	33,32	64,00	0,52
	31	1486	-1,225	-2,814	3,042	$\sigma_{2,-}$	-36,24	64,00	0,57
	29	1483	-1,225	-2,814	3,381	$\sigma_{1,m}$	9,04	64,00	0,14
	1	88	-1,196	-2,812	3,446	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-5,36	26,00	0,21
	31	1486	-1,225	-2,814	3,042	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	38,40	64,00	0,60
	1	88	-1,196	-2,812	3,446	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	5,92	26,00	0,23

Maximum utilization $\sigma_{eqv,max}$ 0.75%

Check of the M12 bolts

Internal forces of the bolts





$$\text{Maximum shear force} = \sqrt{(V_y^2 + V_z^2)} = \sqrt{(2.46^2 + 5.34^2)} = 5.88 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,rd} = 0,6 * f_{ub} * A / 1.25 = 0.6 * 80 * 1.13 / 1.25 = 43.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$5.88 / 43.39 = 0.13 < 1$$

$$\text{Maximum tension force} = N_{ed} = 3.53 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{t,rd} = k_2 * f_{ub} * A_s / 1.25 = 0.9 * 80 * 0.843 / 1.25 = 48.55 \text{ kN}$$

$$3.53 / 48.55 = 0.072 < 1$$

Check of the interaction between shear and tension force

$$F_{v,ed} / F_{v,rd} + F_{t,ed} / 1.4 * F_{t,rd} < 1$$

$$5.88 / 43.39 + 3.53 / 1.4 * 48.55 = 0.19 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole of the plate.

$$\text{Maximum shear force is } \sqrt{(V_y^2 + V_z^2)} = \sqrt{(2.46^2 + 5.34^2)} = 5.88 \text{ kN}$$

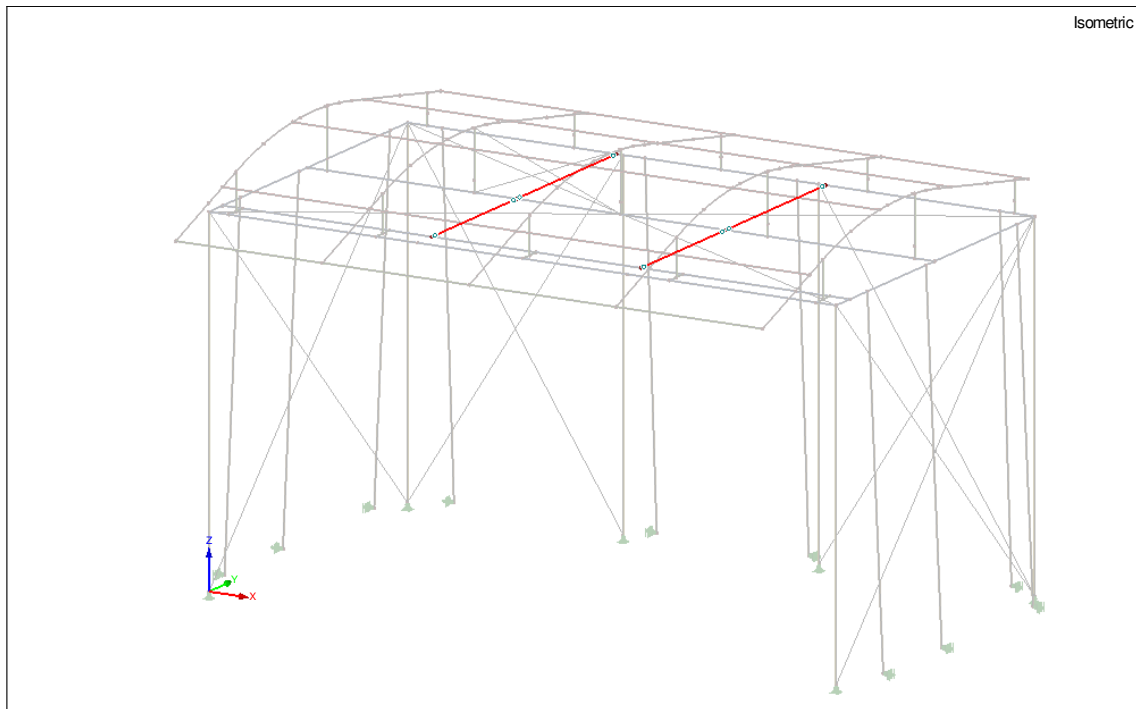
$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 25 * 1.25 * 0.8) / 1.25 = 50 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,ed} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

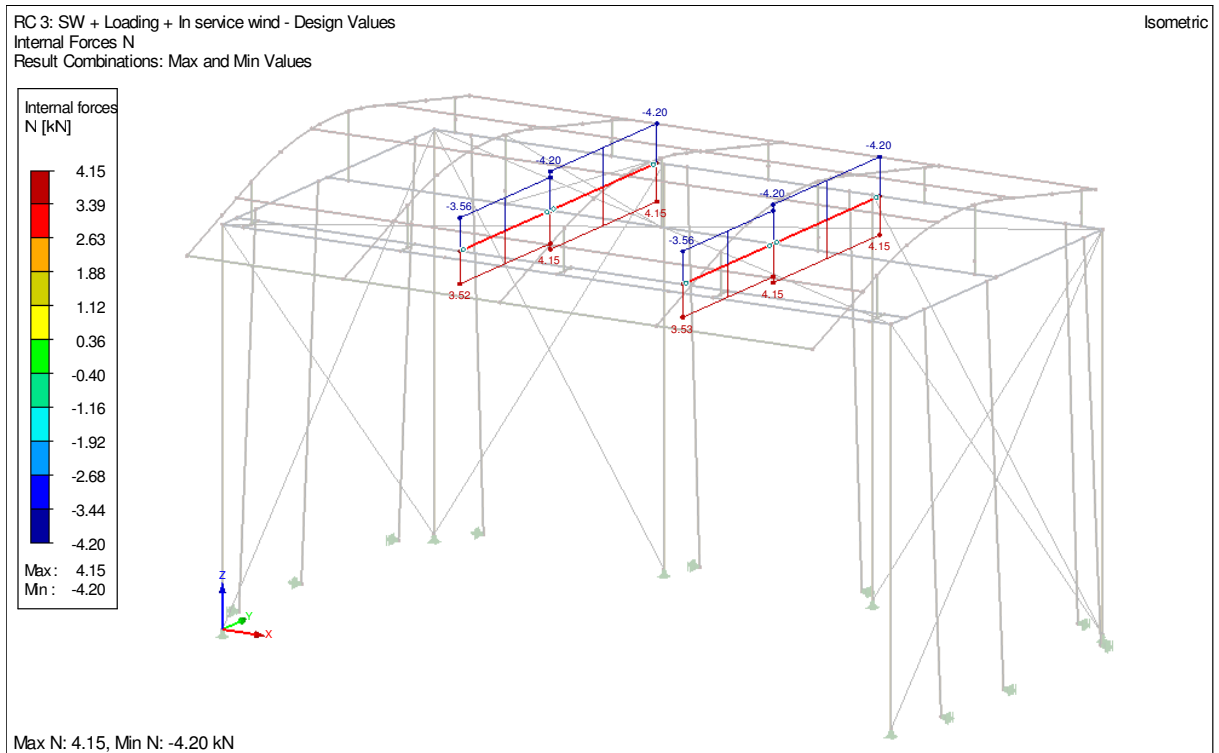
$$5.88 / 50 = 0.12 < 1$$

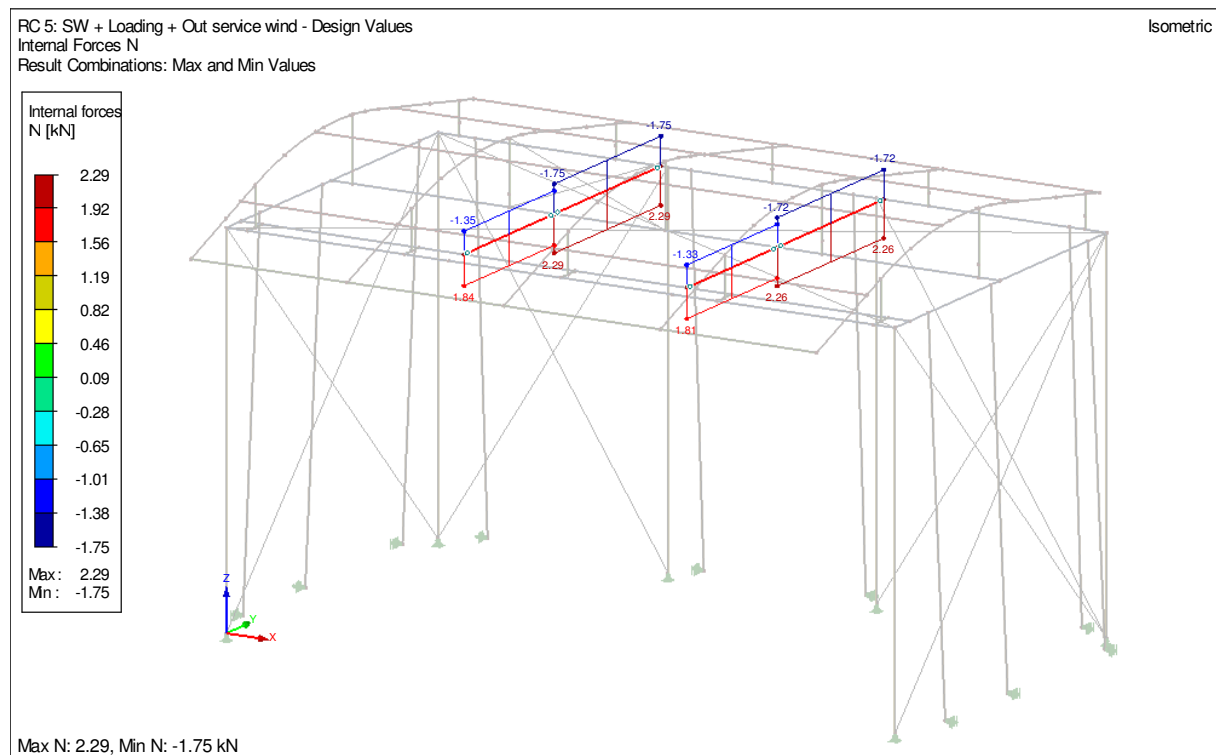
4.5 Check of the compression tubes in the main grid and the roof.

4.5.1 check of the 50x4 compression tubes in the main grid



The profile will be checked for buckling.





Normative load case In service

Maximum compression force in the 50x4 profile is 4.20 kN.

Buckling calculation for the profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1,5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	311 cm
Profile cross section A	5.78 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	12.5 kN/cm ²
I	15.41 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.63

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1.5 * 311 = 466.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * (\sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E})$$

$$\lambda_z = 466.5 / (1.63 * \pi) * (\sqrt{(5.78 * 12.5) / 5.78 * 7000}) = 5.44$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (5.44 - 0.1) + 5.44^2) = 15.82$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (15.82 + \sqrt{(15.82^2 - 5.44^2)}) = 0.03$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

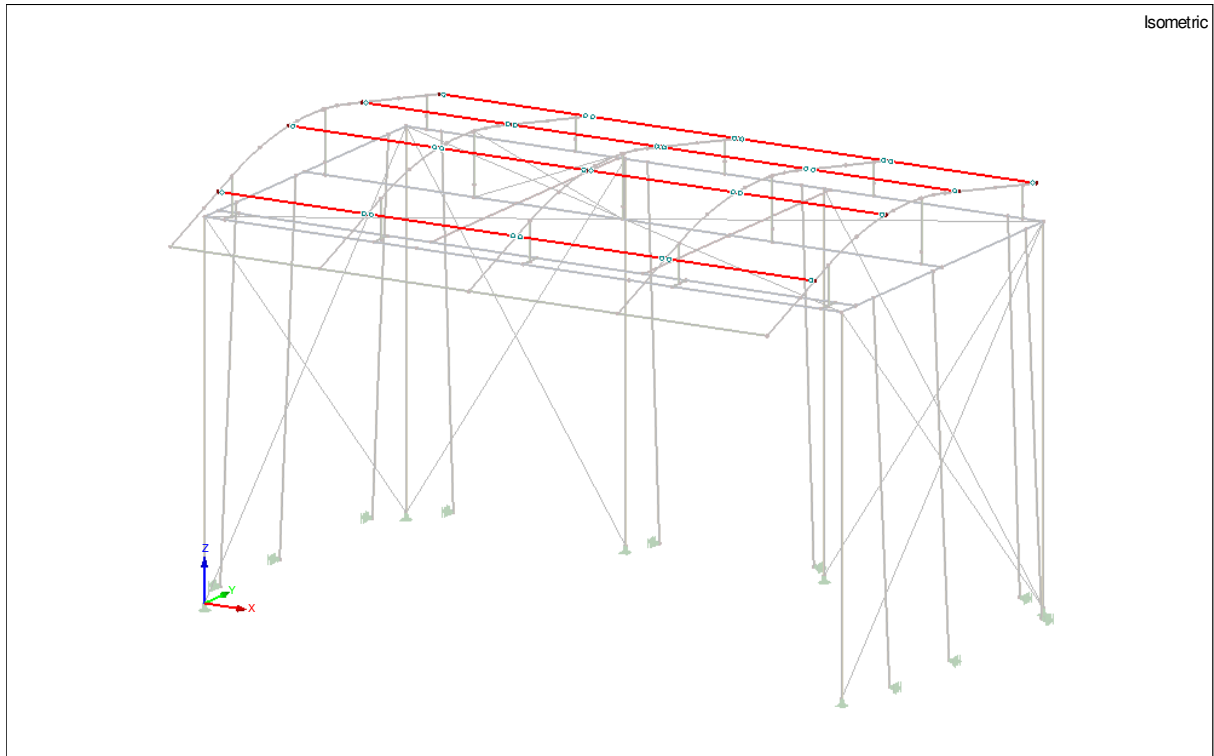
$$N_{b,rd} = 0.03 * 5.78 * 12.5 / 1.1 = 4.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed, max} = 4.20 \text{ kN}$$

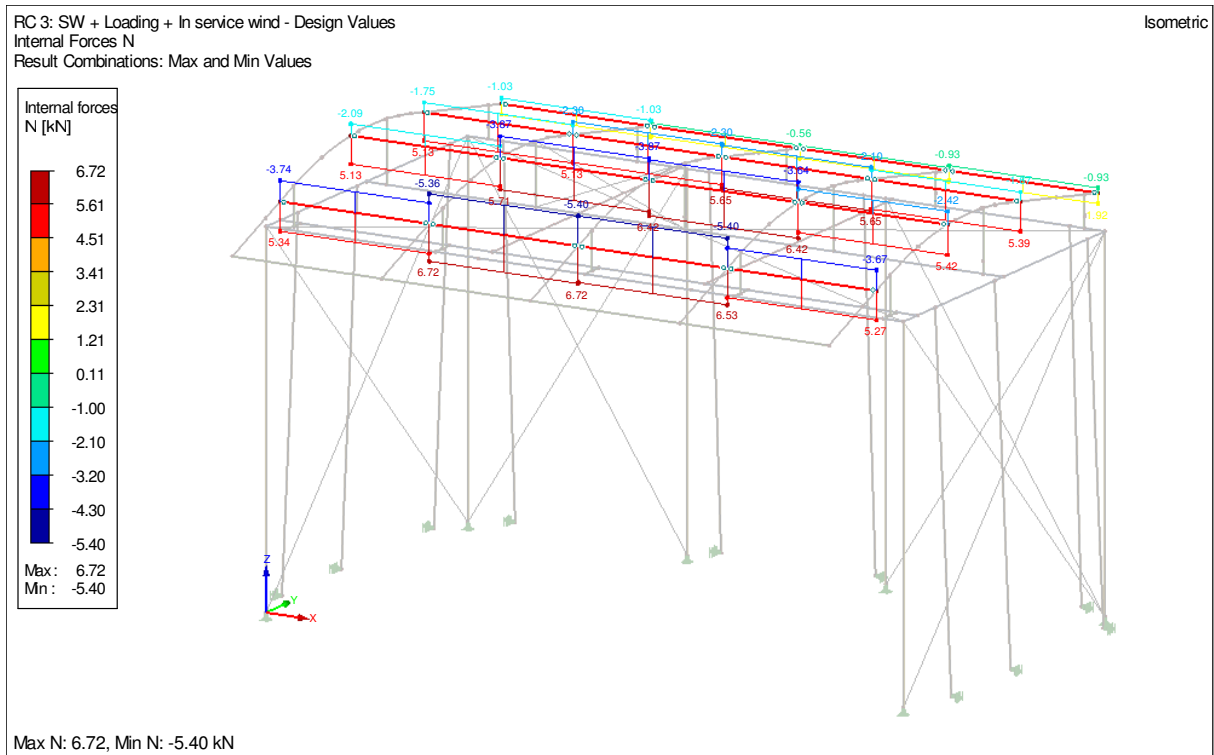
$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

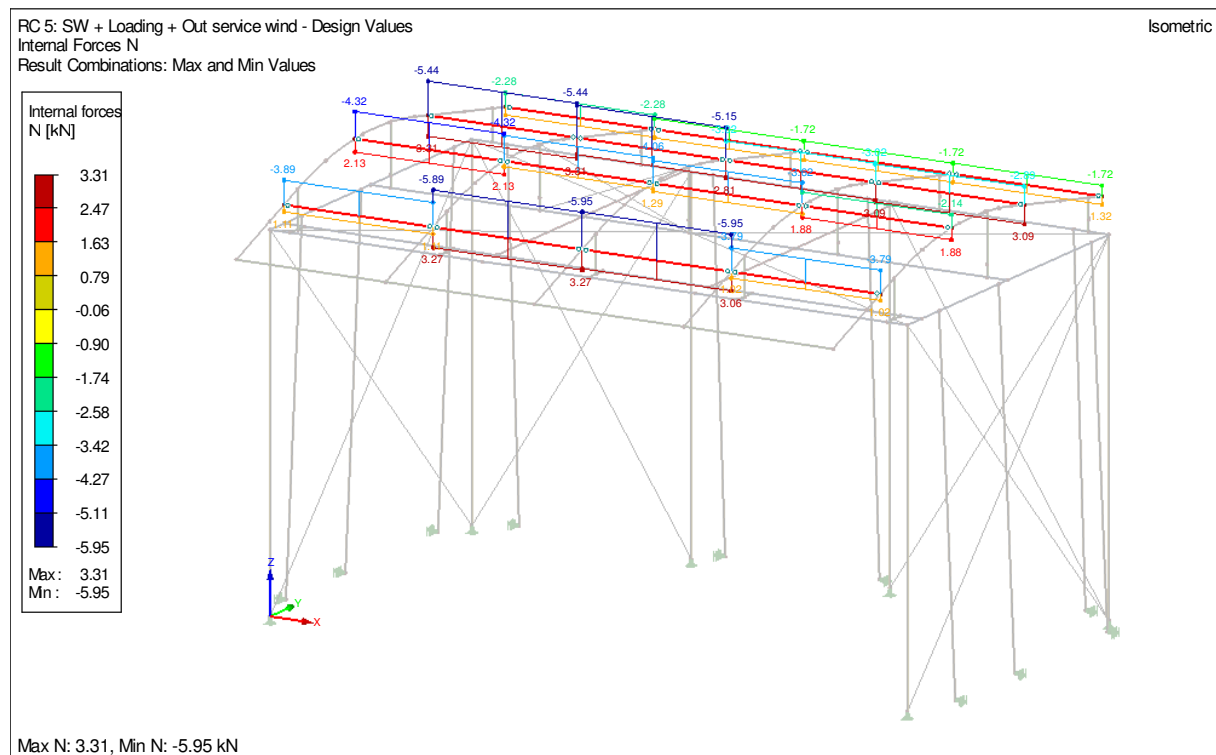
$$4.20 / 4.5 = 0.98 < 1$$

4.5.2 check of the 50x4 compression tubes of the roof structure.



The profile will be checked for buckling.





Normative load case Out service

Maximum compression force in the 50x4 profile is 5.95 kN.

Buckling calculation for the profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	300 cm
Profile cross section A	5.78 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	12.5 kN/cm ²
I	15.41 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.63

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1 * 300 = 300 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * (\sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E})$$

$$\lambda_z = 300 / (1.63 * \pi) * (\sqrt{(5.78 * 12.5) / 5.78 * 7000}) = 2.48$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (2.48 - 0.1) + 2.48^2) = 3.81$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (3.81 + \sqrt{(3.81^2 - 2.48^2)}) = 0.15$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

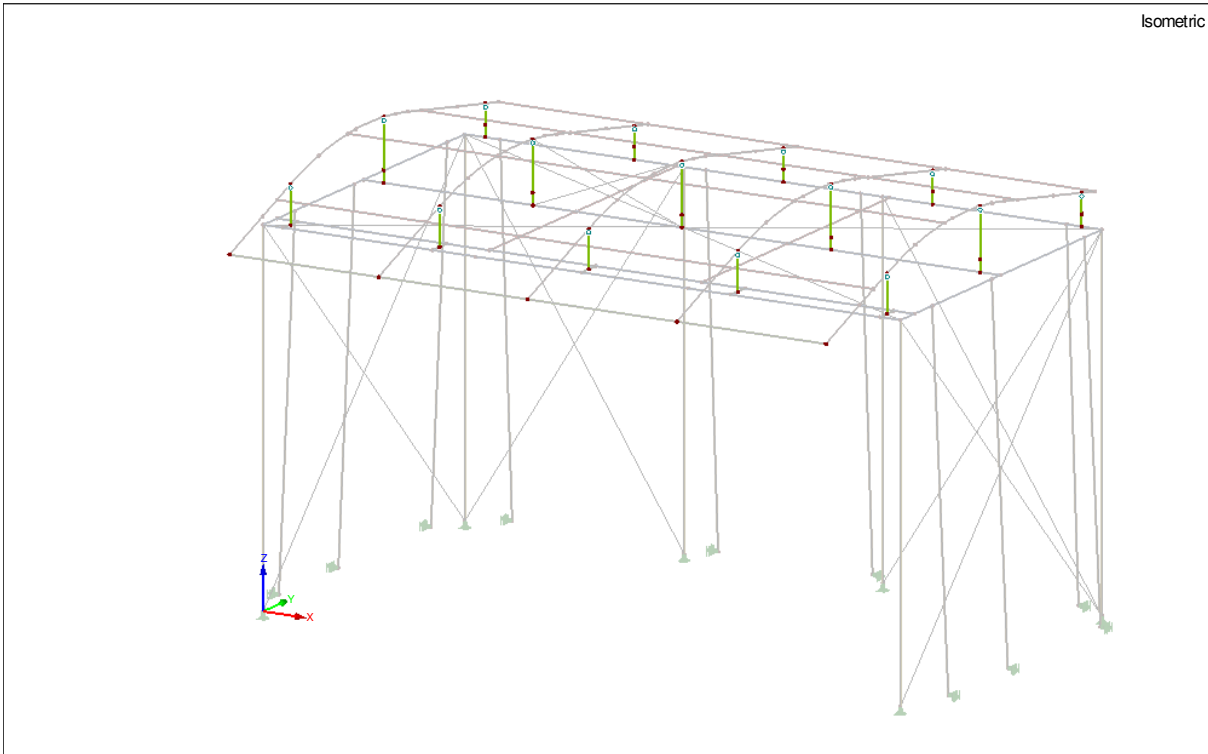
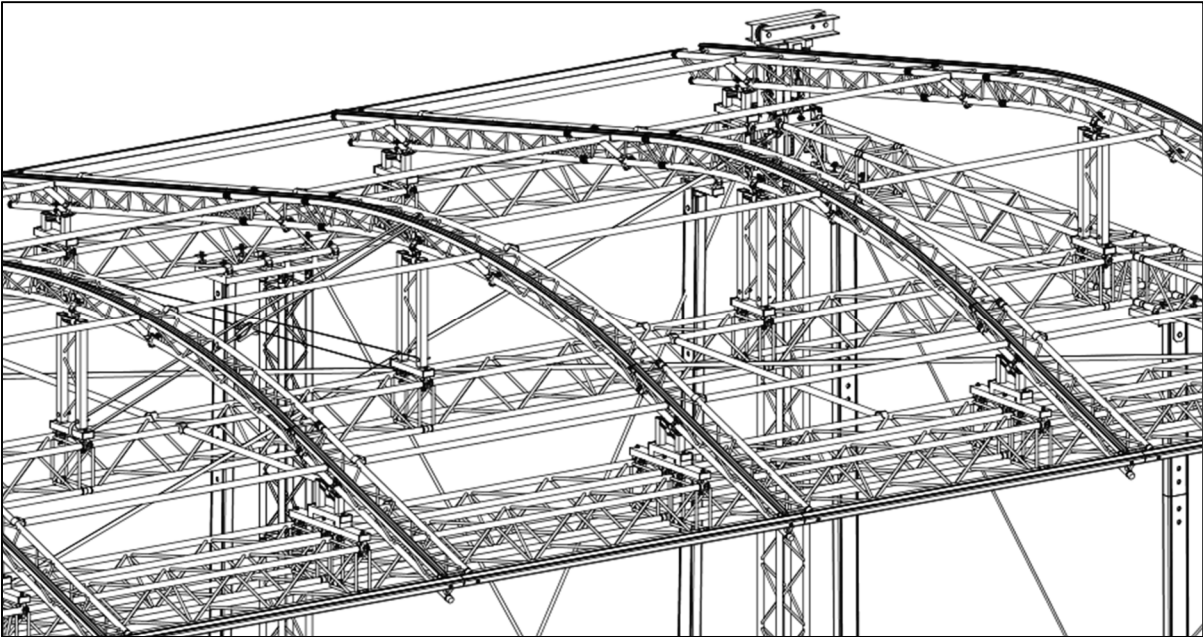
$$N_{b,rd} = 0.15 * 5.78 * 12.5 / 1.1 = 9.81 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed, max} = 5.95 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

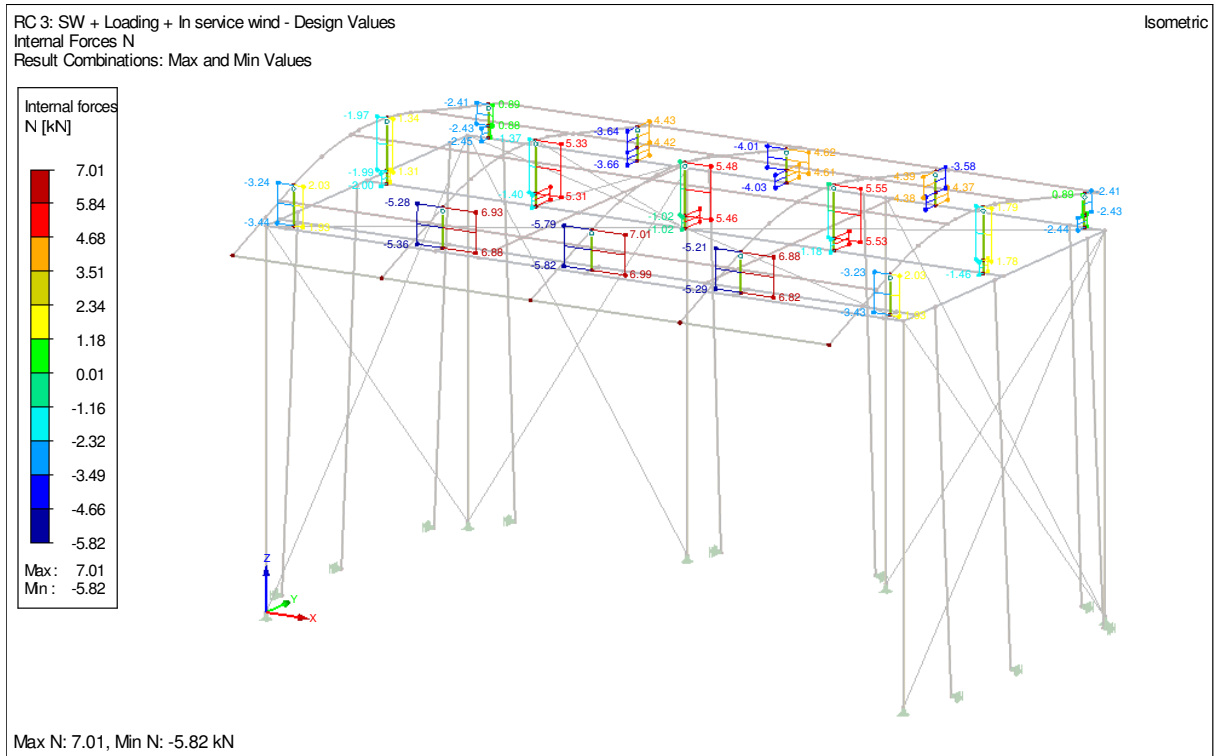
$$5.95 / 9.81 = 0.60 < 1$$

4.6 Check of the roof structure support.

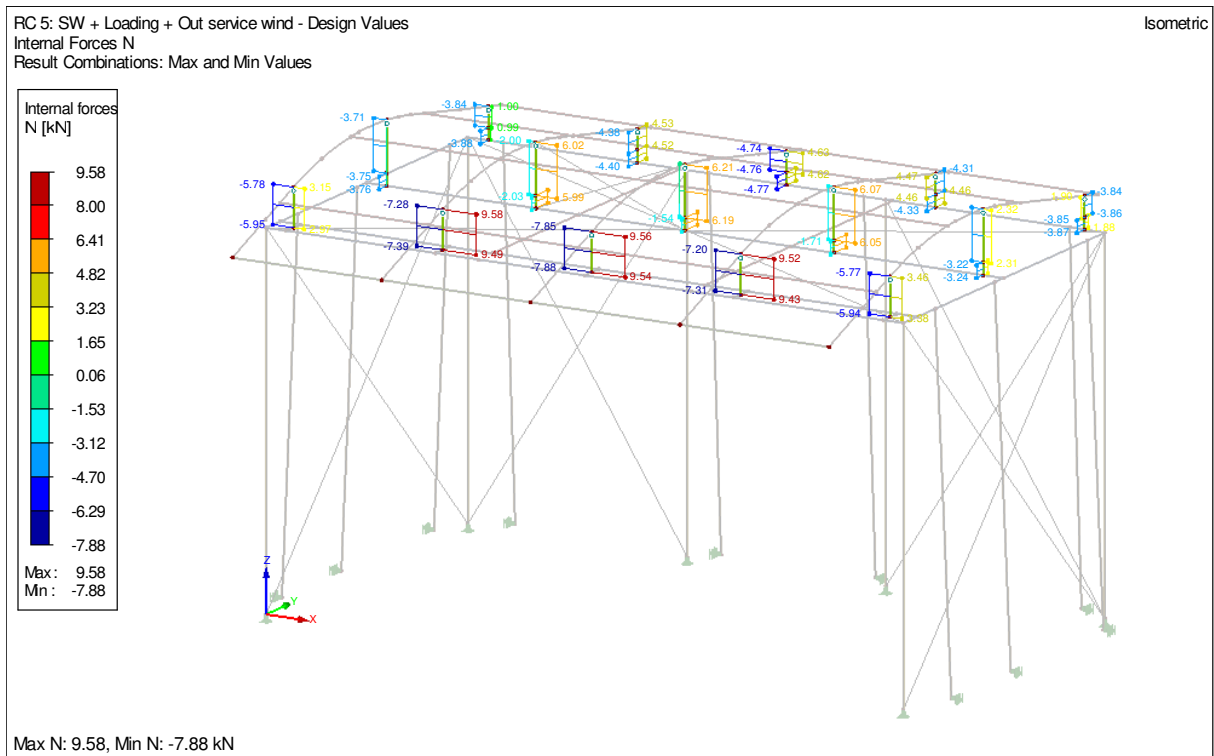


Internal normal forces for the adapters

Normal forces for RC3 In service



Normal forces for RC5 Out service



Check of the adapters for the maximum tension force

Normative load result is the out-service situation.

Maximum tension force in the roof adapter is 9.58 kN.

$$A = 2 * A(50x4 \text{ square tube}) = 2 * 7.36 = 14.72 \text{ cm}^2$$

The profile is Tig welded at both ends therefore $0.8 * f_{0,haz}$ is used to determine the maximum tension force in the profile.

$$\text{Maximum tension force} = (0.8 * f_{0,haz}) / 1.1 * A_{net} = 4.8 / 1.1 * 14.72 = 64.23 \text{ kN}$$

$$8.54 / 64.32 = 0.13 < 1$$

The adapter is mounted with two doughty clamps to the main grid. Each Doughty clamp has a WLL of 500 kg and a safety factor of 5.

The maximum characteristic tension force in the Out service situation is 7.02 kN

$$7.02 / (5 * 2) = 0.70 < 1$$

Check of the adapters with maximum compression force

Normative load result is the Out service

Maximum compression force is 7.88 kN which works in two tubes.

Buckling calculation for the 60x60 profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	120 cm
Profile cross section A	7.36 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	6.0 kN/cm ²
I	26.15 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.89

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1.5 * 120 = 180 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i * \pi) * (\sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E})$$

$$\lambda_z = 180 / (1.89 * \pi) * (\sqrt{(4.27 * 4.8) / 4.27 * 7000}) = 2.07$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (2.07 - 0.1) + 2.07^2) = 2.84$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (2.84 + \sqrt{(2.84^2 - 2.07^2)}) = 0.21$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

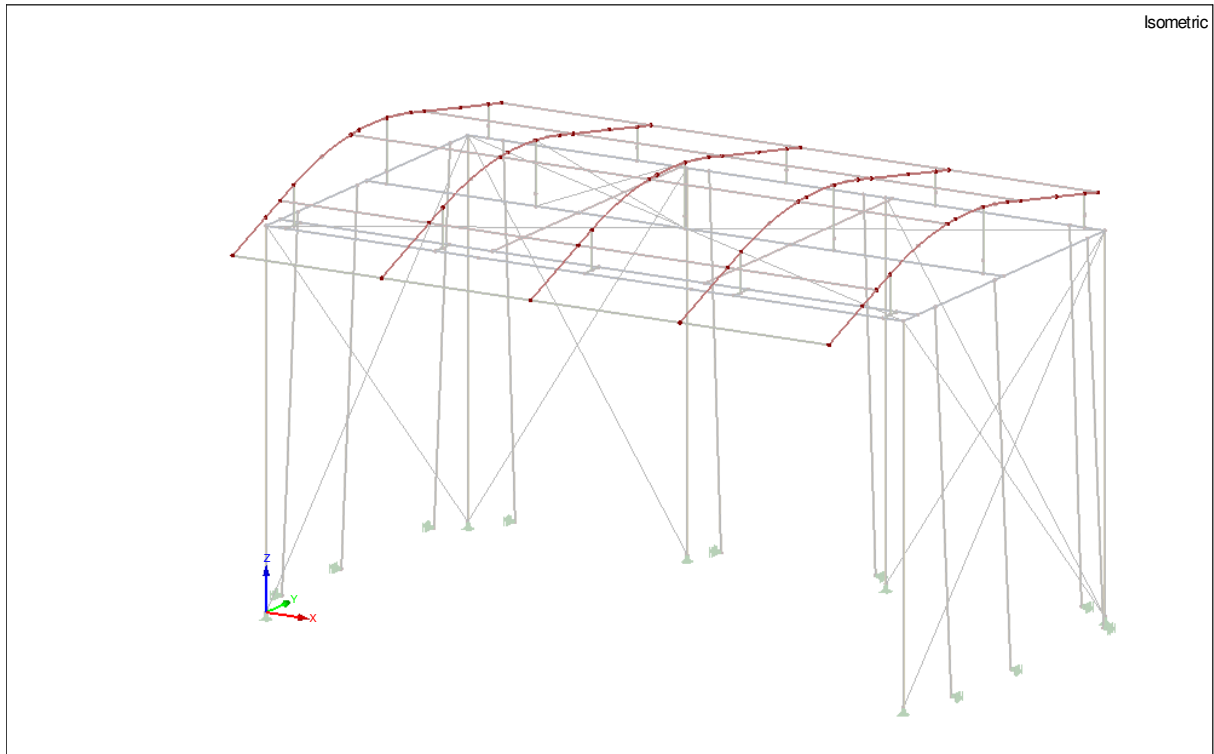
$$N_{b,rd} = 0.21 * (2 * 7.36) * 6.0 / 1.1 = 25.97 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed, max} = 7.88 / 2 = 3.94 \text{ kN}$$

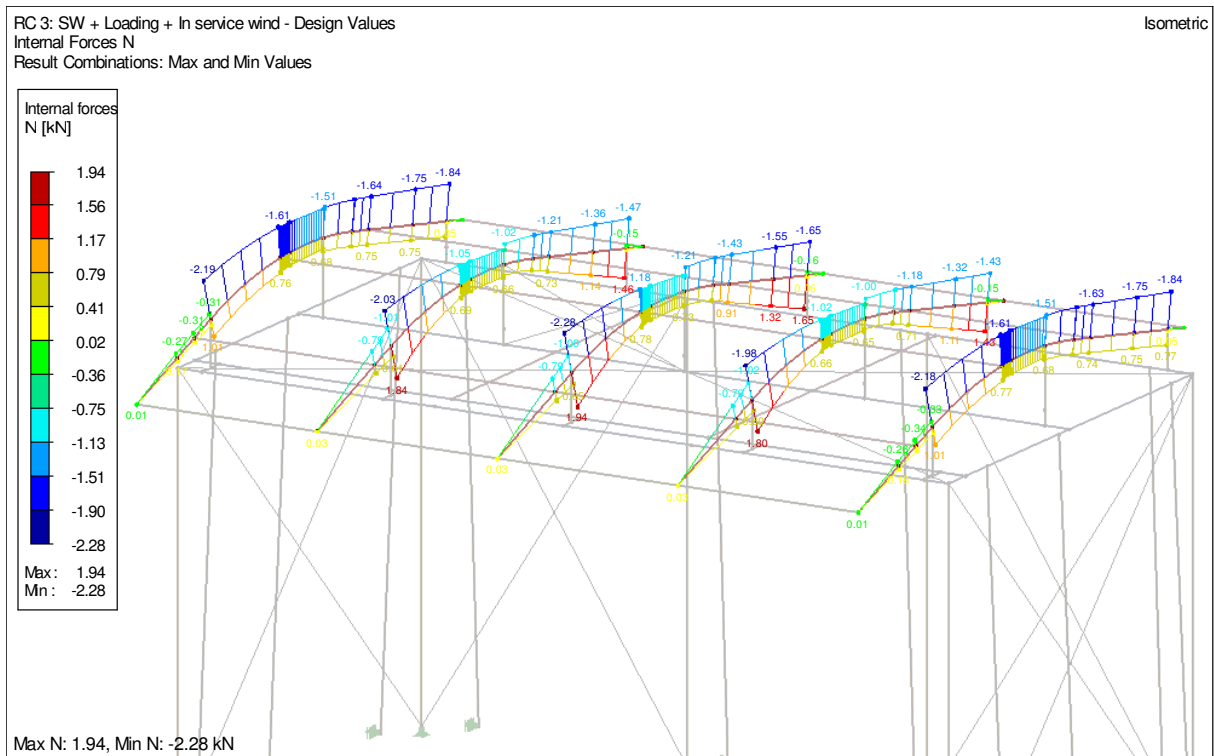
$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

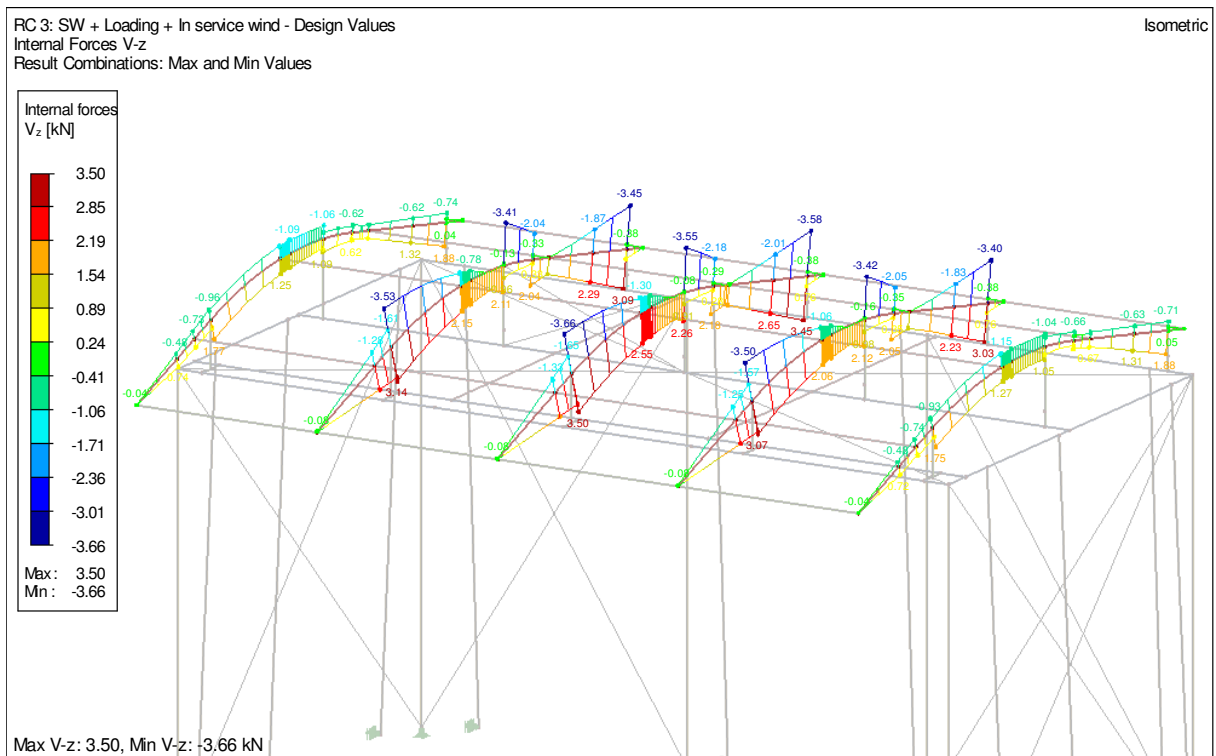
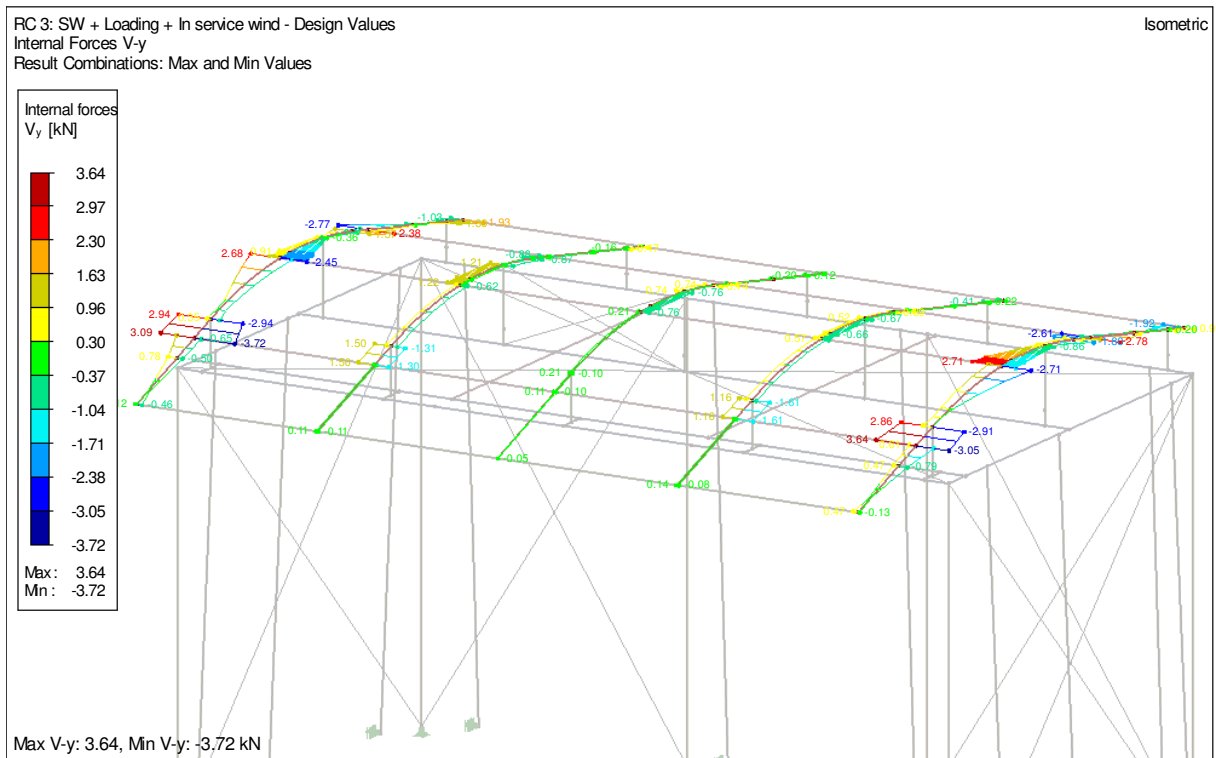
$$3.94 / 25.97 = 0.19 < 1$$

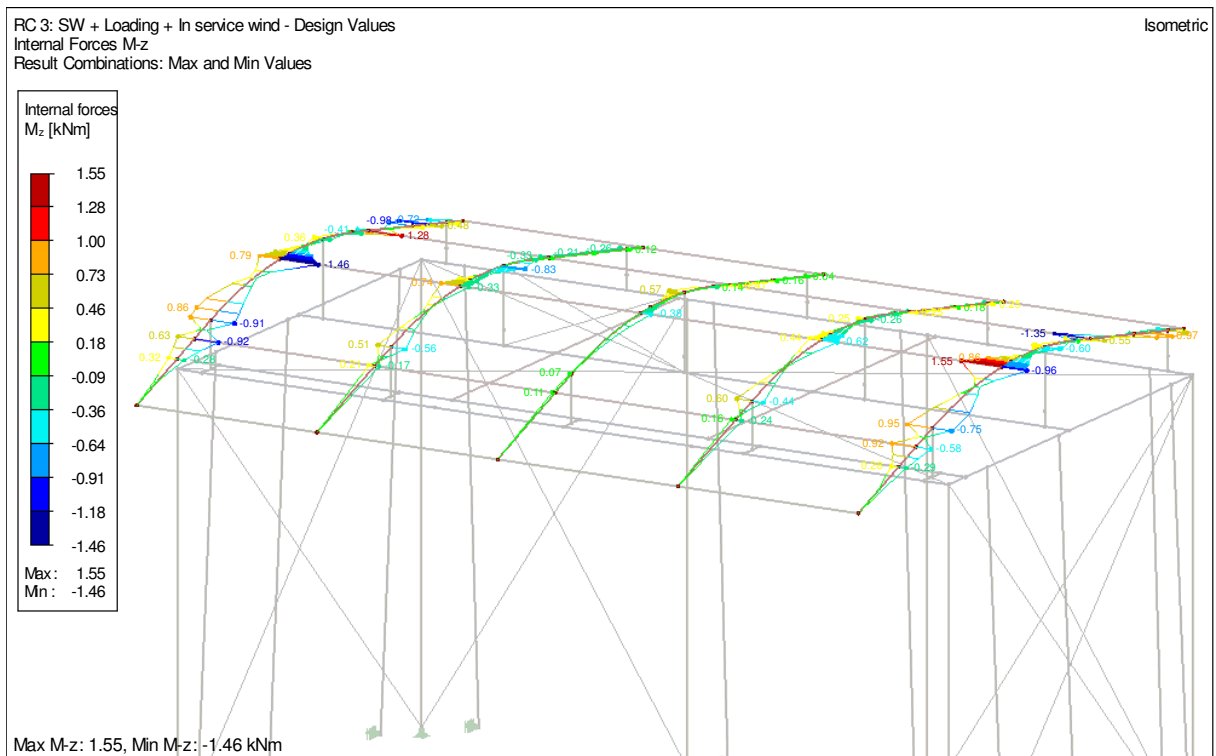
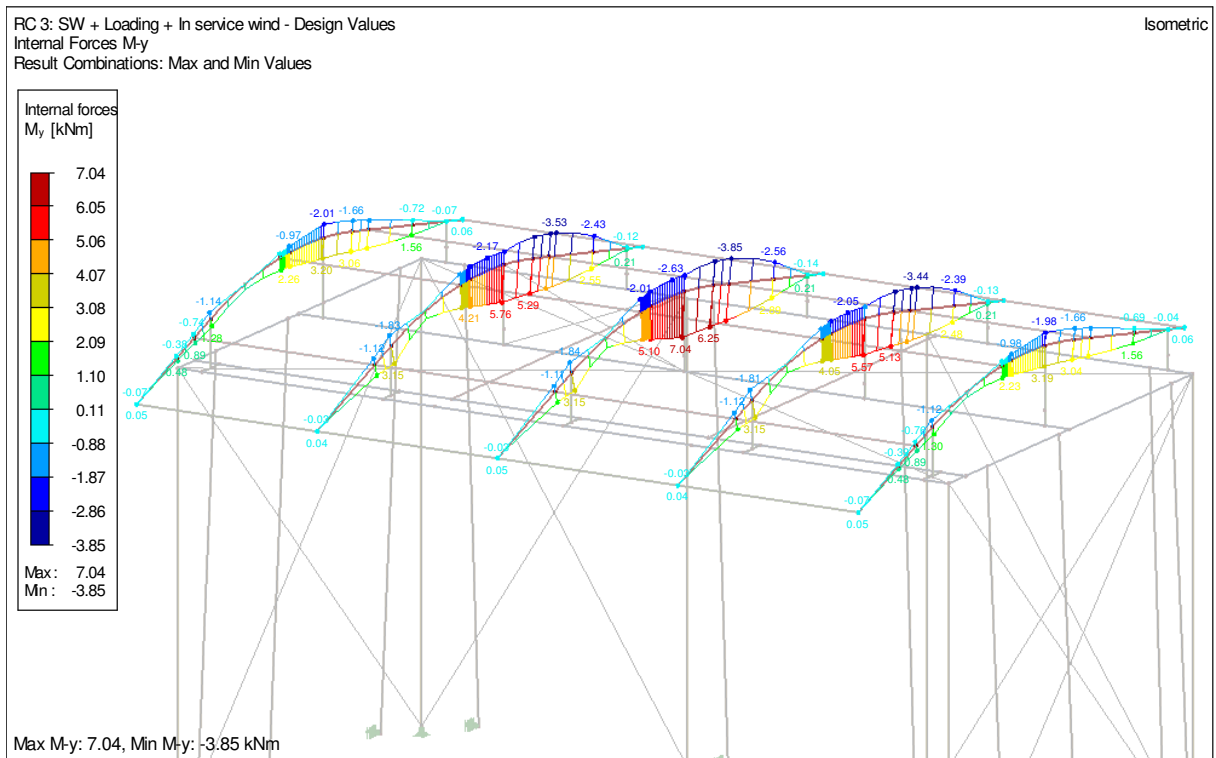
4.7 Check of the H30D roof truss



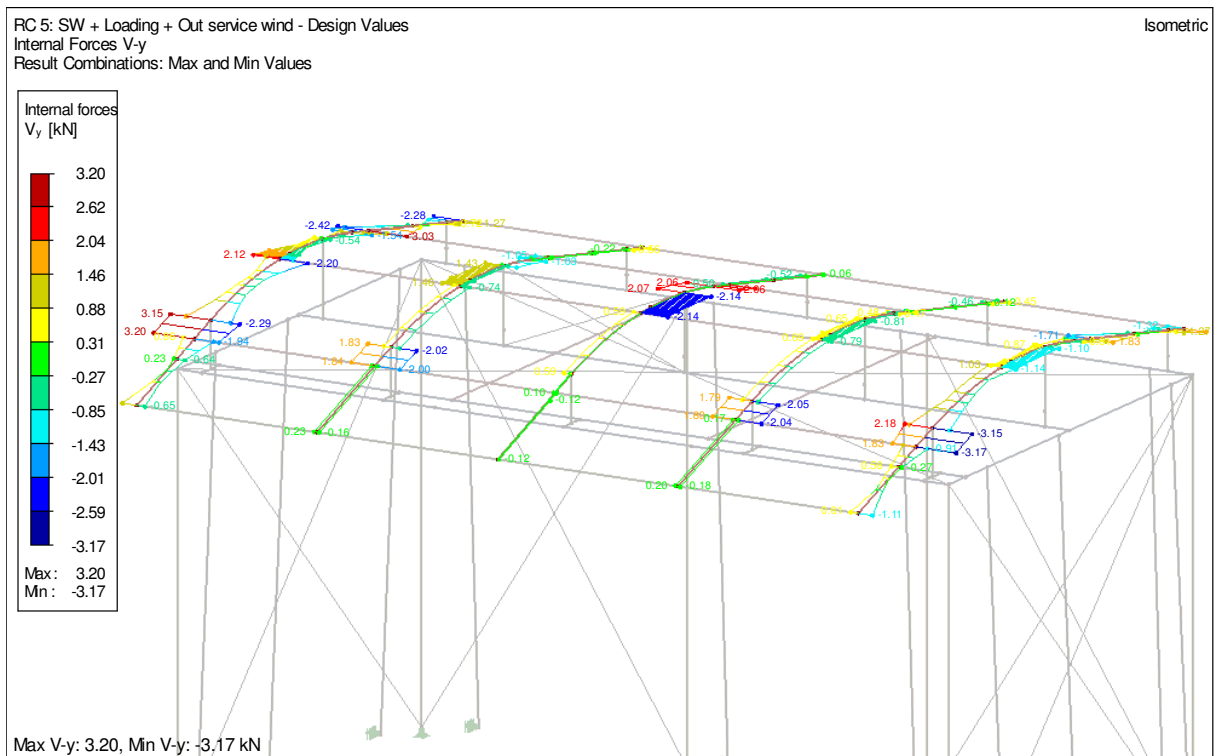
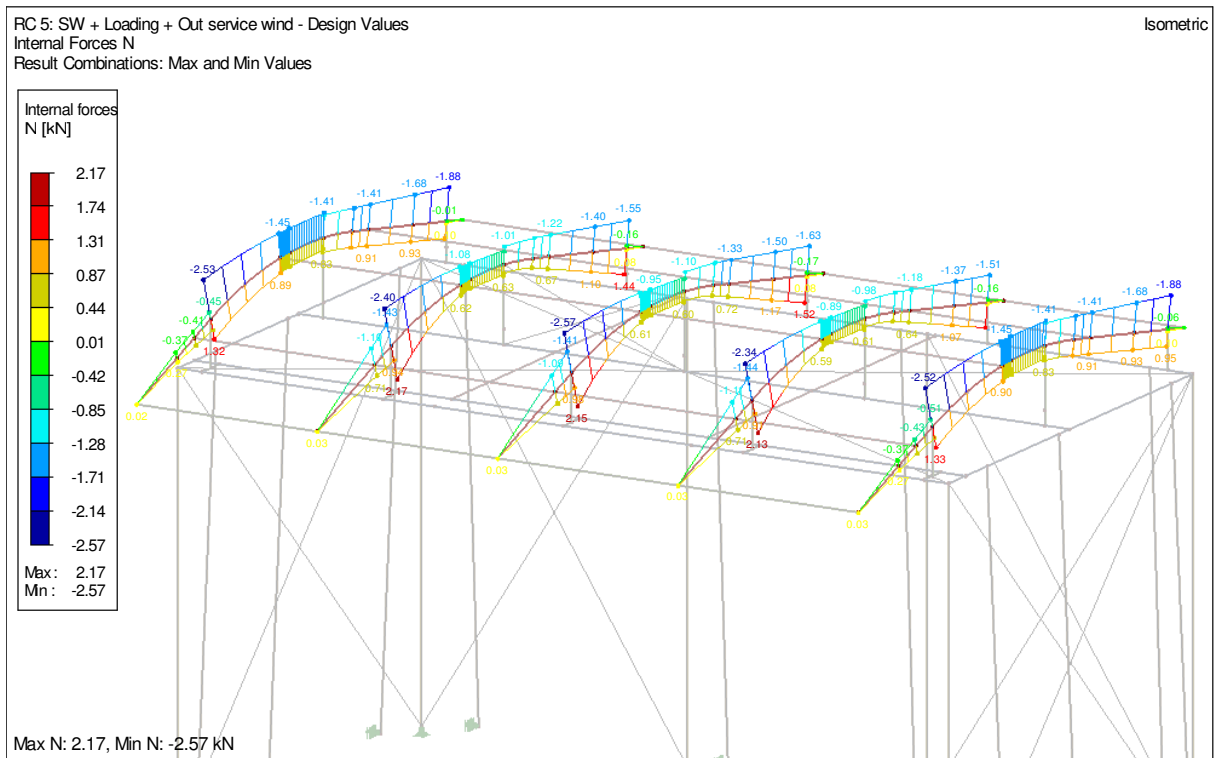
Internal forces for the RC3 In service

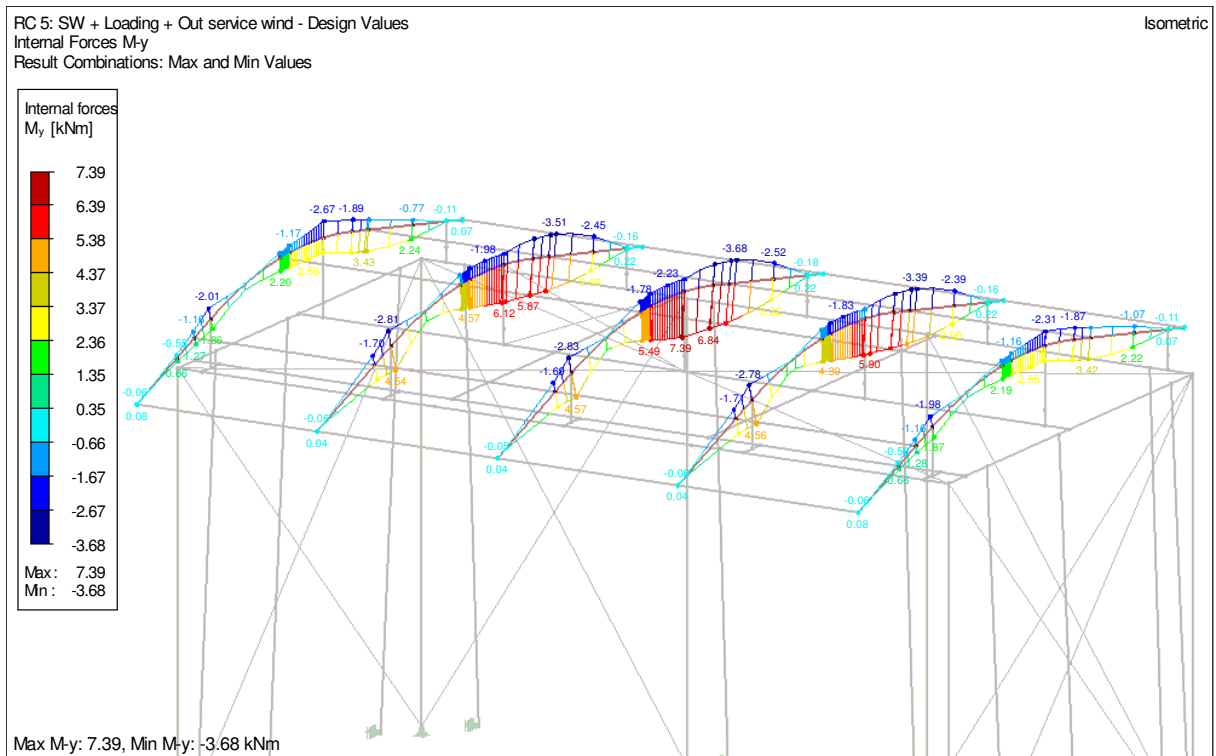
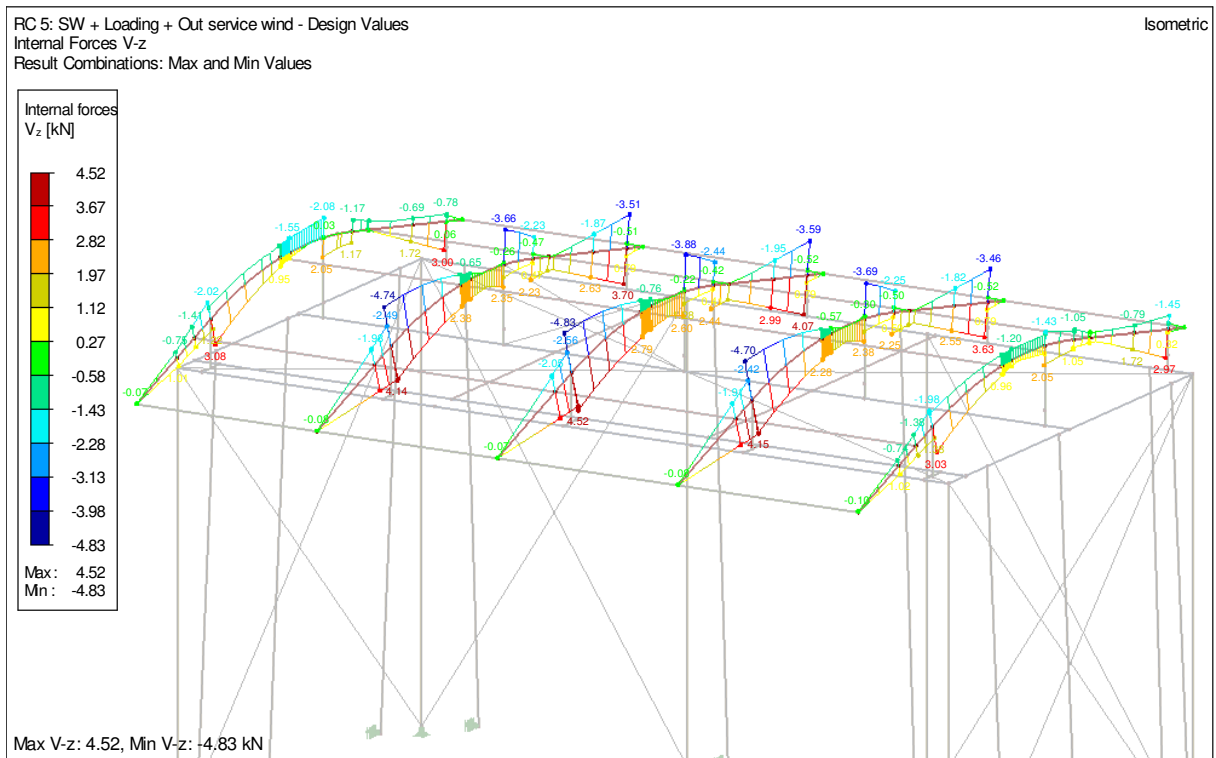


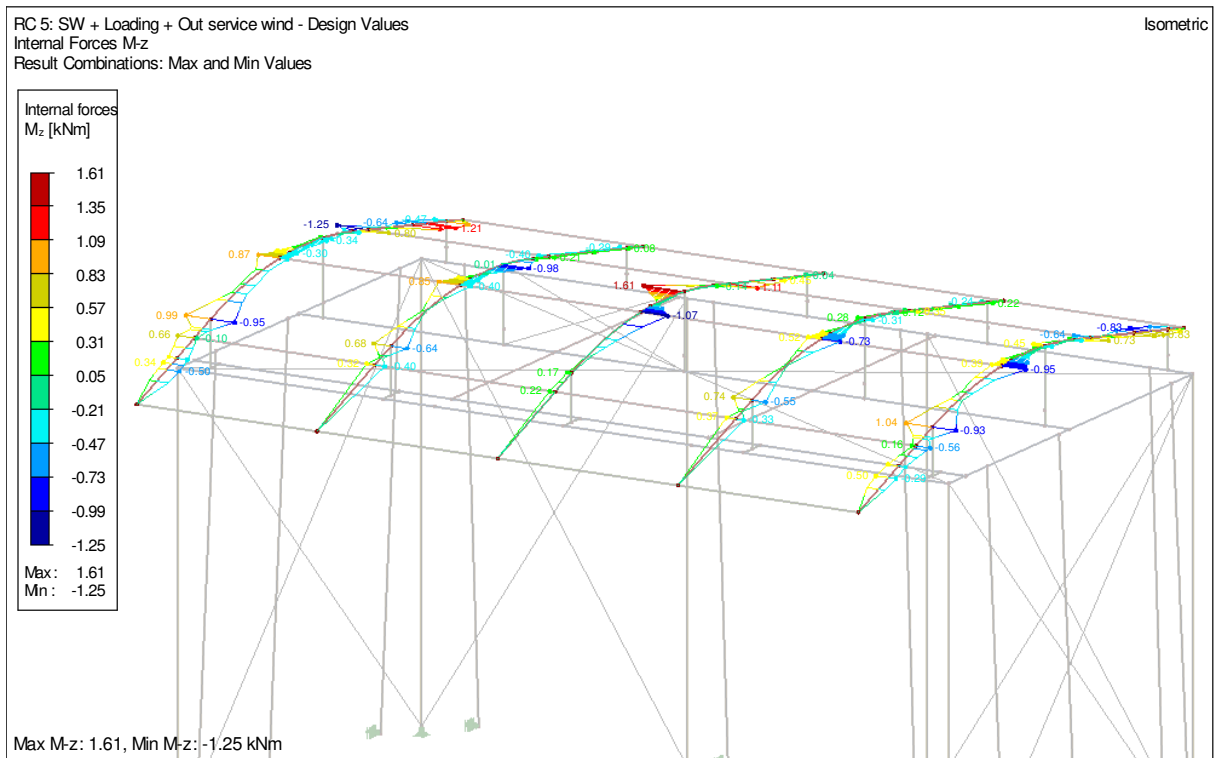




Internal forces for the RC5 Out service

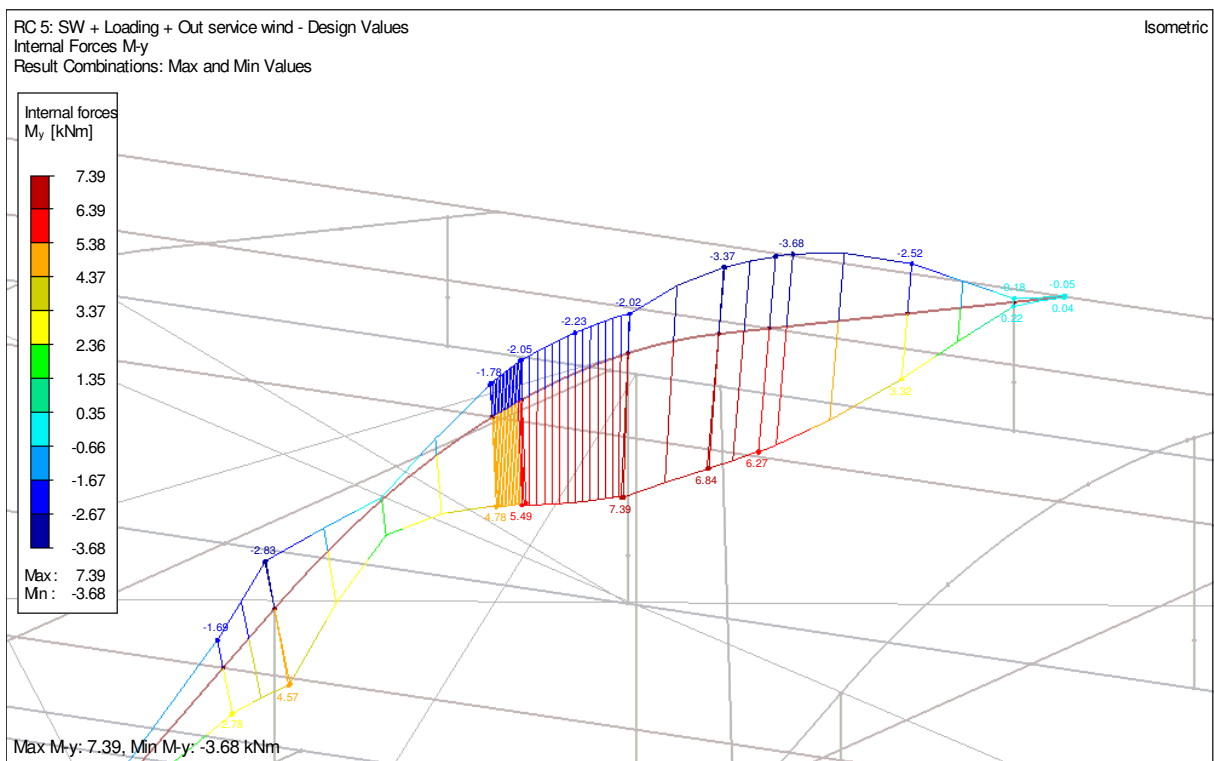






Normative Result combination RC5 Out service

Maximum Internal forces in the middle span on the back side.



Internal forces for the selected truss parts in normative load combination CO228

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]		
			N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z
29	93	0,000	-1,10	0,20	-0,26	-0,02	7,39	0,02
	18	0,420	-1,16	0,19	-0,66	-0,02	7,20	-0,06
	24	0,839	-1,25	0,19	-1,06	-0,02	6,84	-0,14
146	91	0,000	-1,50	-0,09	2,99	-0,01	3,32	0,12
	45	1,287	-1,33	-0,06	1,59	-0,02	6,27	0,22
147	45	0,000	-1,33	0,17	1,57	-0,02	6,22	0,22
	24	0,471	-1,26	0,18	1,05	-0,02	6,84	0,14
153	98	0,000	-0,95	-0,17	2,46	-0,02	5,49	-0,16
	144	0,906	-0,81	-0,19	1,52	-0,02	7,29	0,01
	93	0,974	-0,72	-0,19	1,49	-0,02	7,39	0,02

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation in node 93

$$N_d = 1.10 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.20 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 0.26 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 7.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.02 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(0.20^2 + 0.26^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.109 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = V_{d, \text{ main chord}} * e = 0.109 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.005 \text{ kNcm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = N_d/3 + M_{dy} / h + M_{dz} / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 1.10/3 + 7.39 / 0.207 + 0.02 / 0.239$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 36.15 \text{ kN}$$

Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{ main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{ main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (36.15 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.005 / 0.532 = 0.66 < 1$$

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation in node 45

$$N_d = 1.33 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.06 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.59 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 6.27 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.22 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(0.06^2 + 1.59^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.53 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = V_{d, \text{ main chord}} * e = 0.53 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 0.026 \text{ kNcm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = N_d/3 + M_{dy} / h + M_{dz} / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 1.33 / 3 + 6.27 / 0.207 + 0.22 / 0.239$$

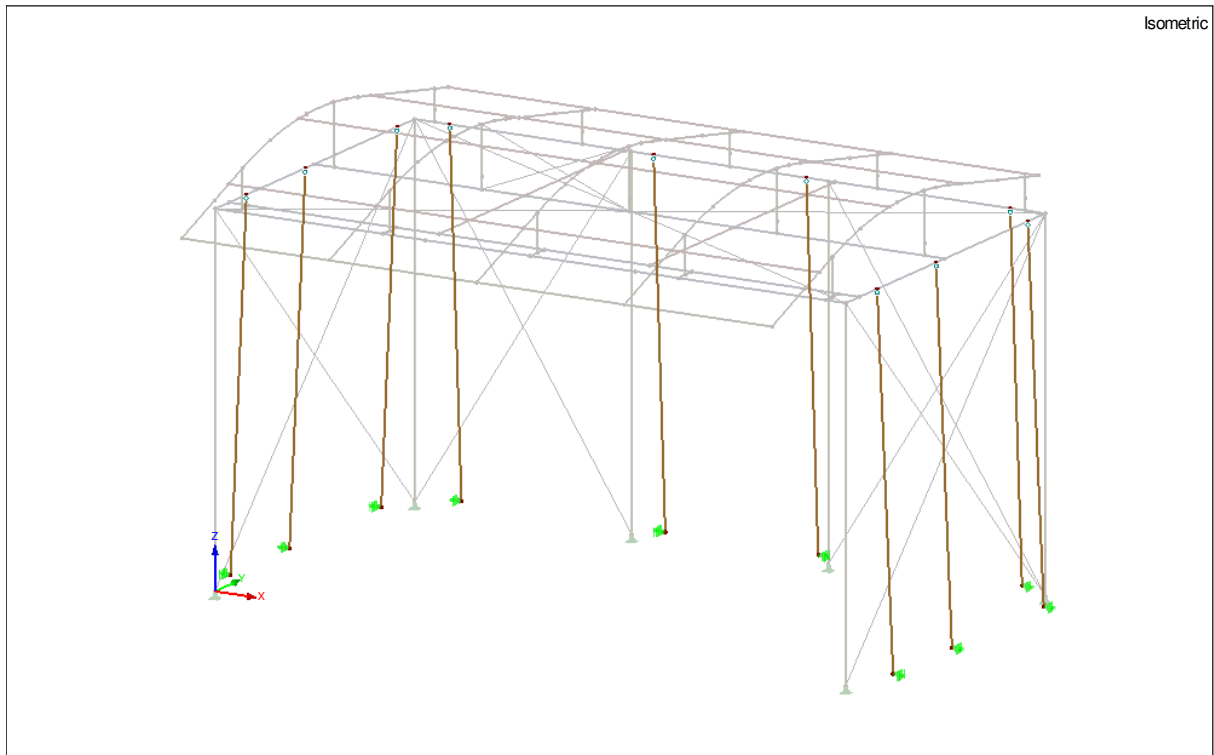
$$N_{d, \text{ main chord}} = 31.65 \text{ kN}$$

Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{ main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{ main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

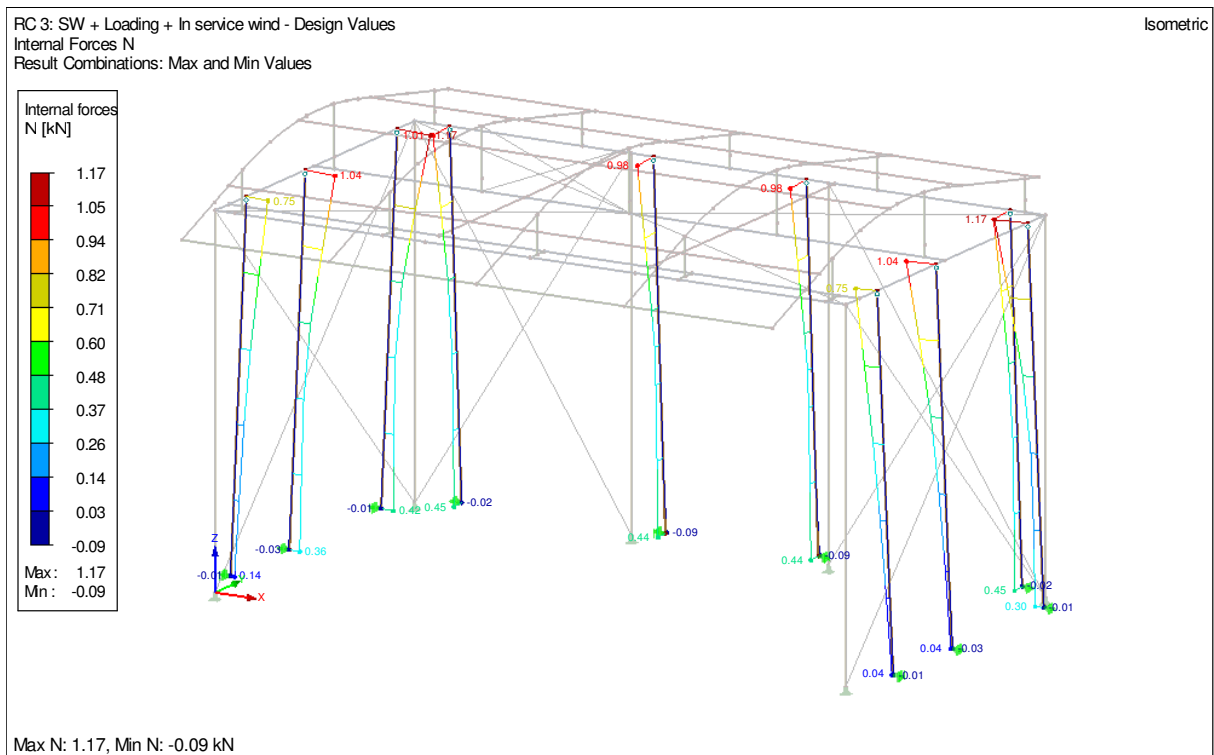
$$\eta = (31.65 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.026 / 0.532 = 0.59 < 1$$

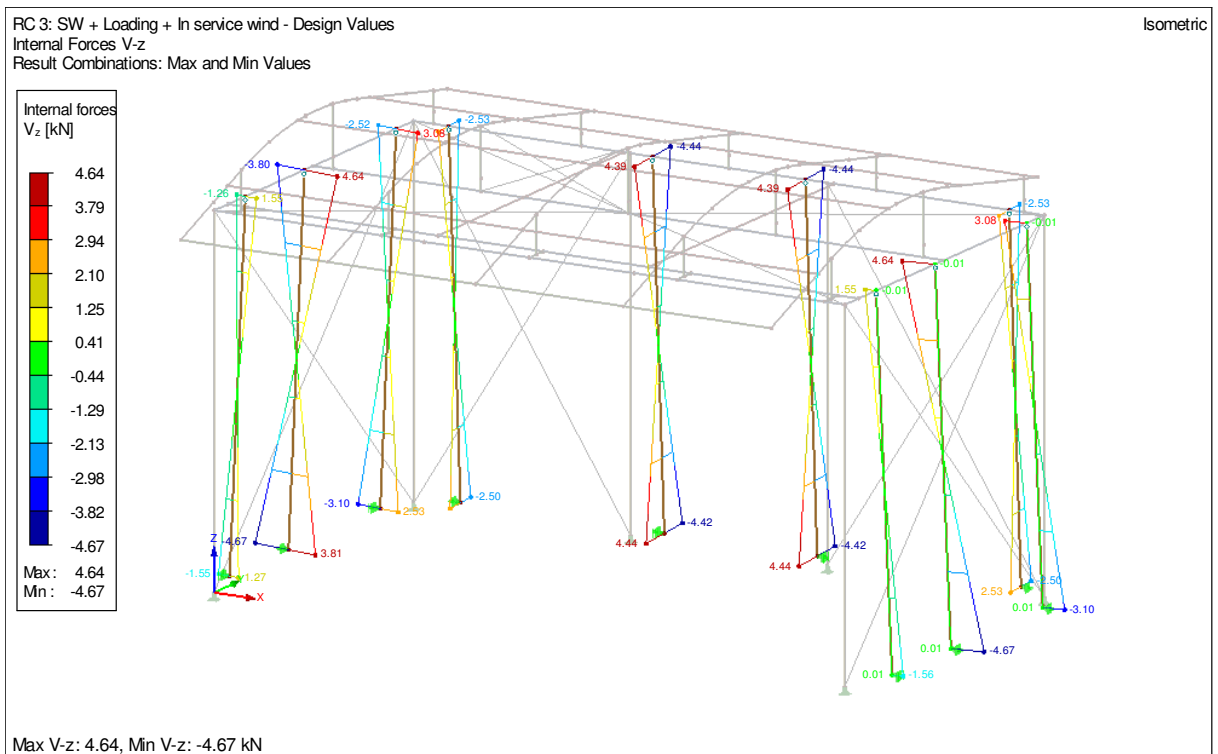
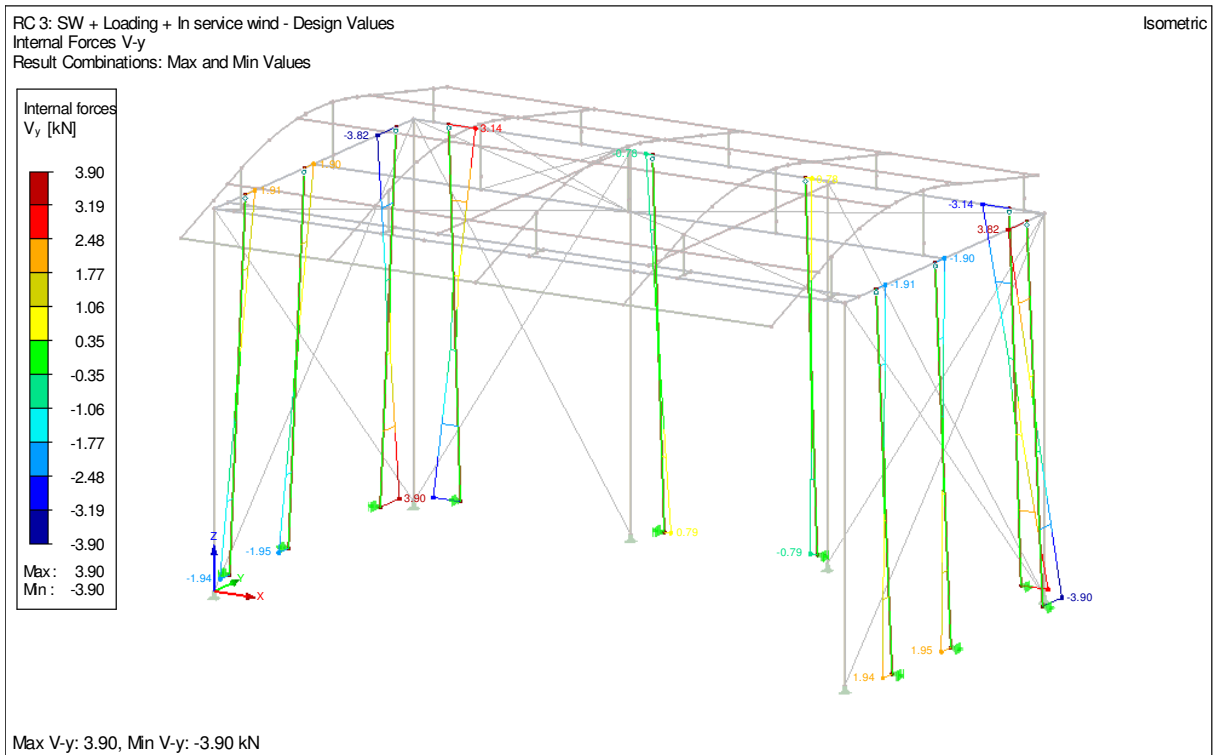
4.8 Check of the Side and back wall kedar system.

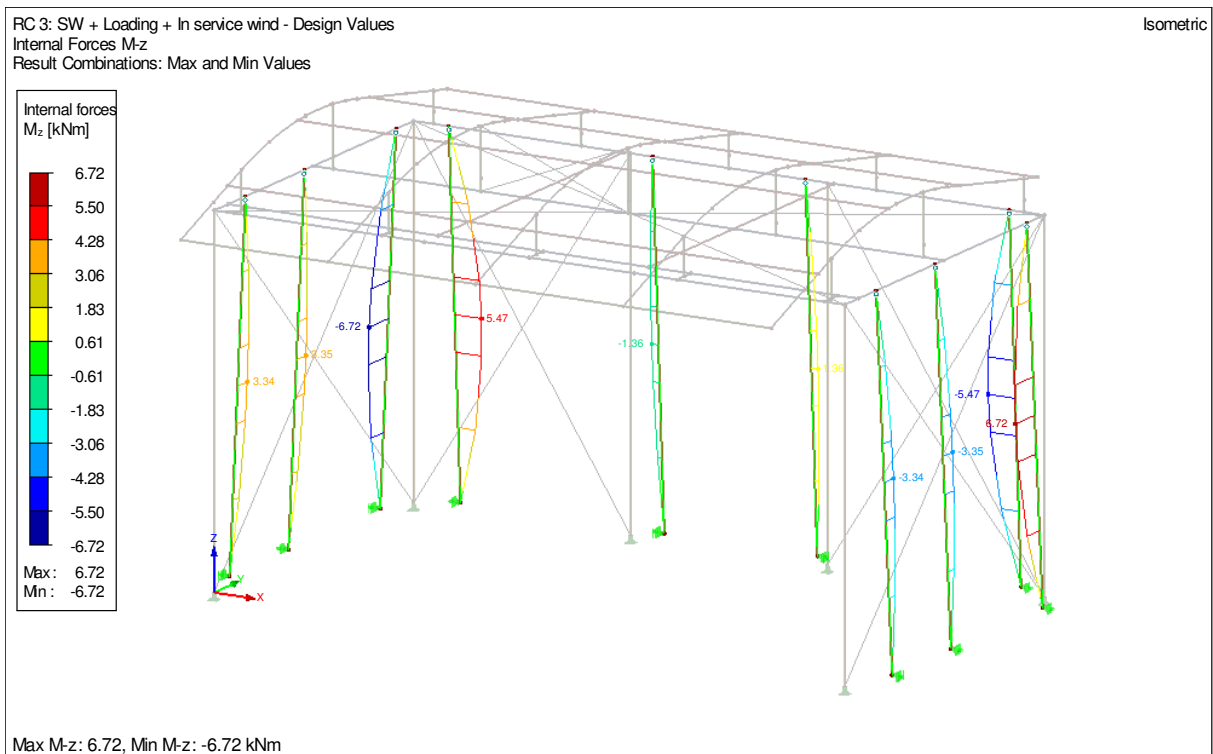
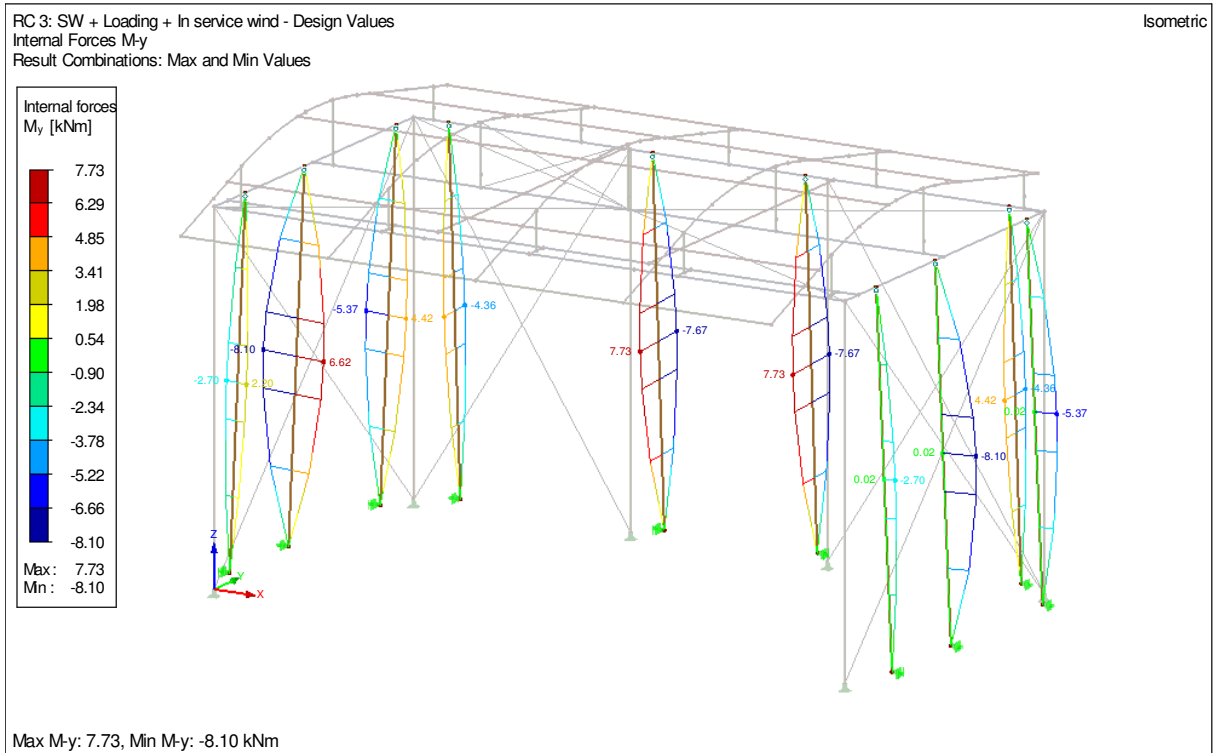


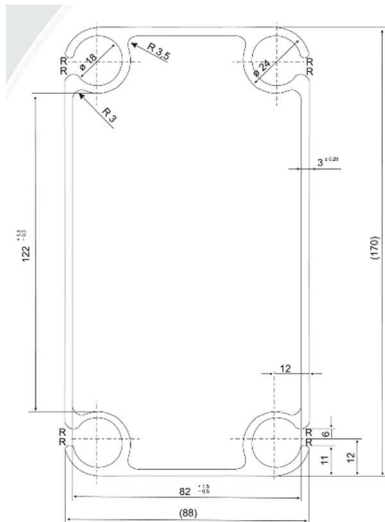
Normative load result is RC3 because In the out service there are no Side walls attached.

Internal forces of the side keder profile for RC3 In service









Cross-Section Properties	
Moments of inertia	
Torsion	J : 100.00 [cm ⁴]
Bending	I _y : 766.50 [cm ⁴]
	I _z : 230.70 [cm ⁴]
Cross-sectional areas	
Axial	A : 18.98 [cm ²]
Shear	A _y : 18.50 [cm ²]
	A _z : 18.50 [cm ²]
Inclination of principal axes	
Angle	α : 0.00 [°]
Overall dimensions (for non-uniform temperature loads)	
Width	b : 170.0 [mm]
Depth	h : 88.0 [mm]

Material = EN AW-6005A

$$f_0 = 21.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\gamma_m = 1.1$$

The Check of the middle profile in the side wall with the maximum forces in the result combination RC3

Weakest cross section

$$A_{\text{nett}} = A_{\text{profil}} - 2 * 30\text{mm hole}$$

$$A_{\text{nett}} = 18.89 - 2 * 3 * 0.3 = 17.09 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$N_{\text{ed, max}} = 1.04 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{y, \text{ed max}} = 1.95 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{z, \text{ed max}} = 4.67 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y, \text{ed max}} = 8.10 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{z, \text{ed max}} = 3.35 \text{ kNm}$$

Calculation

$$\sigma_n = N_{\text{ed, max}} / A = 1.04 / 17.09 = 0.061 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vy} = V_{y, \text{ed max}} / A = 1.95 / 17.09 = 0.114 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vz} = V_{z, \text{ed max}} / A = 4.67 / 17.09 = 0.273 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{my} = M_{y, \text{ed max}} / (I_y / e) = 810 / (766.5 / 8.5) = 8.982 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{mz} = M_{z, \text{ed max}} / (I_z / e) = 335 / (230.7 / 4.4) = 6.389 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((\sigma_n + \sigma_{my} + \sigma_{mz})^2 + 3 * (\sigma_{vy} + \sigma_{vz})^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((0.061 + 8.982 + 6.389)^2 + 3 * (0.114 + 0.273)^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 15.66 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\text{check } \sigma_{\text{tot}} / (f_0 / \gamma_m) < 1$$

$$15.66 / (21.5 / 1.1) = 0.80 < 1$$

The Check of the side profile in the back wall with the maximum forces in the result combination RC3

Weakest cross section

$$A_{\text{nett}} = A_{\text{profil}} - 2 * 30\text{mm hole}$$

$$A_{\text{nett}} = 18.89 - 2 * 3 * 0.3 = 17.09 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$N_{\text{ed, max}} = 1.10 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{y, \text{ed max}} = 3.18 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{z, \text{ed max}} = 2.53 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y, \text{ed max}} = 436 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{z, \text{ed max}} = 547 \text{ kNm}$$

Calculation

$$\sigma_n = N_{\text{ed, max}} / A = 1.10 / 17.09 = 0.064 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vy} = V_{y, \text{ed max}} / A = 3.18 / 17.09 = 0.186 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vz} = V_{z, \text{ed max}} / A = 2.53 / 17.09 = 0.148 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{my} = M_{y, \text{ed max}} / (I_y / e) = 436 / (766.5 / 8.5) = 4.835 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{mz} = M_{z, \text{ed max}} / (I_z / e) = 547 / (230.7 / 4.4) = 10.432 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((\sigma_n + \sigma_{my} + \sigma_{mz})^2 + 3 * (\sigma_{vy} + \sigma_{vz})^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((0.064 + 4.835 + 10.432)^2 + 3 * (0.186 + 0.146)^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 15.52 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\text{check } \sigma_{\text{tot}} / (f_0 / \gamma_m) < 1$$

$$15.52 / (21.5 / 1.1) = 0.79 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole of the profile in the joint.

Maximum normal force 1.17 kN

$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 11.5 * 3 * 0.3) / 1.25 = 20.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b, \text{ed}} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

$$1.17 / 20.7 = 0.06 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole at the top roof adapter

Maximum normal force 1.07 kN

Maximum shear force 4.67 kN

$$V_{d, \text{pin}} = \sqrt{(N^2 + V^2)} = \sqrt{(1.07^2 + 4.67^2)} = 4.79 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{This force will be divided over two side} = 4.79 / 2 = 2.396 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 11.5 * 3 * 0.3) / 1.25 = 20.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b, \text{ed}} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

$$2.396 / 20.7 = 0.11 < 1$$

4.9 Check of the side and back wall adapter on the top.

For the attachment to the top 3 different types of adapters are use

BACKWALL ADAPTER

REMARKS : DRW: 2016020-003

DESIGNED BY : NO MILDER PROJECT NO. : 2016020
 DATE : 02-2017 CUSTOMER : GOVANNI EGELS VERHUUR
 REVISION : STATUS :

DESCRIPTION:
BACKWALL ADAPTER

UNIT : MM

IM
 Structural Event Engineering
 WWW.IM-STEEL.COM

SIDE WALL ADAPTER

REMARKS : DRW: 2016020-004 SHEET 12

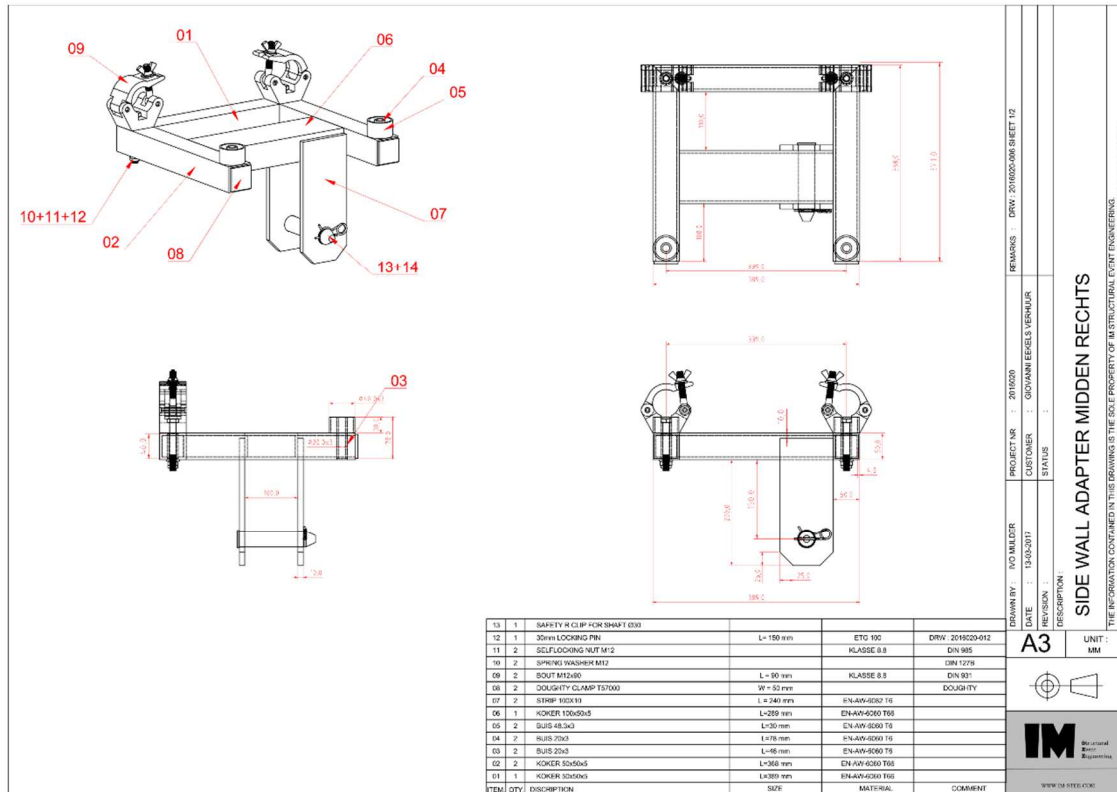
DESIGNED BY : NO MILDER PROJECT NO. : 2016020
 DATE : 13-02-2017 CUSTOMER : GOVANNI EGELS VERHUUR
 REVISION : STATUS :

DESCRIPTION:
SIDE WALL ADAPTER

UNIT : MM

IM
 Structural Event Engineering
 WWW.IM-STEEL.COM

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT
10	1	SAFETY R CLIP FOR SHAFT Ø30			
09	1	30mm LOCKING PIN	L= 100 mm	ETD 100	DRW: 2016020-012
08	4	SELF LOCKING NUT M12		KLASSE 8.8	DIN 935
07	4	SHIMMY WASHER M12			DIN 1275
06	4	SOULT M12x50	L = 50 mm	KLASSE 8.8	DIN 937
05	4	DOUGHTY CLAMP F57000	W= 50 mm		DOUGHTY
04	2	STRIP 100x10	L = 240 mm	EN-AN-6502 T6	
03	1	KOKER 130x50x5	L=289 mm	EN-AN-6200 T66	
02	4	SHS 200	L=40 mm	EN-AN-6200 T2	
01	4	KOKER 120x50x5	L=289 mm	EN-AN-6200 T66	



Check of the doughty clamp

The maximum normal force in one of the adapters is 1.07 kN

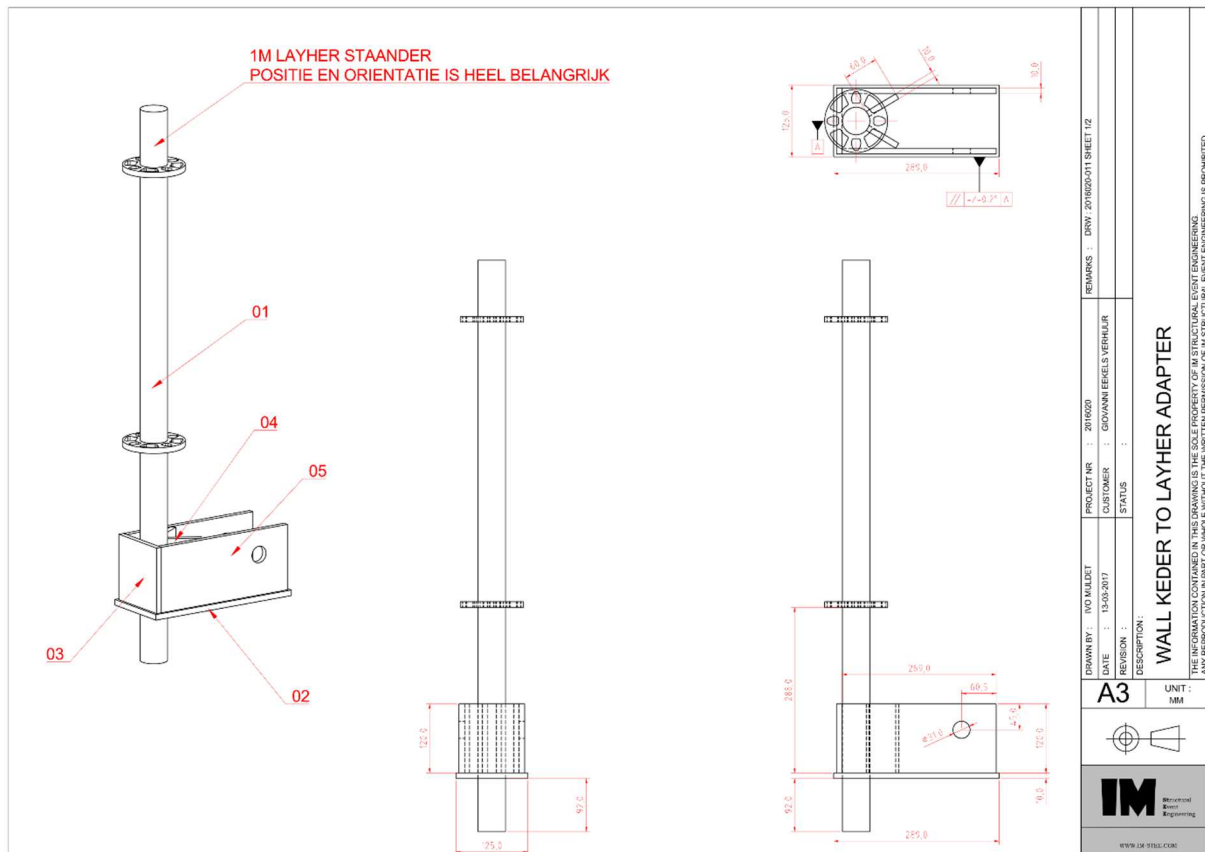
The maximum shear force to the 4.79 kN

Force on the doughty clamp

$$N_{ed} / 2 + V_{ed} * 15 / 23.9 = 1.07 / 2 + 4.79 * 15 / 23.9 = 3.54 \text{ kN}$$

The adapter is mounted with a minimum of two doughty clamps to the main grid. Each Doughty clamp has a WLL of 500 kg and a safety factor of 5.

4.10 Check of wall kedar Layher adapter



Maximum forces from the side and back wall profiles on the Layher connection

$$V_{ed} = 4.67 \text{ kN}$$

The adapter will be connected to the Layher stage with the use of a connection pin from Layher.

Dimensions of connection pin RRO 38 x 3.6 S275

Material = S275 J0H

$$F_y = 27.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\gamma_{m0} = 1$$

Maximum allowable shear stress

$$V_{rd} = A_v * (f_y / \sqrt{3}) * (1 / \gamma_{m0})$$

$$V_{rd} = 3.89 * (27.5 / \sqrt{3}) = 61.79 \text{ kN}$$

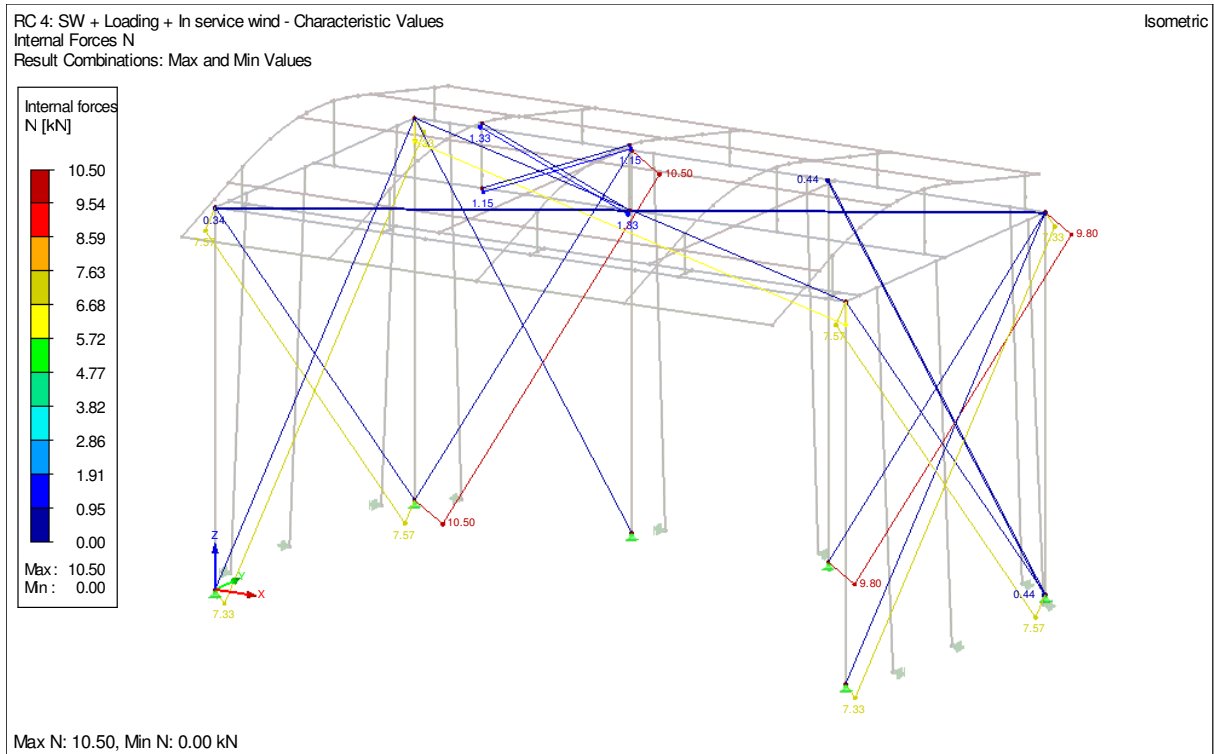
$$V_{ed} / V_{rd} < 1$$

$$4.67 / 61.79 = 0.07 < 1$$

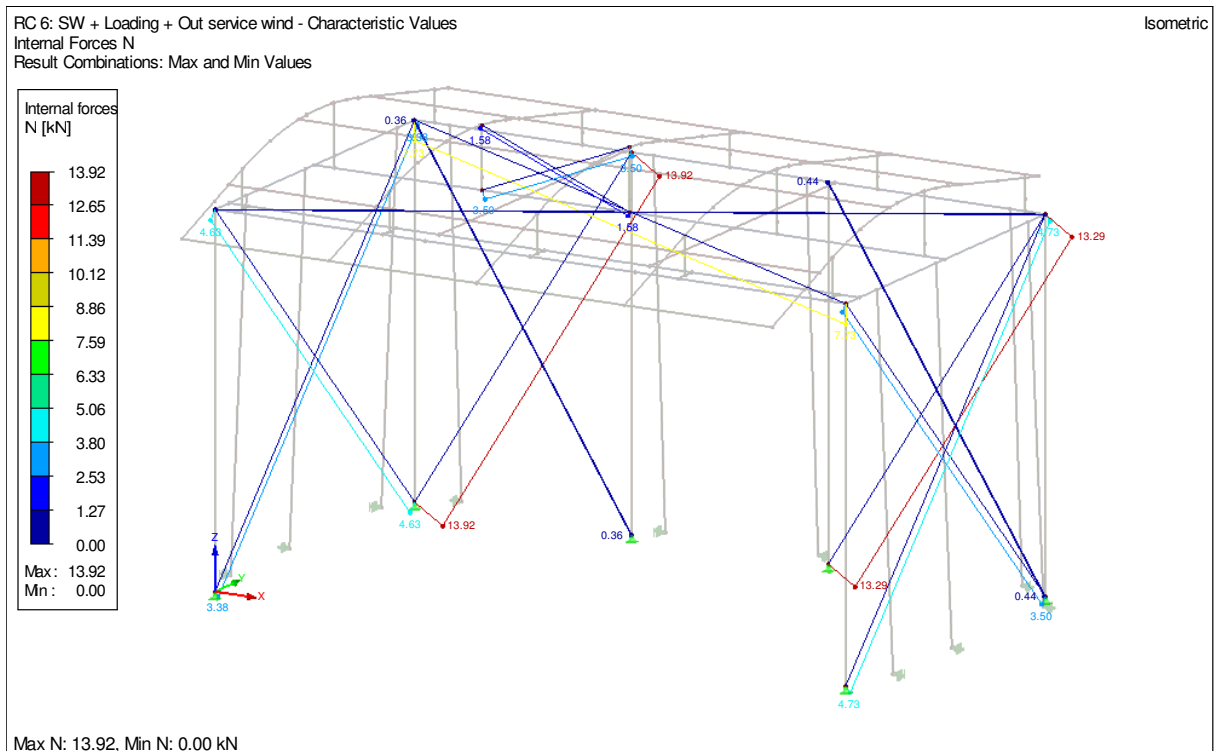
4.11 Check of the steel cable in the roof construction and side and back wall.

The steel wire's will be checked characteristic values because the steel wire already has a safety factor.

Internal force for the RC4 In service characteristic values



Internal forces for RC6 Out service characteristic values



Normative result combination is RC6 Out service
Maximum steel wire force is 13.92 kN.

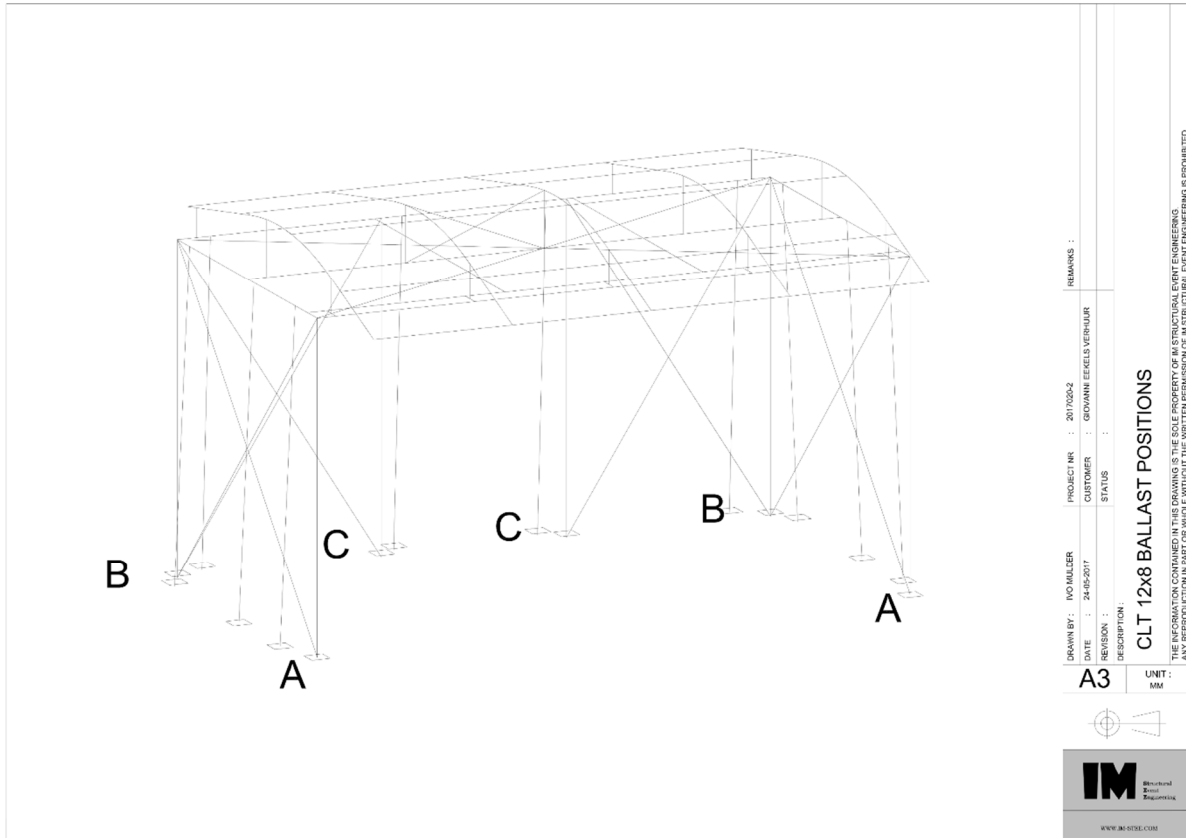
For the steel wire a safety factor of 3.5 is required.
Recommended steel wire 6x36 with steel core $\sigma = 1770 \text{ kN/mm}^2$
Minimum diameter 10 mm with minimum breaking strength of 63 kN
Check $63 / 3.5 = 18 \text{ kN} > 17.18 \text{ kN}$

The connection of the steel wire to the sleeve block is made by a 10mm aluminium plate which is bolted on with two M12 bolts, The connection to the base unit is made with a 3.25 T shackle which is connected to a 10mm steel plate which welded on the base unit.
The required retched strap to tension the steel wire need a minimum LC of 2000 daN in a straight line. According to the EN-12195-2.

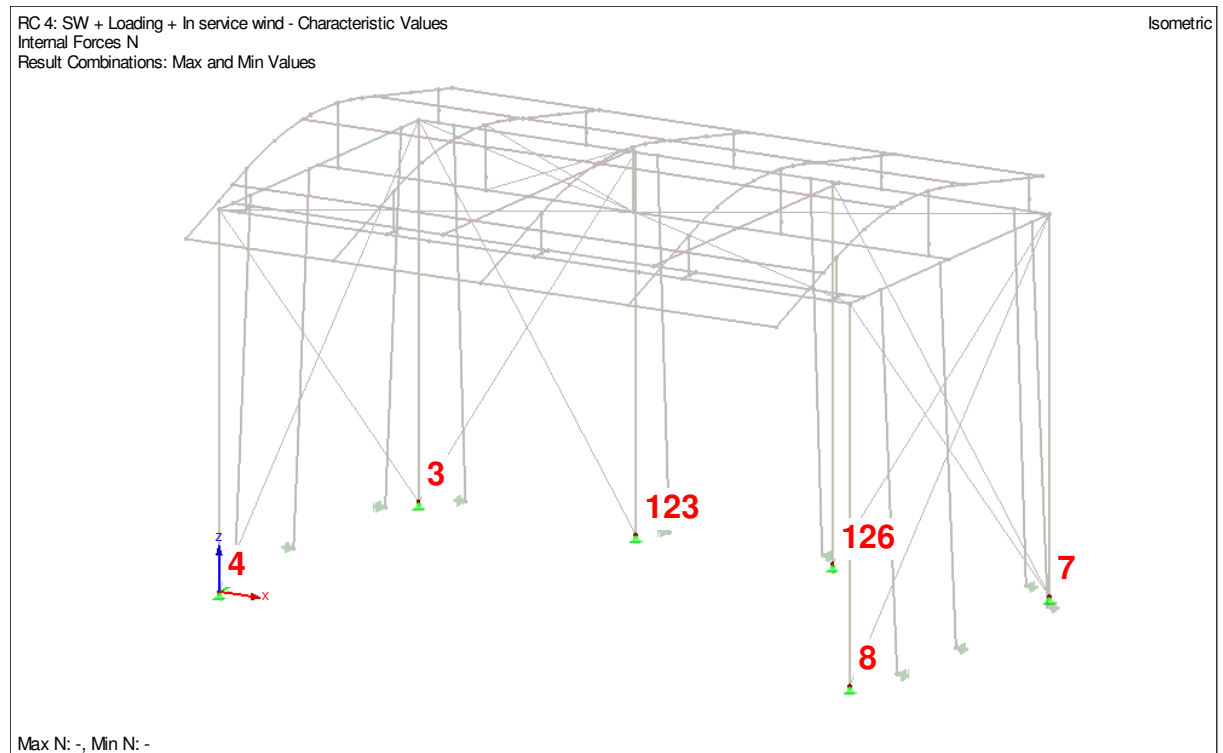
In the roof system retched straps will be used. The required retched strap has a minimum LC of 2000 daN in a straight line, According to the EN-12195-2.

5 Ballast and support load calculations.

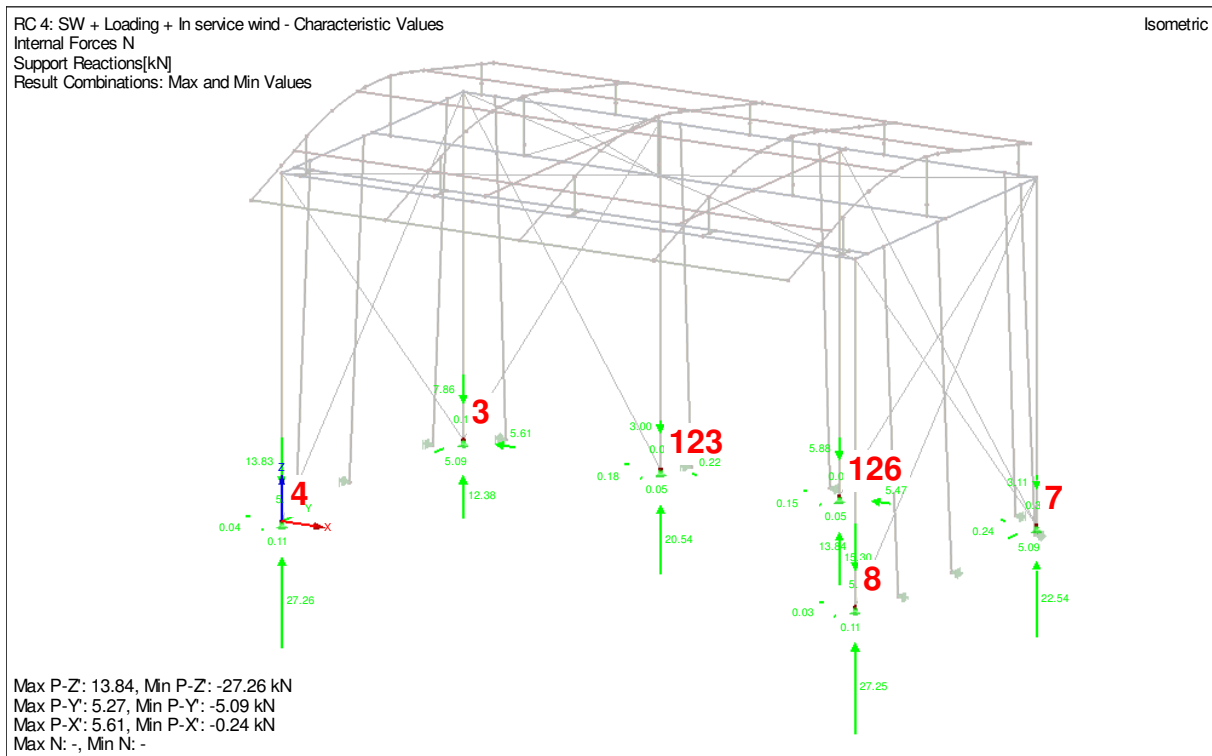
5.1 Ballast positions



5.2 Over view support node numbers



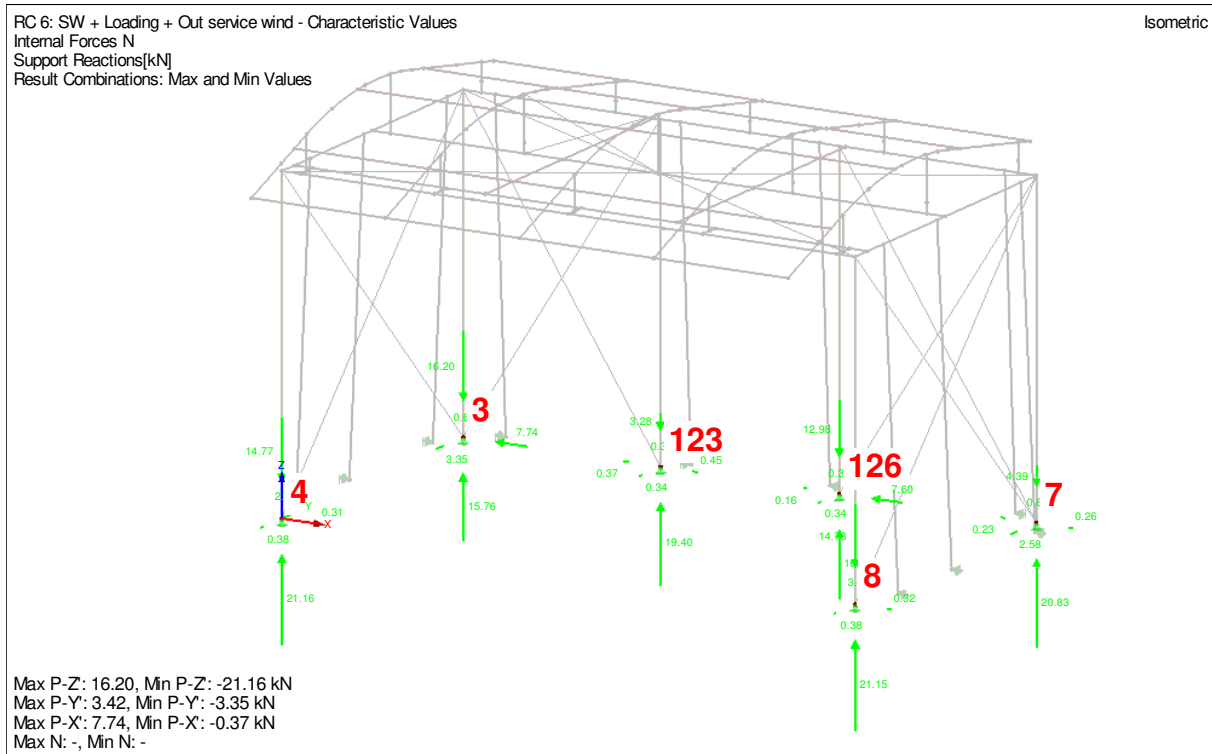
5.3 reaction forces in the In-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values.



Reaction forces on the support nodes of the main construction, in the In-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	5,61	0,11	7,86	0,00	0,00	0,07
	Min	0,00	-5,09	-12,38	0,00	0,00	-0,01
4	Max	0,00	5,26	13,83	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,04	-0,11	-27,26	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,00	0,33	3,11	0,00	0,00	0,07
	Min	-0,24	-5,09	-22,54	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,00	5,27	13,84	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,03	-0,11	-27,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,22	0,07	3,00	0,00	0,00	0,04
	Min	-0,18	-0,05	-20,54	0,00	0,00	-0,04
126	Max	5,47	0,07	5,88	0,00	0,00	0,04
	Min	-0,15	-0,05	-15,30	0,00	0,00	-0,04

5.4 reaction forces in the Out-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values.



Reaction forces on the support nodes of the main construction, in the Out-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	7,74	0,66	16,20	0,00	0,00	0,07
	Min	0,00	-3,35	-15,76	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	Max	0,31	2,75	14,77	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-0,38	-21,16	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,26	0,66	4,39	0,00	0,00	0,07
	Min	-0,23	-2,58	-20,83	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,32	3,42	14,78	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-0,38	-21,15	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,45	0,32	3,28	0,00	0,00	0,01
	Min	-0,37	-0,34	-19,40	0,00	0,00	0,00
126	Max	7,60	0,32	12,98	0,00	0,00	0,01
	Min	-0,16	-0,34	-16,27	0,00	0,00	-0,01

5.5 Ballast calculation against uplift.

For the uplift ballast calculation the maximum uplift force per main support nodes are taken into account. The maximum values are taken from the table's in chapter 5.2 and 5.3.

As shown in the tables below the results of the out service are the normative results maximum values in-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	5,61	0,11	7,86	0,00	0,00	0,07
4	Max	0,00	5,26	13,83	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,00	0,33	3,11	0,00	0,00	0,07
8	Max	0,00	5,27	13,84	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,22	0,07	3,00	0,00	0,00	0,04
126	Max	5,47	0,07	5,88	0,00	0,00	0,04

Maximum values Out-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	7,74	0,66	16,20	0,00	0,00	0,07
4	Max	0,31	2,75	14,77	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,26	0,66	4,39	0,00	0,00	0,07
8	Max	0,32	3,42	14,78	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,45	0,32	3,28	0,00	0,00	0,01
126	Max	7,60	0,32	12,98	0,00	0,00	0,01

The self-weight of the system is already taken into account in the different calculations. The values are the actual values which need to be secured against ballast. The safety factor γ against overturning sliding and lifting are taken from table 2 of the EN-13814

The self-weight of the Layher system will be partly subtracted from the uplift force.

The total weight of the Layer system is 55 kN. The weight of the Layher system which is taken into account is 30 kN, Because the middle of the stage will not help against the uplift of the towers. The 30 kN will be equally divided along the 6 points

Partial safety factor for the uplift $\gamma = 1.2$

Calculation

Support A (node 4 and 8)

$$P_{z, \min} = 14.77 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast A} = (14.77-5) * 1.2 = 11.7 \text{ kN} \sim 1200 \text{ kg}$$

Support B (node 3 and 7)

$$P_{z, \min} = 16.20 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast B} = (16.20 -5) * 1.2 = 13.44 \text{ kN} \sim 1400 \text{ kg}$$

Support C (node 123 and 126)

$$P_{z, \min} = 12.98 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast C} = (12.98-5) * 1.2 = 9.58 \text{ kN} \sim 1000 \text{ kg}$$

5.6 Calculation of the system against overturning.

Results from the RFem program

Description	Value	Unit
LC1 - Self-weight		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-15,98	kN
CO150 - LC1 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	20,64	kN
Sum of loads in Z	27,38	kN
CO151 - LC1 + LC2 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	20,64	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-3,82	kN
CO152 - LC1 + LC3 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	20,64	kN
Sum of loads in Z	3,38	kN
CO153 - LC1 + LC4 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	20,64	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-6,62	kN
CO154 - LC1 + LC5 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	20,64	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-24,62	kN
CO160 - LC1 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
Sum of loads in X	16,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-13,27	kN
CO161 - LC1 + LC2 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
Sum of loads in X	16,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-44,47	kN
CO162 - LC1 + LC3 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
Sum of loads in X	16,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN

Description	Value	Unit
CO250 - LC1 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	36,07	kN
CO251 - LC1 + LC2 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	4,87	kN
CO252 - LC1 + LC3 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	12,07	kN
CO253 - LC1 + LC4 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	2,07	kN
CO254 - LC1 + LC6 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	0,07	kN
CO255 - LC1 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-46,80	kN
CO256 - LC1 + LC2 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-78,00	kN
CO257 - LC1 + LC3 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-70,80	kN
CO258 - LC1 + LC4 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	8,88	kN

5.6.1 Calculation against overturning in the In-service situation

decisive load combination CO150

Self-weight of Layher stage = 55 kN

Wind on Stage 2 * 14 * 0.2 * 1.3 = 7.28 kN

Sum of load in Y direction = 20.64 kN

Sum of load in Z direction = 27.38 kN

Overturning moment

$$M_{ov} = (7.28 * 2/2) + (20.64 * 10.5/2) + (27.38 * 8/2) =$$

$$M_{ov} = 7.28 + 108.36 + 109.44 = 225.1 \text{ kNm}$$

Stabilization moment

$$M_{stab} = (55 * 9/2) + (2 * 12 * 9)$$

$$M_{stab} = 247.5 + 216 = 463.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{stab} / M_{ov} = 463.5 / 225.1 = 2.06 > 1.2$$

5.6.2 Calculation against overturning in the Out-service situation

decisive load combination CO250

Self-weight of Layher stage = 55 kN

Wind on Stage 2 * 14 * 0.4325 * 1.3 = 15.74 kN

Sum of load in X direction = 8.88 kN

Sum of load in Z direction = 36.07 kN

Overturning moment

$$M_{ov} = (15.74 * 2/2) + (8.8 * 10.5/2) + (36.07 * 8/2) =$$

$$M_{ov} = 15.74 + 46.2 + 144.28 = 206.22 \text{ kNm}$$

Stabilization moment

$$M_{stab} = (55 * 9/2) + (2 * 12 * 9)$$

$$M_{stab} = 247.5 + 216 = 463.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{stab} / M_{ov} = 463.5 / 206.22 = 2.25 > 1.2$$

5.7 Ballast calculation against sliding.

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account according to the table below.

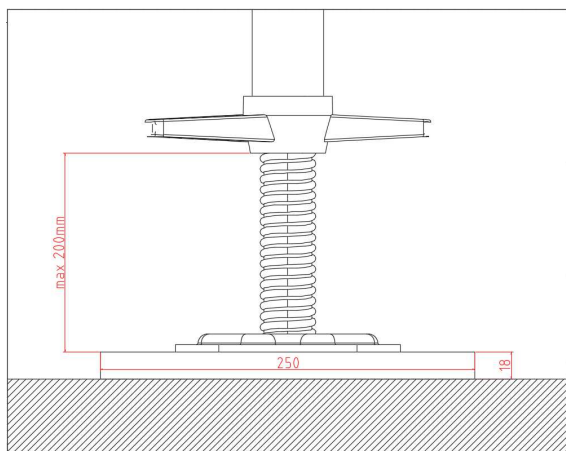


Table 3 — Coefficients of friction μ

	Wood	Steel	Concrete
Wood	0,4	0,4	0,6
Steel	0,4	0,1	0,2
Concrete	0,6	0,2	0,5
Clay ^a	0,25	0,2	0,25
Loam ^a	0,4	0,2	0,4
Sand and gravel	0,65	0,2	0,65

^a At least of stiff consistency in accordance with ENV 1997-1.

5.7.1 Ballast calculation against slipping In service

Decisive load combination is CO150

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account.

Horizontal force = 20.64 kN

Uplift force = 27.38 kN

Self-weight Layher = 55 kN

Check

(ballast + Self-weight Layher– uplift force) * friction coefficient / wind loading > 1,2

(2*12 + 2*14 + 2* 10 + 55 – 27.38) * 0.4 / 20.64 =

99.66 * 0.4 / 20.64 = 1.09 > 1.2

5.7.2 Ballast calculation against slipping In service

Decisive load combination is CO260

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account.

Horizontal force = 18.33 kN

Uplift force = 25.77 kN

Self-weight Layher = 55 kN

Check

(ballast + Self-weight Layher– uplift force) * friction coefficient / wind loading > 1,2

(2*12 + 2*14 + 2* 10 + 55 – 25.77) * 0.4 / 18.33 =

99.66 * 0.4 / 18.33 = 2.17 > 1.2

6.0 Calculation of the Layher System.

The staging system is built from the Layher scaffolding system. The type of Layher which is used in General is the K2000+ system. All the design figures which are taken into account in this calculation are taken from the K2000+ series.

For the calculation of the Layher system there are 5 different situations calculated. These are chosen from the in-service situation, due to the fact that they have the side and back wall still attached and will generate the highest horizontal loading on the Layher system.

The different forces are taken from the load combinations

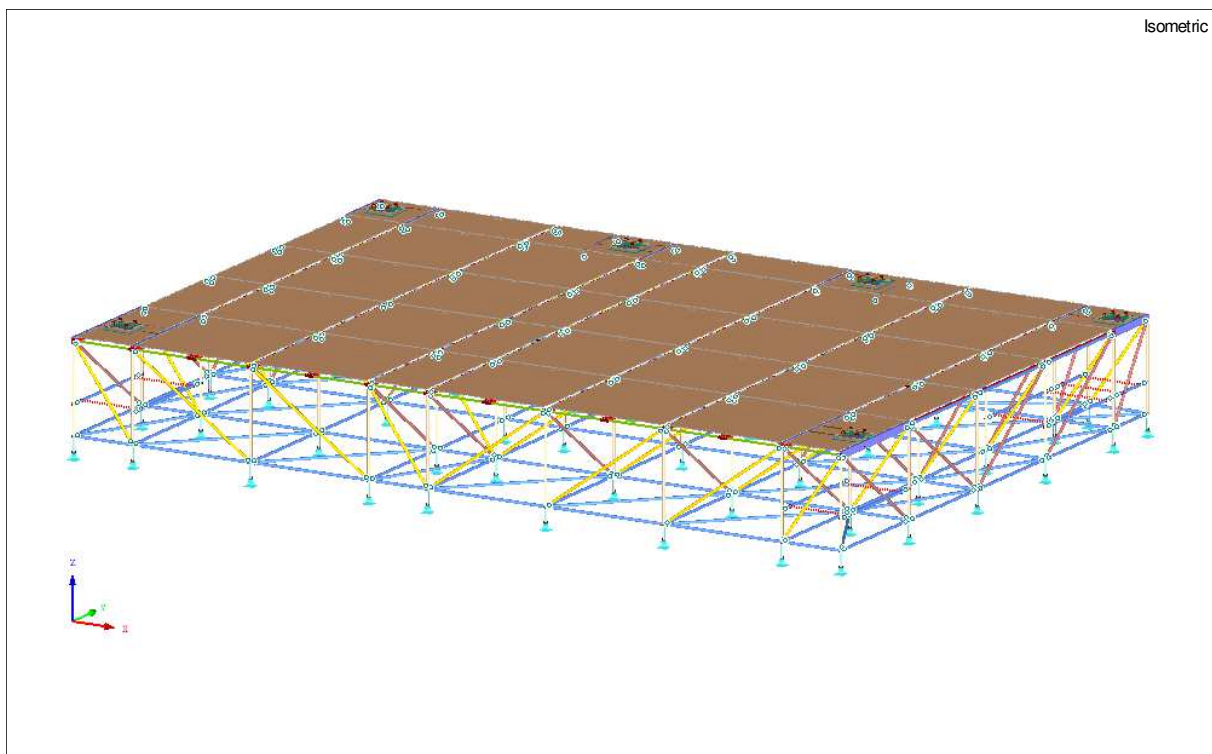
- : CO53
- : CO150
- : CO164
- : CO174
- : CO184

6.1 RFem Layher stage Model

For the Layher stage a separate model is constructed in the RFem program.

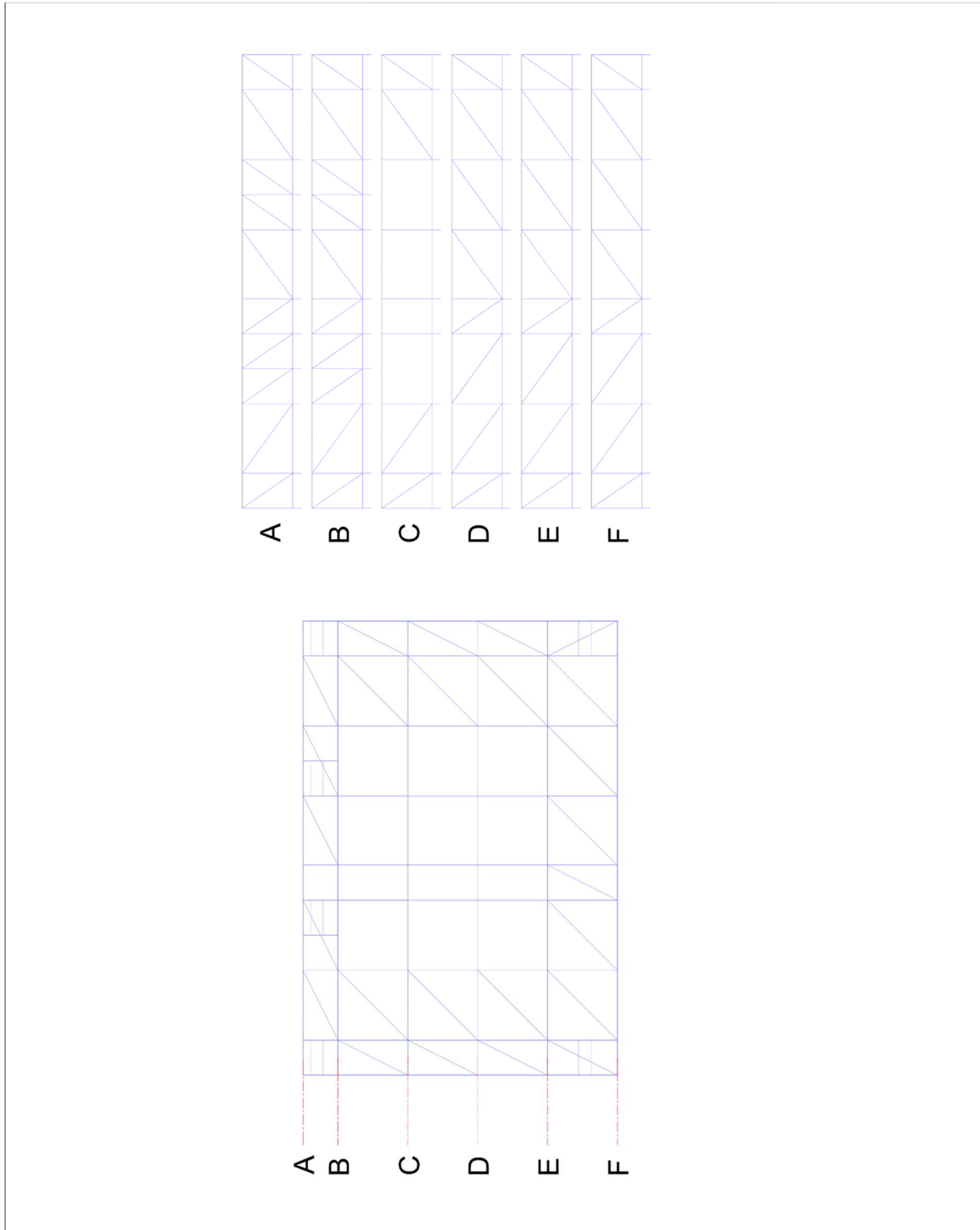
In this model the forces of the different load combinations are set as forces on the different node positions. The result calculations will be compared with the Layher design forces as shown in chapter 6.5 Layher Design values on page 185.



6.1.1 The Layher construction scheme.



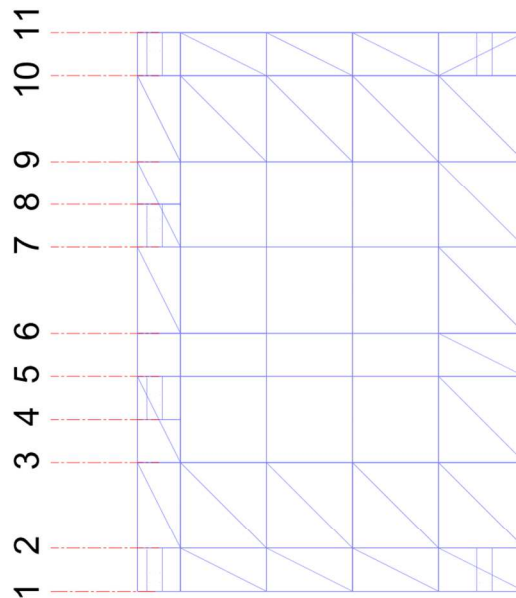
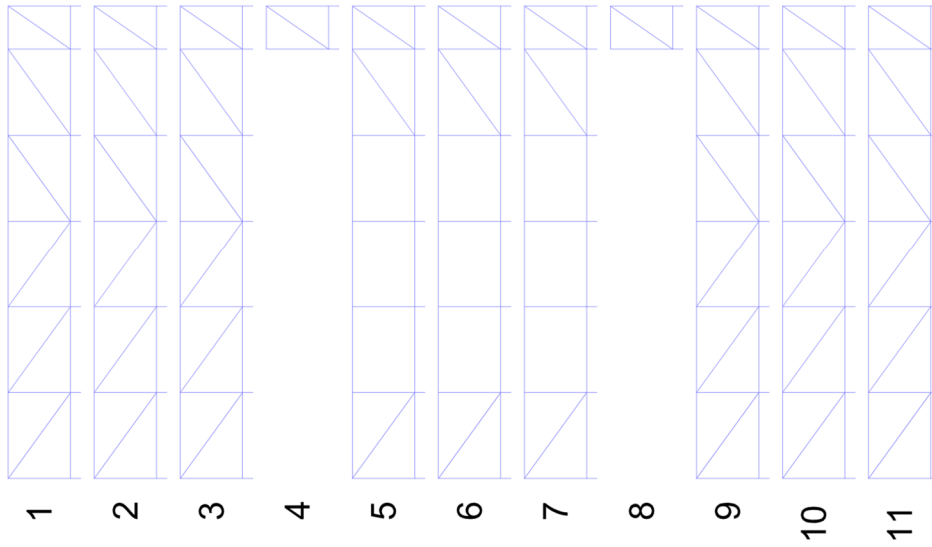
6.1.2 Layher setup

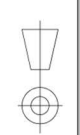
CLT 12x8 Layher plan drawing 1



DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS :	UNIT : MM   Structural Event Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12x8 LAYHER SETUP DRAWING 1			A3
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CLT 12x8 Layher plan drawing 2



DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS :	UNIT : MM  IM Structural Event Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12x8 LAYHER SETUP DRAWING 2			
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6.1.3 used materials

Material No.	Material Description	Modulus of Elasticity E [kN/cm ²]	Shear Modulus G [kN/cm ²]	Poisson's Ratio ν [-]	Specific Weight γ [kN/m ³]	Coeff. of Th. Exp. α [1/°C]	Partial Factor γ _M [-]	Material Model
1	Steel S 235 DIN EN 1993-1-1:2010-12	21000,00	8100,00	0,296	78,50	1,20E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
2	Plywood, Class F20/10 E40/20, Plate Stress, Perpendicular EN 12369-2:2011-06	200,00	3,50	3,286	5,00	5,00E-06	1,200	Orthotropic Elastic 2D...
3	Aluminum EN-AW 6005A (EP/O,ER/B) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
4	Aluminum EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
5	S320GD 1.0250 EN 10346:2009-03	21000,00	8076,92	0,300	78,50	1,20E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic

6.1.4 Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I _y	Bending I _z	Axial A	Shear A _y	Shear A _z			Width b	Depth h
1	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
2	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
3	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
4	EV transom	3	50,00	554,00	70,00	18,78	18,00	18,00	0,00	0,00	49,0	172,5
5	HK 50/30/4/4/4/4	3	16,87	17,67	7,52	5,76	1,62	3,48	0,00	0,00	30,0	50,0
6	RRO 120x60x6.3 (Hot Formed)	1	290,00	358,00	116,00	20,70	4,54	13,22	0,00	0,00	60,0	120,0
7	RRO 120x80x6.3 (Hot Formed)	1	487,00	440,00	230,00	23,20	6,99	12,93	0,00	0,00	80,0	120,0
8	Ring 48/6	4	35,63	17,81	17,81	7,92	4,09	4,09	0,00	0,00	48,0	48,0
9	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	5	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
10	Ring 38/8.1	1	18,25	9,13	9,13	7,61	4,26	4,26	0,00	0,00	38,0	38,0

6.1.5 solved load cases, load combinations and result combinations.

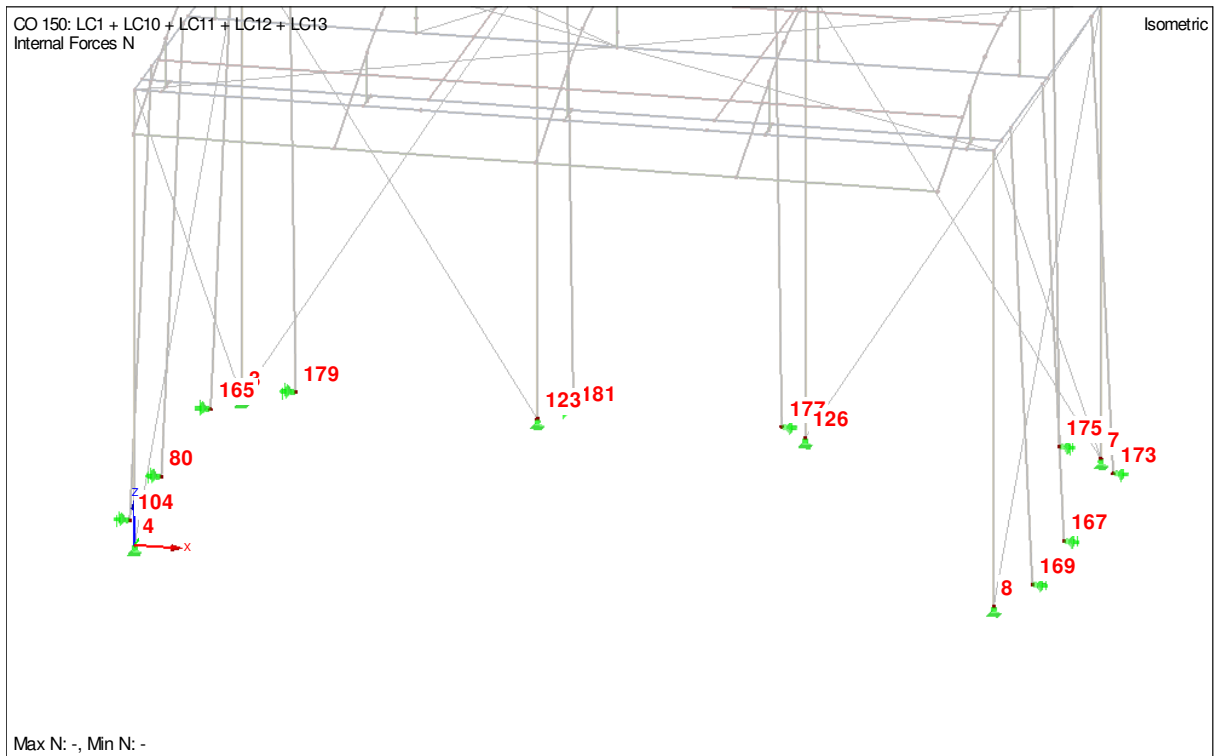
Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve	EN 1990 CEN Action Category	Self-Weight - Factor in Direction			Comment	
				Active	X	Y		Z
LC1	Self-weight	+	Permanent	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000	
LC2	belasting 350Kg/m ² wind dir 0°	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC3	belasting 350Kg/m ² wind dir 90°	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC4	belasting 350Kg/m ² wind dir 180°	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC5	ballast loading	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC10	Nodel support forces from CO53	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC11	Nodel support forces from CO150	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC12	Nodel support forces from CO164	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC13	Nodel support forces from CO174	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	
LC14	Nodel support forces from CO184	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000	

Load Combin.	DS	Load Combination Description	To Solve	LC.1		LC.2		LC.3		LC.4		Comment
				Factor	No.	Factor	No.	Factor	No.	Factor	No.	
CO1	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC5	1,350	LC10	
CO2	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC11	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC5	1,350	LC11	
CO3	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC12	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC3	1,350	LC5	1,350	LC12	
CO4	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC13	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC4	1,350	LC5	1,350	LC13	
CO5	0	1.35*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC14	+	1,350	LC1	1,350	LC4	1,350	LC5	1,350	LC14	
CO10	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC5 + LC10	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,000	LC5	1,000	LC10	
CO11	0	LC1 + LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + LC11	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,350	LC5	1,000	LC11	
CO12	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC5 + LC12	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC3	1,000	LC5	1,000	LC12	
CO13	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC5 + LC13	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC4	1,000	LC5	1,000	LC13	
CO14	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC5 + LC14	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC4	1,000	LC5	1,000	LC14	

RC1 : CO1-CO5

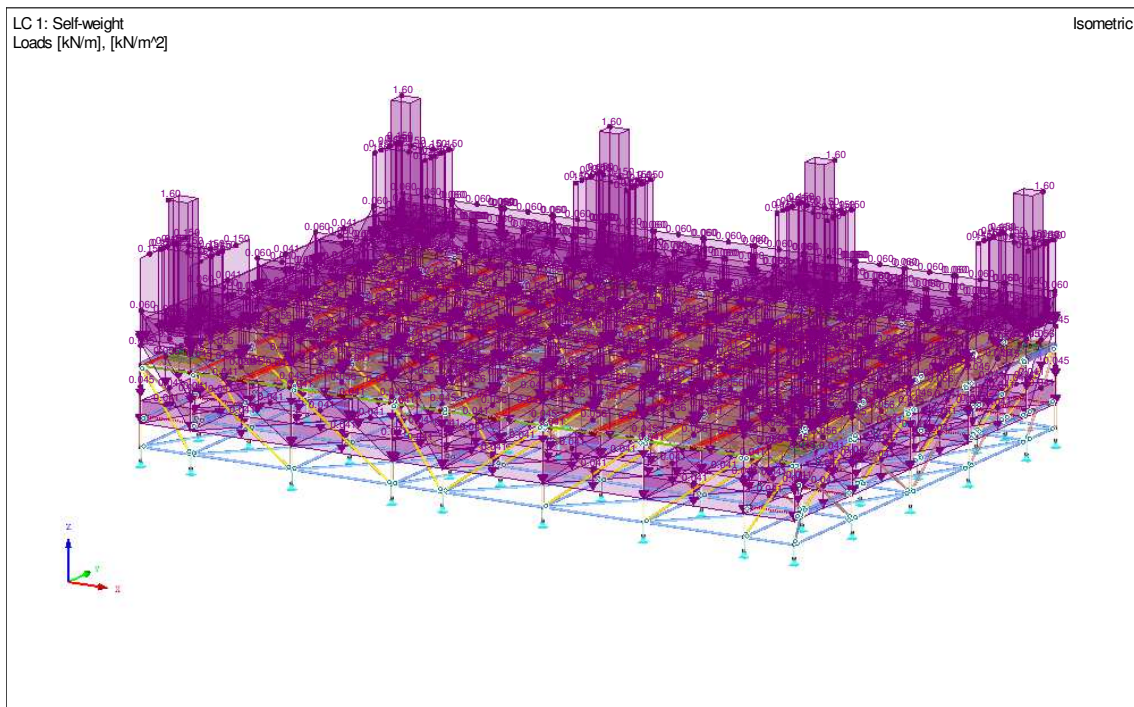
RC2 : CO10-CO14

6.1.6 Nodal support points numbering of main roof construction.



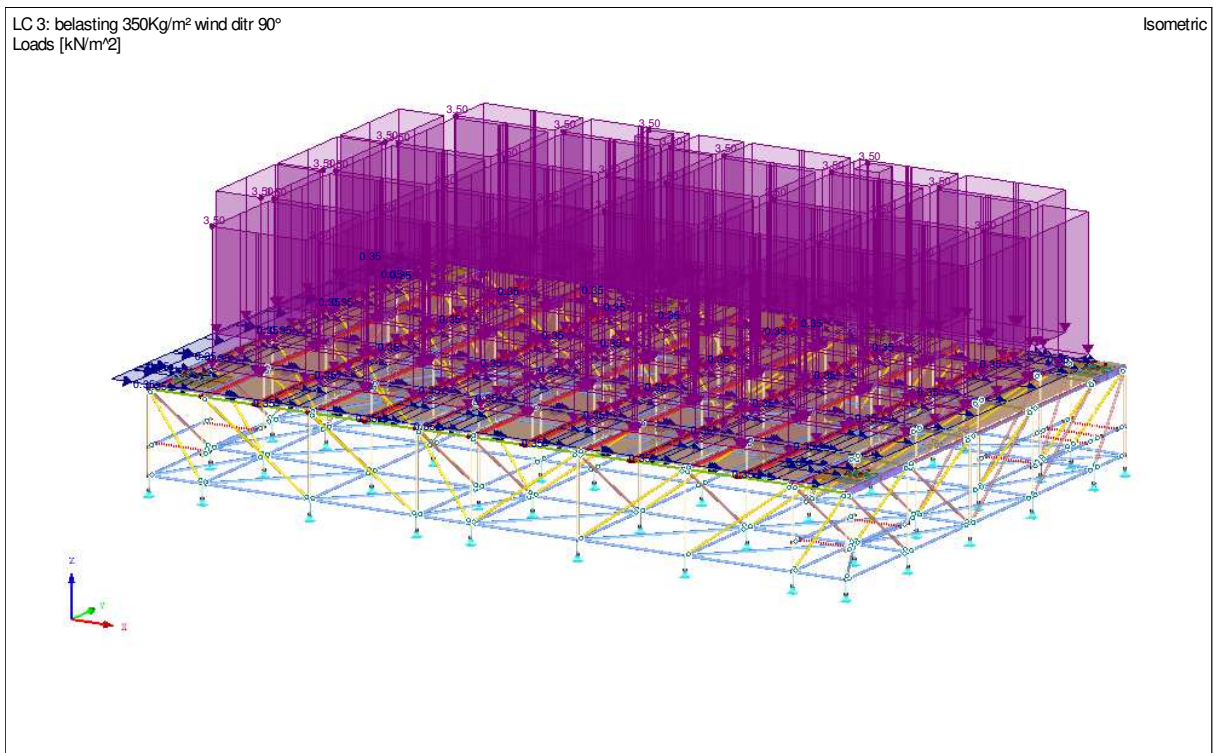
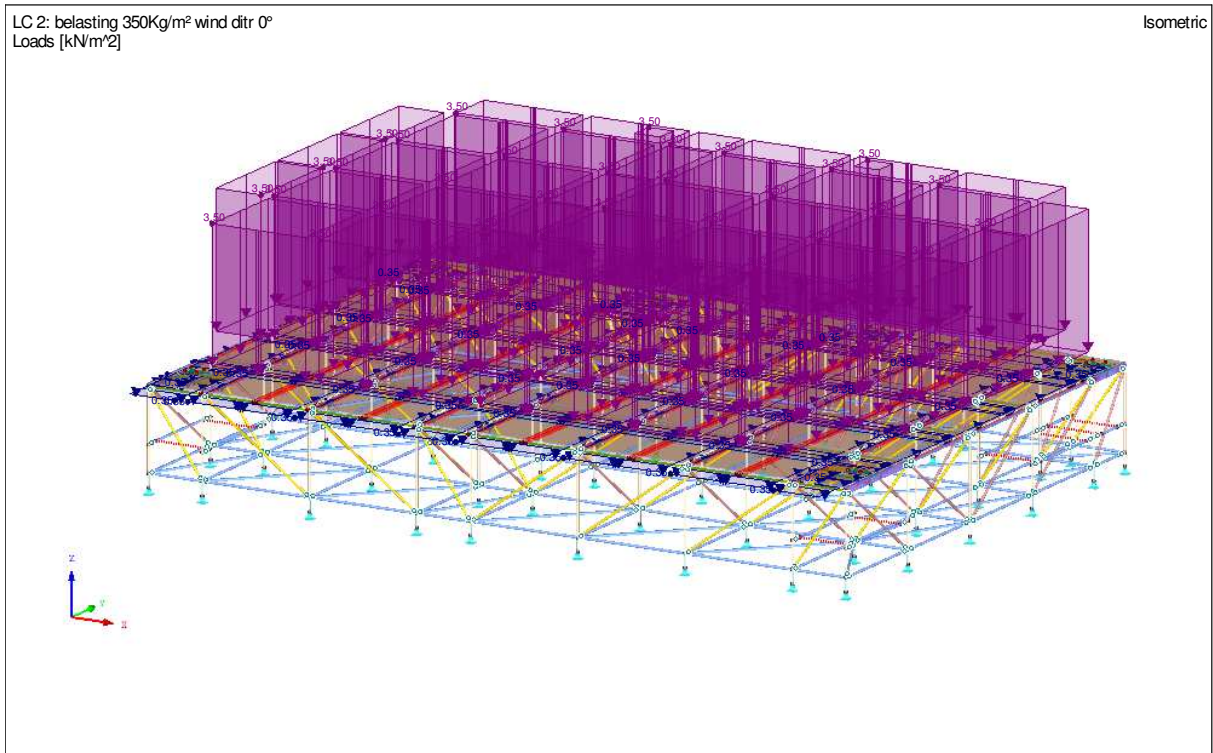
6.2 Loading Input

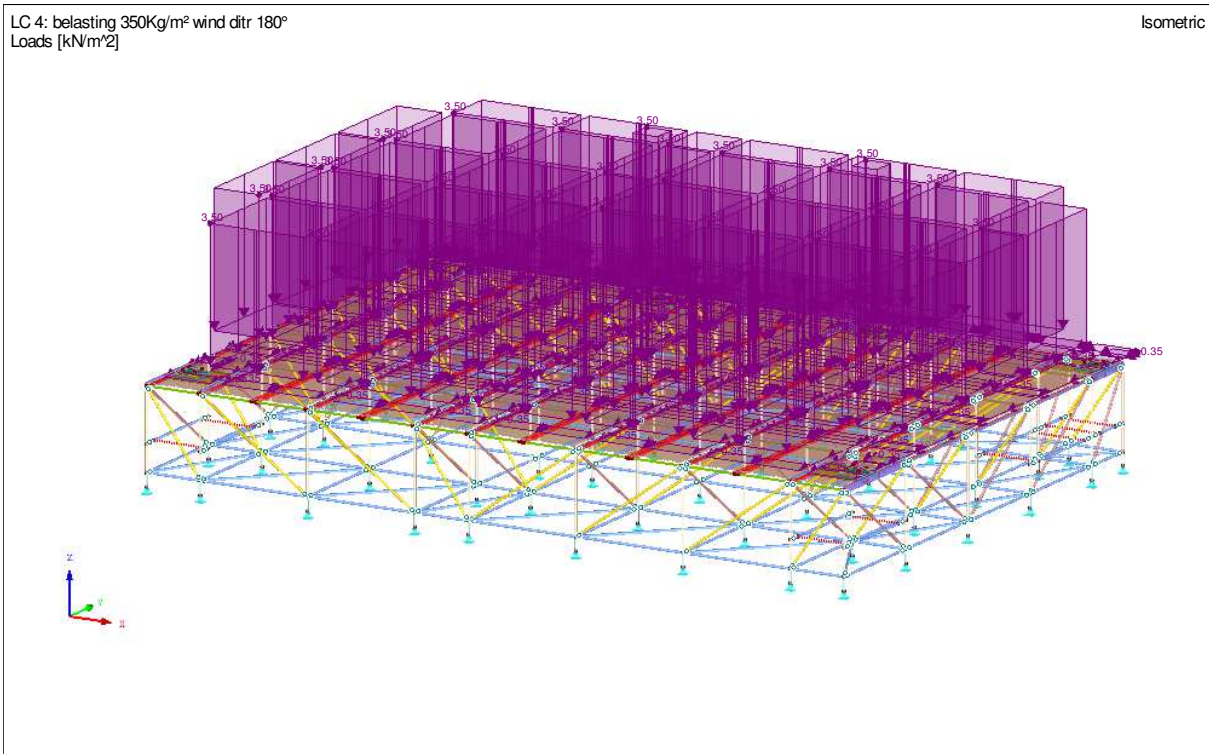
6.2.1 Self weight of the stage



6.2.2 Loading of the stage

The floor loading which is taken into account is 350 kg/m² which is according to the EN-13814. For the horizontal stability check an extra loading of 10% of the vertical loading is set as a horizontal force in the direction of the wind

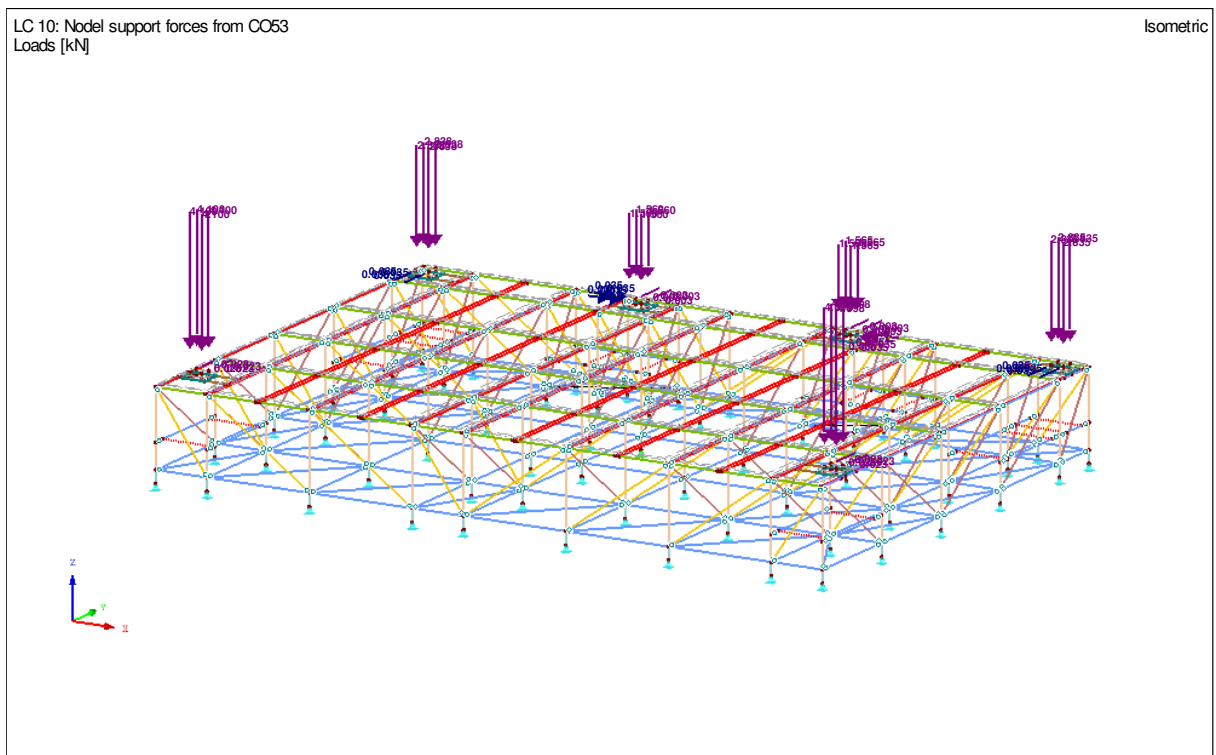




6.2.3 nodal forces from load combination CO53

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _X	P _Y	P _Z	M _X	M _Y	M _Z
3	0,00	0,14	-11,35	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,00	-0,09	-16,40	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	0,00	0,14	-11,34	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	0,00	-0,09	-16,39	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	0,14	-0,01	-6,26	0,00	0,00	0,00
126	-0,14	-0,01	-6,24	0,00	0,00	0,00
165	0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
177	0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
179	0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
181	0,00	-0,01	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Σ Forces	0,00	0,00	-67,98			
Σ Loads	0,00	0,00	-67,98			

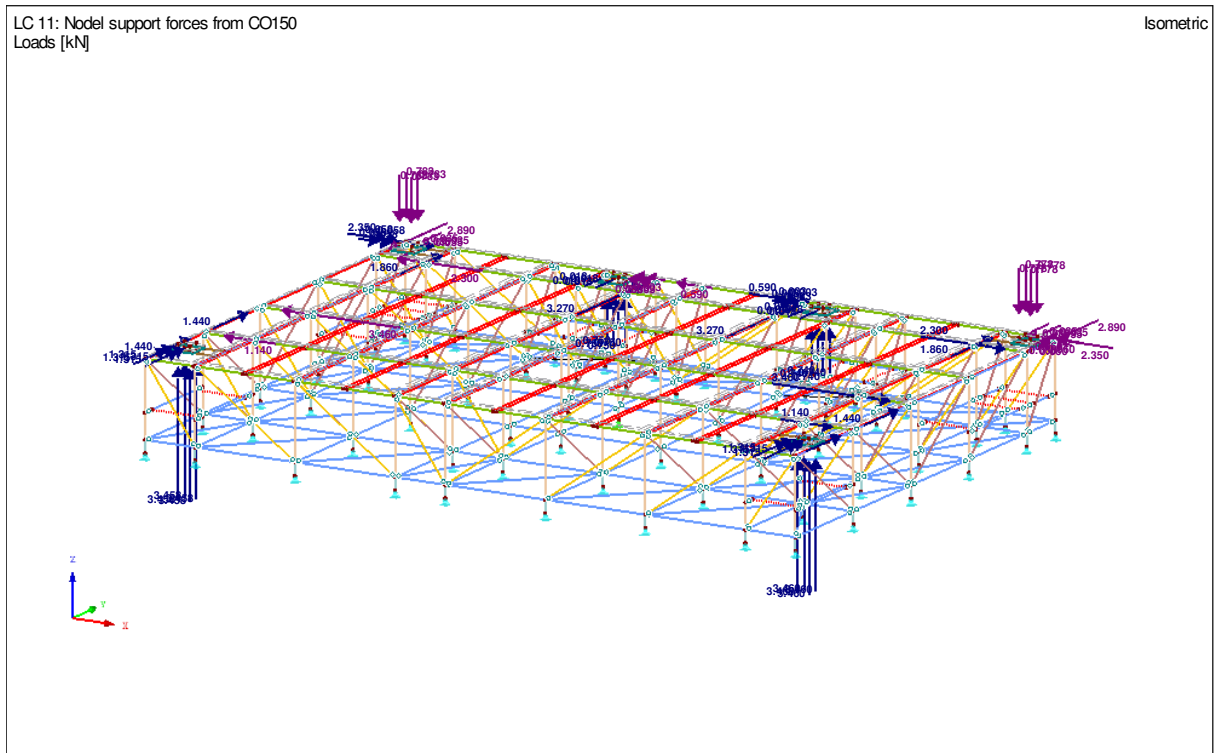
Load input in Layher stage model.



6.2.4 nodal forces from load combination CO150

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	0,23	-0,14	-3,13	0,00	0,00	-0,01
4	0,00	5,26	13,83	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	-0,24	-0,14	-3,11	0,00	0,00	0,01
8	0,00	5,26	13,84	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	-3,46	1,44	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	-1,14	1,44	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	-0,01	0,07	3,00	0,00	0,00	0,04
126	0,01	0,07	2,96	0,00	0,00	-0,04
165	-2,30	-2,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	3,46	1,44	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	1,14	1,44	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	2,30	-2,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	-2,35	1,86	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
177	0,59	3,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
179	2,35	1,86	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
181	-0,59	3,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Σ Forces	0,00	20,64	27,38			
Σ Loads	0,00	20,64	27,38			

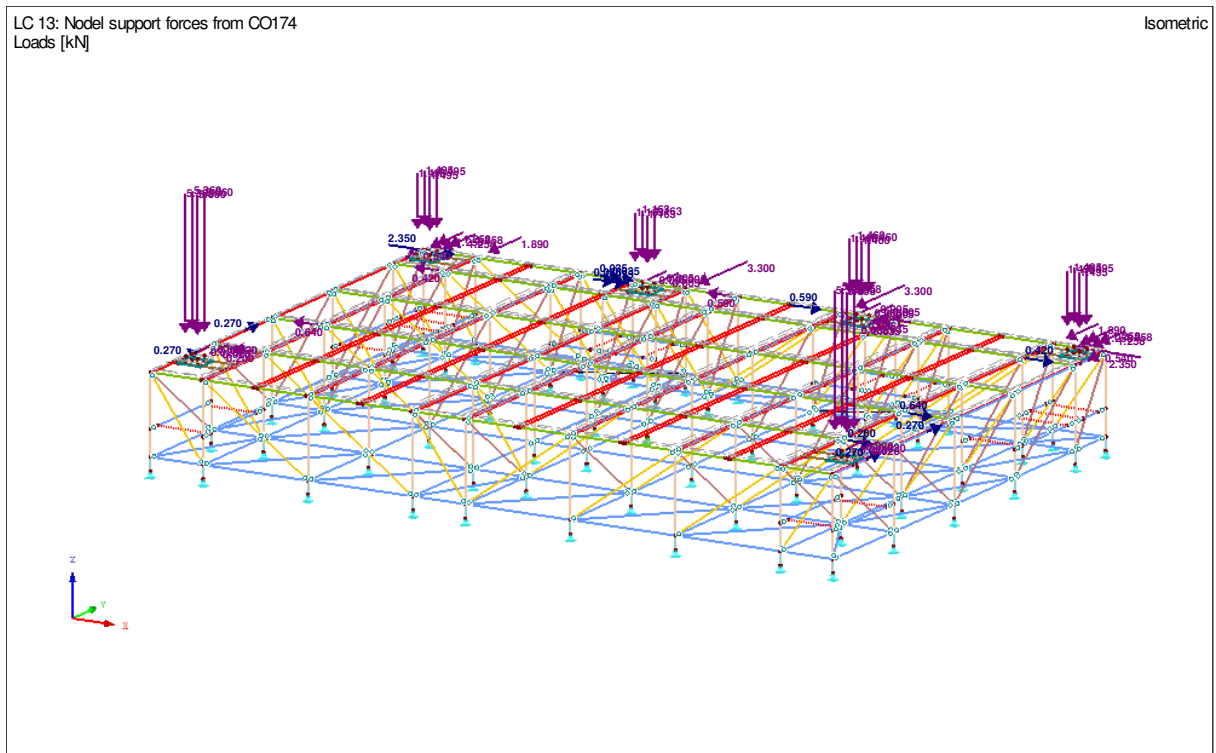
Load input in Layher stage model.



6.2.6 nodal forces load combination CO174

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	0,00	-5,03	-5,98	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,00	-0,08	-21,44	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	0,00	-5,03	-5,98	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	0,00	-0,08	-21,43	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	-0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	-0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	0,14	-0,02	-5,85	0,00	0,00	-0,04
126	-0,14	-0,02	-5,84	0,00	0,00	0,04
165	-0,42	-0,54	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	0,42	-0,54	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	-2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
177	0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
179	2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
181	-0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Σ Forces	0,00	-20,66	-66,52			
Σ Loads	0,00	-20,66	-66,52			

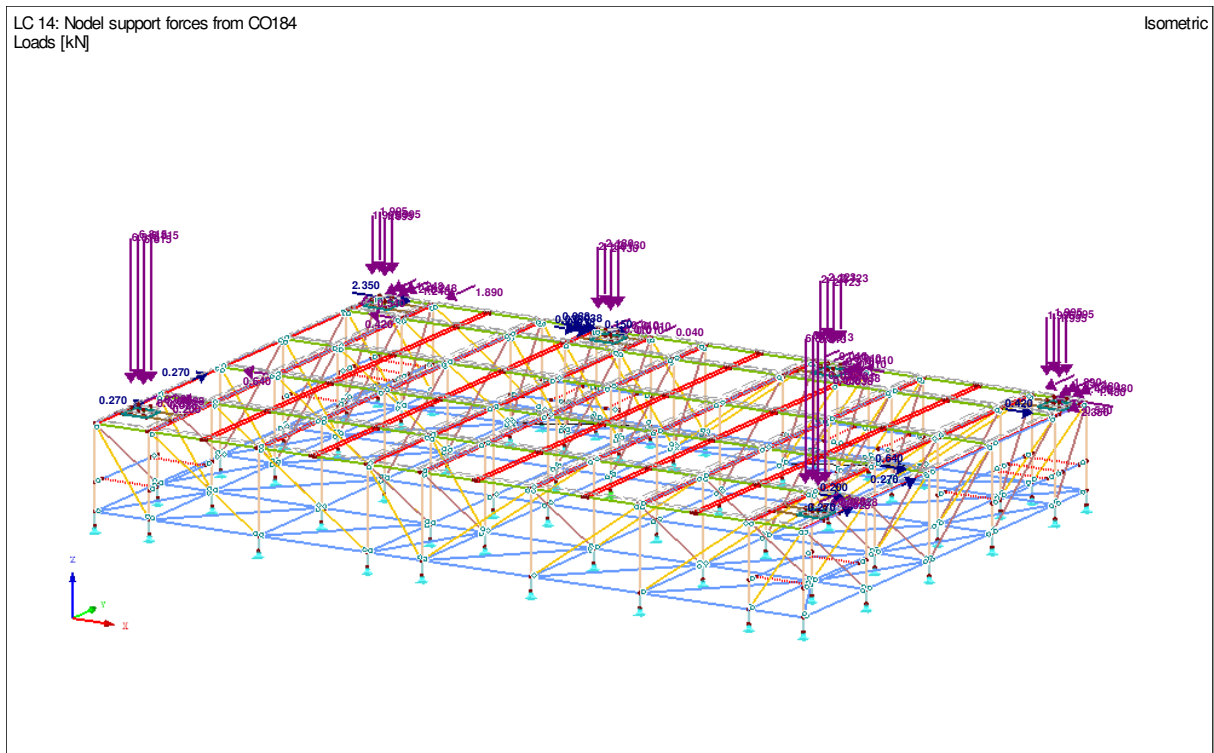
Load input in Layher stage model.



6.2.7 nodal forces load combination CO184

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	0,00	-4,99	-7,98	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,00	-0,11	-27,26	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	0,00	-4,99	-7,98	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	0,00	-0,11	-27,25	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	-0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	-0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	0,15	-0,04	-8,52	0,00	0,00	-0,04
126	-0,15	-0,04	-8,49	0,00	0,00	0,04
165	-0,42	-0,54	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	0,42	-0,54	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	-2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
177	0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
179	2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
181	-0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
Σ Forces	0,00	-20,66	-87,47			
Σ Loads	0,00	-20,66	-87,47			

Load input in Layher stage model.



6.3 Results of the Calculation.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
Summary			
Calculation Status	OK		
Maximum displacement in X-direction	3,7	mm	CO3, FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	13,0	mm	LC11, Member No. 1016, x: 0.105 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	69,7	mm	LC11, Member No. 992, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	70,7	mm	LC11, Member No. 992, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-38,4	mrاد	CO2, Member No. 1011, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-41,9	mrاد	CO5, FE Node No. 1622 (X: 8.082, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,2	mrاد	LC11, Member No. 174, x: 1.823 m
Number of 1D finite elements (member elements)	4939		
Number of 2D finite elements (surface elements)	4894		
Number of 3D finite elements (solid elements)	0		
Number of FE nodes	7159		
Number of equations	42954		
Matrix solver method	Direct		
Maximum number of iterations	100		
Number of divisions for member results	10		
Number of divisions of members with cable, elastic foundation, taper, or plastic characteristic	10		
Activate shear stiffness of members (A-y, A-z)	+		
Plate bending theory	Mindlin		
Activate ineffective supports	+		
Precision of convergence criteria of nonlinear calculation	1,0		

Results per load case and Load combination

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC1 - Self-weight			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-54,82	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-54,82	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,943	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,083	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,6	mm	Member No. 405, x: 1.279 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	0,6	mm	Member No. 236, x: 1.279 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-1,6	mm	Member No. 271, x: 1.465 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	1,6	mm	Member No. 271, x: 1.465 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,3	mrاد	Member No. 629, x: 2.558 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,3	mrاد	Member No. 405, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,1	mrاد	Member No. 404, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC2 - belasting 350Kg/m² wind dir 0°			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	41,69	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	41,69	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-398,69	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-398,69	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	101,961	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	7,201	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,729	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,5	mm	FE Node No. 3702 (X: 3.367, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,1	mm	FE Node No. 7002 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-10,2	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	10,3	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-16,9	mrاد	FE Node No. 7147 (X: 6.733, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	22,8	mrاد	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,1	mrاد	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC3 - belasting 350Kg/m² wind dir 90°			

Sum of loads in X	41,72	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	41,72	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	-0,02	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-0,02	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-398,69	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-398,69	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	123,053	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	28,193	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	15,178	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	1,9	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,2	mm	Member No. 129, x: 1.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-10,3	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	10,3	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-17,0	mrad	FE Node No. 7143 (X: 5.749, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	22,7	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,2	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC4 - belasting 350Kg/m² wind dir 180°			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-41,73	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-41,73	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-398,69	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-398,69	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	144,132	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	7,215	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,767	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	1,4	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-2,6	mm	Member No. 411, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-10,3	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	10,4	mm	FE Node No. 1073 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-17,0	mrad	FE Node No. 7143 (X: 5.749, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	22,7	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,3	mrad	Member No. 404, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC5 - ballast loading			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-74,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-74,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-63,241	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	1,114	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 993, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 186, x: 0.714 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,3	mm	Member No. 199, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,3	mm	Member No. 199, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	28,0	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 2.072 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-5,0	mrad	Member No. 870, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,0	mrad	Member No. 752, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC10 - Nodel support forces from COS3			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,07	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,07	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-67,98	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-67,98	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-3,934	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,937	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,001	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,4	mm	FE Node No. 3264 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,5	mm	Member No. 756, x: 0.429 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,2	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,2	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)

Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,2	mrad	FE Node No. 3280 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	6,1	mrad	FE Node No. 3040 (X: -0.905, Y: -0.454, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,2	mrad	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC11 - Nodel support forces from CO150			
Sum of loads in X	-0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	20,62	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	20,62	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	27,39	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	27,39	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-123,584	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,169	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,342	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,2	mm	Member No. 143, x: 1.000 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	13,0	mm	Member No. 1016, x: 0.105 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	69,7	mm	Member No. 992, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	70,7	mm	Member No. 992, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-23,4	mrad	Member No. 154, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	13,1	mrad	Member No. 356, x: 0.518 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,2	mrad	Member No. 174, x: 1.823 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC12 - Nodel support forces from CO164			
Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	21,10	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	3,22	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	3,22	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-65,28	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-65,28	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-26,430	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	82,209	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-28,610	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,8	mm	FE Node No. 4009 (X: 4.030, Y: 7.544, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	0,6	mm	Member No. 757, x: 0.429 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,3	mm	FE Node No. 3016 (X: -0.687, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,3	mm	FE Node No. 3016 (X: -0.687, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,2	mrad	FE Node No. 4396 (X: 12.139, Y: 7.412, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	7,0	mrad	FE Node No. 3938 (X: 3.258, Y: 7.473, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,3	mrad	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC13 - Nodel support forces from CO174			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-20,64	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-20,64	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-65,32	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-65,32	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	96,720	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	3,446	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,311	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,5	mm	FE Node No. 3264 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,2	mm	Member No. 183, x: 0.571 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-4,2	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	4,3	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-8,1	mrad	FE Node No. 3280 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	8,0	mrad	FE Node No. 3040 (X: -0.905, Y: -0.454, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,6	mrad	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC14 - Nodel support forces from CO184			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-15,08	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-15,08	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-87,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-87,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	100,635	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.708, Y: 3.872, Z: 1.807 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	1,206	kNm	At center of gravity of model

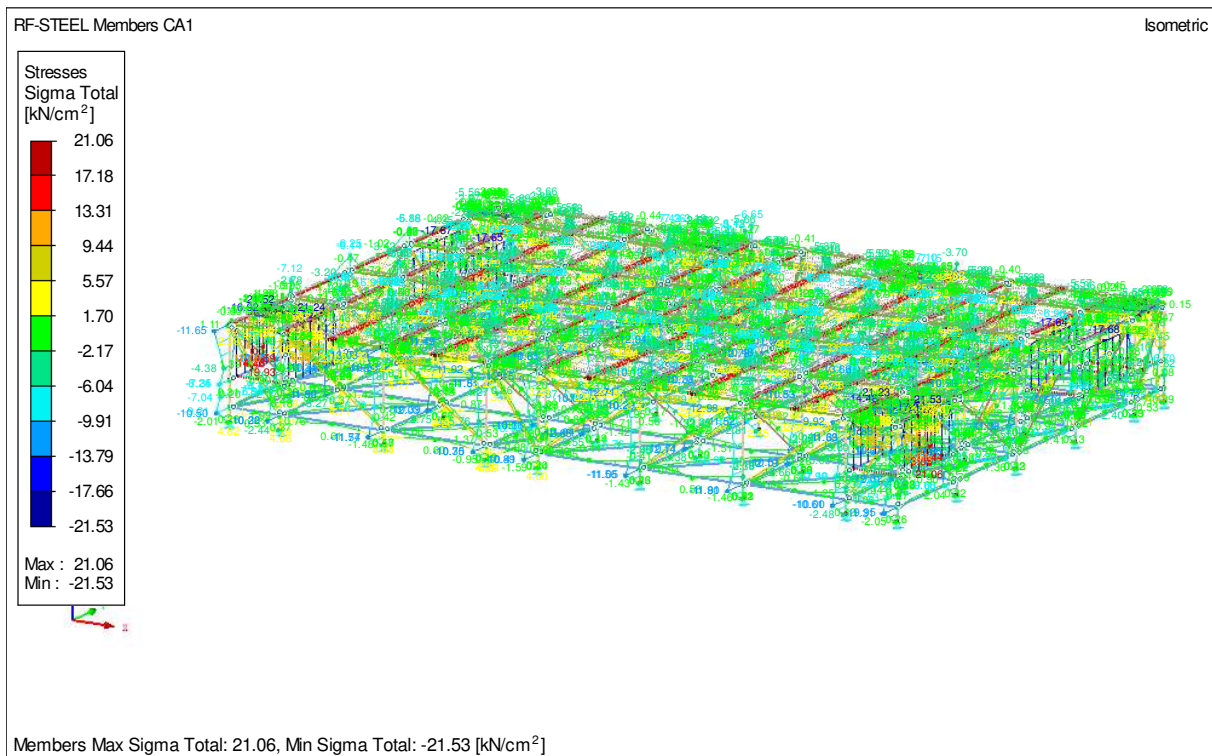
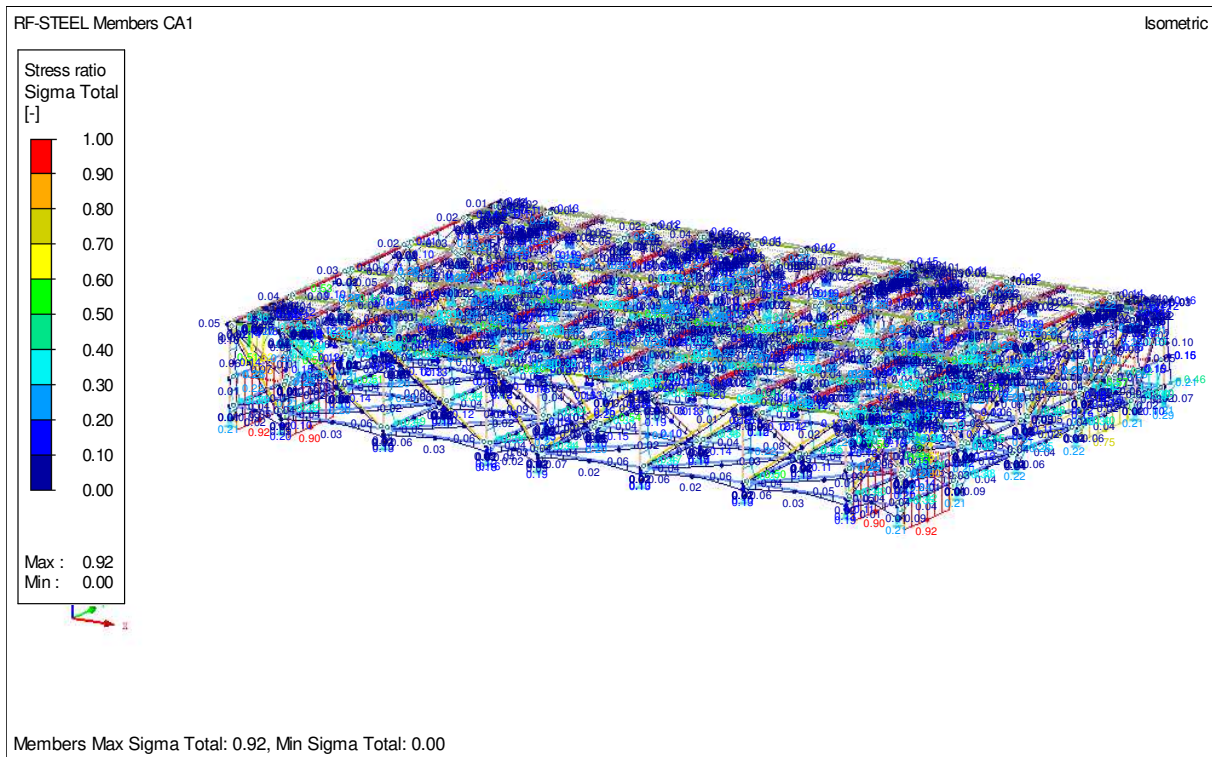
Resultant of reactions about Z	-6,175	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,6	mm	FE Node No. 3264 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,3	mm	Member No. 183, x: 0.571 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-5,4	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	5,4	mm	FE Node No. 3185 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-10,3	mrاد	FE Node No. 3280 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	10,1	mrاد	FE Node No. 3040 (X: -0.905, Y: -0.454, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,0	mrاد	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
CO1 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	56,37	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	56,37	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-793,08	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-793,08	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,4	mm	FE Node No. 3702 (X: 3.367, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	3,1	mm	FE Node No. 7002 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-21,7	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	21,8	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-37,3	mrاد	Member No. 199, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	36,9	mrاد	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,3	mrاد	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Picard)
CO2 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC11			
Sum of loads in X	-0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	84,13	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	84,13	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-663,91	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-663,91	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,6	mm	FE Node No. 6895 (X: 1.295, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	3,7	mm	FE Node No. 7002 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-22,1	mm	Member No. 767, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	22,3	mm	Member No. 1011, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-38,4	mrاد	Member No. 1011, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	41,7	mrاد	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,0	mrاد	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO3 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC12			
Sum of loads in X	84,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	84,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	4,35	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	4,35	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-789,02	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-789,02	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	3,7	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,8	mm	Member No. 129, x: 1.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-21,9	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	21,9	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-37,7	mrاد	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	41,8	mrاد	FE Node No. 3702 (X: 3.367, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,3	mrاد	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO4 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-84,15	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-84,15	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-789,07	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-789,07	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,6	mm	FE Node No. 126 (X: 1.292, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,8	mm	Member No. 510, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-21,9	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	22,1	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m

Maximum rotation about X-axis	-37,6	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-41,7	mrad	FE Node No. 1622 (X: 8.082, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,7	mrad	Member No. 404, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO5 - 1.35*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC14			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-76,64	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-76,64	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-829,95	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-829,95	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,7	mm	FE Node No. 126 (X: 1.292, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-4,6	mm	Member No. 510, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-21,8	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	22,0	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-37,5	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-41,9	mrad	FE Node No. 1622 (X: 8.082, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,7	mrad	Member No. 503, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO10 - LC1 + LC2 + LC5 + LC10			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	41,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	41,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-595,28	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-595,28	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,9	mm	FE Node No. 3702 (X: 3.367, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,3	mm	FE Node No. 7002 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,2	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,3	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,9	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,6	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,3	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO11 - LC1 + LC2 + 1.35*LC5 + LC11			
Sum of loads in X	-0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	62,31	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	62,31	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-525,80	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-525,80	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,9	mm	FE Node No. 6895 (X: 1.295, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,7	mm	FE Node No. 7002 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-22,1	mm	Member No. 767, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	22,2	mm	Member No. 1011, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-38,2	mrad	Member No. 1011, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,6	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,2	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO12 - LC1 + LC3 + LC5 + LC12			
Sum of loads in X	62,79	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	62,79	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	3,22	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	3,22	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-592,58	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-592,58	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	2,7	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,3	mm	Member No. 129, x: 1.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,3	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,3	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-28,0	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,6	mrad	FE Node No. 3702 (X: 3.367, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,5	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m

Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO13 - LC1 + LC4 + LC5 + LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-62,33	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-62,33	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-592,62	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-592,62	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	1,9	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-3,4	mm	Member No. 510, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,2	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,4	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,9	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,5	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,7	mrad	Member No. 404, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO14 - LC1 + LC4 + LC5 + LC14			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-56,77	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-56,77	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-614,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-614,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	1,9	mm	FE Node No. 2042 (X: 8.079, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-3,3	mm	Member No. 510, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,2	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,4	mm	Member No. 620, x: 1.036 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,8	mrad	Member No. 620, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,5	mrad	FE Node No. 2046 (X: 8.547, Y: 6.108, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,7	mrad	Member No. 503, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

6.4 Stress analyse calculation for the stage components

For the complete stage a stress calculation has been made.



Result of the stress analyse by cross section.

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Loading	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed) - 0							
	1011	1,036	10	CO2	Sigma Total	-21,53	23,50	0,92
	620	1,822	19	CO2	Tau Total	1,80	13,57	0,13
	1011	1,036	10	CO2	Sigma-equiv	21,53	23,50	0,92
2	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed) - Defpoints							
	109	1,421	10	CO3	Sigma Total	-2,66	23,50	0,11
	404	0,000	19	CO4	Tau Total	-0,96	13,57	0,07
	109	1,421	10	CO3	Sigma-equiv	2,66	23,50	0,11
3	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)							
	530	1,421	10	CO1	Sigma Total	-3,11	23,50	0,13
	237	0,000	19	CO3	Tau Total	-0,23	13,57	0,02
	530	1,421	10	CO1	Sigma-equiv	3,12	23,50	0,13
5	HK 50/30/4/4/4/4							
	904	0,375	10	CO3	Sigma Total	10,08	22,50	0,45
	638	0,000	8	CO2	Tau Total	2,84	12,99	0,22
	904	0,375	10	CO3	Sigma-equiv	10,16	22,50	0,45
6	RRO 120x60x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	996	0,375	11	CO5	Sigma Total	21,06	23,50	0,90
	946	0,916	16	CO5	Tau Total	-2,14	13,57	0,16
	996	0,375	11	CO5	Sigma-equiv	21,18	23,50	0,90
7	RRO 120x80x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	1003	0,054	11	CO5	Sigma Total	8,20	23,50	0,35
	1002	0,035	15	CO5	Tau Total	-5,69	13,57	0,42
	1002	0,035	14	CO5	Sigma-equiv	9,92	23,50	0,42
8	Ring 48/6							
	1020	0,000	1	CO5	Sigma Total	-3,18	26,00	0,12
	1021	0,000	10	CO5	Tau Total	-0,49	15,01	0,03
	1020	0,000	1	CO5	Sigma-equiv	3,18	26,00	0,12
9	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)							
	121	1,000	10	CO5	Sigma Total	-17,37	32,00	0,54
	121	0,250	19	CO5	Tau Total	-0,52	18,48	0,03
	121	1,000	10	CO5	Sigma-equiv	17,37	32,00	0,54
10	Ring 38/8.1							
	72	0,250	9	CO4	Sigma Total	-13,67	23,50	0,58
	163	0,250	17	CO2	Tau Total	-0,63	13,57	0,05
	72	0,250	9	CO4	Sigma-equiv	13,67	23,50	0,58

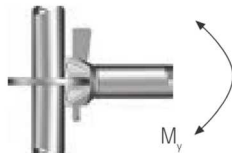
6.5 Layher design information

The company Eekels verhuur owns the Layher K2000+ system.

Information of the Layher 2000+ system

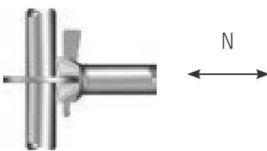
Z-8.22-64: K 2000+

Biegemoment



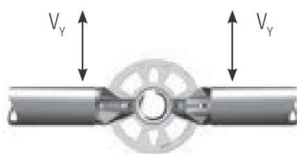
Biegemoment
 $M_{y,Rd} = \pm 101,0 \text{ kNcm}$

Normalkraft

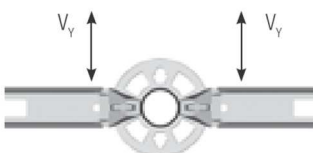


$N_{Rd} = \pm 31,0 \text{ kN}$

Horizontale Querkraft



O-Riegel: $V_{y,Rd} = \pm 10,0 \text{ kN}$



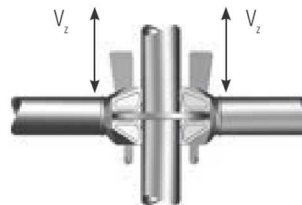
U-Riegel: $V_{y,Rd} = \pm 5,9 \text{ kN}$

Torsionsmoment



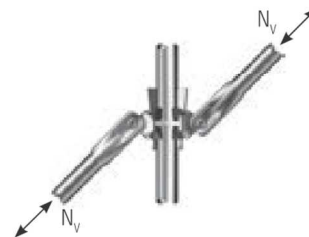
$M_{t,Rd} = \pm 52,5 \text{ kNcm}$

Vertikale Querkraft



Vertikale Querkraft, Einzelanschluss
 $V_{z,Rd} = \pm 26,4 \text{ kN}$
 Vertikale Querkraft je Lochscheibe
 $\sum V_{z,Rd} = \pm 105,6 \text{ kN}$

Normalkraft, Diagonale



Beanspruchbarkeiten der Vertikaldiagonalen für
 Feldhöhe 2,00 m für **K 2000+**:

	Druck							Zug	
Feldlänge [m]	0,73	1,09	1,40	1,57	2,07	2,57	3,07	4,14	
$N_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	-16,1	-16,8	-15,5	-14,8	-12,4	-10,2	-8,3	-5,3	+17,9

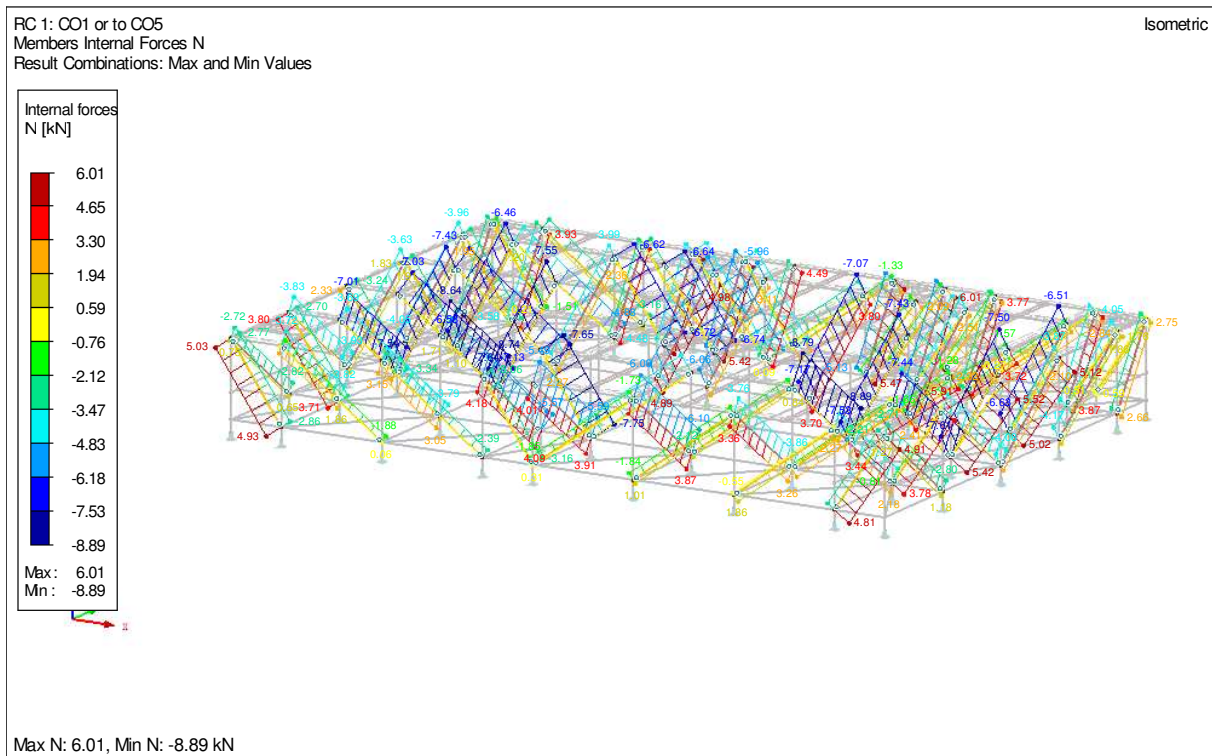
K 2000+ Bauteile können mit Bauteilen der Variante LW, Variante II und Variante I vermischt werden. Beanspruchbarkeiten siehe Zulassung Z-8.22-64 und Z-8.22-949.

Rd = Beanspruchbarkeit,
 (enthält Teilsicherheitsbeiwert γ_M)

*„Zulässige Lasten“ bzw. „Gebrauchslasten“ erhält man durch
 Division der Beanspruchbarkeit durch 1,5 (= γ_F)

6.6 Check of the Layher diagonals.

The Maximum tension or compression of the Layher K2000+ system is +/- 12.4 kN. In the next figurer the minimum and maximum forces are displayed.



The maximum Ned is 8.89 kN

Check of the diagonals

$$Ned / Nrd < 1$$

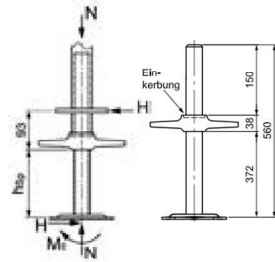
$$8.98 / 12.4 = 0.72 < 1$$

6.7 Check of the Layher Spindle's.

In the next table the spindle loading capacity in conjunction with height is given

Fußspindeln – Belastungstabellen

FUSSSPINDEL 60



Ersatzquerschnittswerte der Spindel

- A = 3,84 cm²
- W_{el} = 2,61 cm³
- W_{pl} = 3,26 cm³
- I = 3,74 cm⁴

Material: EN 10219-S235JRH
 → Rollgewinde: f_{y,k} = 280,0 N/mm²

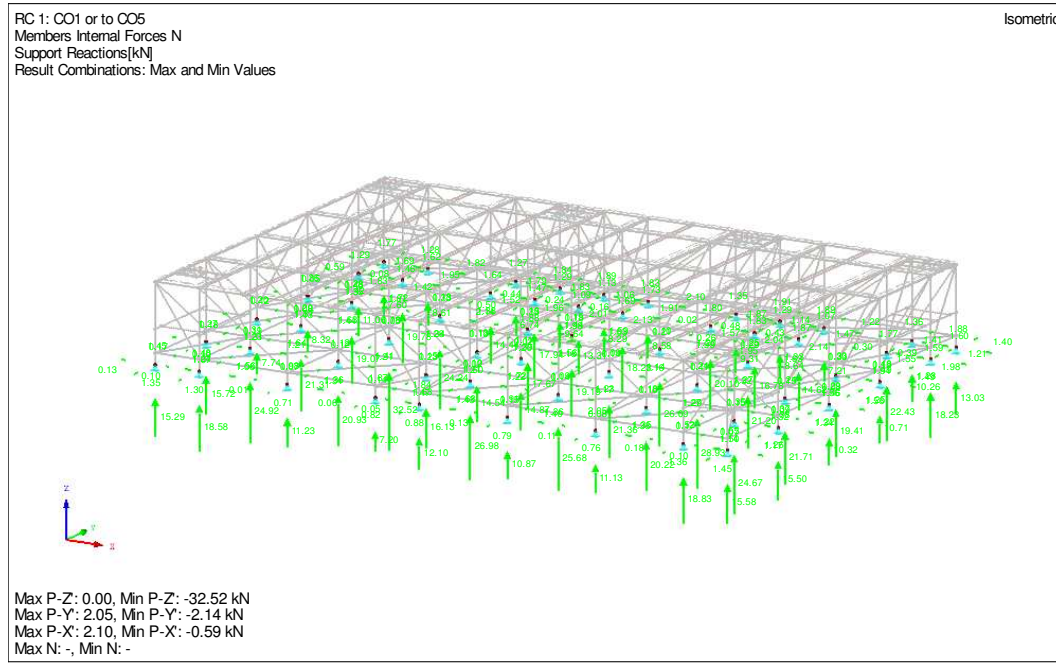
Tab. 12 Belastung Fußspindeln

Aus-spindel-länge h _{sp} [cm]	Zulässige Vertikallast N [kN]* bei gleichzeitiger Wirkung einer Horizontallast H [kN]														Zul. Horizontallast H [kN] wenn N = 0														
	H = 0,0		H = 0,5		H = 1,0		H = 1,5		H = 2,0		H = 2,5		H = 3,0			H = 3,5		H = 4,0		H = 4,5		H = 5,0		H = 5,5		H = 6,0			
	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂		N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂
0	39	53	39	51	39	51	39	51	39	51	39	50	39	49	39	49	38	-	38	-	37	-	36	-	36	-	35	-	26,3
5	39	52	39	51	39	50	39	48	38	-	37	-	36	-	35	-	34	-	33	-	33	-	32	-	31	-	30	-	7,8
10	39	51	39	49	38	-	37	-	36	-	34	-	33	-	30	-	29	-	28	-	26	-	25	-	-	-	-	-	4,6
15	39	49	38	-	36	-	35	-	33	-	31	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,2	
20	38	-	36	-	34	-	32	-	29	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,5	
25	37	-	34	-	31	-	28	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0	
30	35	-	31	-	27	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7	
35	32	-	27	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,5	
37	30	-	25	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,4	

*Die zulässigen Vertikallasten wurden berechnet unter Anwendung des Berechnungsmodells nach DIN EN 12811-1, Abs. 10.2.3.2. Zur Erfassung der Biegesteifigkeit des Ständerrohres, der Schrittgrößenanteile aus Theorie II. Ordnung und der maximalen Beanspruchbarkeit der Ständer wurden folgende Raumgerüste mit Rastermaß 2,57 x 2,57 m berücksichtigt:
2,00 m Lagenhöhe für Stieldruckkräfte N₁ ≤ 39 kN
1,50 m Lagenhöhe für Stieldruckkräfte 39 kN < N₂ ≤ 54 kN

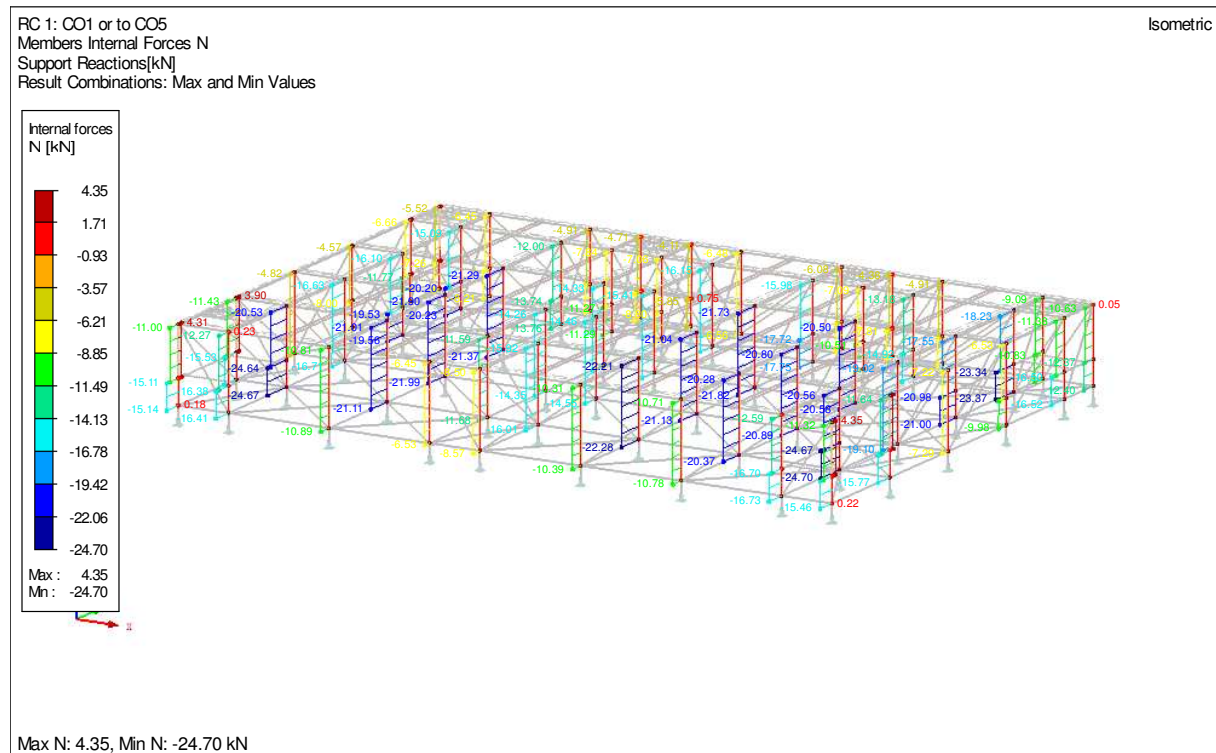
(-) Bei dieser Kombination von Ausspindellänge und Horizontallast ist die Biegebeanspruchbarkeit der Spindel überschritten.

In the next figure the maximum support forces are displayed.



The maximum support force is 32.52 kN. Which occurs in Load Combination CO3. The maximum horizontal force in Load Combination CO3 at this point is 1.34 kN. According to the table of the Layher spindle the combination between the vertical and the horizontal force allows for a maximum spindle length of 20 cm

6.8 Check of the Layher columns



Proof against buckling.

$$\beta = 0.9$$

$$L_{cr} = 0.9 * 150 = 135 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = 4.53 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$I = 11.60 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$W = 4.80 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$i = 1.60 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_1 = \pi * \sqrt{(210000/320)} = 80.48$$

$$\bar{\lambda} = 135 / (1.6 * 80.48) = 1.048$$

Buckling curve for hollow section line c (table 6.2 from en-1993-1-1)

$$\alpha = 0.49$$

$$\Phi = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\bar{\lambda} - 0.2) + \bar{\lambda}^2)$$

$$\Phi = 0.5 * (1 + 0.49 * (1.048 - 0.2) + 1.048^2) = 1.257$$

$$\chi_{\min} = 1 / (\Phi + \sqrt{(\Phi^2 - \bar{\lambda}^2)})$$

$$\chi_{\min} = 1 / (1.257 + \sqrt{(1.257^2 - 1.048^2)}) = 0.512$$

$$N_{b,rd} = \chi * A * f_0 / 1.1$$

$$N_{b,rd} = 0.512 * 4.53 * 32 / 1.1 = 67.54 \text{ kN}$$

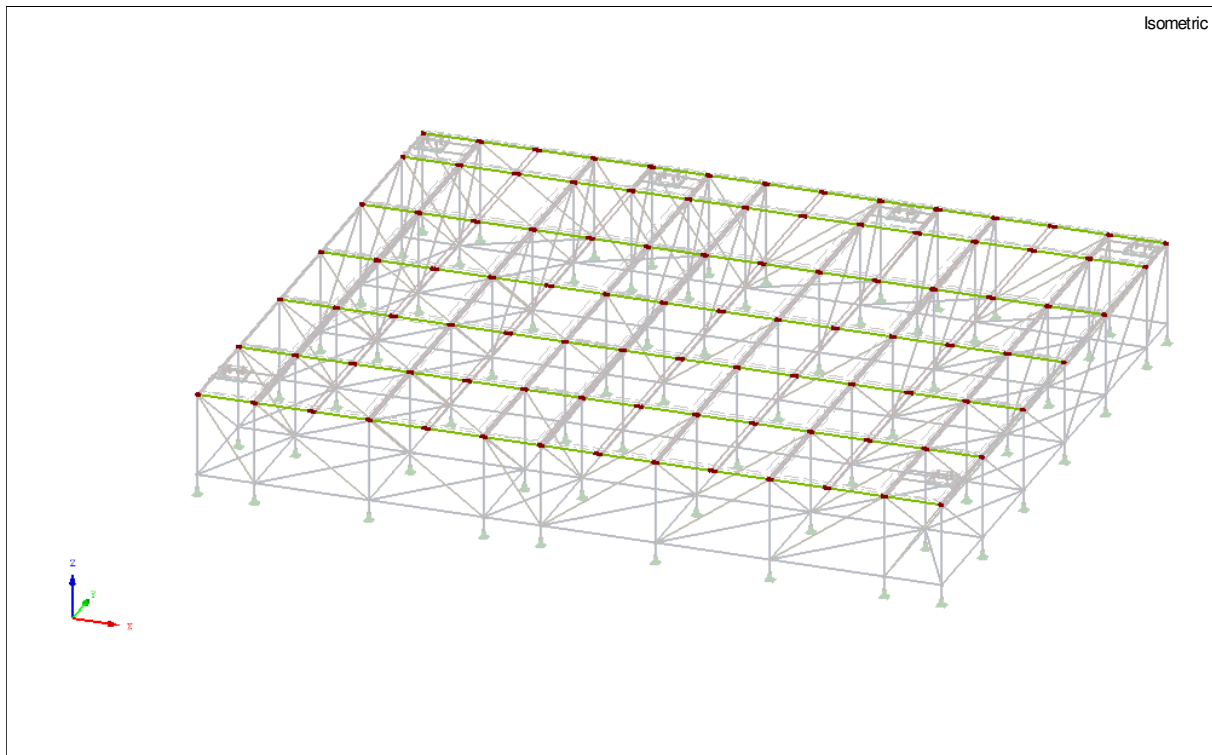
$$N_{ed, \max} = 24.70 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{check} = N_{ed, \max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

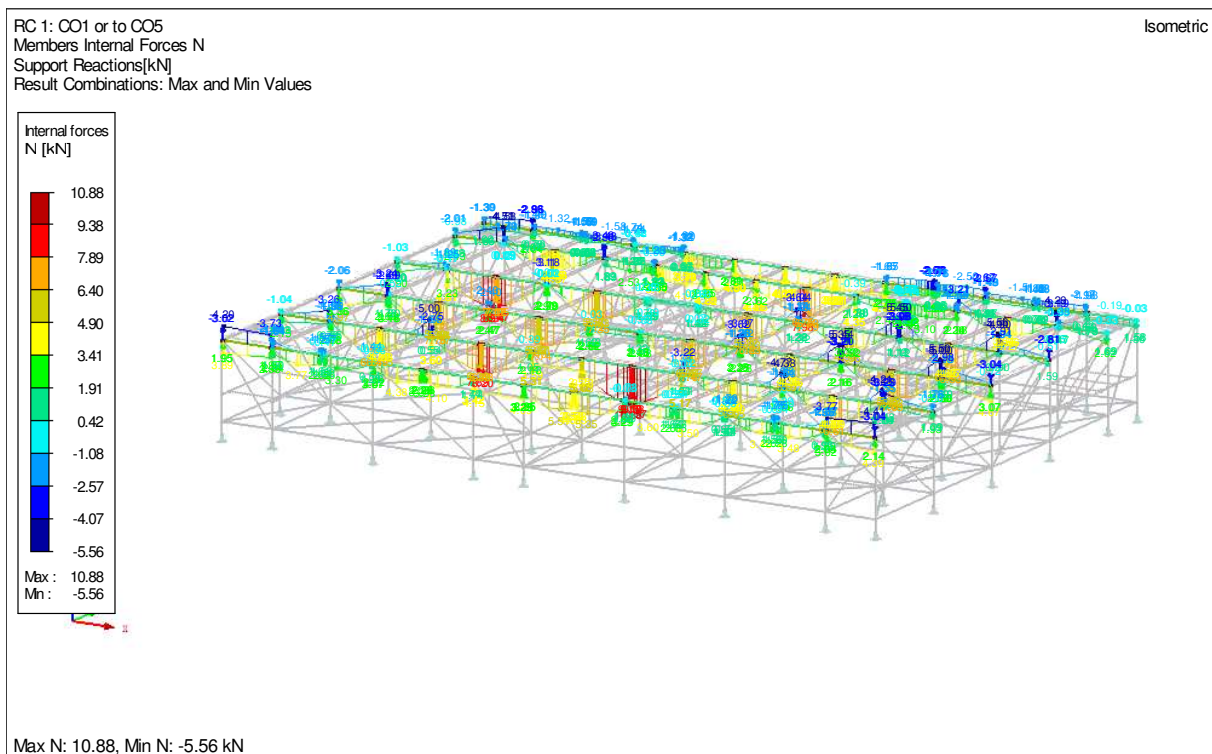
$$24.70 / 67.54 = 0.36 < 1$$

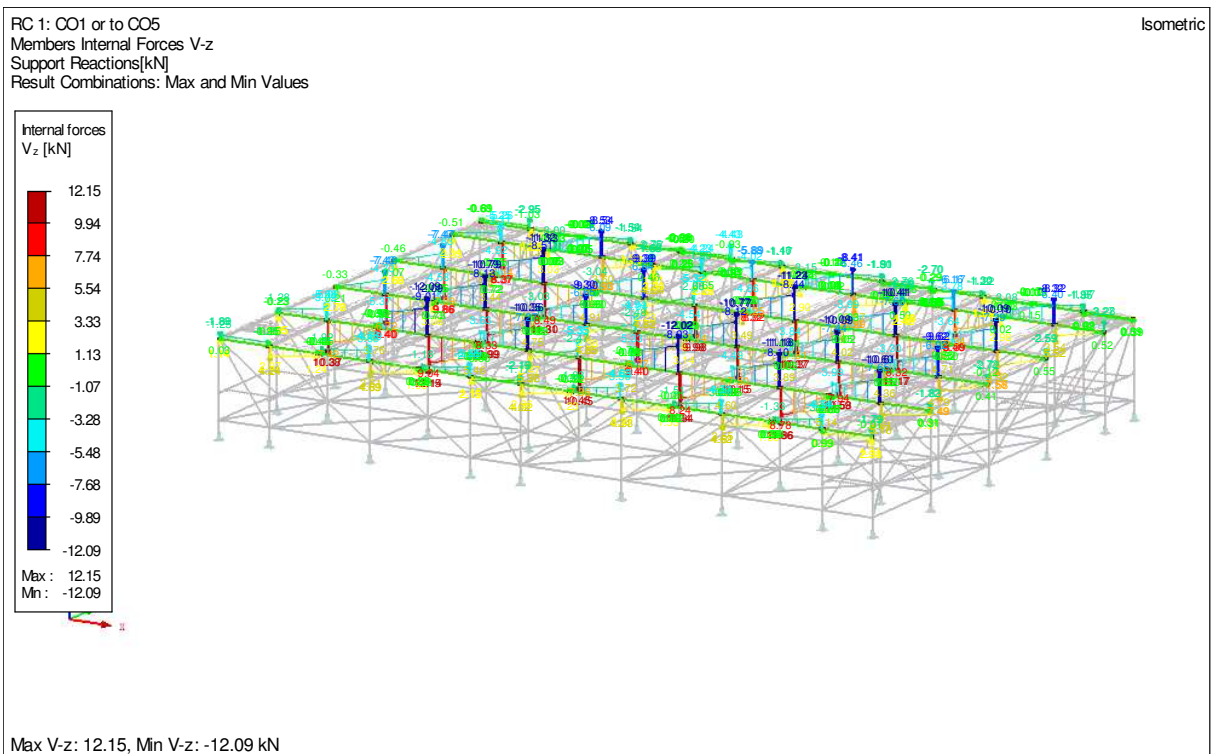
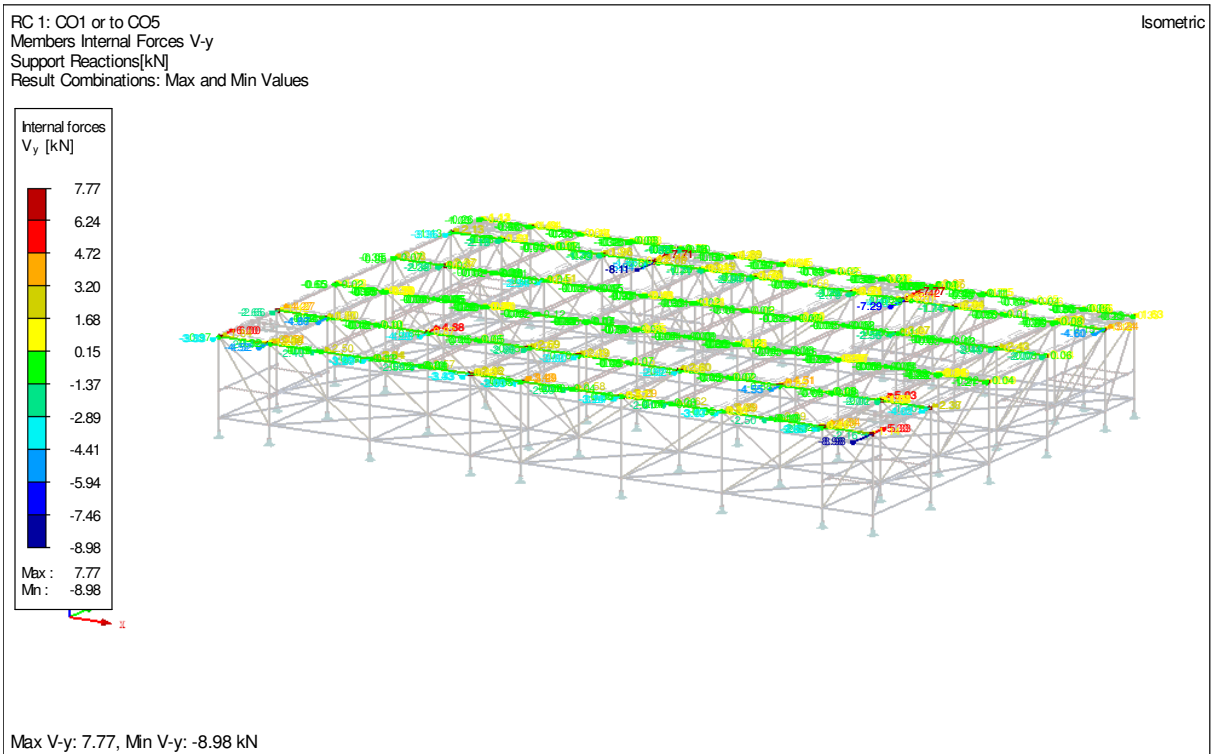
6.9 Check of the Event Layher staging system.

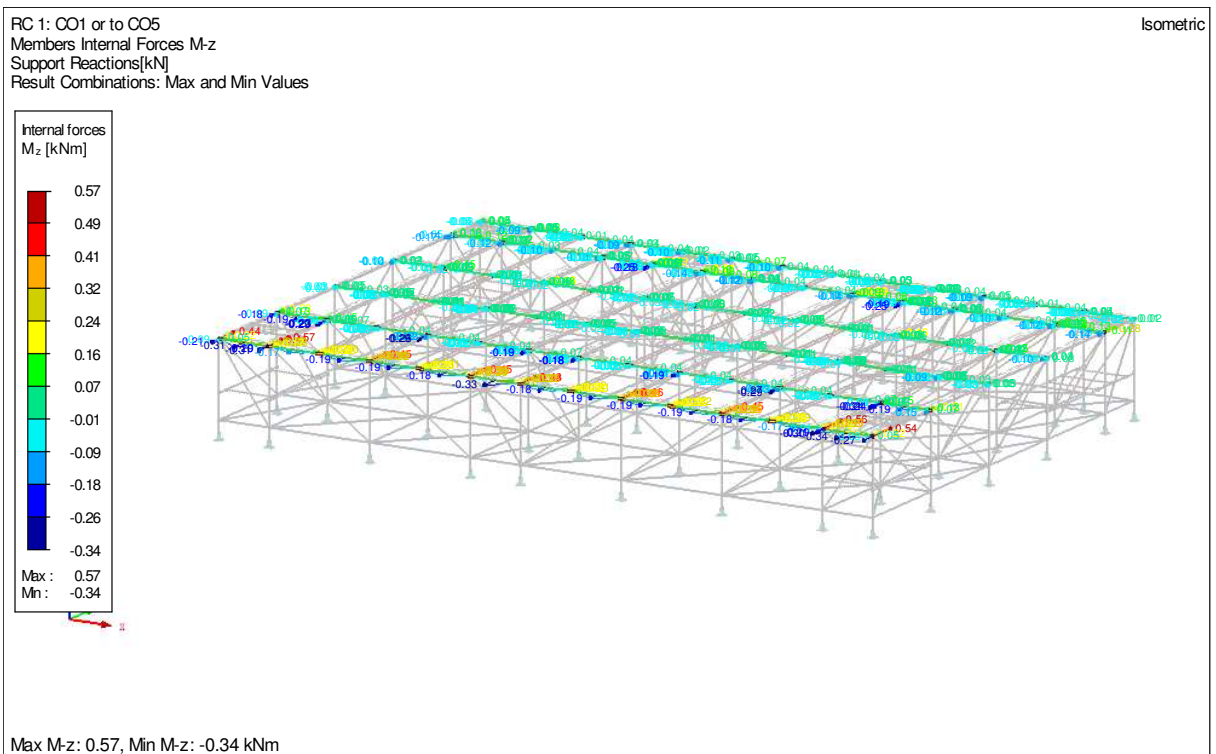
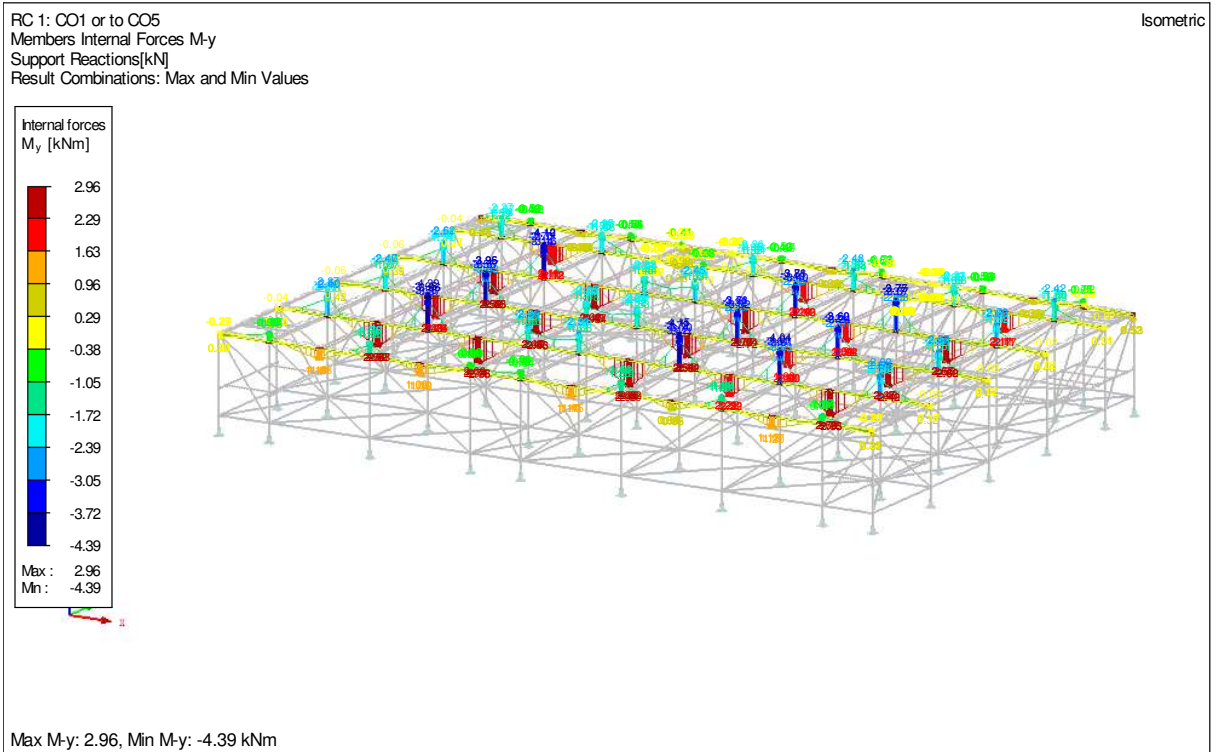
The event Layher staging system exist of Layher transom beams with a decking system on top.



In the next figures the internal forces of the floor beam are shown.





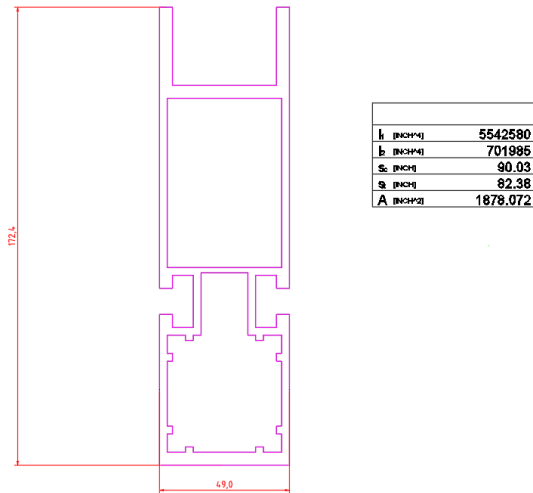


Profiel berekening.

Layher Event Beam

speciaal profiel

Aluminium 6005A T6



$$W_y = I_y / e_y = 554 / 8.25 = 67.15 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$N_{ed} = 10.88$$

$$\sigma N_{ed} = N_{ed} / A = 10.88 / 18.78 = 0.58 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$V_{y,ed} = 8.98 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma V_{z,ed} = V_{y,ed} / A = 8.98 / 18.78 = 0.48 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$V_{z,ed} = 12.15 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma V_{z,ed} = V_{z,ed} / A = 12.15 / 18.78 = 0.65 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$M_{y,ed} = 4.39 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sigma M_{y,ed} = M_{y,ed} / W_y = 439 / 61.6 = 7.13 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$M_{z,ed} = 0.57 \text{ kNm}$$

$$\sigma M_{z,ed} = M_{z,ed} / W_z = 60 / 28 = 2.04 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = \sigma N_{ed} + 0.58 * \sigma V_{z,ed} + 0.58 * \sigma V_{z,ed} + \sigma M_{y,ed} + \sigma M_{y,ed}$$

$$0.58 + 0.58 * 0.48 + 0.58 * 0.65 + 7.13 + 2.04 = 10.39 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

Check

$$\sigma_{tot} / (f_y / \gamma) < 1$$

$$10.39 / (21.5 / 1.1) = 0.53 < 1$$

6.10 Check of the roof Tower connection to the Layer stage.

NOTE:
HOEKEN + SCHERPE KANTEN BREKEN
TOLERANTIE +/- 0,5 mm
THERMISCH VERZINKEN

11	4	COSS-601 FEMALE RECEIVER			PKOLYTE
10	4	WASHER M12 Ø14			DN 440 R
9	4	SELFLOCKING NUT M12			DN 989
8	4	BOLT M12X80	L=80 mm		KWAL 8.8 DN 931
7	16	WASHER M16 Ø56			DN 440 R
6	12	SELFLOCKING NUT M16			DN 985
5	4	BOLT M16X170	L=170 mm		KWAL 8.8 DN 931
4	8	BOLT M16X110	L=110 mm		KWAL 8.8 DN 931
3	1	BASE PLATE 480X900	DKTE 20 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 41
2	2	SUB SUPPORT BEAM	L=1026 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 24
1	2	SMK LAYHER SUPPORT BEAM	L=957 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 24
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT

PROJECT NR : 2016020
REMARKS : 2016020-020 SHEET 14

DRAWN BY : NO HALDER
DATE : 8-02-2017

CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EGGELS VERHUUR
REVISION :
STATUS :

DESCRIPTION :
ASSEMBLY LAYHER BASE TOWER CLT ROOF

UNIT : MM

A3

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NOTE:
HOEKEN + SCHERPE KANTEN BREKEN
TOLERANTIE +/- 0,5 mm
THERMISCH VERZINKEN

3	2	LAYHER ANLASS KOP.			
2	2	STRIP 90X10	L=120 MM	S235	
1	1	RECTANGULAR TUBE 120X60X6	L=855mm	S235	4x GAT Ø18
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT

PROJECT NR : 2016020
REMARKS : 2016020-020 SHEET 24

DRAWN BY : NO HALDER
DATE : 8-02-2017

CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EGGELS VERHUUR
REVISION :
STATUS :

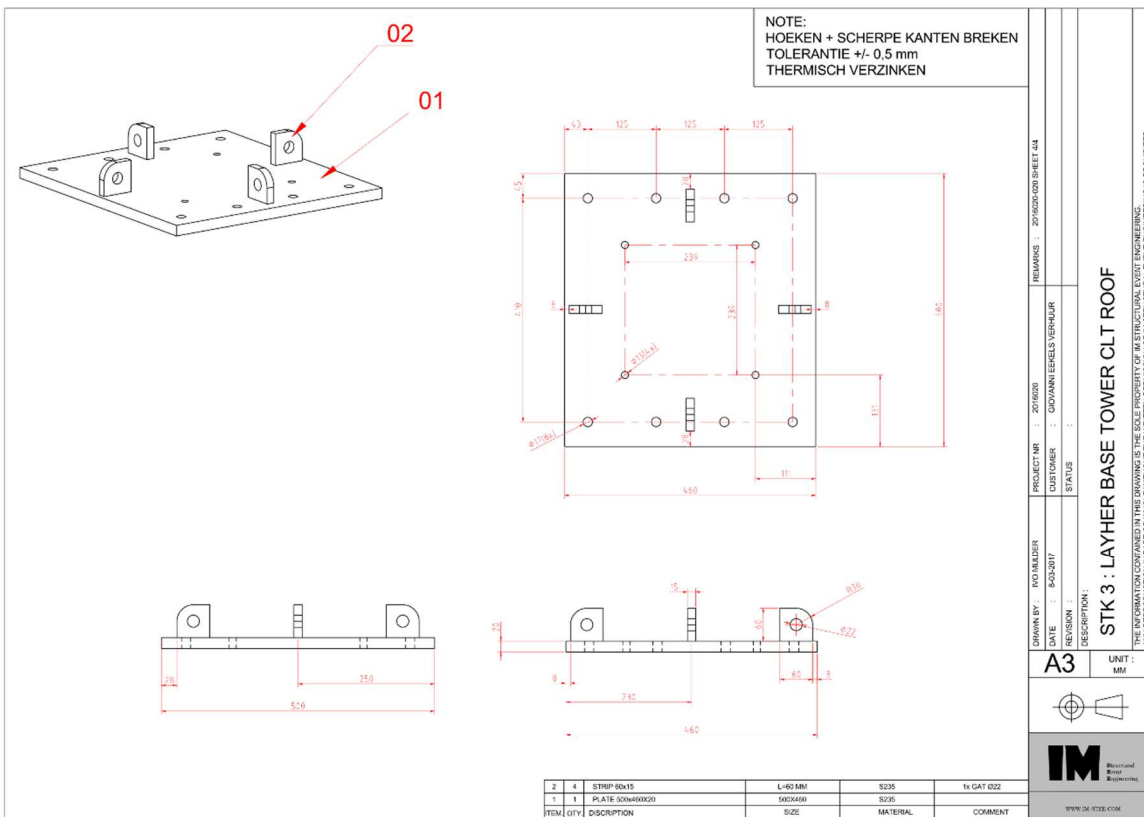
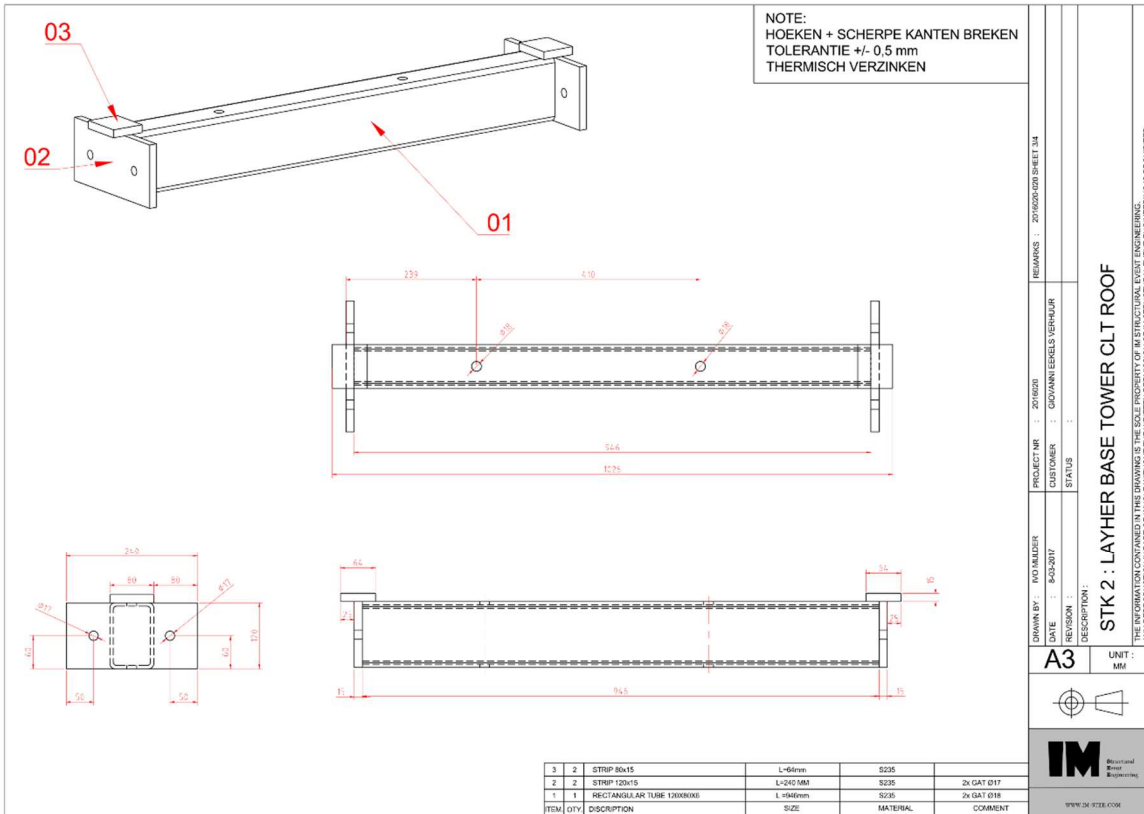
DESCRIPTION :
STK 1 : LAYHER BASE TOWER CLT ROOF

UNIT : MM

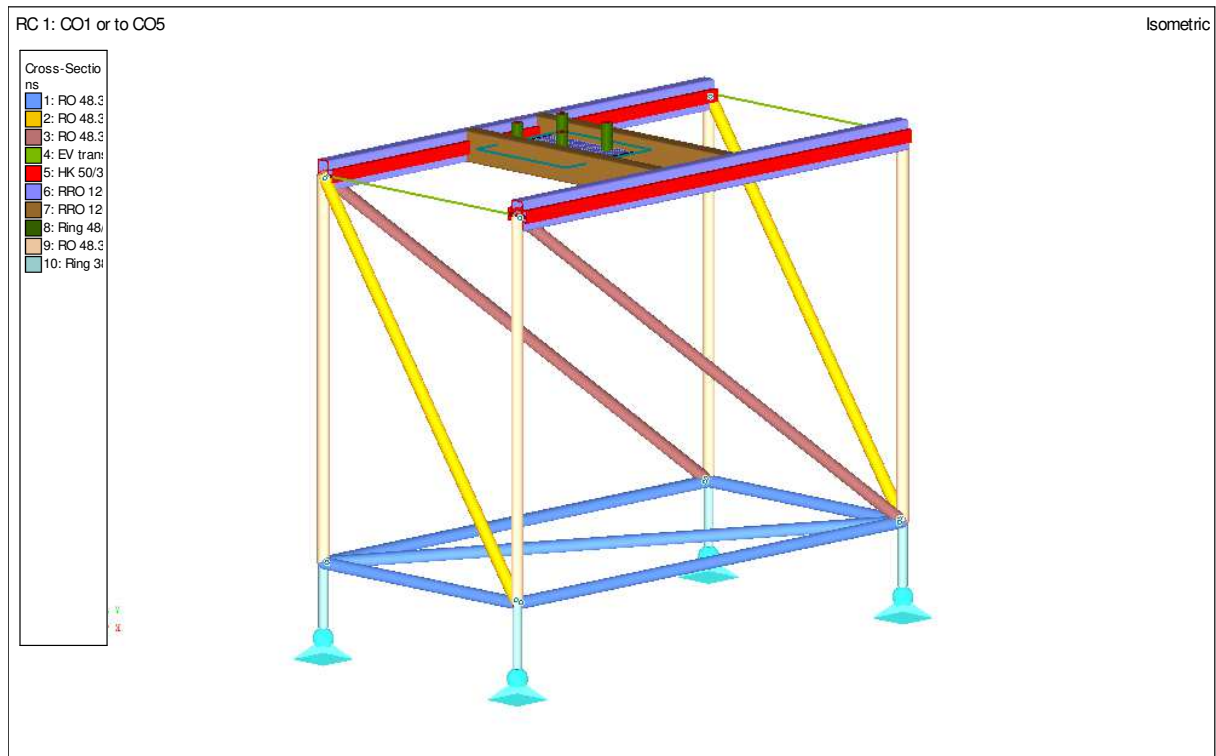
A3

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The Layher bases are inserted in the RFem model.



The Layher base has 2 different sizes of 2.072 x 1.036 and 1.036 x 1.036.

The Layher base which is checked is the one of 2.072 x 1.036.

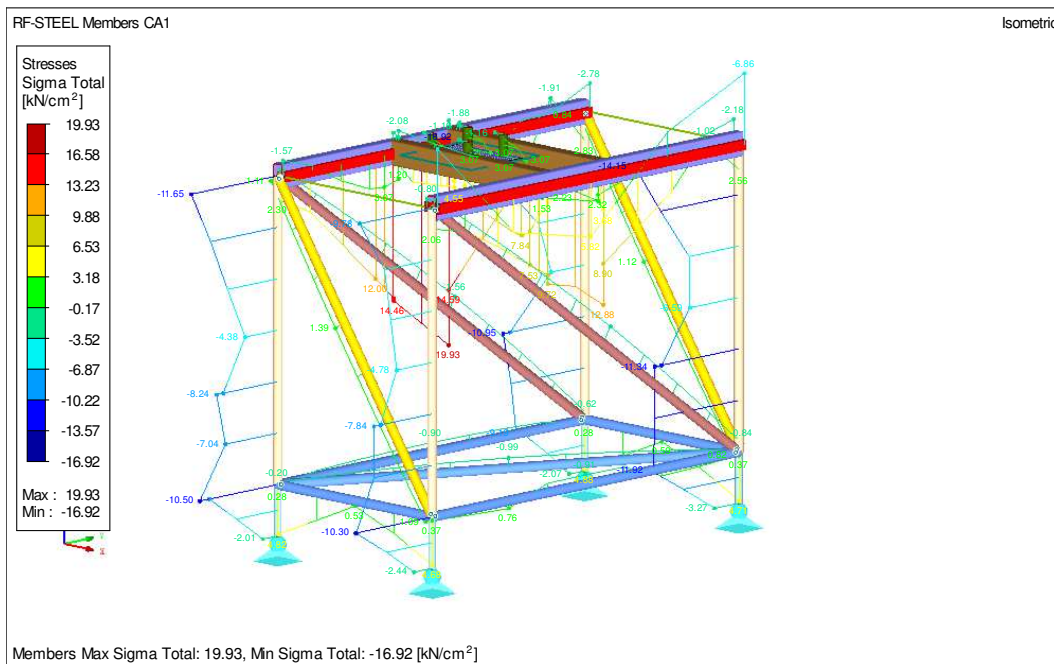
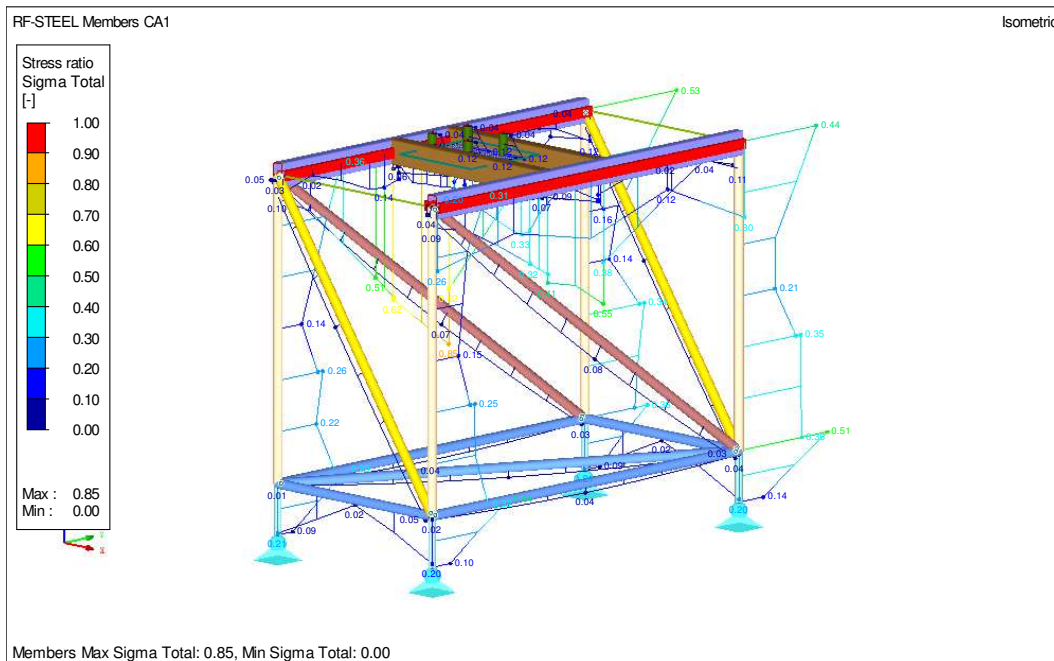
Check of the Layher attachment.

Maximum shear force in the Layher connection point $V_{ed} = 12.00$ kN

The maximum shear force of the Layher head is according to the figures at page 168 $V_{rd} = 26.4$ kN

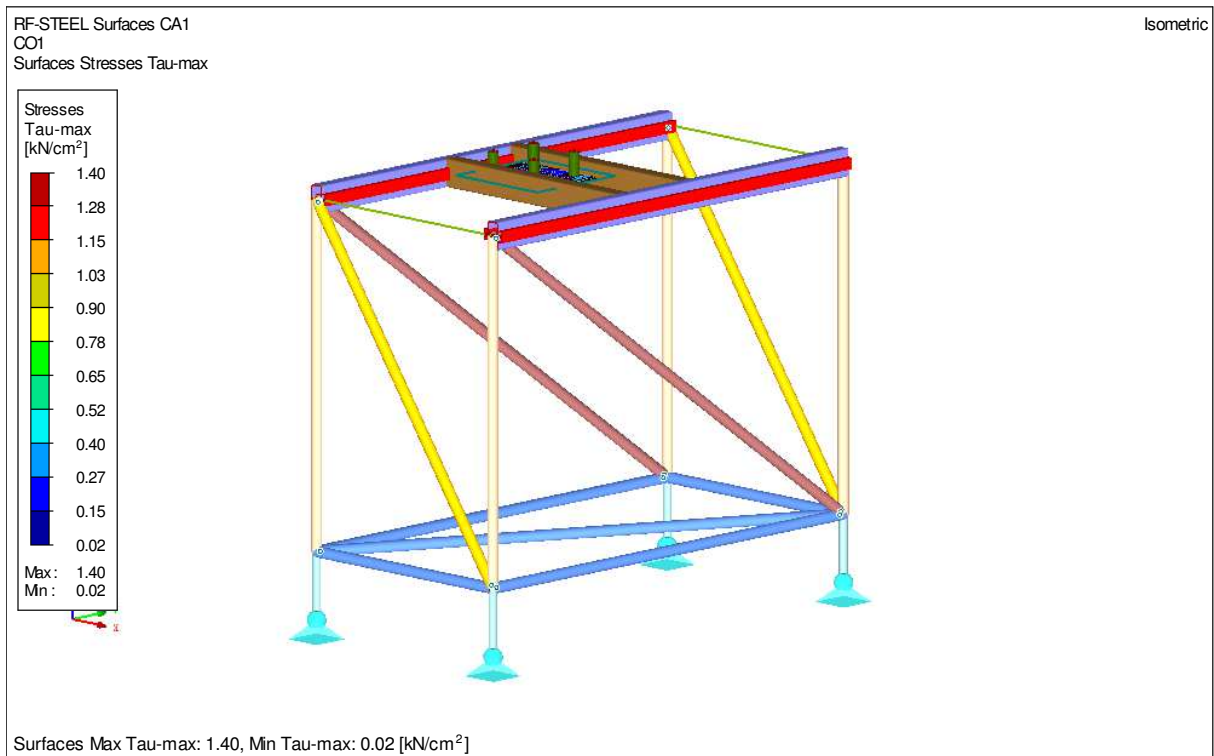
$$12.00 / 26.4 = 0.45 < 1$$

Maximum stress analyse for the members



Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Loading	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
6	RRO 120x60x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	996	0,375	11	CO5	Sigma Total	21,06	23,50	0,90
	946	0,916	16	CO5	Tau Total	-2,14	13,57	0,16
	996	0,375	11	CO5	Sigma-eqv	21,18	23,50	0,90
7	RRO 120x80x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	1003	0,054	11	CO5	Sigma Total	8,20	23,50	0,35
	1002	0,035	15	CO5	Tau Total	-5,69	13,57	0,42
	1002	0,035	14	CO5	Sigma-eqv	9,92	23,50	0,42

Maximum stress analyse for the steel plate



Load- ing	Surface No.	FE Mesh Point No.	Point Coordinates [m]			Stress [kN/cm ²]			Stress Ratio [-]
			X	Y	Z	Symbol	Existing	Limit	
CO1	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	1,52	13,57	0,11
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,35	23,50	0,06
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-4,53	23,50	0,19
	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	11,85	23,50	0,50
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	4,03	23,50	0,17
CO2	54	506	-0,807	-0,062	2,250	τ_{max}	0,93	13,57	0,07
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	2,93	23,50	0,12
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	0,87	23,50	0,04
	59	543	11,915	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	9,98	23,50	0,42
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	2,61	23,50	0,11
CO3	58	549	12,350	7,957	2,250	τ_{max}	1,55	13,57	0,11
	56	92	3,389	7,957	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,55	23,50	0,07
	58	549	12,350	7,957	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-4,84	23,50	0,21
	58	549	12,350	7,957	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	15,15	23,50	0,64
	58	549	12,350	7,957	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	4,30	23,50	0,18
CO4	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	1,53	13,57	0,11
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,73	23,50	0,07
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-5,73	23,50	0,24
	59	543	11,915	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	15,41	23,50	0,66
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	5,09	23,50	0,22
-	Maximum Stresses								
	58	549	12,350	7,957	2,250	τ_{max}	1,55	13,57	0,11
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	2,93	23,50	0,12
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-5,73	23,50	0,24
	59	543	11,915	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	15,41	23,50	0,66
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	5,09	23,50	0,22

7.0 Appendixes and extra information

Truss series	Prolyte H40V
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-4

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 13.39 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	34.05 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	34.05 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	200.86 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	18.94 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	18.94 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	20x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	339 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	339 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	16.96 cm ²	
I_y	4179.54 cm ⁴	
I_z	4179.54 cm ⁴	
i_y	15.70 cm	
i_z	15.70 cm	
I_T	900 cm ⁴	

Truss series	Prolyte H30V
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-2

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 10.42 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	24.00 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	24.00 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	200.86 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	14.73 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	14.73 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	16x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	16.96 cm ²	
I_y	2095.86 cm ⁴	
I_z	2095.86 cm ⁴	
i_y	11.12 cm	
i_z	11.12 cm	
I_T	500 cm ⁴	

Truss series	Prolyte H30D
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-1

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 10.42 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	10.39 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	12 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	150.65 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	12.76 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	7.36 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	16x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	207 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	12.72 cm ²	
I_y	1057.29 cm ⁴	
I_z	1057.10 cm ⁴	
i_y	9.12 cm	
i_z	9.11 cm	
I_T	150 cm ⁴	



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Project number: 2016020-1

Structural calculation Report


CLT roof 12x10

Eekels verhuur

This calculation report has been specific prepared for the company Eekels Verhuur at Gruttostraat 9, 5212 VM, 's-Hertogenbosch. It is not allowed to copy or print any part of this calculation other than for the intern use at InterStage. The first chapter of this calculation report can be passed on as annex to a permit application. In all other situations it is obligated to obtain an written permission from the company IM Structural Event Engineering.

Date : 16-05-2017

Ivo Mulder BCs



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1 General Preliminary notes.

1.1 Construction description.

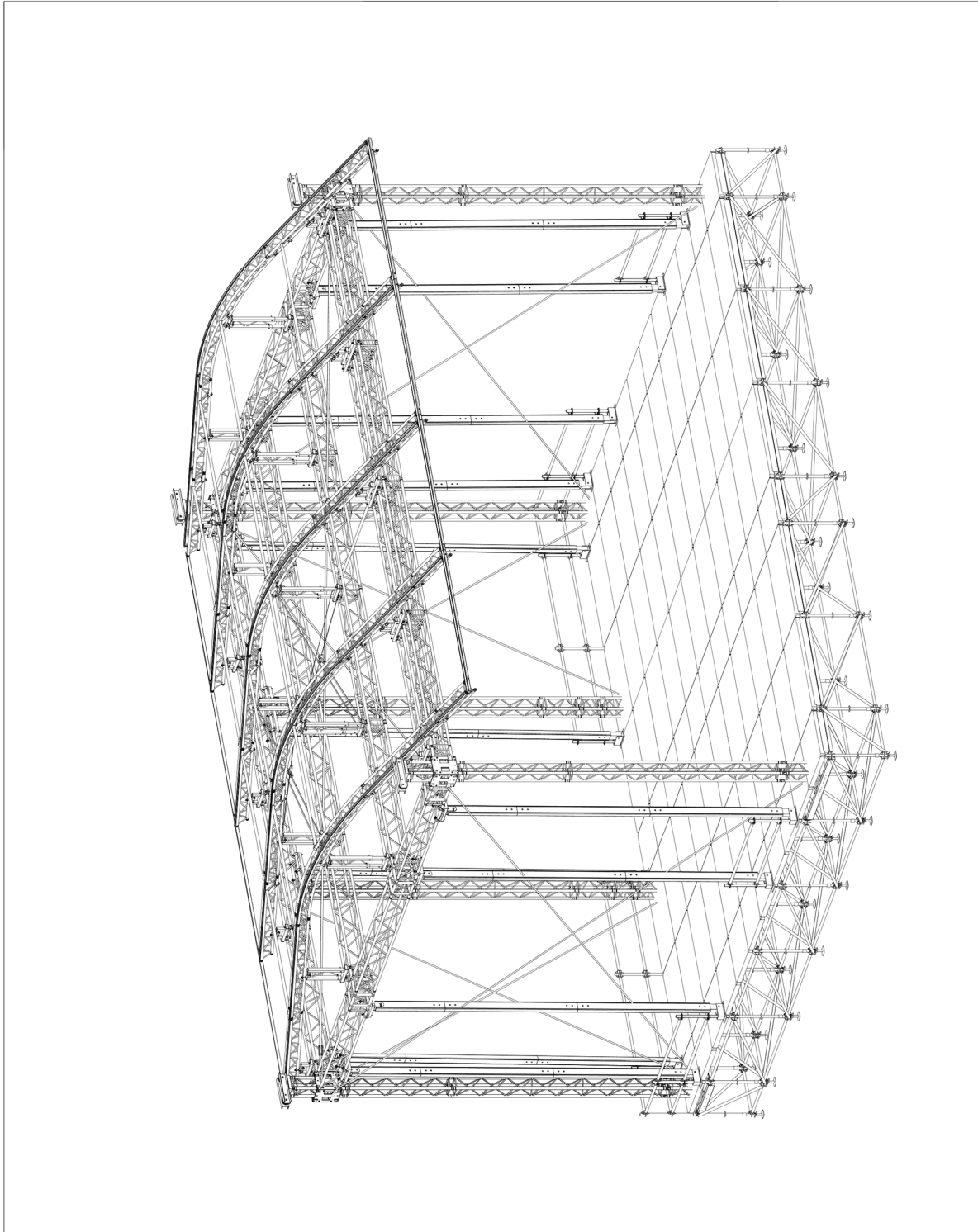
This report concerns the calculation of the CLT roof owned by the company Eekels Verhuur. The dimensions of the CLT roof construction are 12 meter wide 10 meters depth and 10 meters high.

The roof construction is built from mainly aluminium truss which are produced by Prolyte. The stage underneath the roof construction is constructed from the Layher scaffolding system, and is an integrated system.

The stage is calculated as a 2 meter stage but can also be built as a 1.5 meter stage.

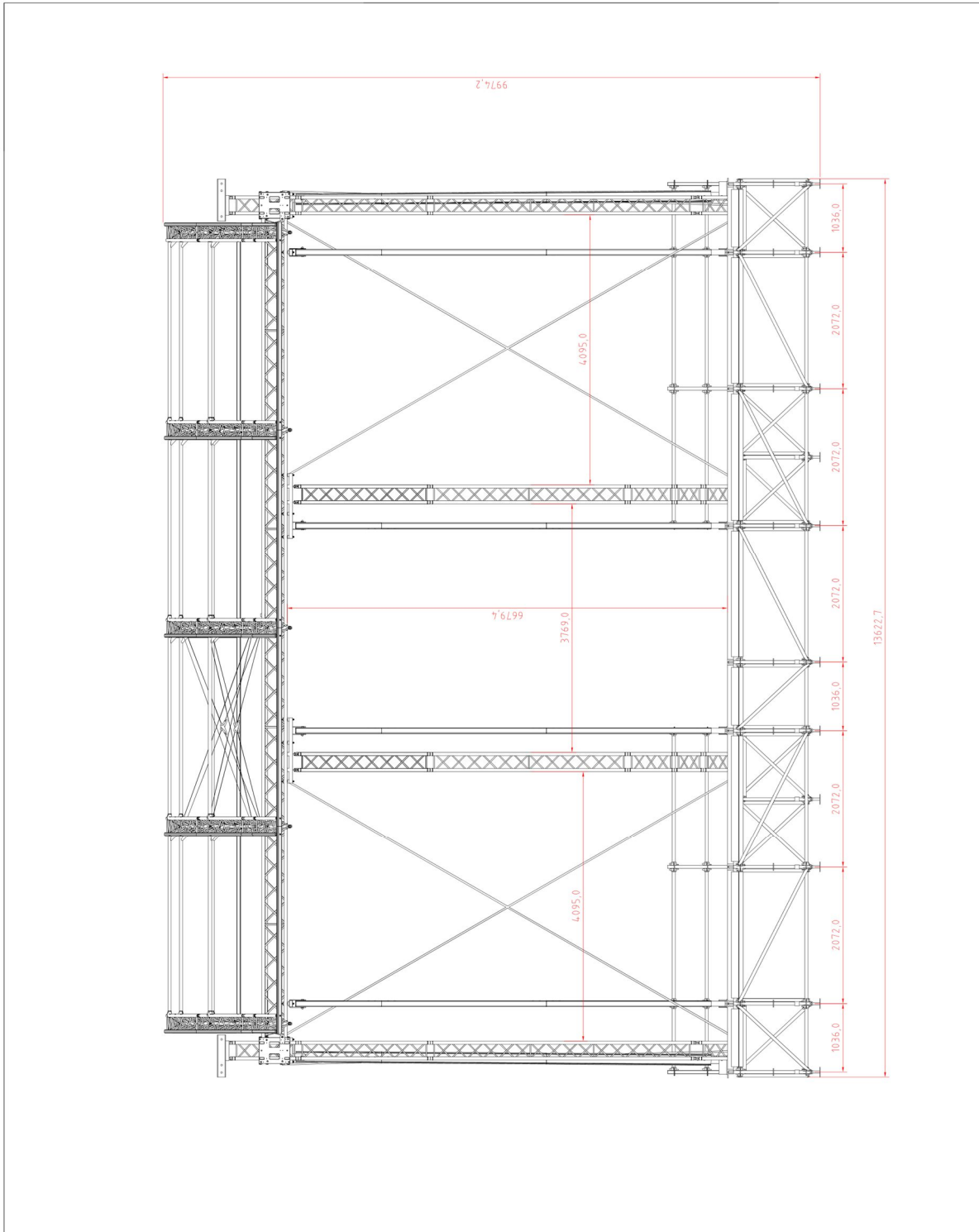
The construction will mainly be used as a staging system for festivals or outdoor events.

1.2 Construction drawing.
1.2.1 Perspective



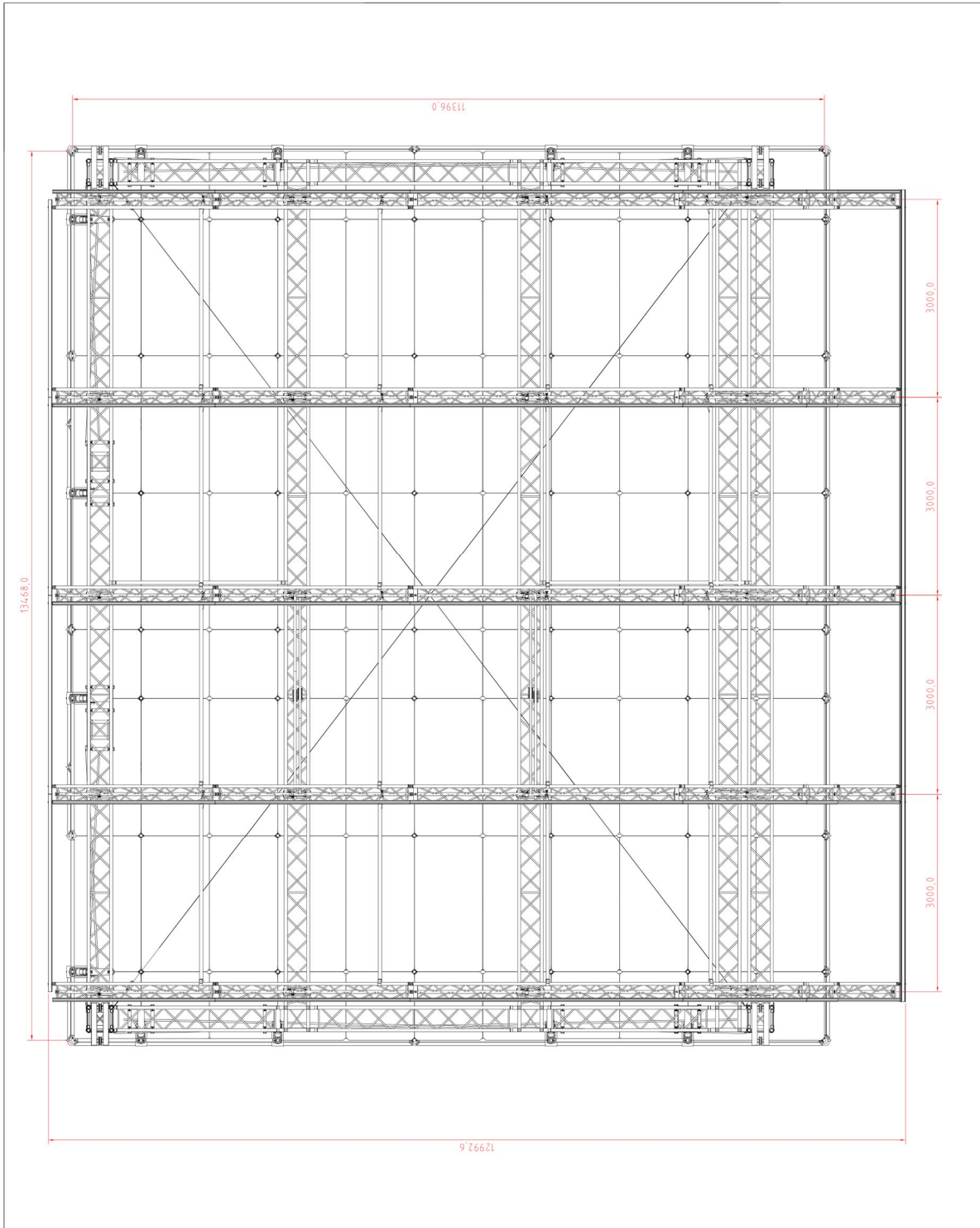
RAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS : SHEET 1/4	UNIT : MM A3		 WWW.IM-STRUCT.COM
DATE : 14-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR				
REVISION :	STATUS :				
DESCRIPTION :					
CLT 12X10 ISO VIEW					
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1.2.2 Front view



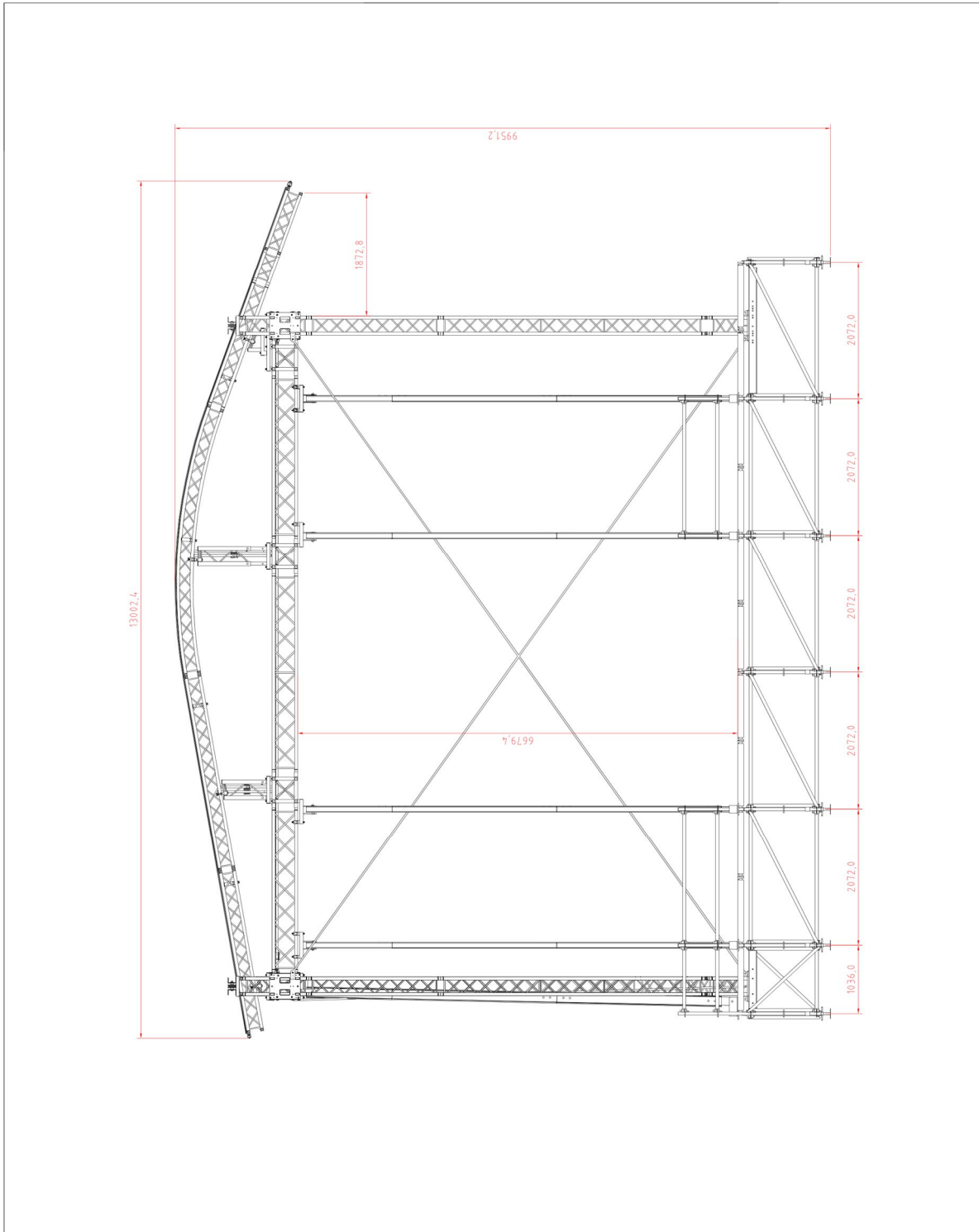
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS : SHEET 2/4	UNIT : MM WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 14-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
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DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12X10 FRONT VIEW			
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1.2.3 Top view



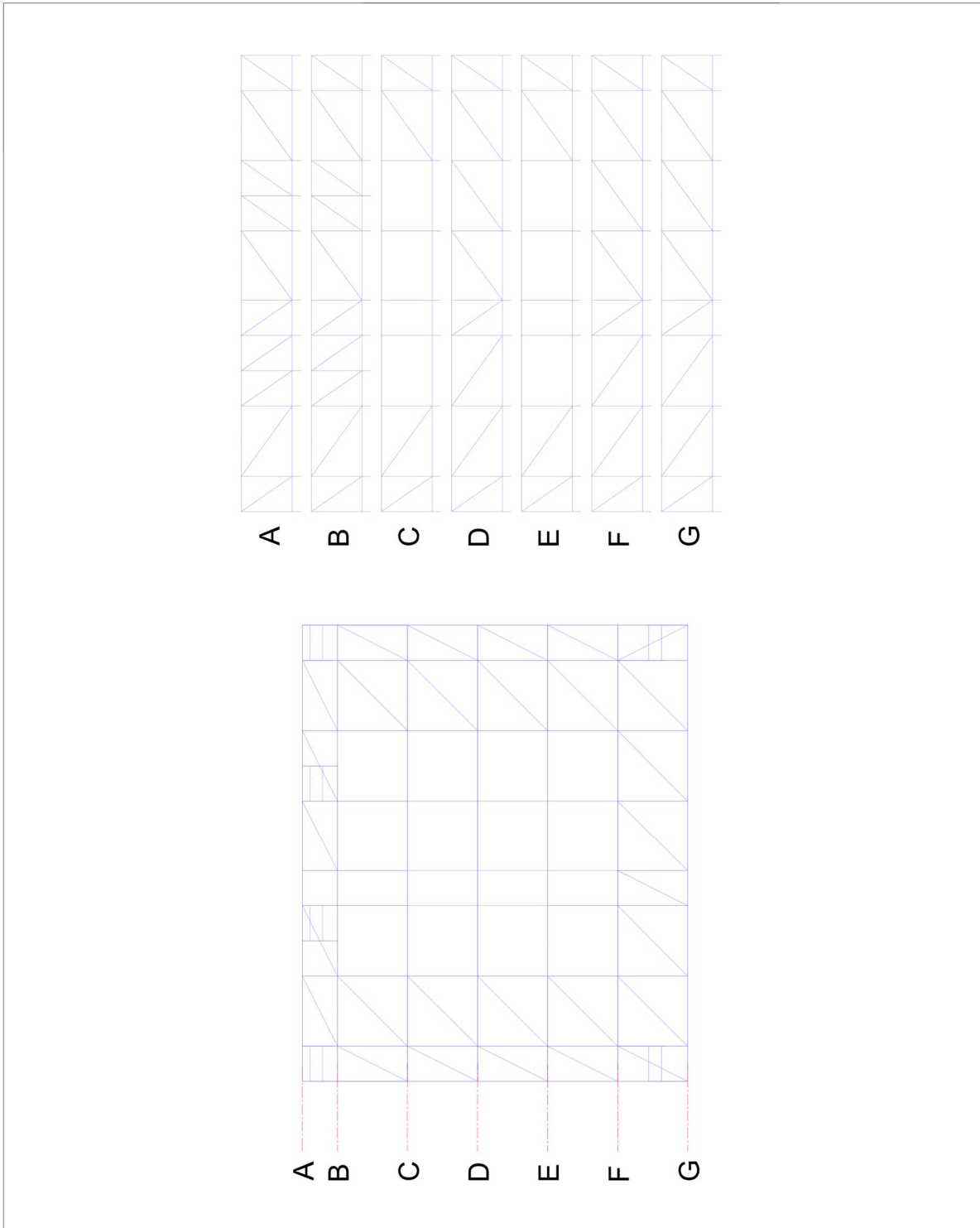
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS : SHEET 2/4	UNIT : MM IM Structural Engineering WWW.IM-STEEL.COM
DATE : 14-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION: CLT 12X10 TOP VIEW			
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1.2.4 Side view



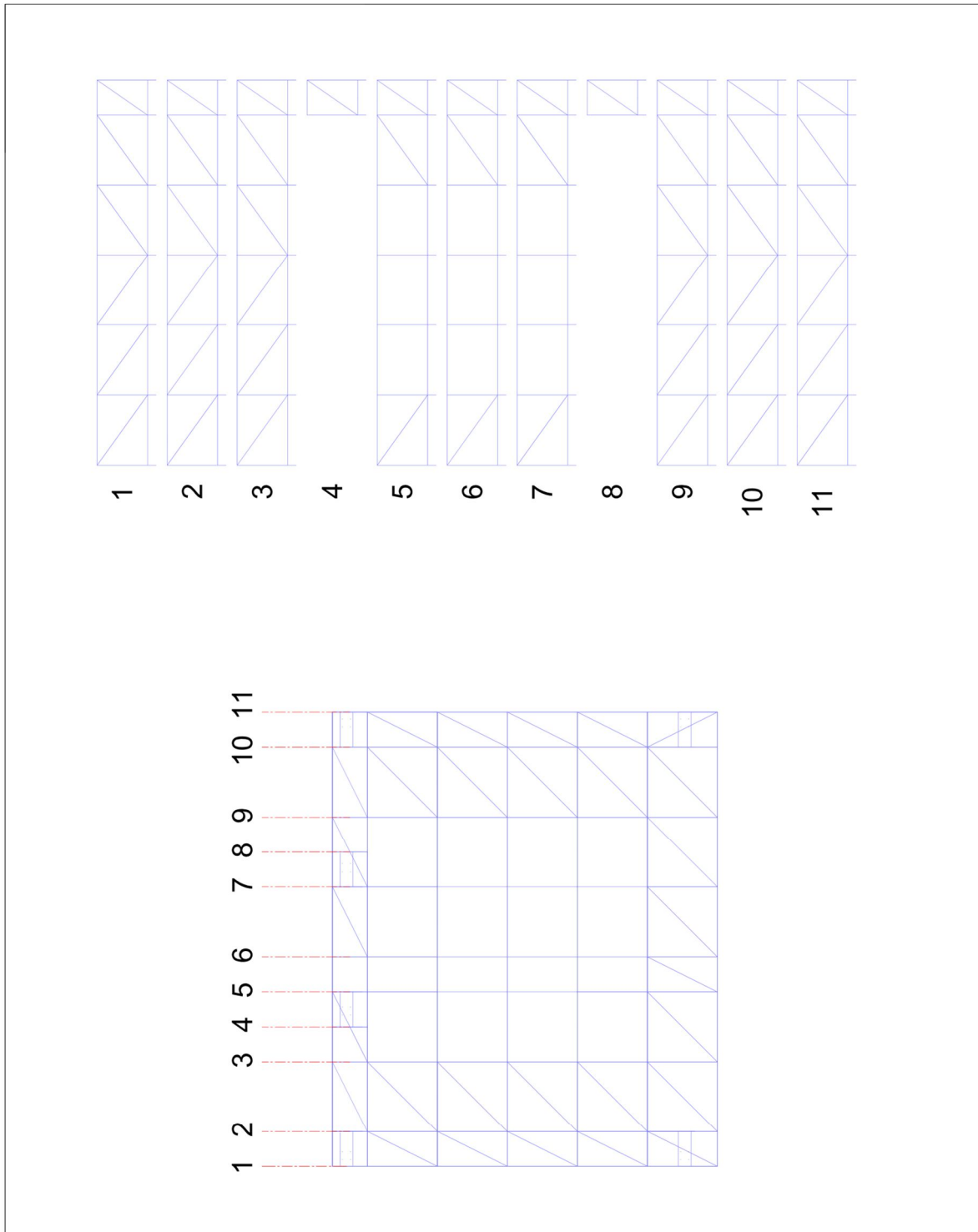
DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS : SHEET 3/4	UNIT : MM www.im-steel.com
DATE : 14-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION :			
CLT 12X10 FRONT VIEW			
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1.2.5 Layher plan drawing 1



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DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR		
REVISION :	STATUS :		
DESCRIPTION:			
LAYHER SETUP DRAWING 1			
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1.2.6 Layher plan drawing 1



DRAWN BY : IVO MULDER	PROJECT NR : 2016020	REMARKS :	UNIT : MM			
DATE : 16-05-2017	CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EEKELS VERHUUR					
REVISION :	STATUS :		A3			
DESCRIPTION : LAYER SETUP DRAWING 2						
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1.3 Used normalisation.

This calculation is based on the next parts of the Eurocodes.

NEN-EN 1990	(Eurocode 0) Basis of structural design.
NEN-EN 1991	(Eurocode 1) Action on structures.
NEN-EN 1993	(Eurocode 3) Design of steel structures.
NEN-EN 1999	(Eurocode 9) Design of Aluminium structures.
NEN-EN 13814	Fair ground and amusement park machinery and structures
NEN-EN 13782	Temporary structures-Tents-Safety.
NEN-EN 12385	Steel wire ropes.

1.4 General load assumption explanation.

The loads which are taken into account in this calculation are based on the information gathered from the different parts of the Eurocodes. Some of the loading information's from the Eurocode are based on permanent building constructions which makes it not feasible to use these information for a temporary demountable construction. In these specific cases there will be an explanation of a well weighted decision why the calculation deviates from the information presented in the Eurocode.

1.5 Used materials.

In the Appendix the structural information off each truss series and different parts can be found. The truss which is used is produced by Prolyte, and the different used series are.

Tower	Prolyte H30V truss
Main grid	Prolyte H40V truss
Roof construction	Prolyte H30D truss in combination with special adapters
Side wall Profiles	Kedar profile 170x88
Flooring system	Layher scaffolding system
Canopy sheets	PVC

Steel wires or retched straps to stabilize the construction

1.6 Load assumptions

1.6.1 Wind loading

According to the Eurocode 13814, two wind situation calculations are made of a temporary demountable structures. The first situation has a wind speed from 0 to 21 m/s and is called the In-service situation and the second situation has a wind speed from 21 m/s to 28 m/s and is called the Out-service situation. These maximum wind speeds are the maximum wind gust measured at 10 meters high in a free environment. The In-service situation is the situation where the construction can be used for events. In this situations all the side walls are mounted. There is no danger concerning the structural integrity of the temporary demountable structure. Before the wind gust exceeds the maximum In-service wind speed of 21 m/s all the side walls, banners, PA load and big scenery objects need to be removed, so the wind can pass underneath the roof. All these actions, and how they are executed need to be written in a method statement. When all the actions are finished the Out-service situation is in place. In the Out-service situation the only people who can be in the neighbourhood of the stage are professionals who know and understand the risk involved in temporary demountable structures and are well aware of the method statement. When there are wind gust higher than the 28 m/s the construction side need to be completely cleared from all people.

The values of the extreme thrust are based on area's which have a reference wind speed of $V_{b,o}$, less or equal to 28 m/s with a return period of 5 years according to the NEN-EN 13814. If the construction will be used in an area which requires a higher extreme thrust, the user need to be aware that using the same extreme thrust value the return period will be less than 5 years.

In the NEN-EN 1991 there are 4 different terrain category's determined. In the tables on the next pages the maximum wind gust is presented which the construction can withstand in the in-service and the out-service situations, in conjunction with the height and the terrain category. The figure in the column with the head V_b in m/s is the mean wind velocity measured on 10m height in the concerning terrain category, it is recommended to use a professional weather station near to the place where the construction is build. The column with the head Max. wind gust is the maximum peak wind which is determined from the peak wind velocity by the law of Bernoulli.

1.6.2 In-service situation.

The 21 m/s which is mentioned as the maximum wind gust for the in-service situation is based on an average between the wind gust 17.98 m/s for $0 < 8$ m and the wind gust 21.91 m/s for $8 < 20$ m.

$0 < 8$ meter 0.20 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	10.58	17.89
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	11.02	17.89
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	12.03	17.89
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	14.29	17.89
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	17.57	17.89

$8 < 20$ meter 0.30 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	11.9	21.91
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	12.25	21.91
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	13.07	21.91
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	14.83	21.91
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	17.09	21.91

1.6.3 Out-service situation.

The 28m m/s which is mentioned as the maximum wind gust for the out-service situation is based on an average between the wind gust 26.46 m/s for $0 < 8$ m and the wind gust 31.62 m/s for $8 < 20$ m.

The wind pressure which is mentioned in the table below is increased with 20 % in comparison to the Eurocode 13814. This because the factor C_{tem} , which is 0.80 is taken out of the wind pressure values. Intentionally the factor C_{tem} is applied due to the fact that protection, reinforcement and sheltering is possible. In the case of these kind of structure's this is not possible to do.

$0 < 8$ meter 0,4375 kN/m²

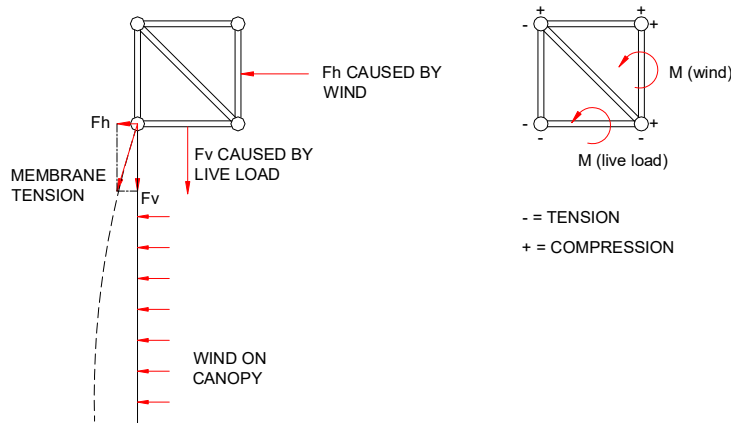
Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	15.65	26.46
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	16.3	26.46
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	17.79	26.46
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	21.14	26.46
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	25.99	26.46

$8 < 20$ meter 0.625 kN/m²

Terrain category	V _b in m/s (1)	Max. wind gust (2)
Sea or coastal area exposed to open sea	17.18	31.62
Lakes or flat and horizontal area with negligible vegetation and without obstacles	17.68	31.62
Area with low vegetation such as grass and isolated obstacles (trees, buildings) with separations of at least 20 obstacle heights	18.87	31.62
Area with regular cover of vegetation or buildings with isolated obstacles with separations of maximum 20 obstacles heights (such as villages, suburban terrain permanent forest)	21.41	31.62
Area in which at least 15% of the surface is covered with buildings and their average heights exceeds 15 m.	24.66	31.62

1.6.4 Membrane tension of the canopy due to wind influences.

If there is a wind pressure applied to a membrane this membrane will have reaction forces in two directions on the connection to the construction. This phenomenon is called membrane tension. And in some cases this extra loading need to be applied.



With a dynamic loading $q=0.50 \text{ kN/m}^2$ applying an aerodynamic coefficient $C_f=0.40$ and a span of $l=5.00 \text{ m}$ a resulting membrane tension of $Z=0.80 \text{ kN/m}$ is derived.

$$Z = (Z_y^2 + Z_z^2)^{1/2} = 0.80 \text{ kN/m with } \begin{aligned} Z_z &= 0.5 * 0.4 * 5.0 / 2 = 0.50 \text{ kN/m} \\ Z_y &= (Z^2 - Z_z^2)^{1/2} = (0.80^2 - 0.50^2)^{1/2} = 0.624 \\ Z_y / Z_z &= 0.624 / 0.50 = 1.25 = 1 / 0.8 \end{aligned}$$

1.6.5 Snow Loads.

Snow loads are not taken into account in this calculation. Erection of the construction is initially intended to be in appropriate weather conditions. If the construction should be built in winter season, the construction need to be reinforced or kept free from snow, the method how the structure will be kept free from snow need to be written in the method statement.

1.6.6 Live load.

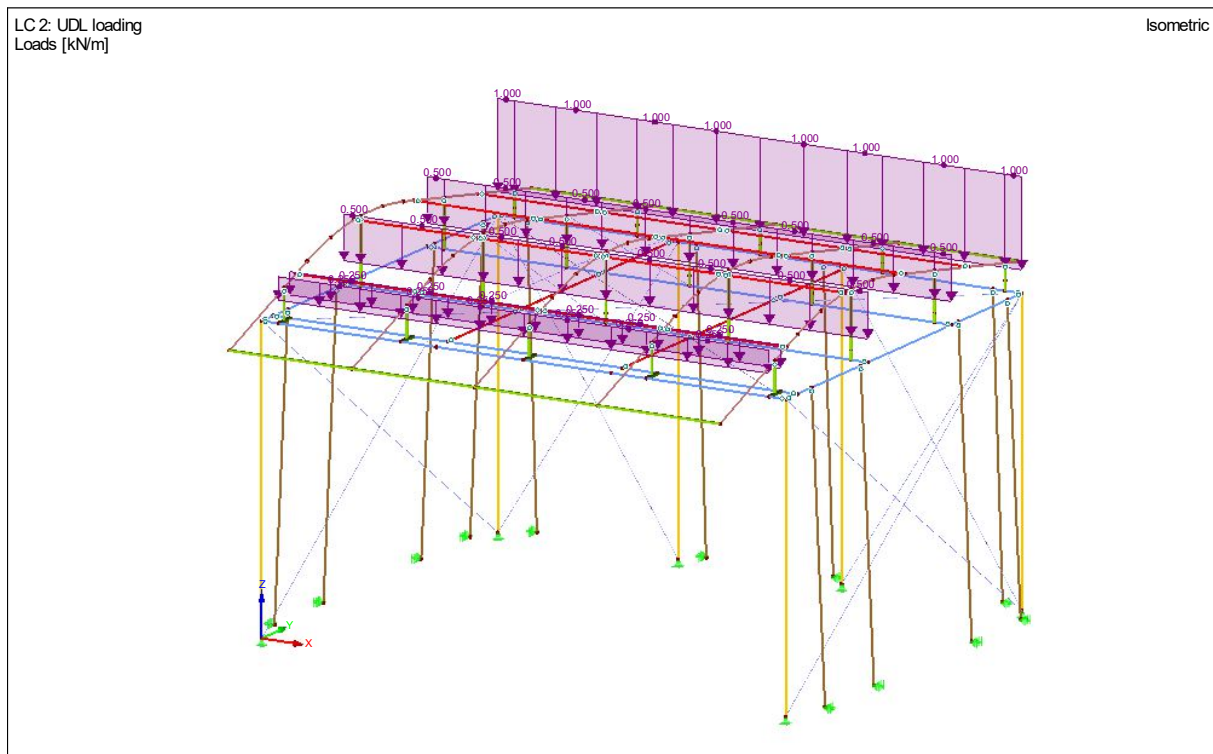
In this structural report there are Live load scenario's presented. These are intended to give an indication of the Rigging possibilities in the construction. If the actual loading of the construction deviates from the these Rigging plots an additional comparison calculation need to be made. The shifting of Rigging point can influence the maximum loading of the construction.

Each Rigging point need to be attached to the node point of the truss.

1.7 Loading Configurations.

The calculation of the roof system has been done with 5 different loading scenarios. Uniform distributed load, Center point load, point loads in the third point and point load 1.25 meter from the side span. In the Out-service situation the PA load and big scenery need to be derigged from the roof, the loading of the main roof can stay in the roof. This is taken into account in this calculation.

1.7.1 UDL Loading setup



Equally divided load along the main span.

Span 1 = 25 kg/m

Span 2 = 25 kg/m

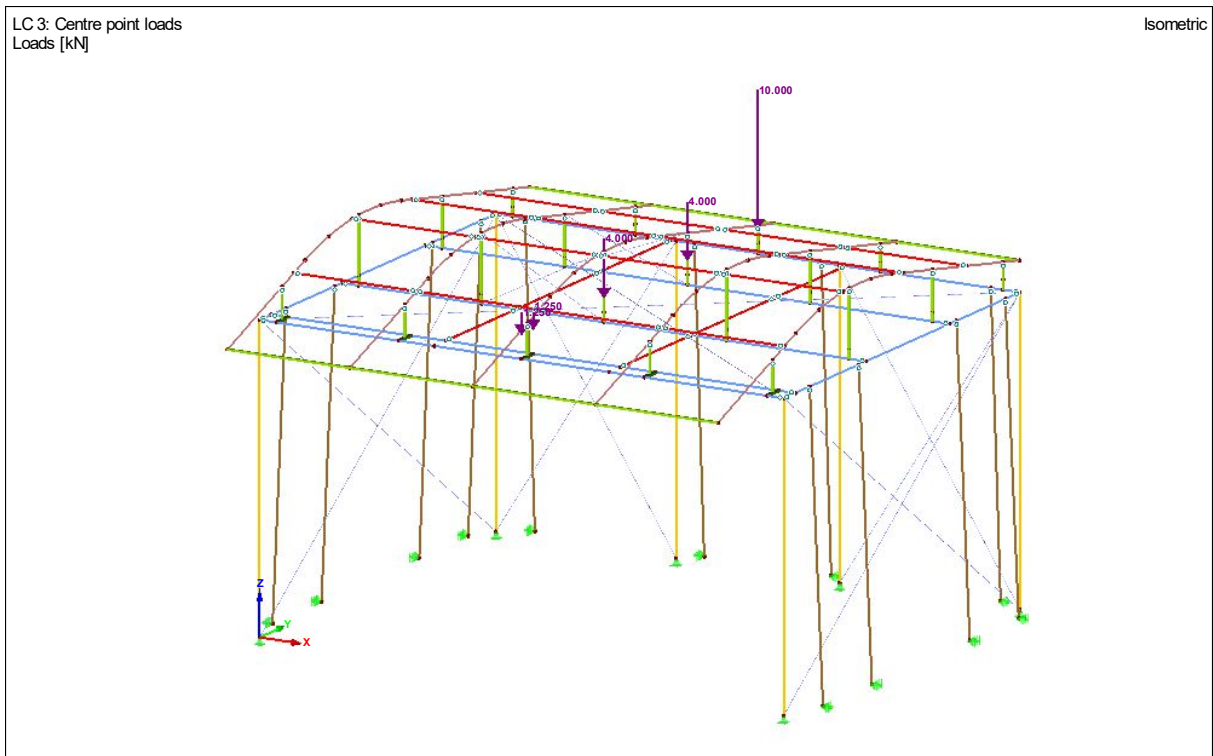
Span 3 = 50 kg/m

Span 4 = 50 kg/m

Span 5 = 100 kg/m

The total load on the main system is ~ 3000 kg

1.7.2 Centre point load



Span 1 = 125 kg

Span 2 = 125 kg

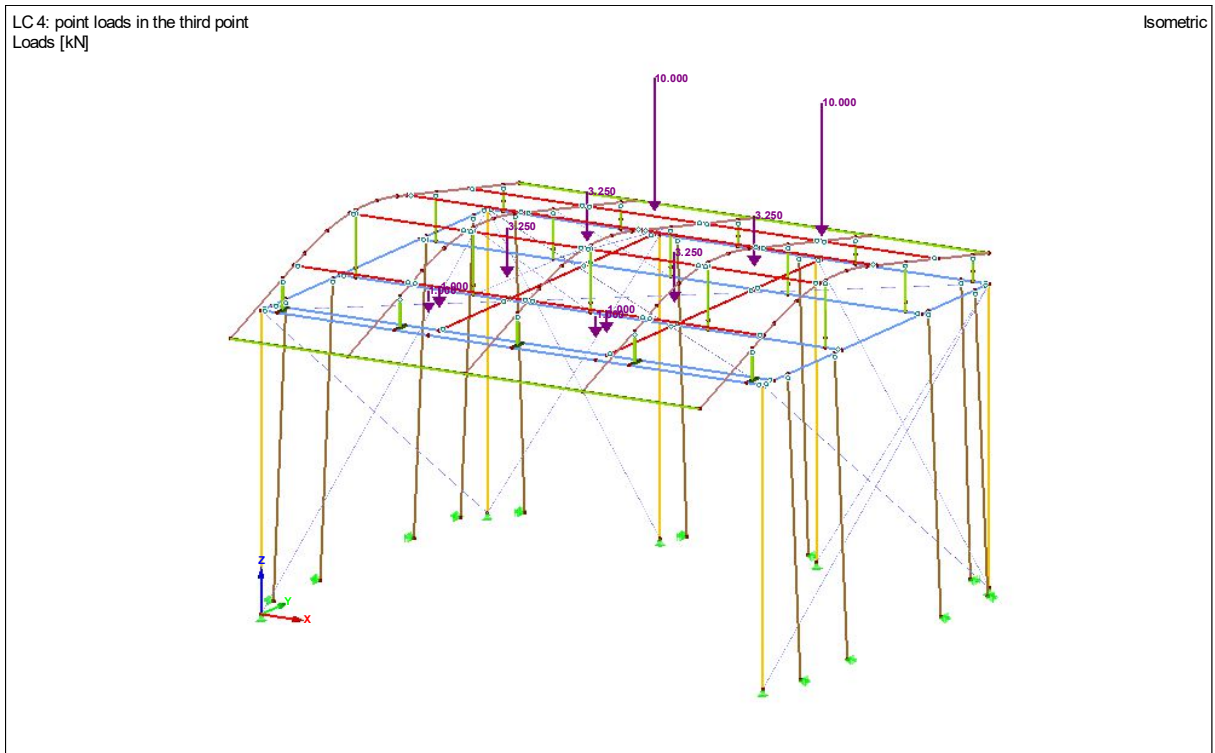
Span 3 = 400 kg

Span 4 = 400 kg

Span 5 = 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 1060 Kg

1.7.3 Point loads in the third point



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

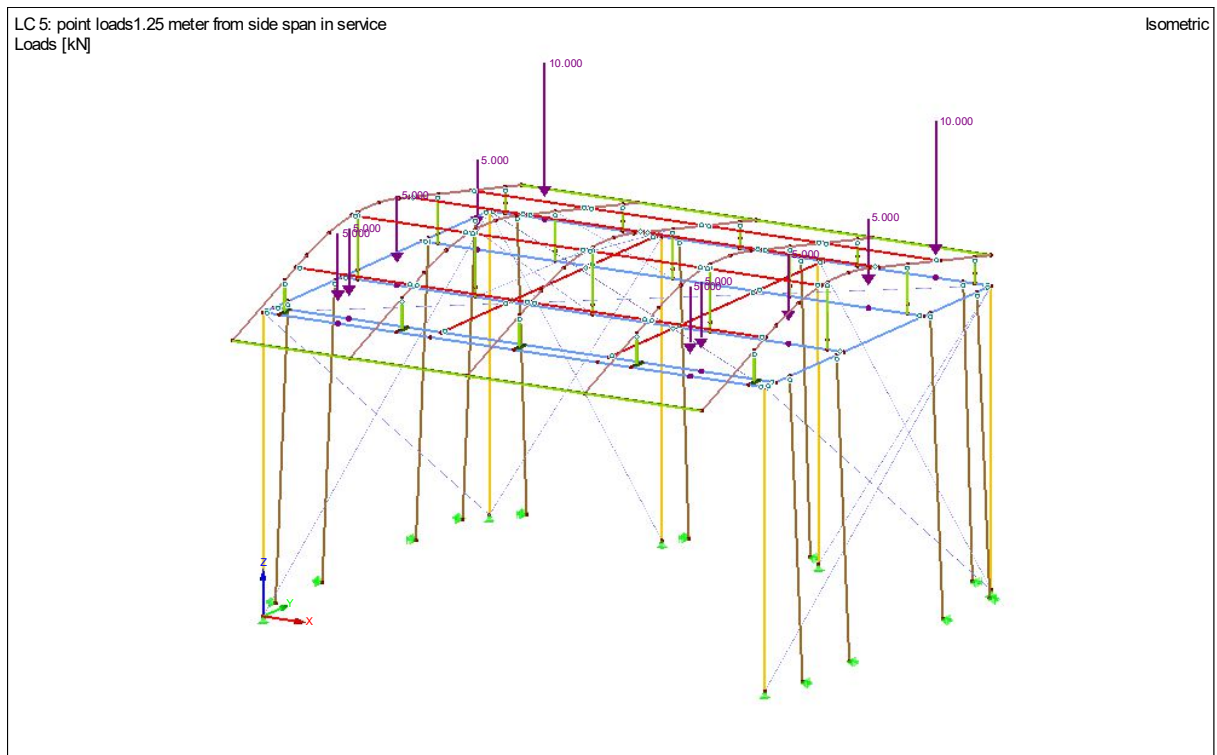
Span 3 = 2x 325 kg

Span 4 = 2x 325 kg

Span 5 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 3700 Kg

1.7.4 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service



Span 1 = 2x 500 kg

Span 2 = 2x 500 kg

Span 3 = 2x 500 kg

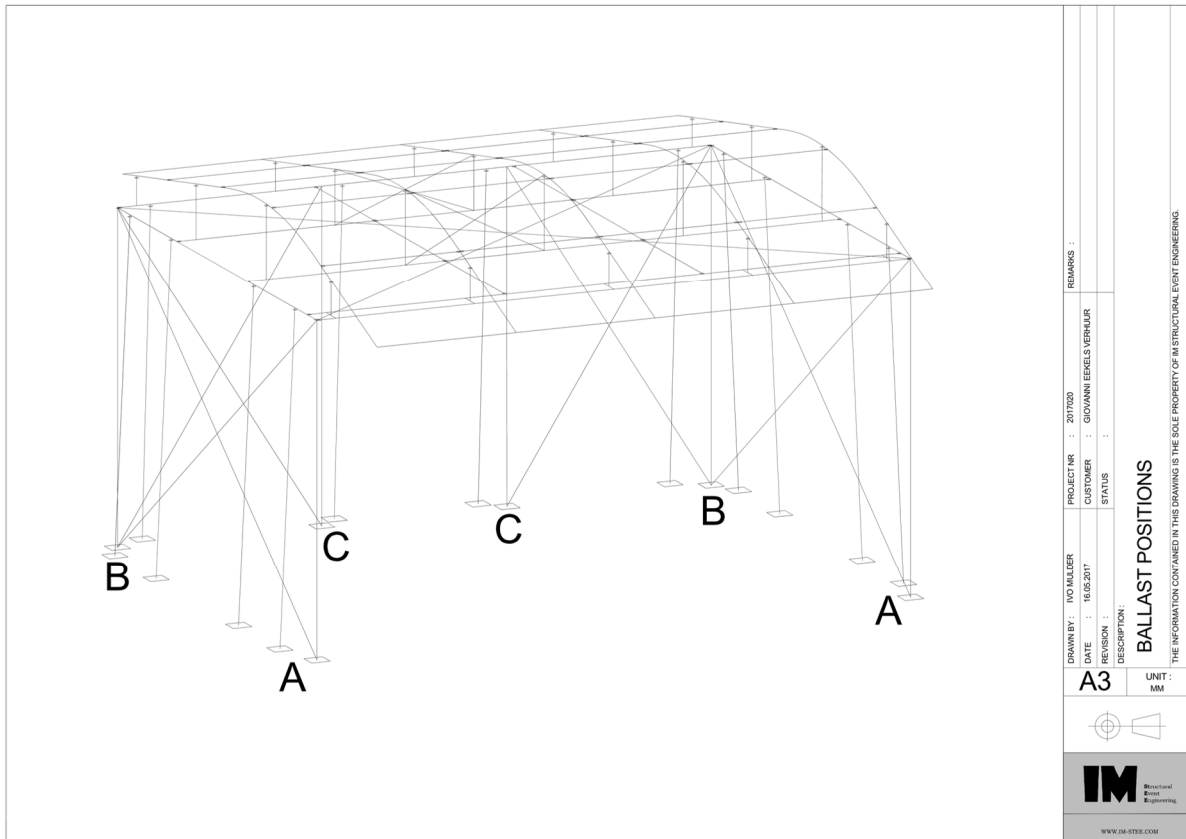
Span 4 = 2x 500 kg

Span 5 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 6000 Kg

This loading scenario can only be used in the In service situation. When the out service situation is in place the two main loading points in the front two spans need to be removed and this loading setup will be replaced by LC6!!

1.8 Necessary Ballast loading, full system

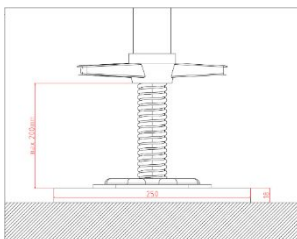


The Ballast calculation has been done in chapter 5 underneath are the result of the necessary ballast per point. For the ballast at the stack tower in the middle of the back span the self-weight of the Layher system will be taken.

Point A = 1400 kg

Point B = 1750 kg

Point C = 1100 kg



For the proof against sliding a minimum friction coefficient of 0,4 is taken into account. Which means that every Layher spindle need a wood pad underneath. The recommended minimum dimensions of the wood pad is 25x25x18 mm.

2.0 General calculation input.

2.1 Used program information.

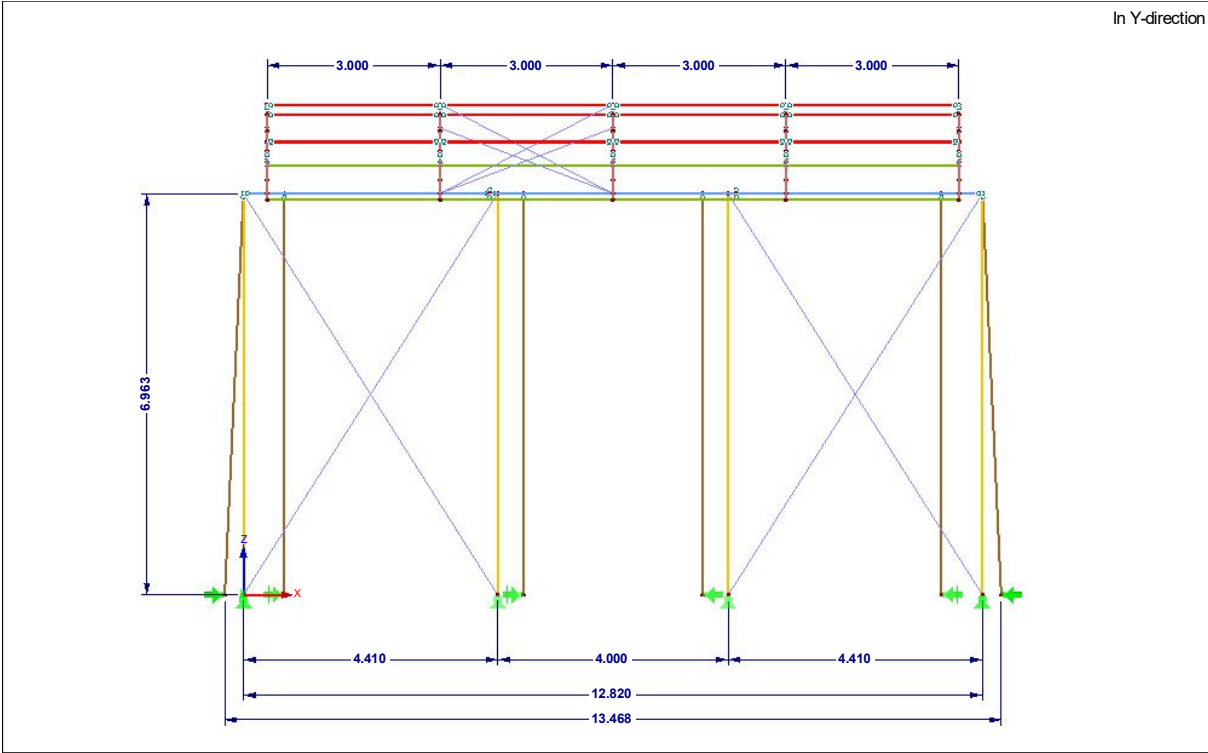
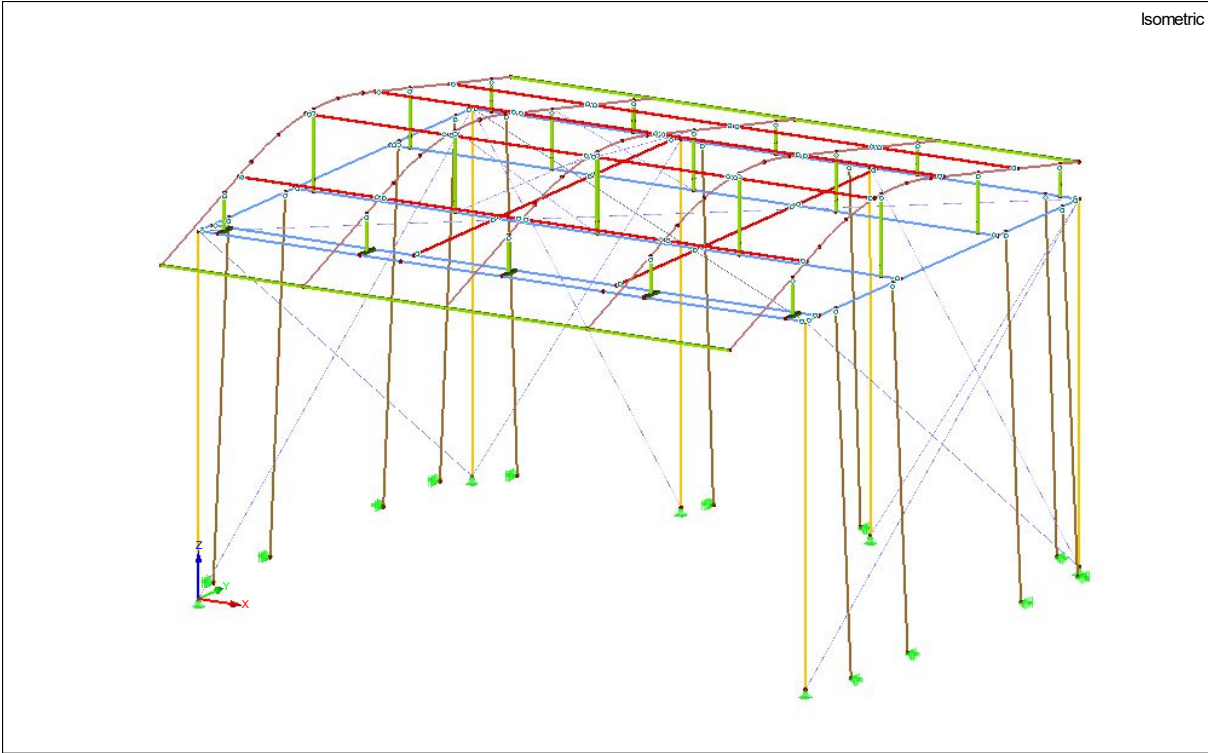
For the calculation of the construction the program RFem 5.08.001 is used.

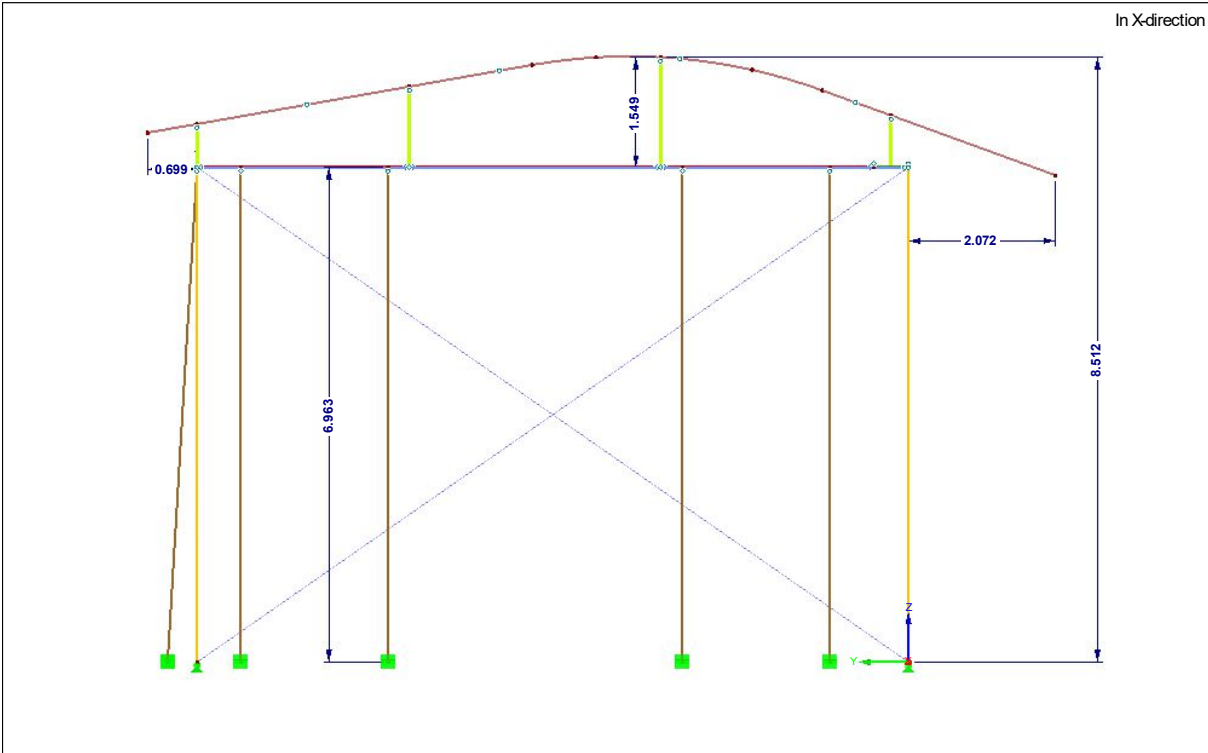
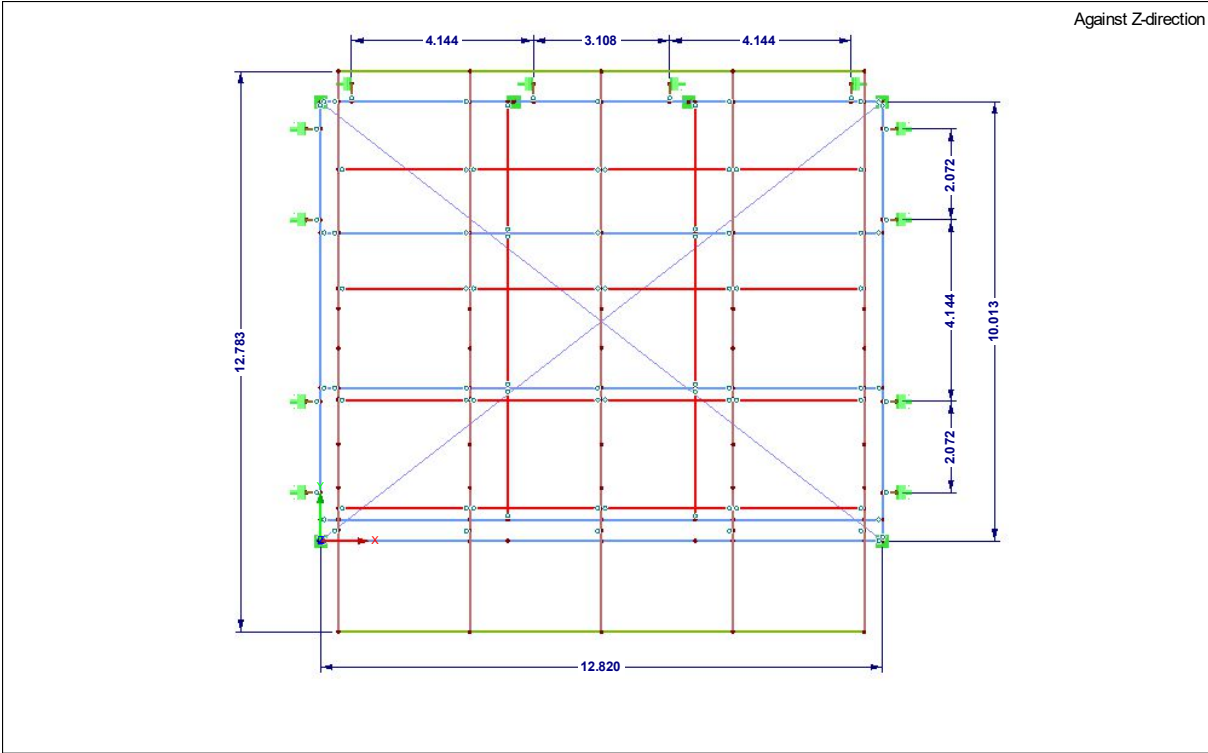
2.2 Program input for the main roof construction calculation.

For the roof system CLT 12 x10 is a model constructed in the RFem program. For special parts of the roof construction which need a more detailed calculation a separate model constructed and loaded with the results of the main roof system model, which makes the calculation more accurate.

The Layher staging system is constructed as a separate model and will be loaded with the support reaction forces of the main models of the roof.

2.3 Construction model of the main roof system.





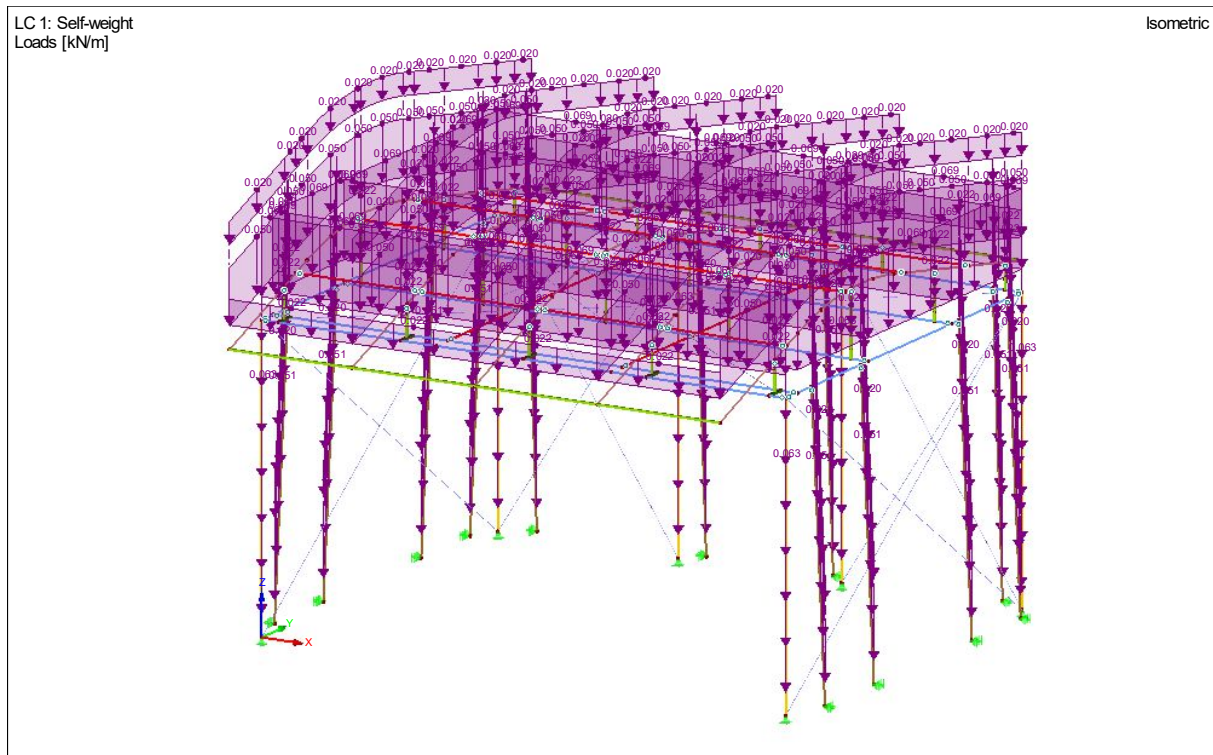
2.4 Different load cases for the In-service and Out service situation

For the calculation different load cases have been constructed in the program.

Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve	EN 1990 CEN Action Category	Self-Weight - Factor in Direction			
				Active	X	Y	Z
LC1	Self-weight	+	Permanent	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC2	UDL loading	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC3	Centre point loads	+	Permanent	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC4	point loads in the third point	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC5	point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC6	point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC10	in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC11	in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC12	in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC13	in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC20	in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC21	in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC22	in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC23	in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC30	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC31	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC32	in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC33	in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC34	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC35	in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC110	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC111	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC112	Out-service wind dir. 0° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC113	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC114	Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC120	Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC121	Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC122	Out-service wind dir. 90° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC130	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC131	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC132	Out-service wind dir. 180° tower + profiles	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC133	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC134	Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	-1,000

2.5 Load case input for the self-weight and the loading possibilities.

2.5.1 Load case 1 Self-Weight



Self-weight different components

H30V Towers = 6.3 kg/m

H40V = 6.9 kg/m

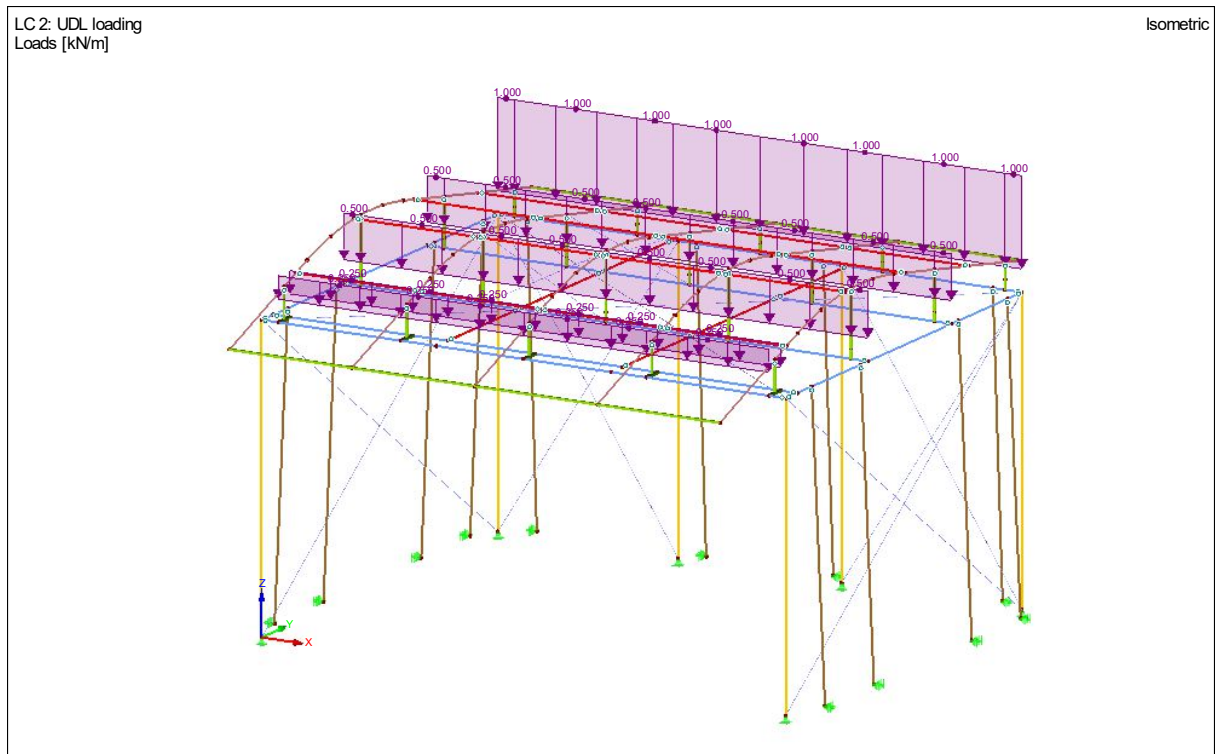
H30D = 5 kg/m

Kedar Profile 170x88x3 = 5.1 kg/m

Canopy skin = 1 kg/m²

Aluminium adapters = 2.2 kg/m Profile

2.5.2 load case 2 UDL loading



Equally divided load along the main span.

Span 1 = 25 kg/m

Span 2 = 25 kg/m

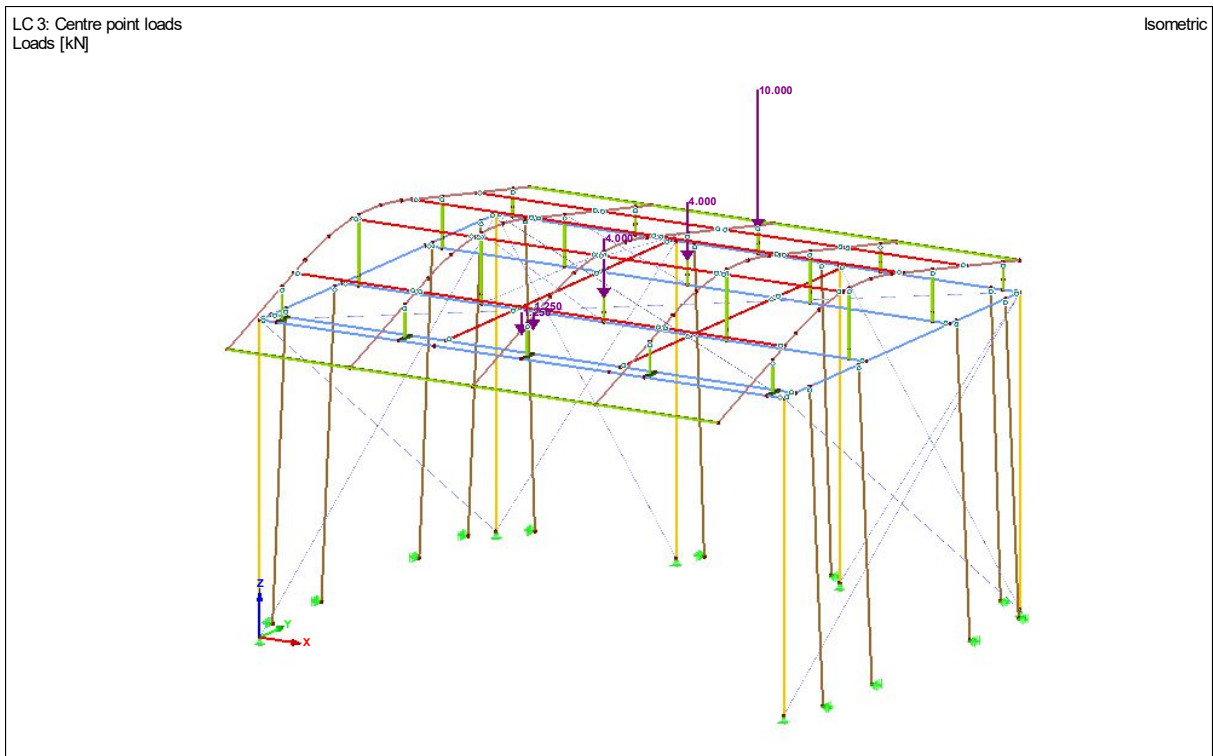
Span 3 = 50 kg/m

Span 4 = 50 kg/m

Span 5 = 100 kg/m

The total load on the main system is ~ 3000 kg

2.5.3 load case 3 Center point load.



Span 1 = 125 kg

Span 2 = 125 kg

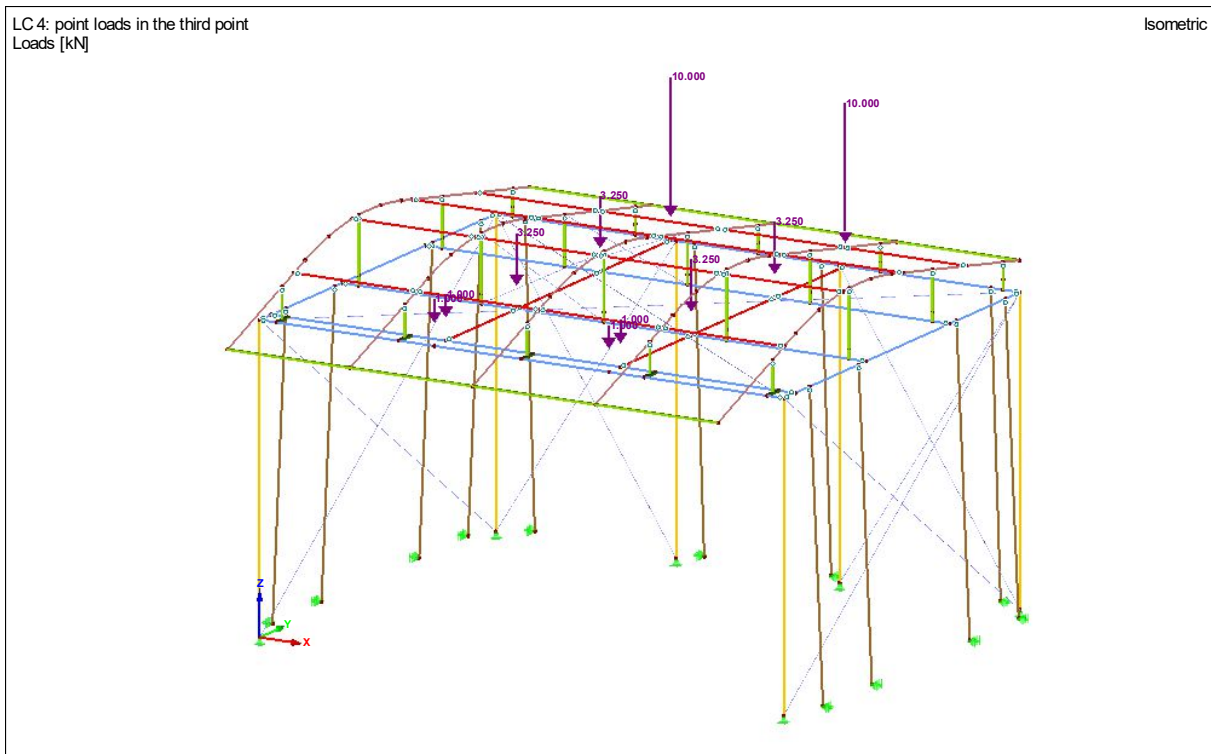
Span 3 = 400 kg

Span 4 = 400 kg

Span 5 = 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 1060 Kg

2.5.4 load case 4 Point load in the third point



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

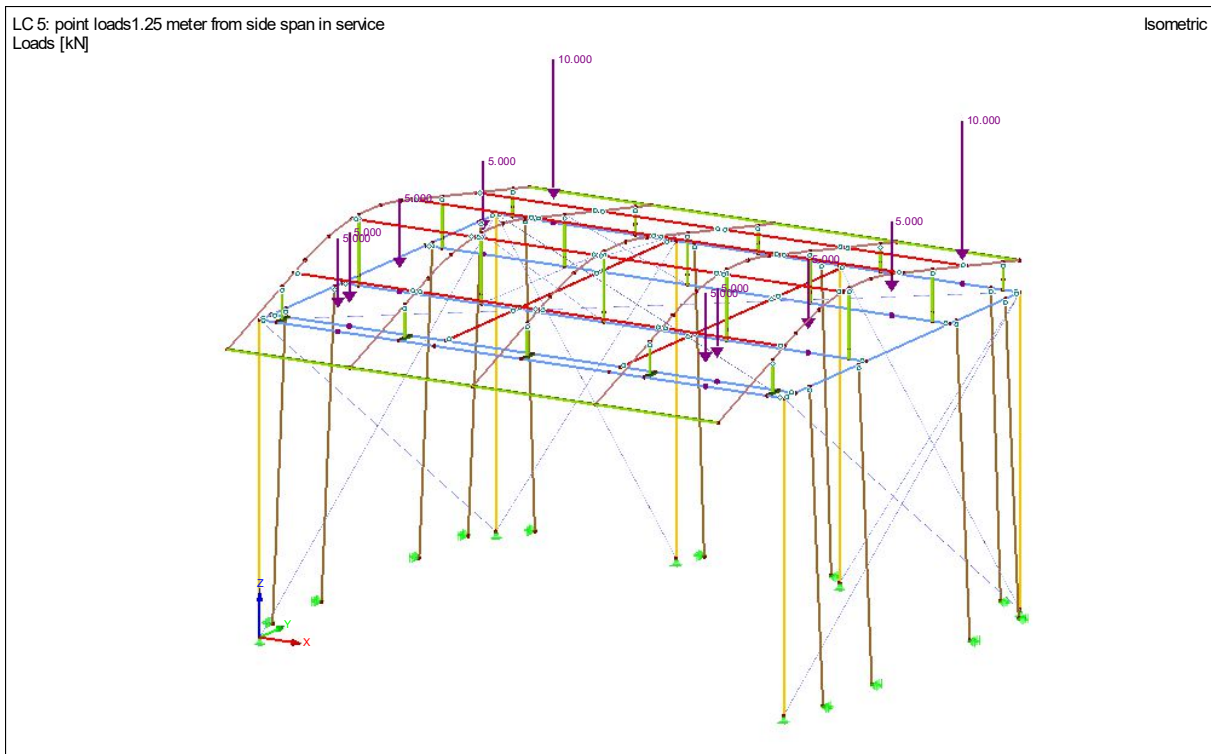
Span 3 = 2x 325 kg

Span 4 = 2x 325 kg

Span 5 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 3700 Kg

2.5.5 load case 5 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service



Span 1 = 2x 500 kg

Span 2 = 2x 500 kg

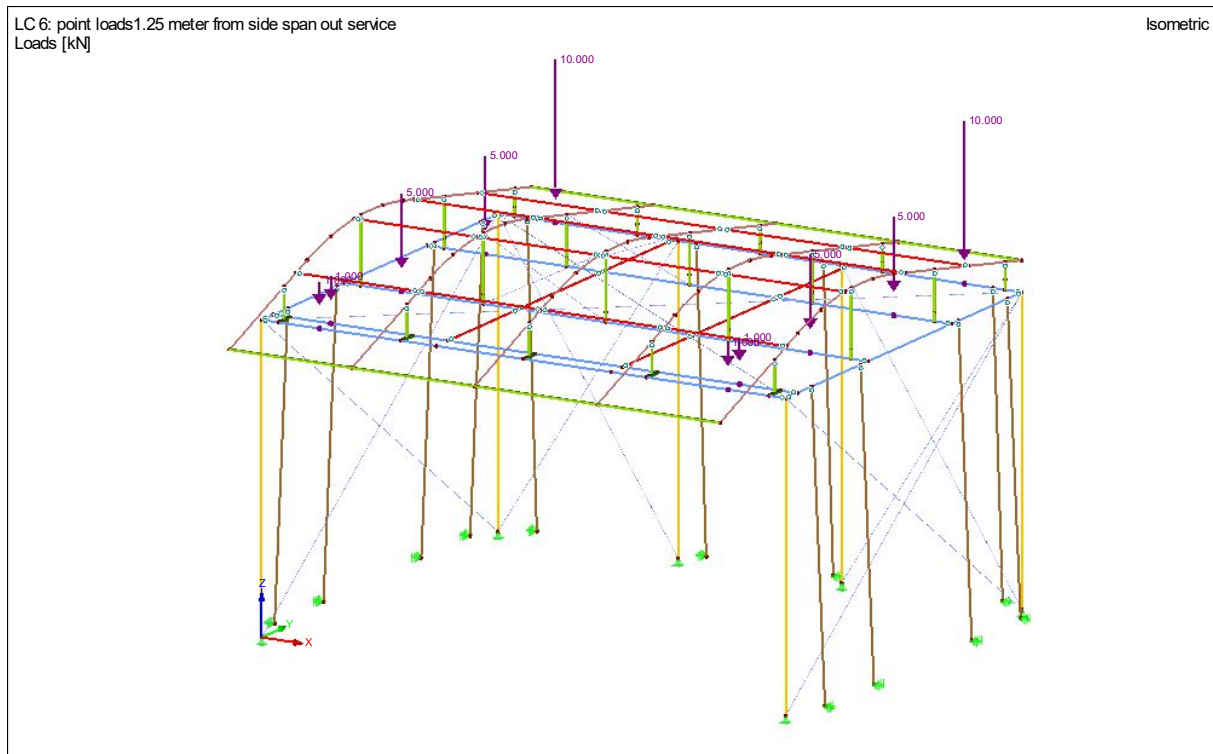
Span 3 = 2x 500 kg

Span 4 = 2x 500 kg

Span 5 = 2x 1000 kg

The total load on the main system is ~ 6000 Kg

2.5.6 load case 5 Point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service



Span 1 = 2x 100 kg

Span 2 = 2x 100 kg

Span 3 = 2x 500 kg

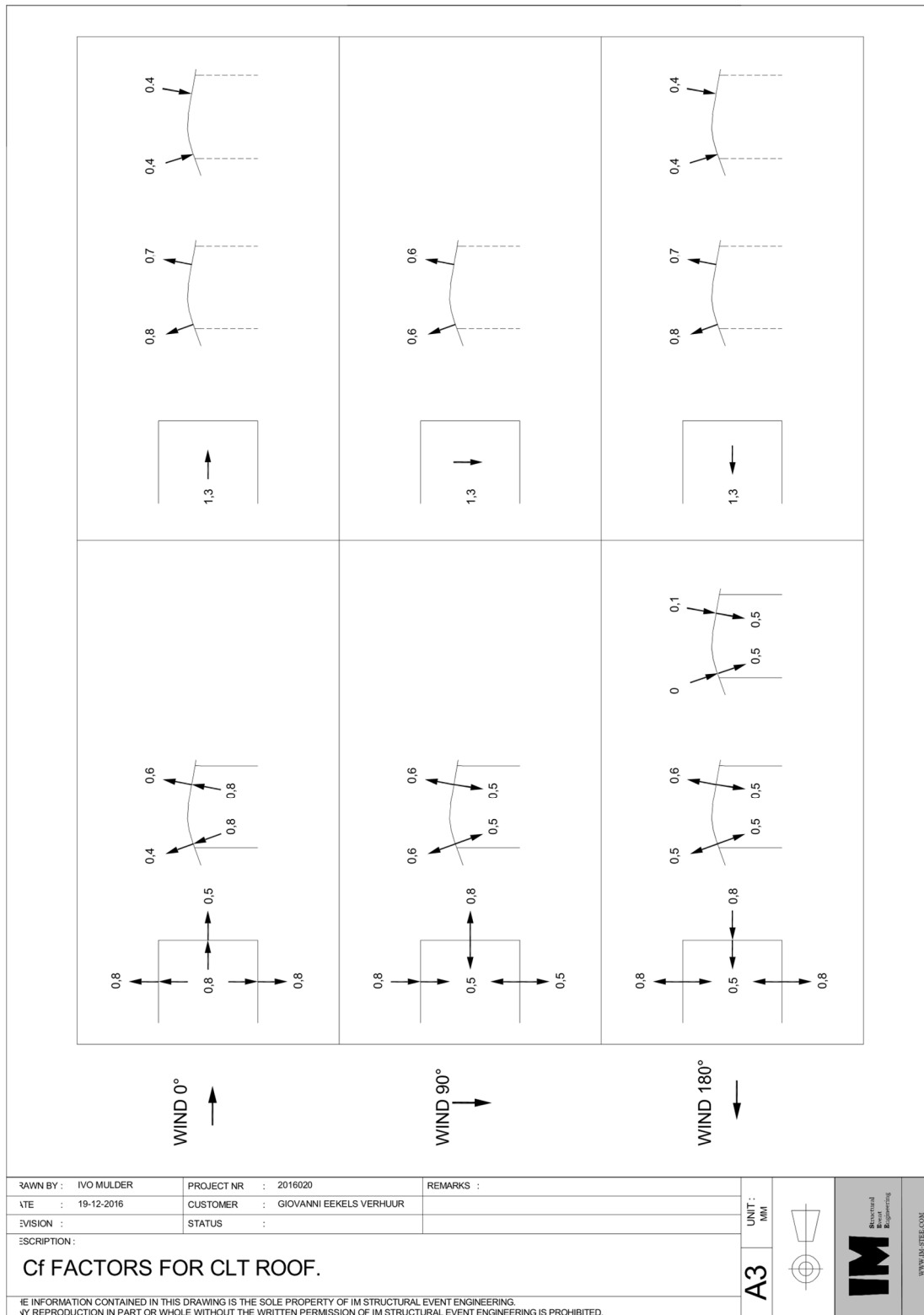
Span 4 = 2x 500 kg

Span 5 = 2x 1000 kg

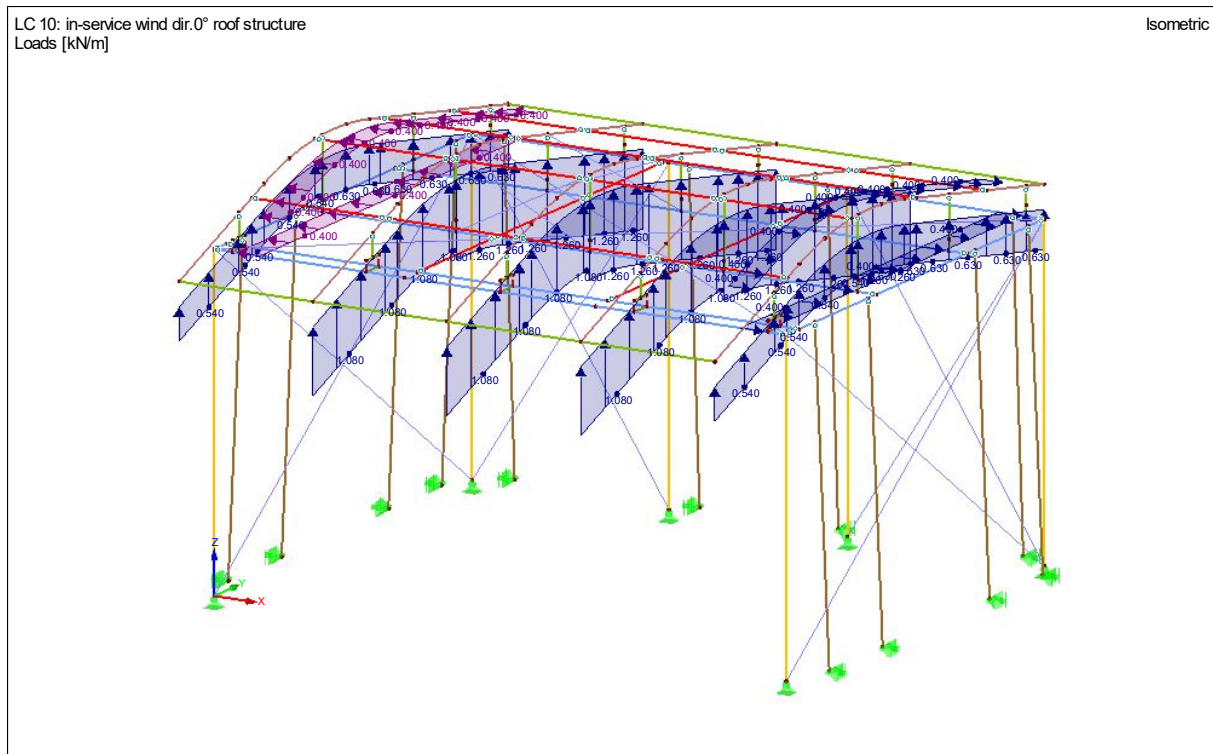
The total load on the main system is ~ 4400 Kg

2.6 load cases concerning wing loading.

For the calculation of the wind loading the next wind coefficient are used. These factors are subtracted from the Eurocode NEN-EN 1999-1 1-4: general actions – wind actions.



2.6.1 load case 10 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.080 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 1.2 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.630 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 3 = 1.260 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 1.4 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.630 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

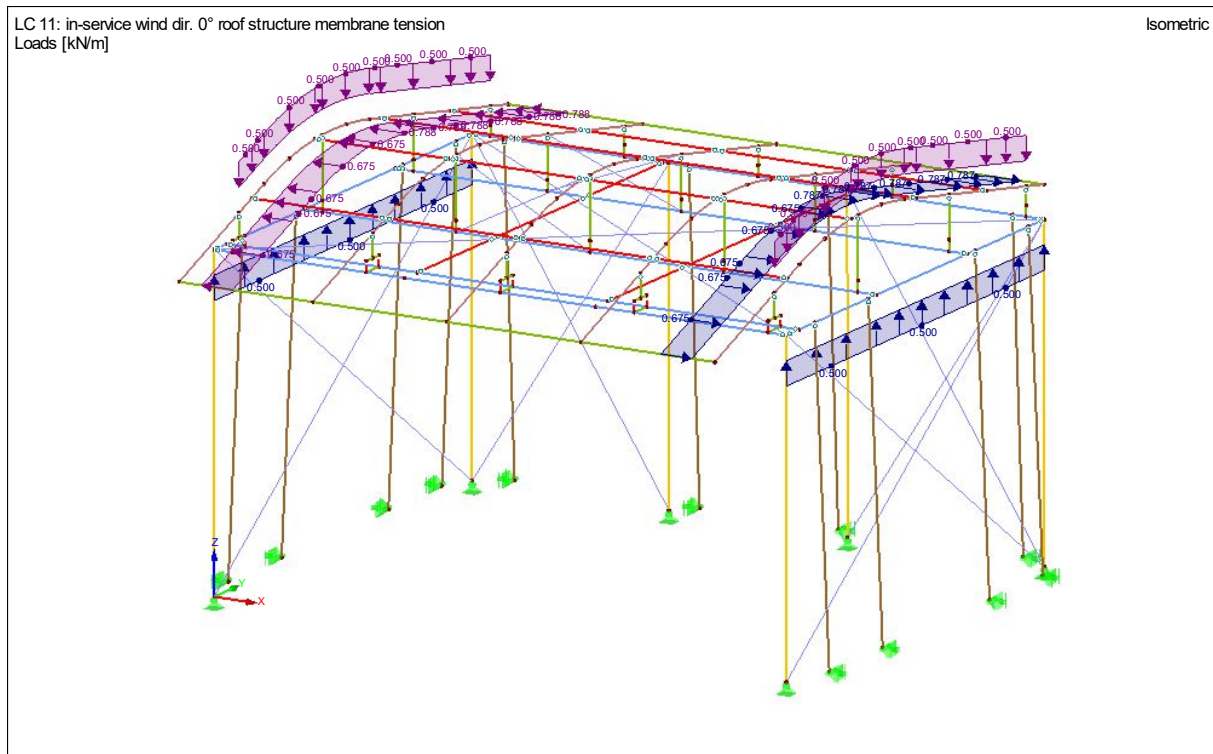
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.6 * 0.3 * 15 = 7.2 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kedar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 7.2 / 18 = 0.400 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.2 load case 11 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} &= 0.675 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} &= 0.675 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

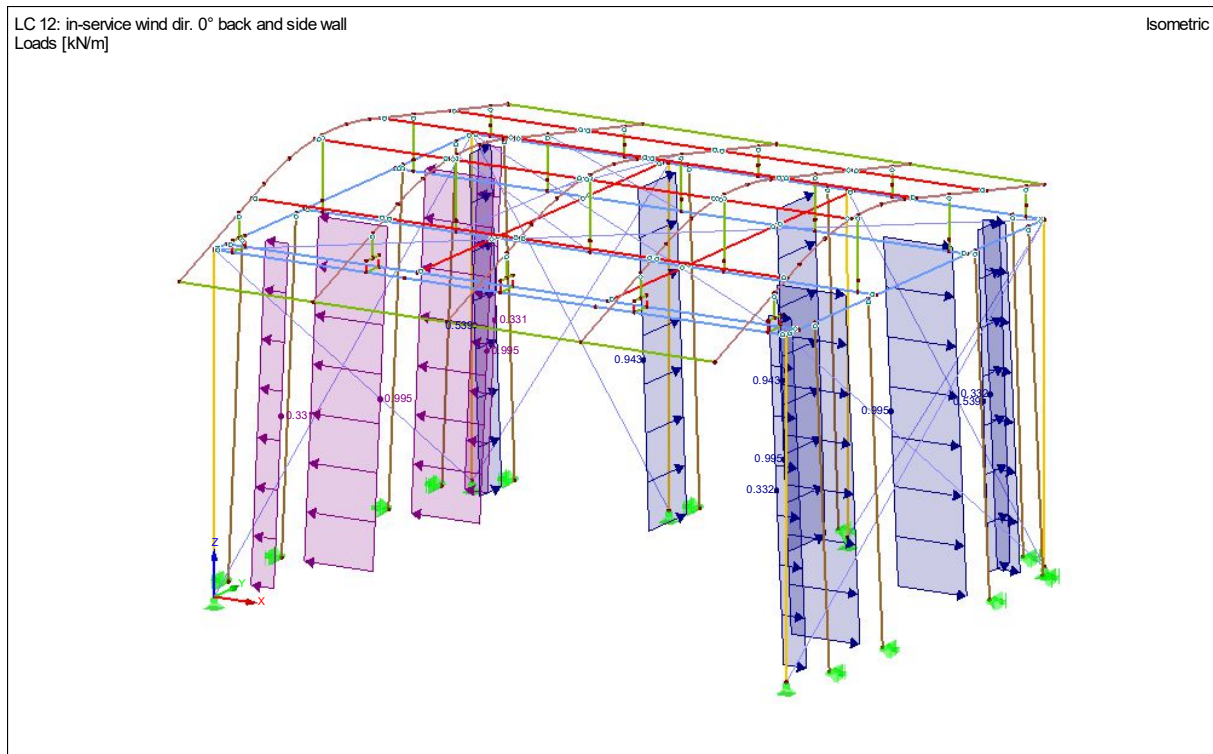
Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} &= 0.788 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} &= 0.788 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.400 / 0.8 = 0.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.3 load case 12 In-service wind dir. 0° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

Calculation of the wind on the side walls

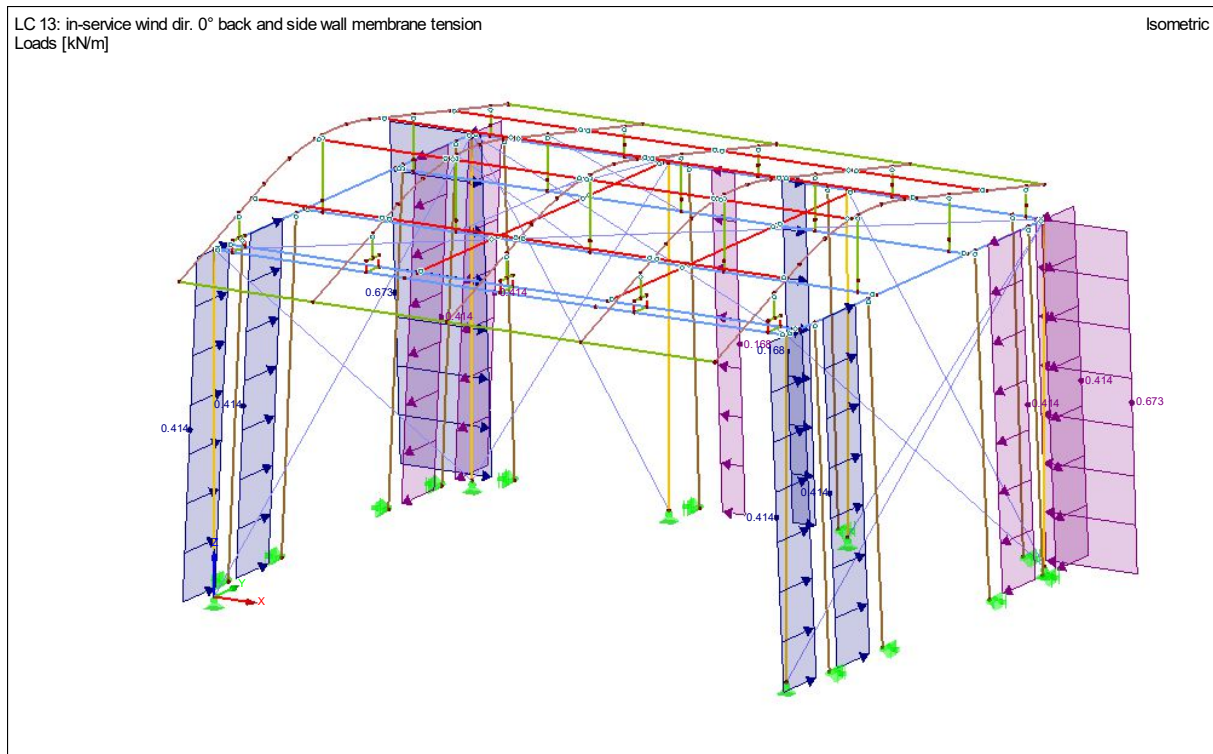
$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.335 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.995 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.995 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 4}} = 1.6 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.335 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.4 load case 13 In-service wind dir. 0° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 0°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

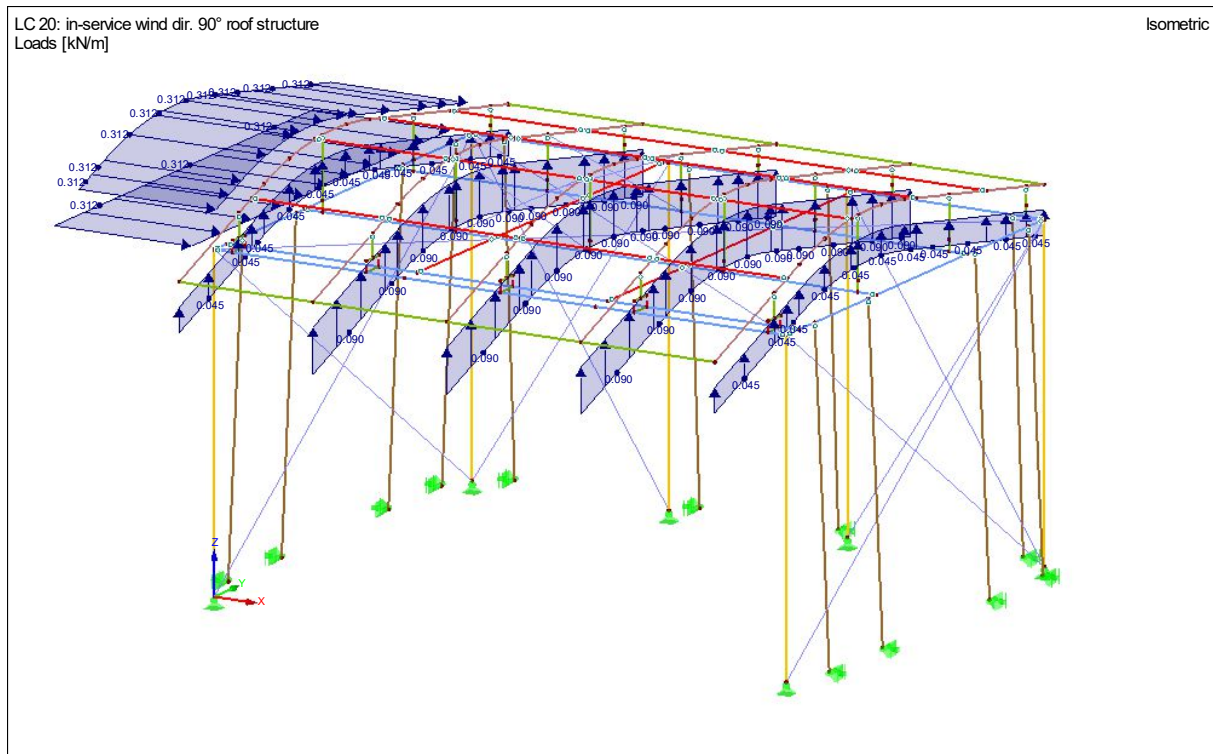
$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 4}} = 0.414 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.5 load case 20 In-service wind dir. 90° roof structure



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

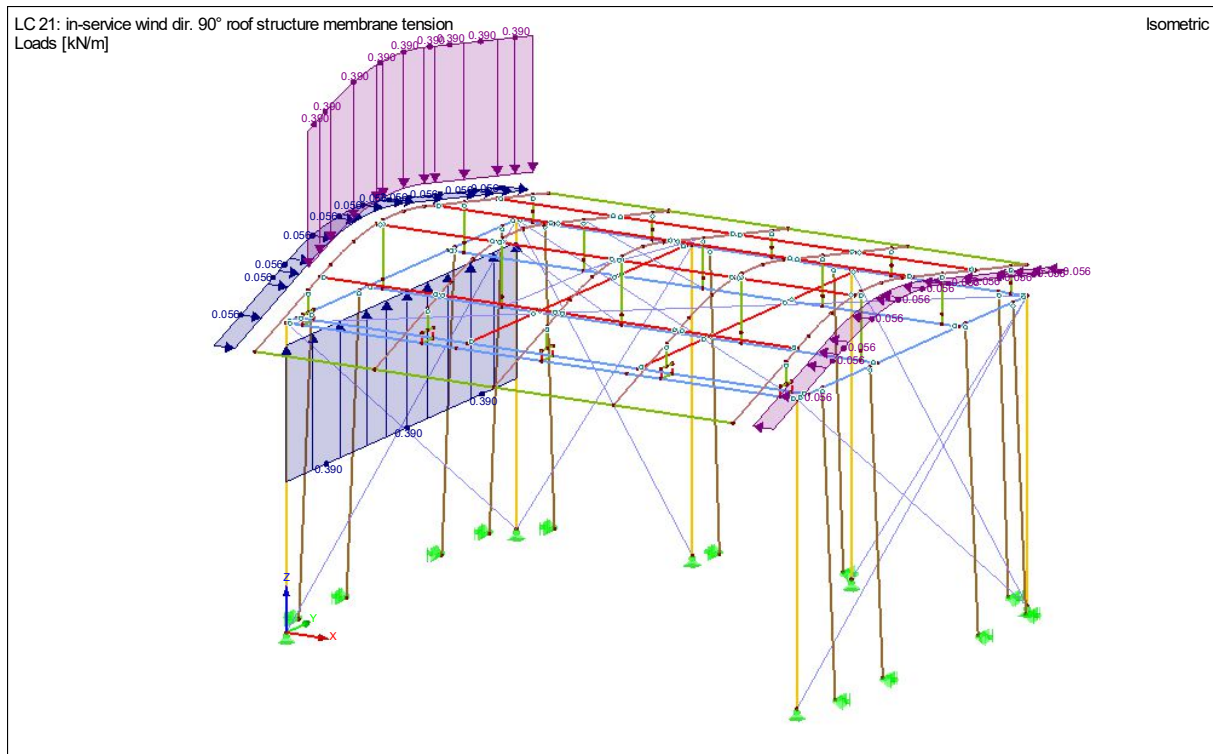
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.3 * 0.3 * 15 = 5.616 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 5.616 / 18 = 0.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.6 load case 21 In-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

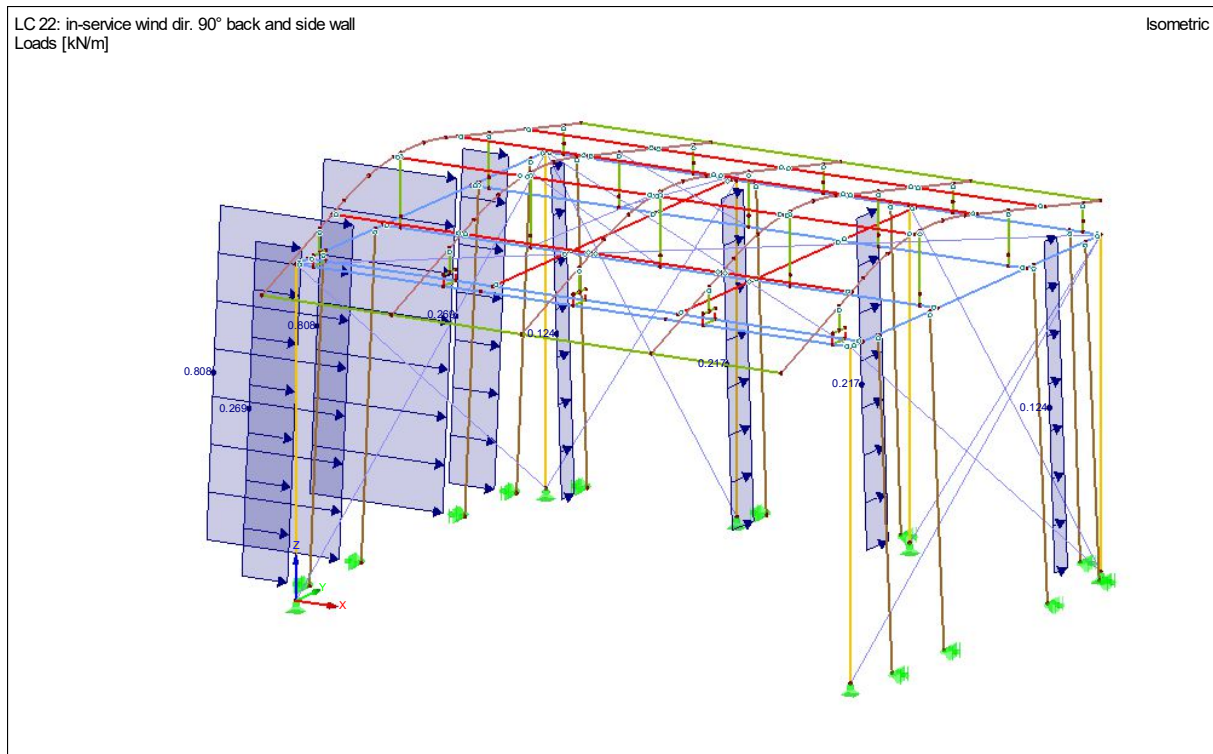
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.312 / 0.8 = 0.390 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.7 load case 22 In-service wind dir. 90° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.124 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.218 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.218 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.124 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

Calculation of the wind on the side walls

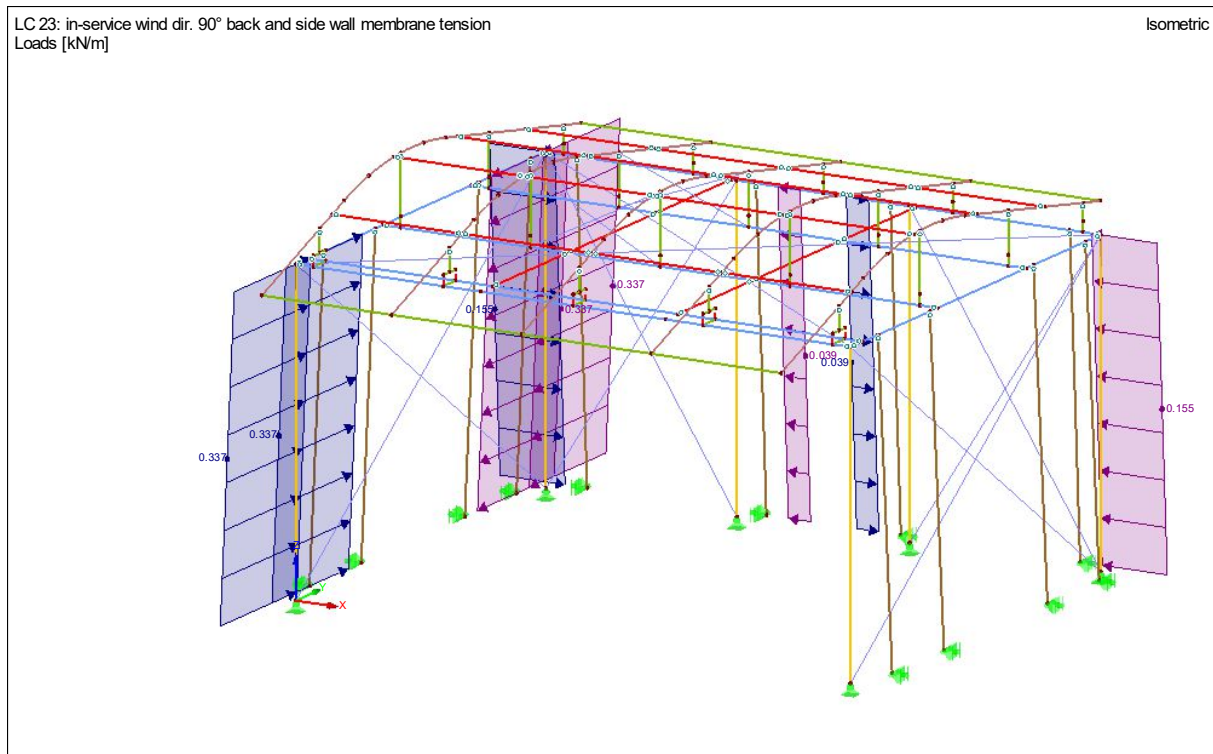
$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.269 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.808 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.808 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 4}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.269 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.8 load case 23 In-service wind dir. 90° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 0°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.155 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.039 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.039 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.155 \text{ kN/m}$$

Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

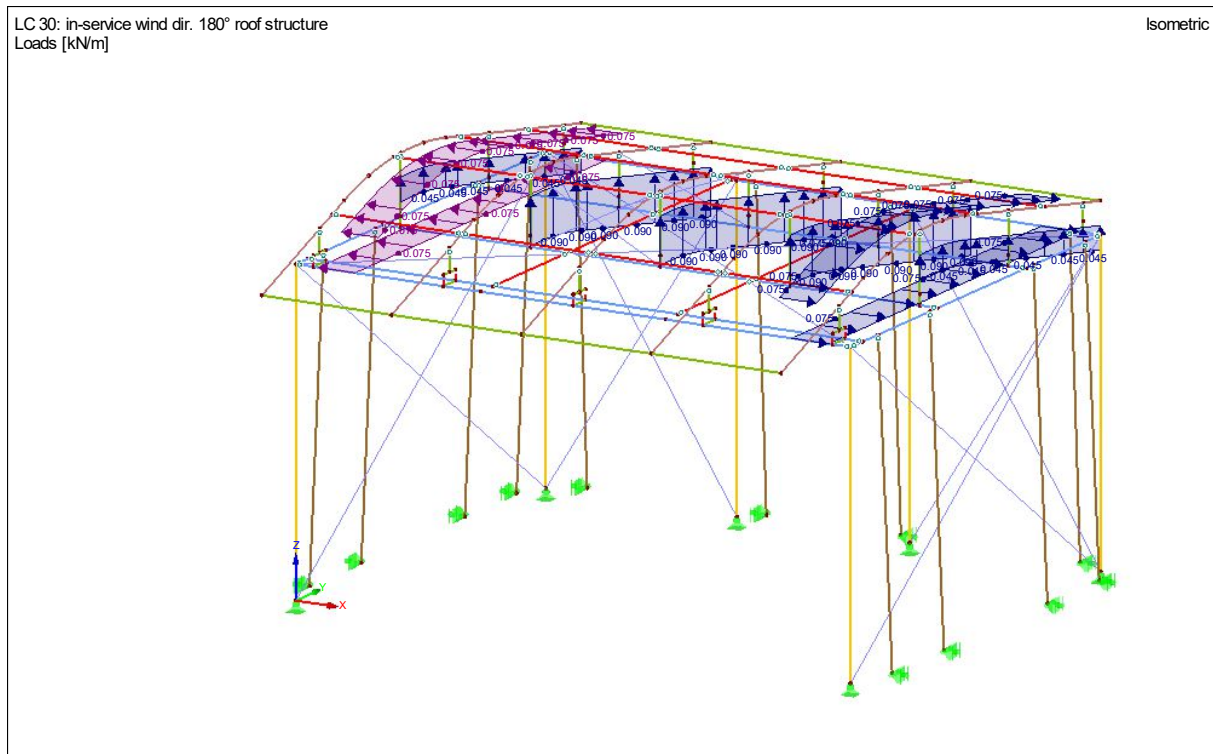
$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 4}} = 0.337 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.9 load case 30 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side the C_f of the front side is 0

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{roof span 1, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{roof span 2, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{roof span 3, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{roof span 4, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.090 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{roof span 5, back}} = 0.1 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.045 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

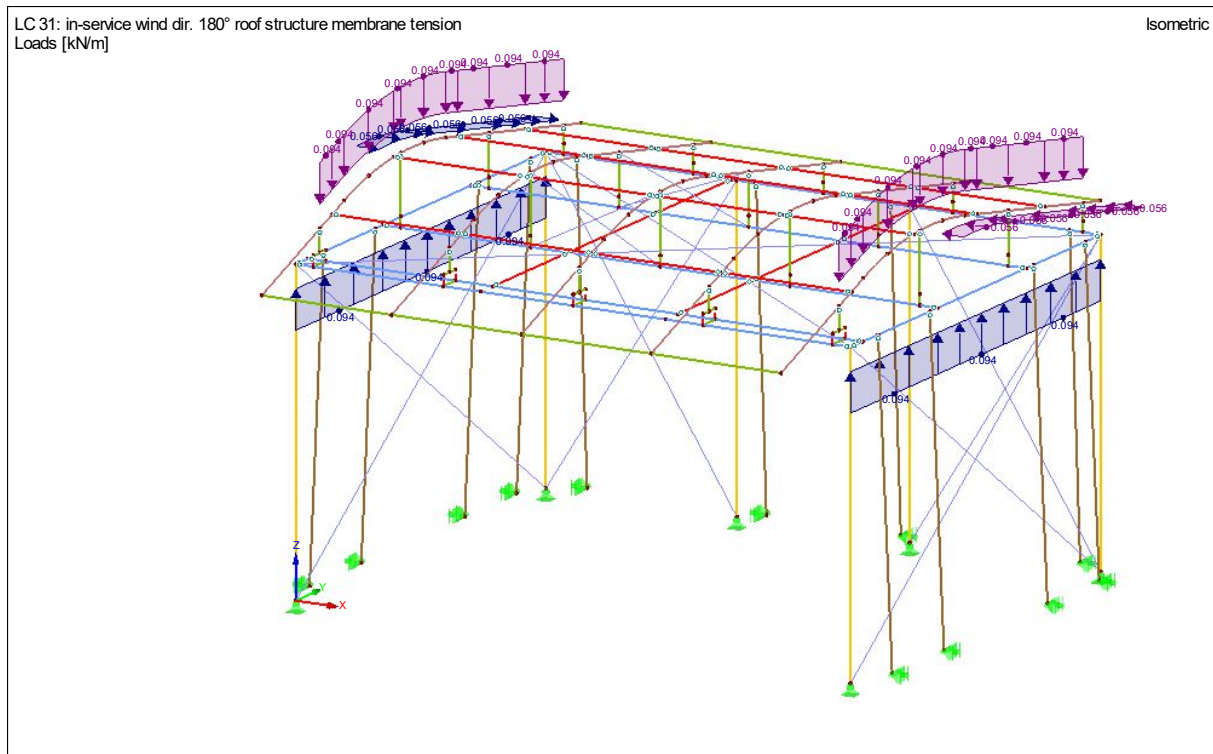
$$A_{\text{canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{side canopy roof structure}} = 0.3 * 0.3 * 15 = 1.35 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keel profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{side canopy roof structure}} = 1.35 / 18 = 0.075 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.10 load case 31 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.056 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

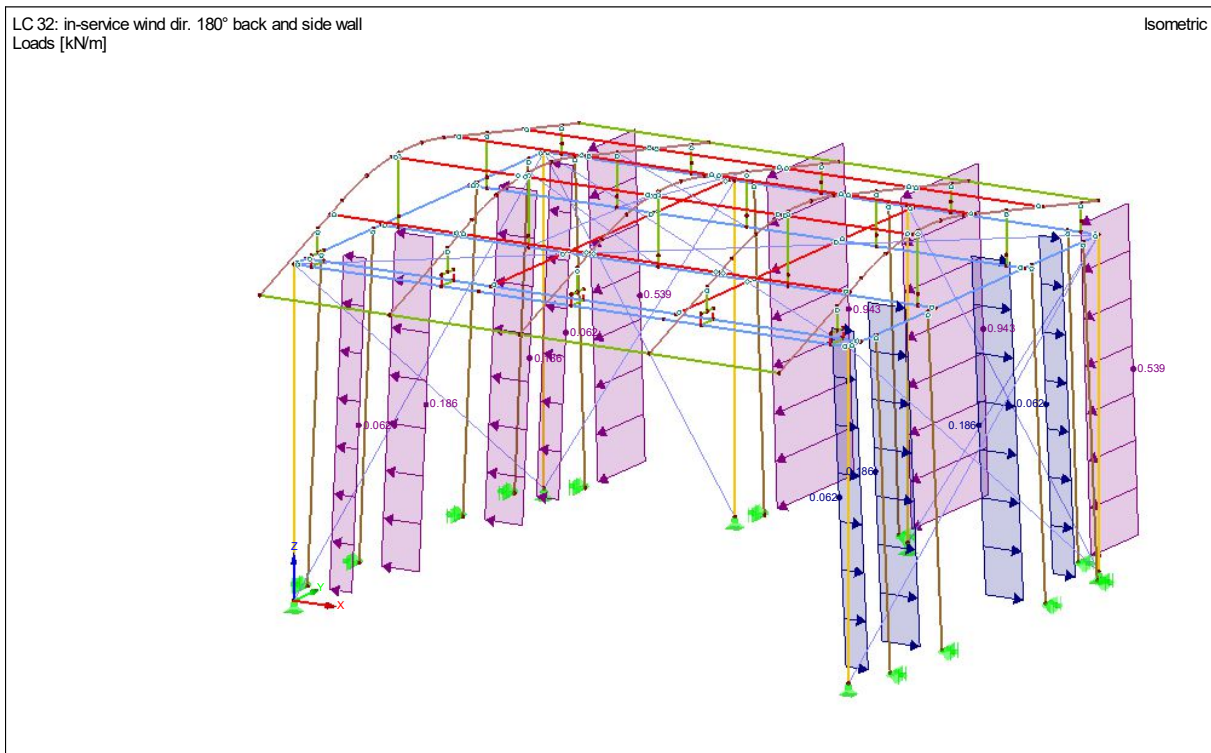
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.056 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.075 / 0.8 = 0.094 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.11 load case 32 In-service wind dir. 180° side and back wall



Calculation of the wind loading on the different profiles.

In the back wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile at stage right.

Calculation of the wind on the back walls

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 1}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 2}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 3}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 3.626 = 0.943 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{back profile 4}} = 1.3 * 0.2 * 2.072 = 0.539 \text{ kN/m}$$

In the side wall you have 4 profiles, profile 1 is the first profile on the front of the stage.

Calculation of the wind on the side walls

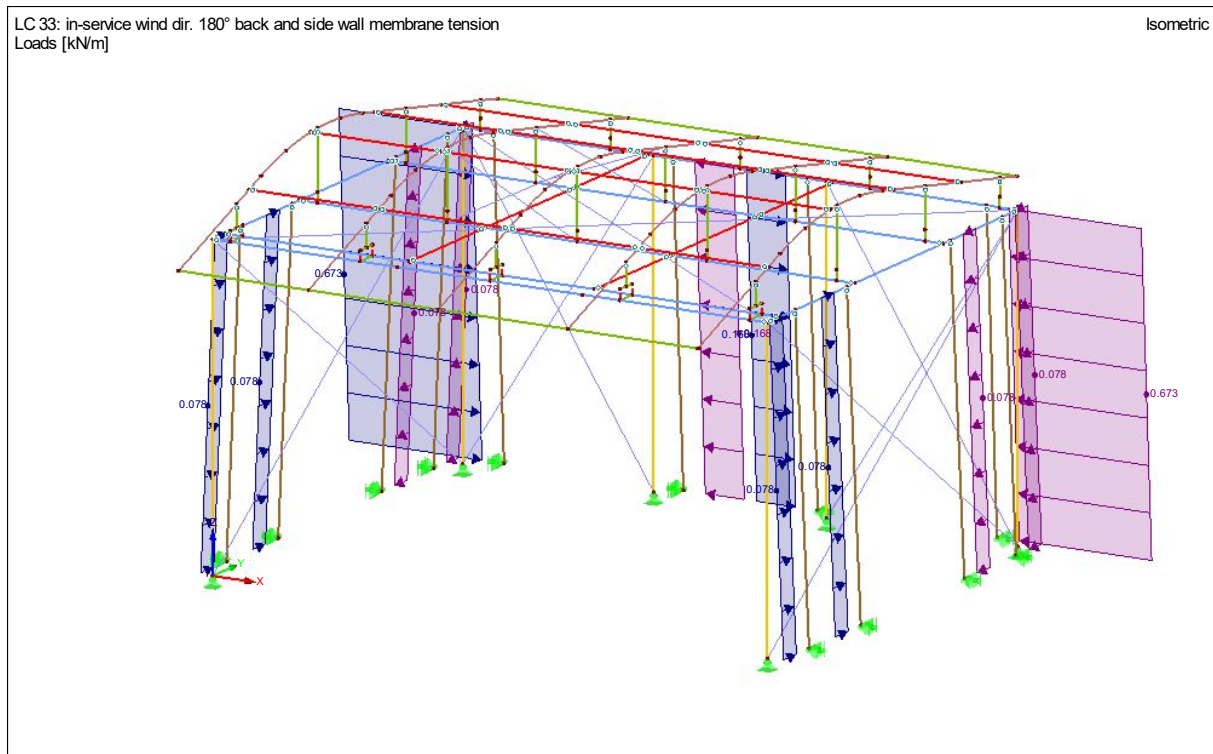
$$q_{w, \text{side profile 1}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.062 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 2}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.186 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 3}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 3.108 = 0.186 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{side profile 4}} = 0.3 * 0.2 * 1.036 = 0.062 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.12 load case 33 In-service wind dir. 180° side and back wall membrane tension



Membrane tension calculations side wall wind 180°

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Calculation of the membrane tension on the back walls

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 1}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 2}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 3}} = 0.168 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ back profile 4}} = 0.673 \text{ kN/m}$$

Calculation of the membrane tension on the side walls

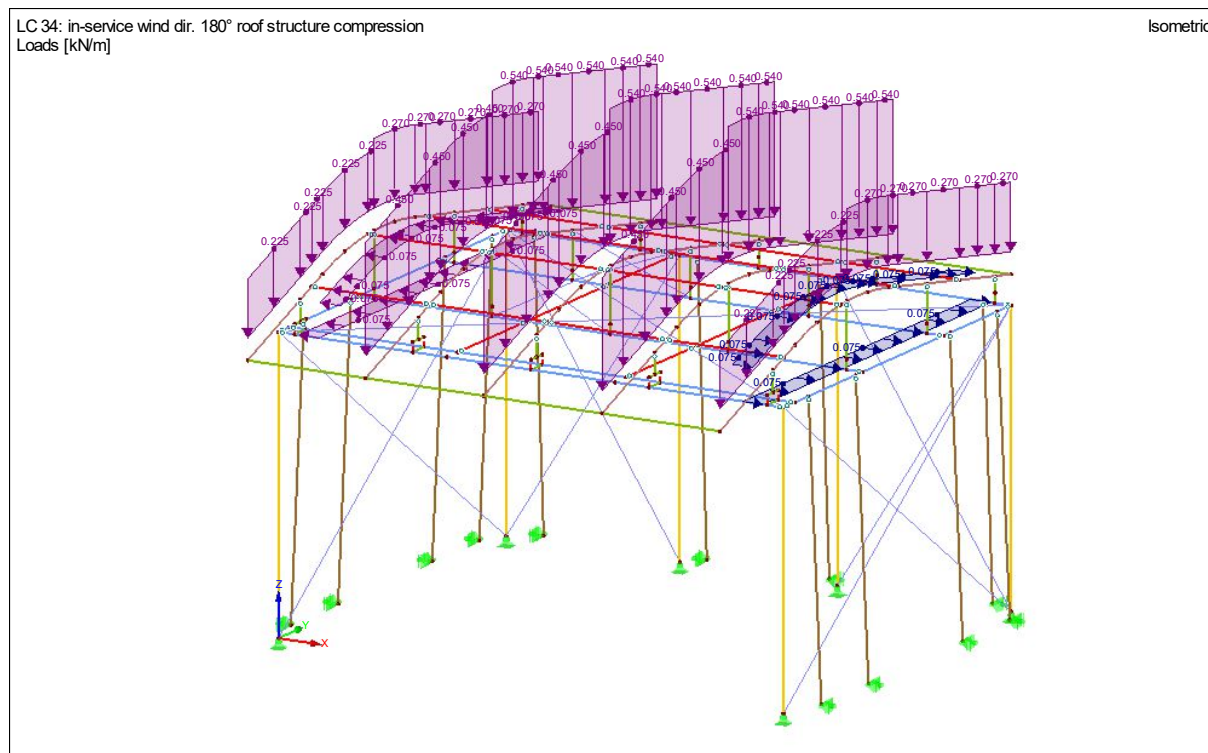
$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 1}} = 0.077 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 2}} = 0.077 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 3}} = 0.077 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side profile 4}} = 0.077 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.13 load case 34 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.225 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.450 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.5 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.225 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.270 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 3 = 0.540 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.6 * 0.3 * 1.5 = 0.270 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

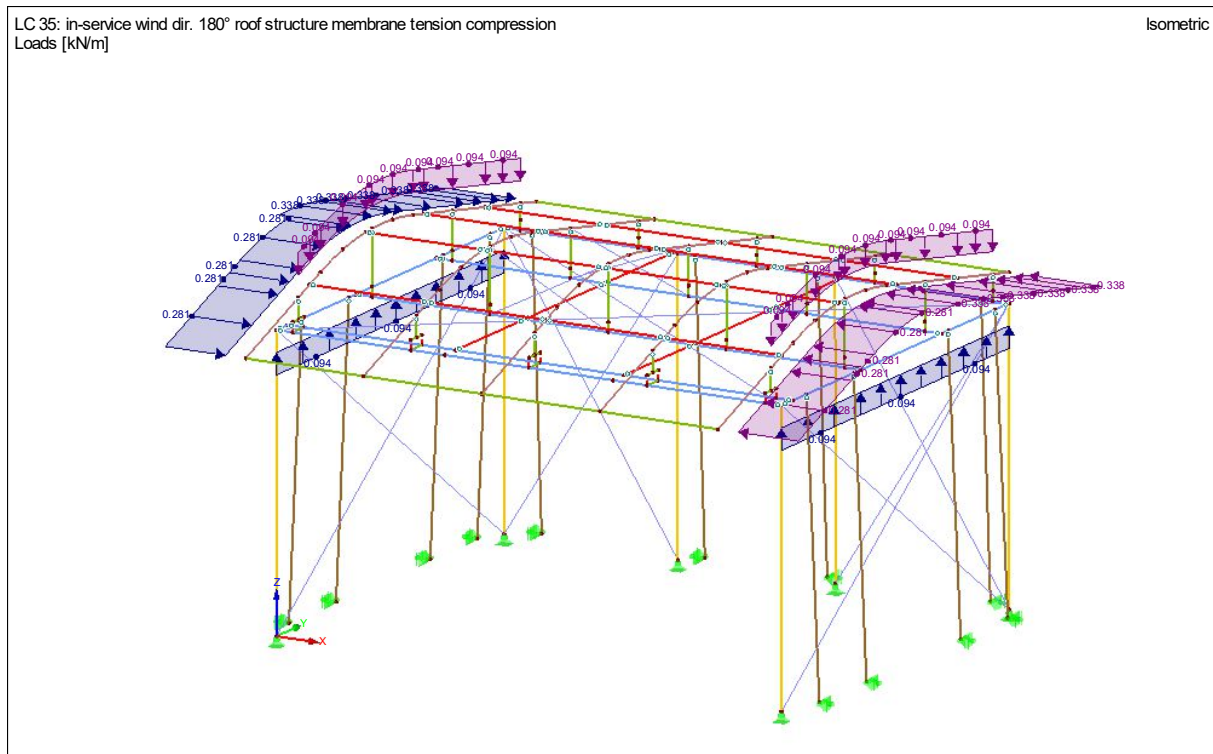
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.3 * 0.3 * 15 = 1.35 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.35 / 18 = 0.094 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.14 load case 35 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.281 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.281 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.338 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

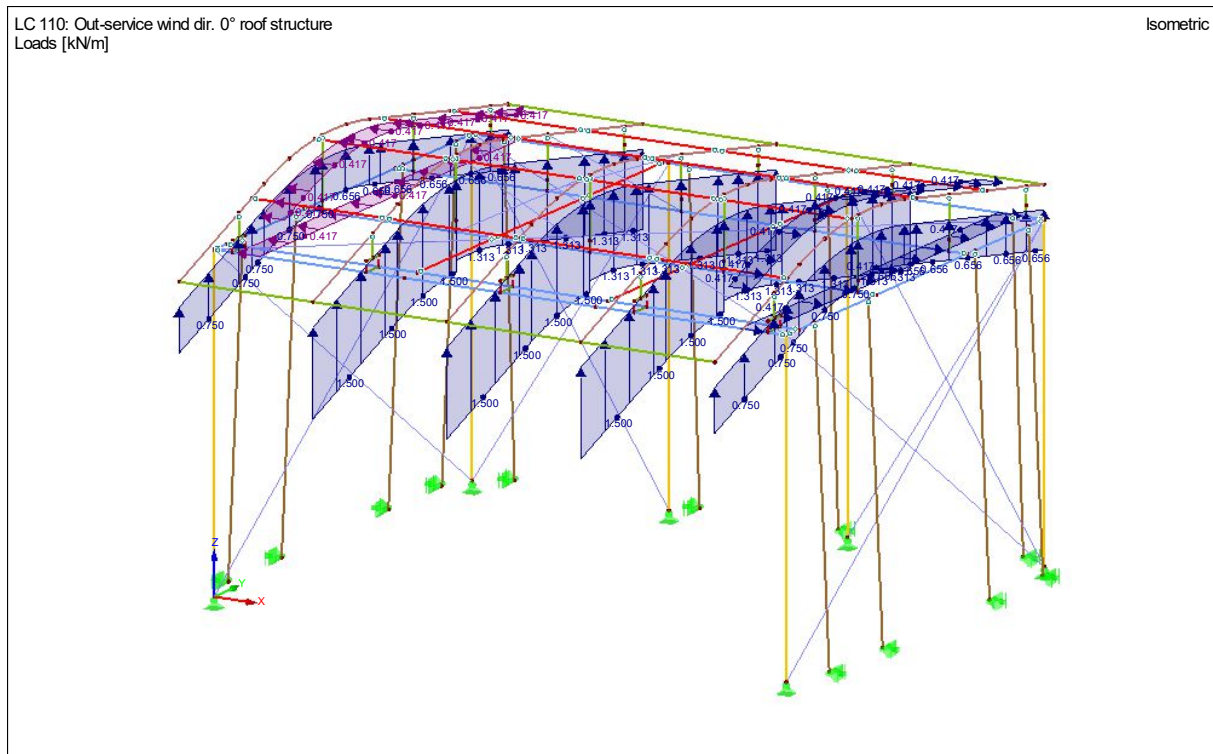
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.338 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.075 / 0.8 = 0.094 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.15 load case 110 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

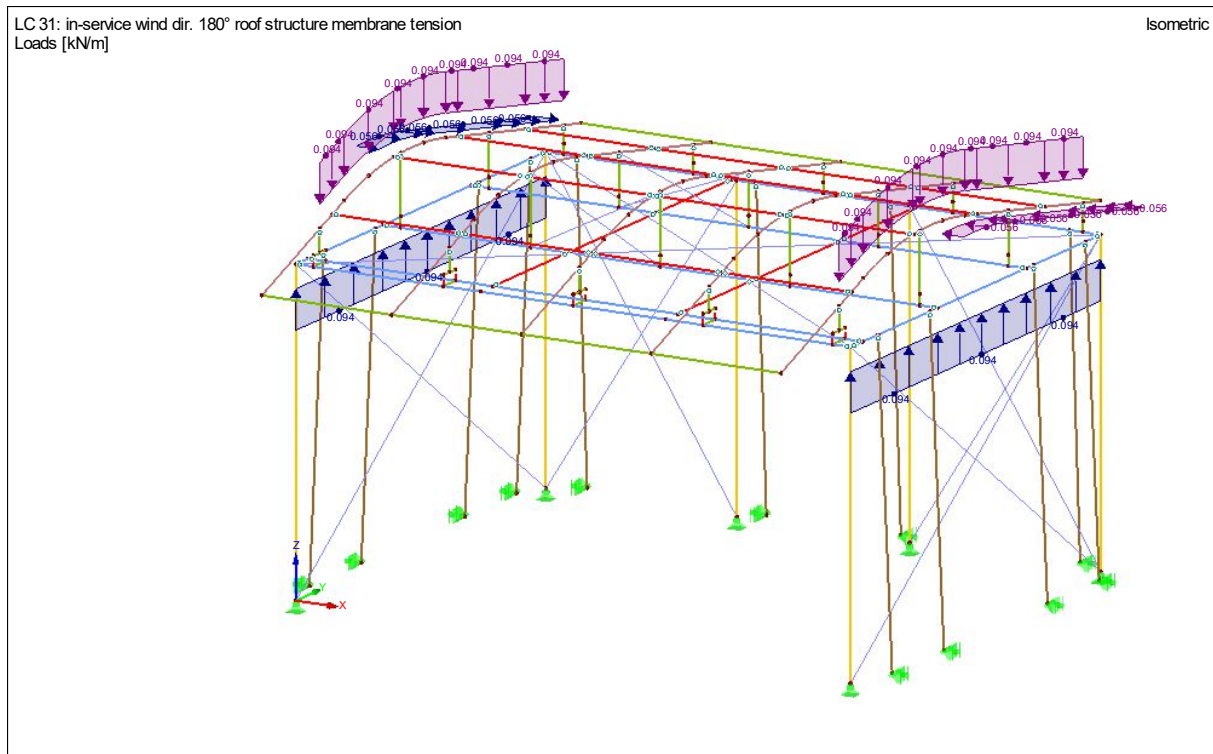
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 15 = 7.5 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 7.5 / 18 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.16 load case 111 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} &= 0.938 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} &= 0.938 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

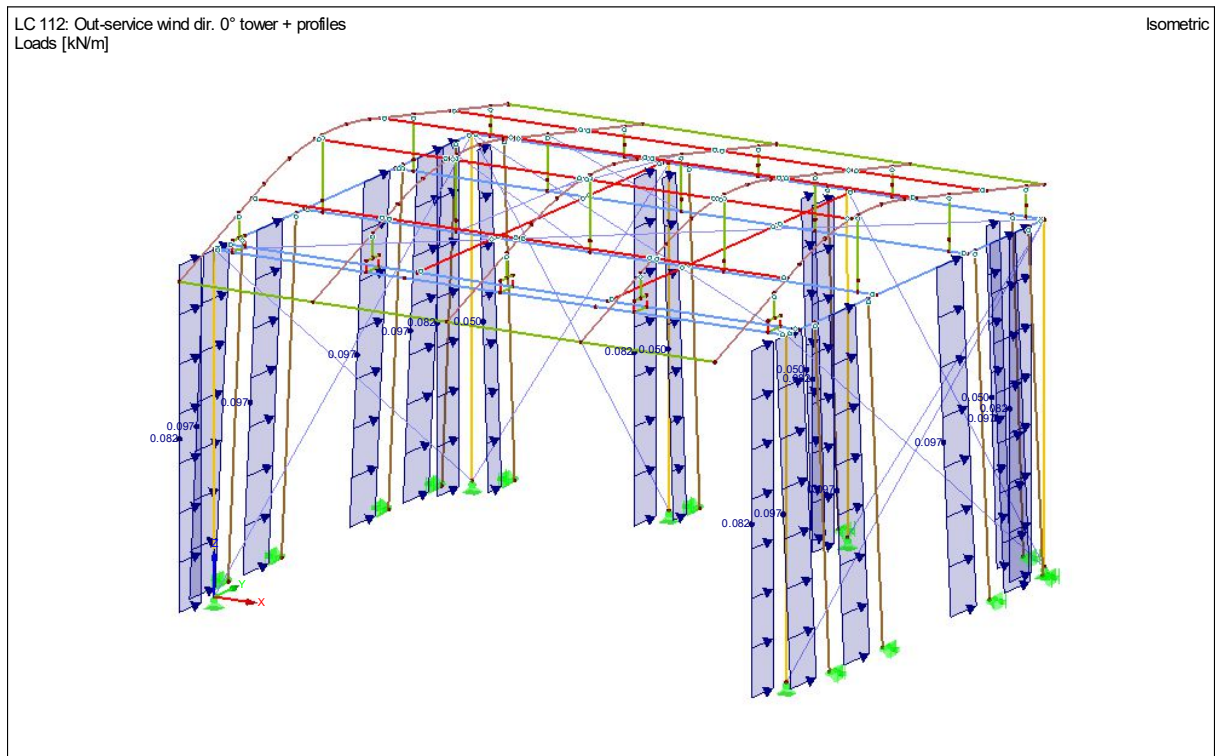
Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$\begin{aligned}
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} &= 0.820 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} &= 0 \text{ kN/m} \\
 Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} &= 0.820 \text{ kN/m}
 \end{aligned}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.17 load case 112 Out-service wind dir. 0° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 0°

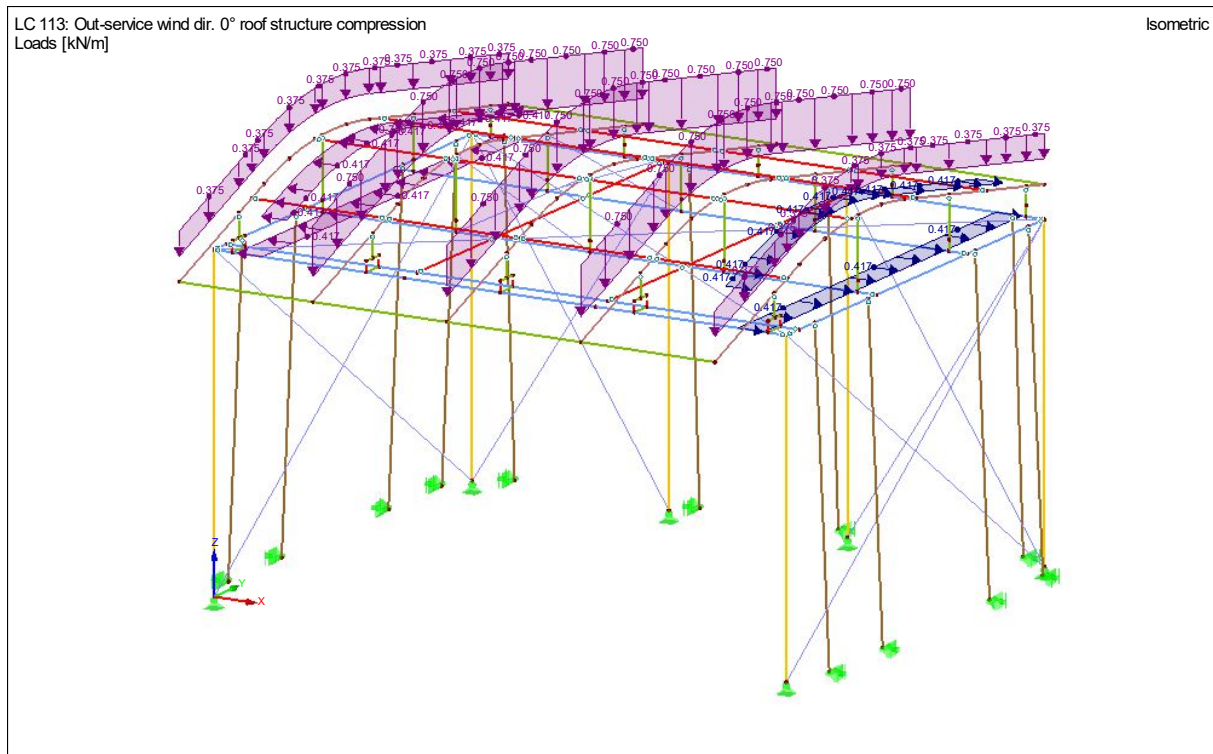
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.18 load case 113 Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 0° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

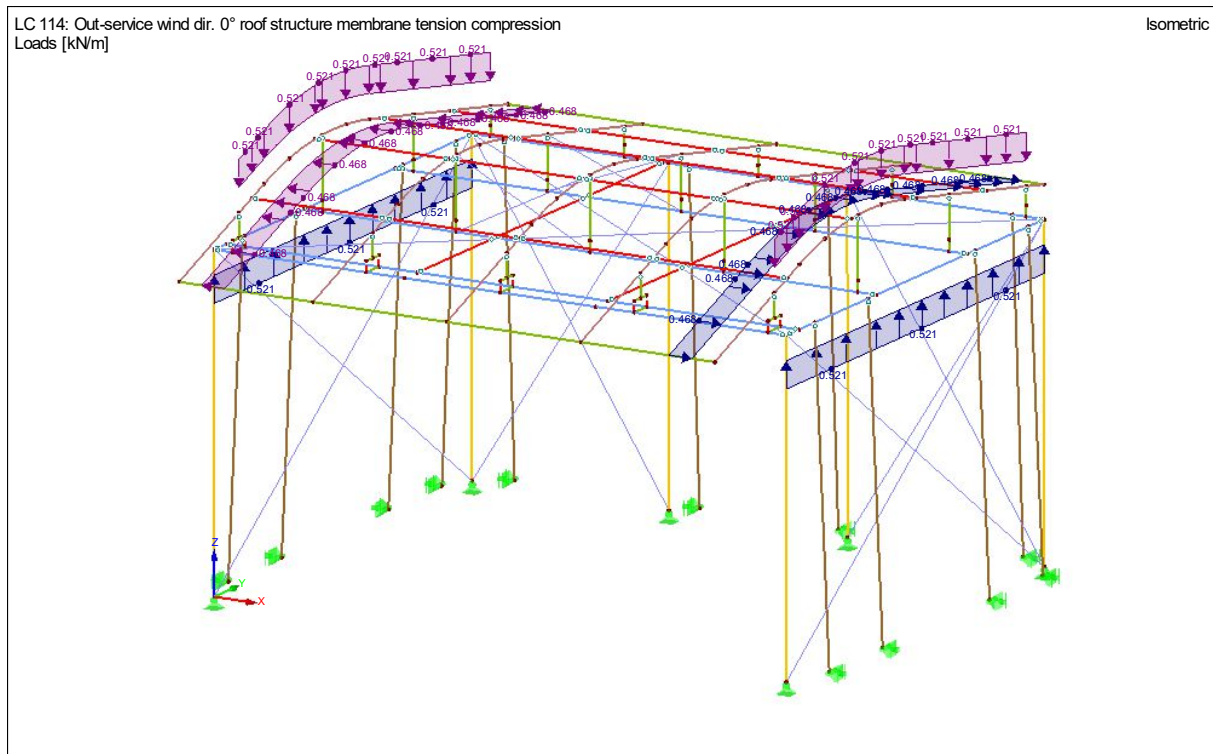
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 15 = 7.5 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 7.5 / 18 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.19 load case 114 In-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

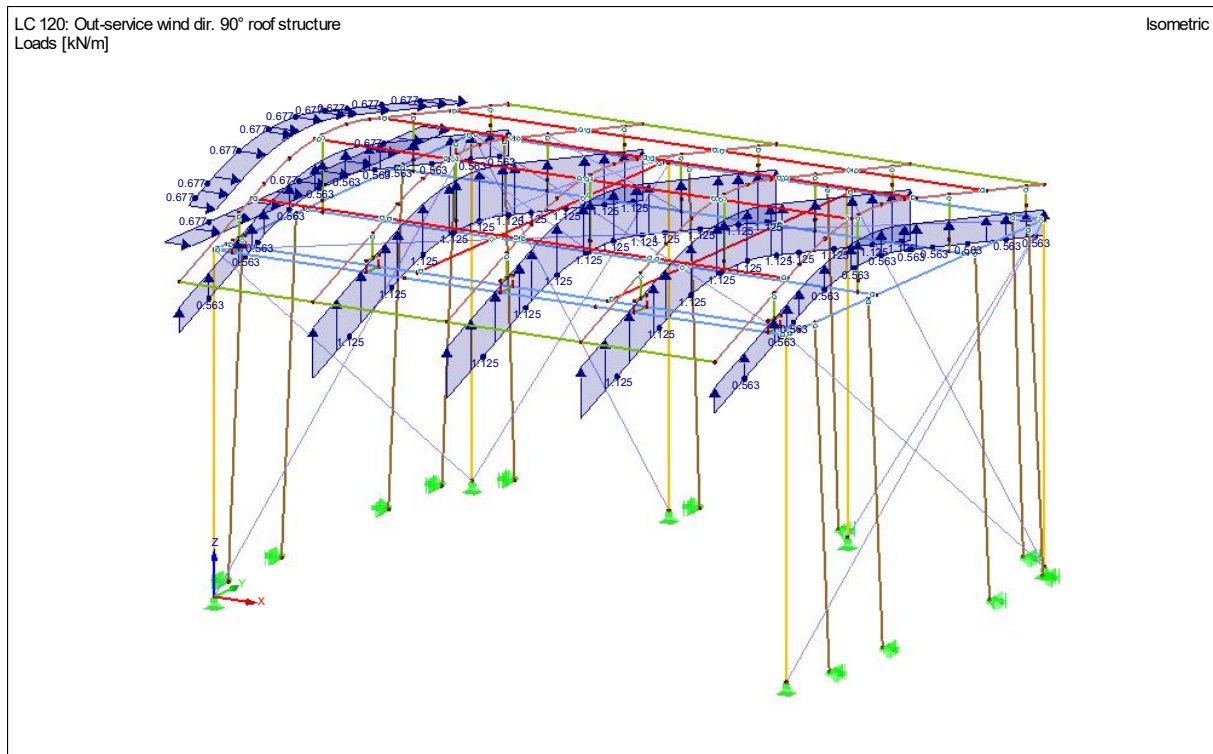
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.20 load case 120 Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 90°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.125 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.6 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.563 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

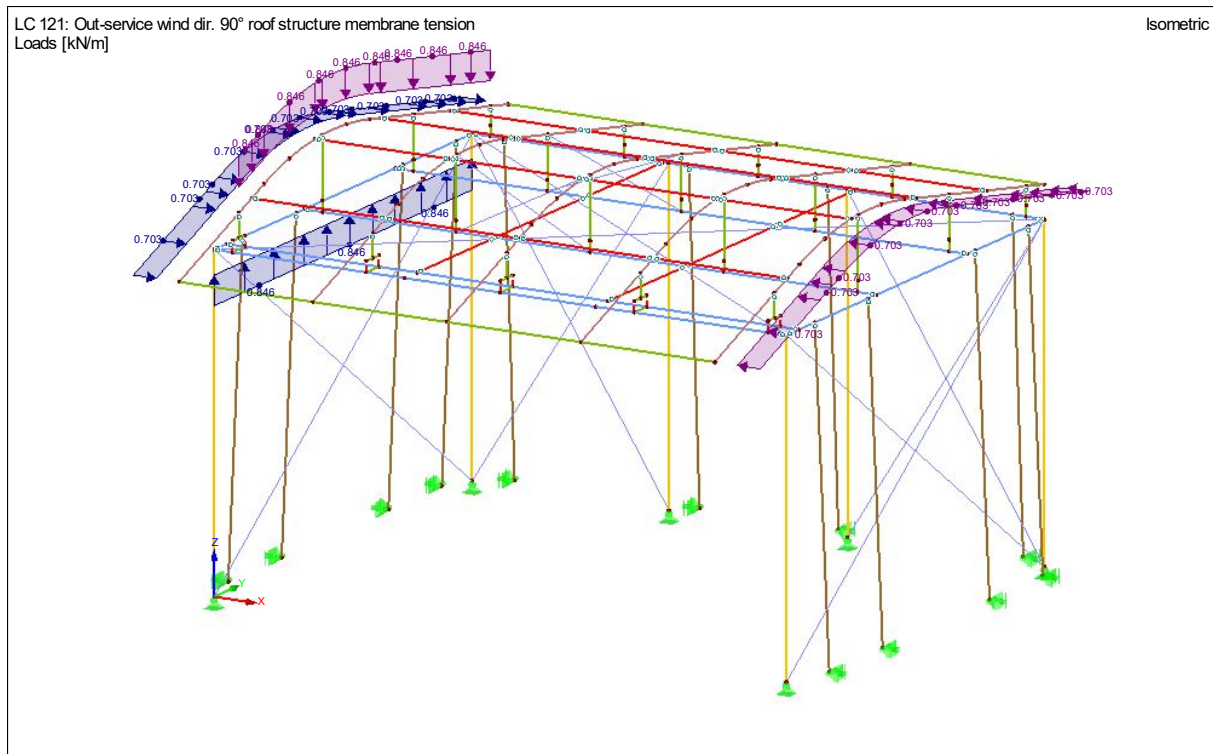
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 1.3 * 0.625 * 15 = 12.188 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 12.188 / 18 = 0.677 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.21 load case 121 Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

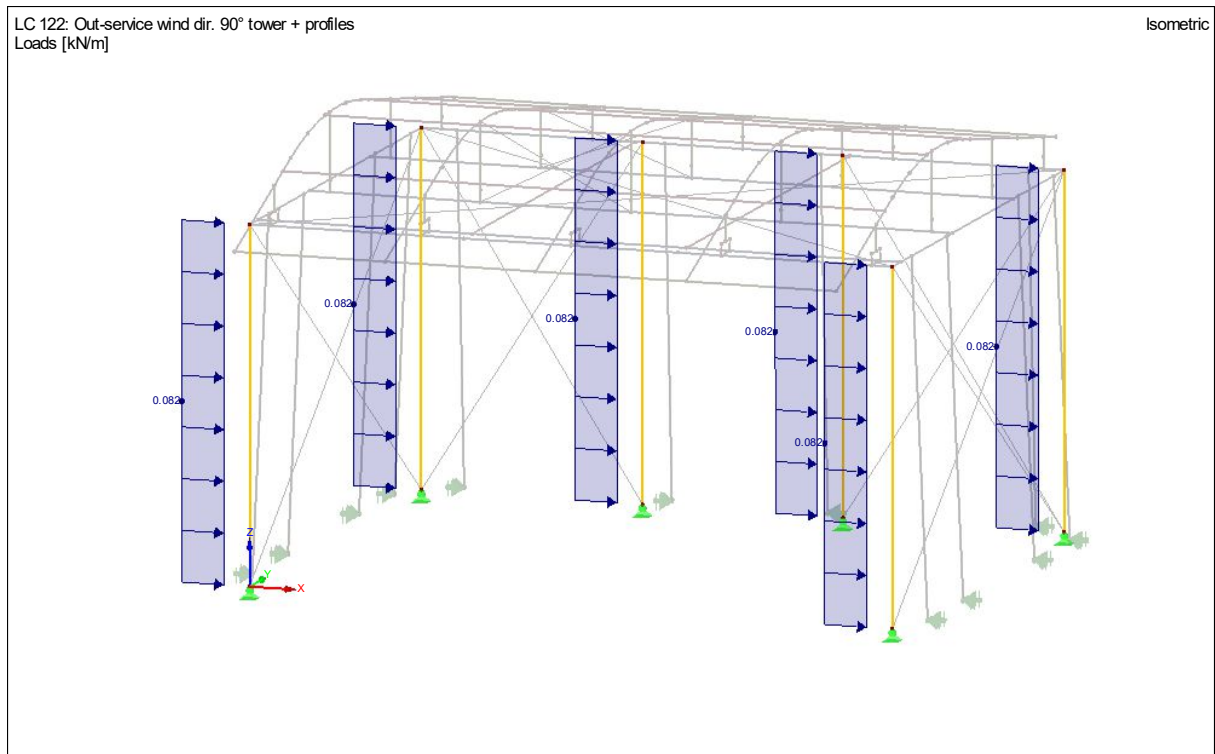
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.703 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.677 / 0.8 = 0.846 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.22 load case 122 Out-service wind dir. 90° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 0°

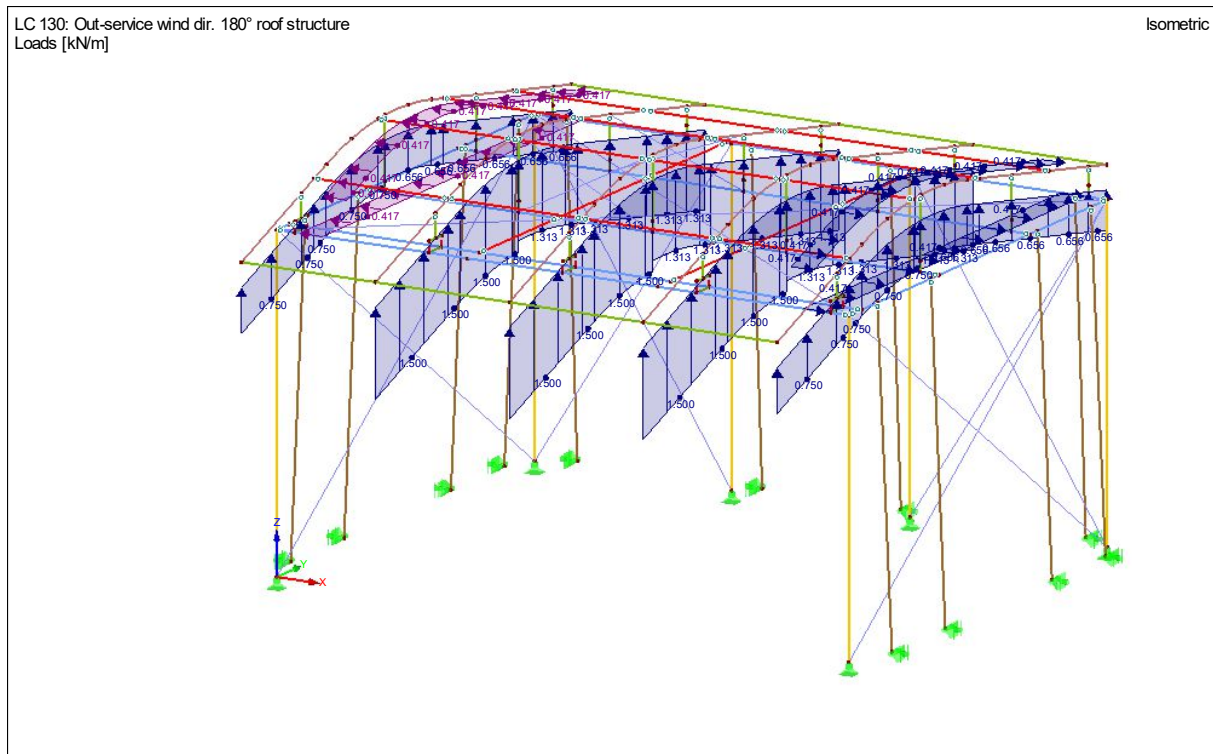
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.23 load case 130 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180°.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.500 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 3 = 1.312 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.7 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.656 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

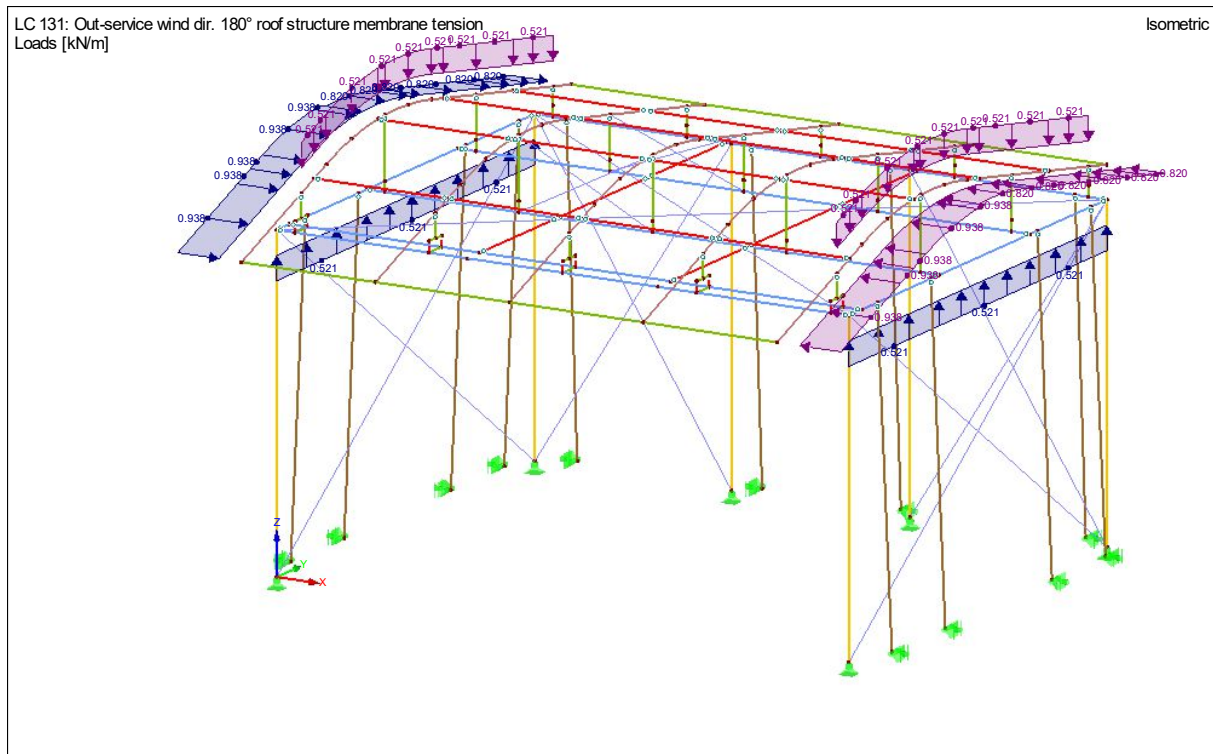
$$A_{\text{ canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 15 = 7.5 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof kejar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_{w, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 7.5 / 18 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.24 load case 131 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 0°.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.938 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

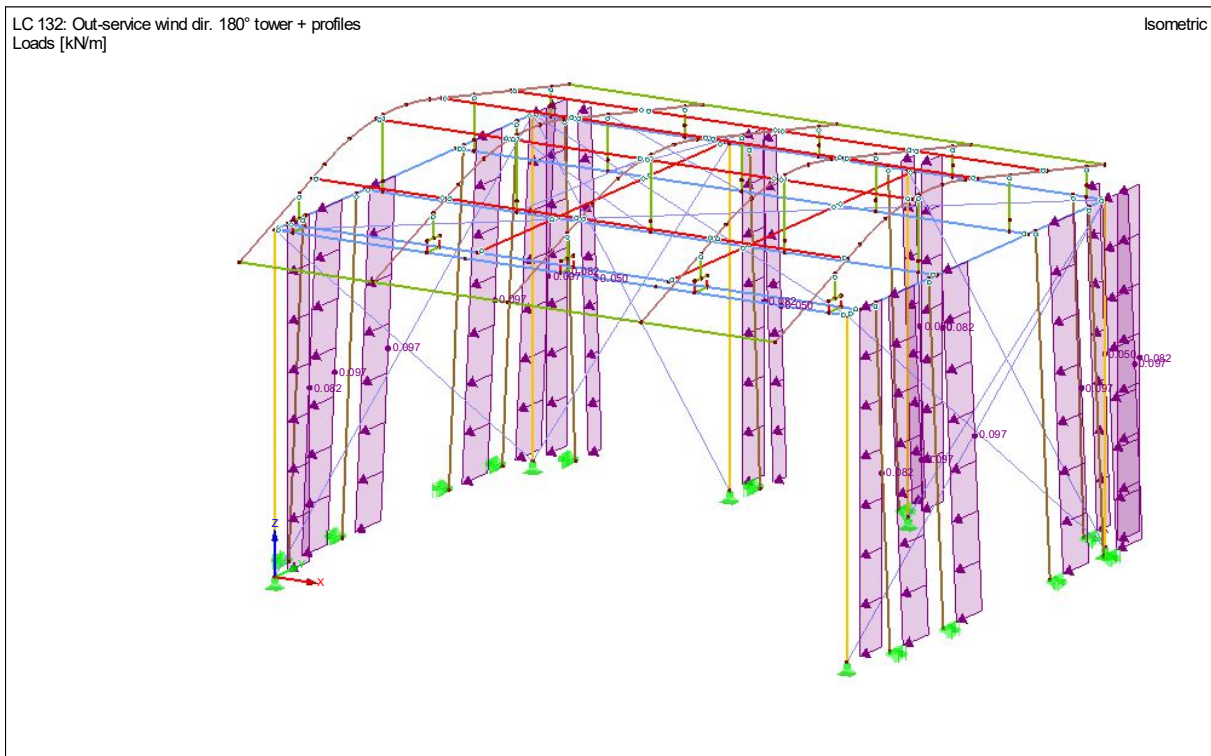
$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.820 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.25 load case 132 Out-service wind dir. 180° towers + profiles



Wind on tower truss 0°

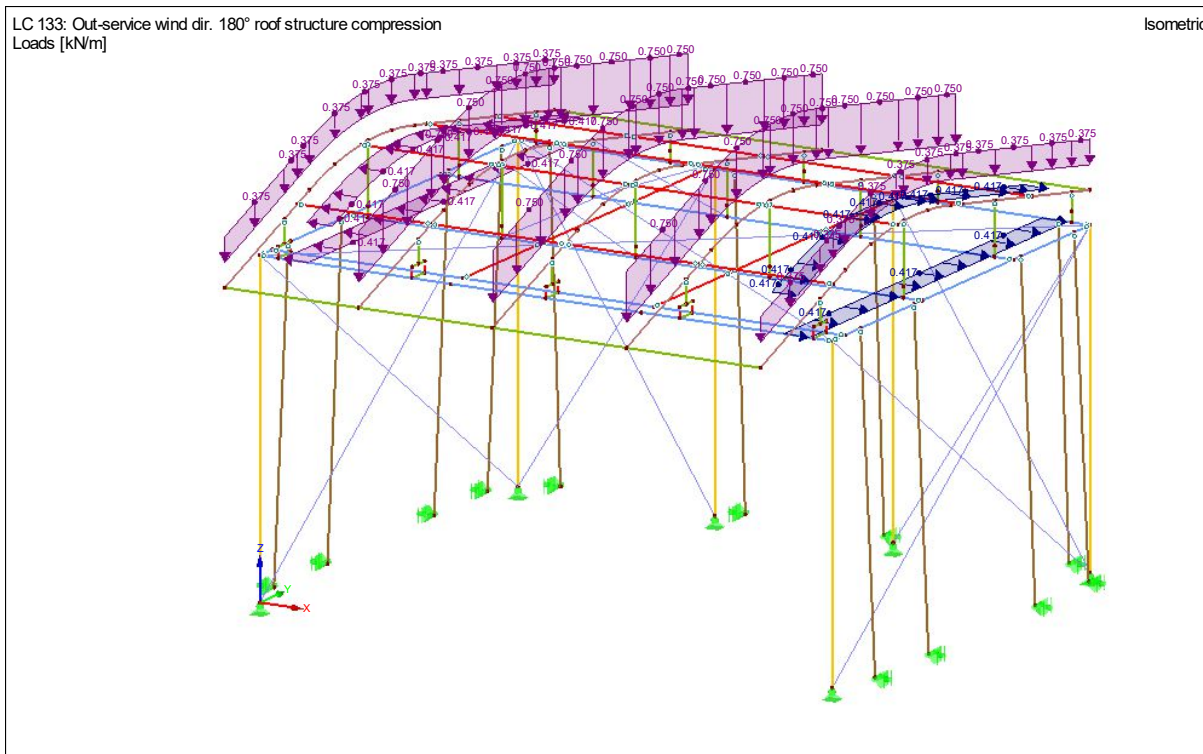
$$q_{w, \text{ tower truss}} = 1.3 * 0.4375 * (0.5 * 0.290) = 0.082 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on wall Keder profile 170x88

$$q_{w, \text{ keder profile 88mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.088 = 0.050 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$q_{w \text{ keder profile 170mm}} = 1.3 * 0.438 * 0.017 = 0.097 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.26 load case 133 Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression.



Wind calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

Main roof structure front side

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 1, front} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 2, front} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 3, front} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 4, front} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 5, front} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Main roof structure back side

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 1, back} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 2, back} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 3, back} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 4, back} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 3 = 0.750 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_w, \text{ roof span 5, back} = 0.4 * 0.625 * 1.5 = 0.375 \text{ kN/m}$$

Wind on side canopy of the roof construction

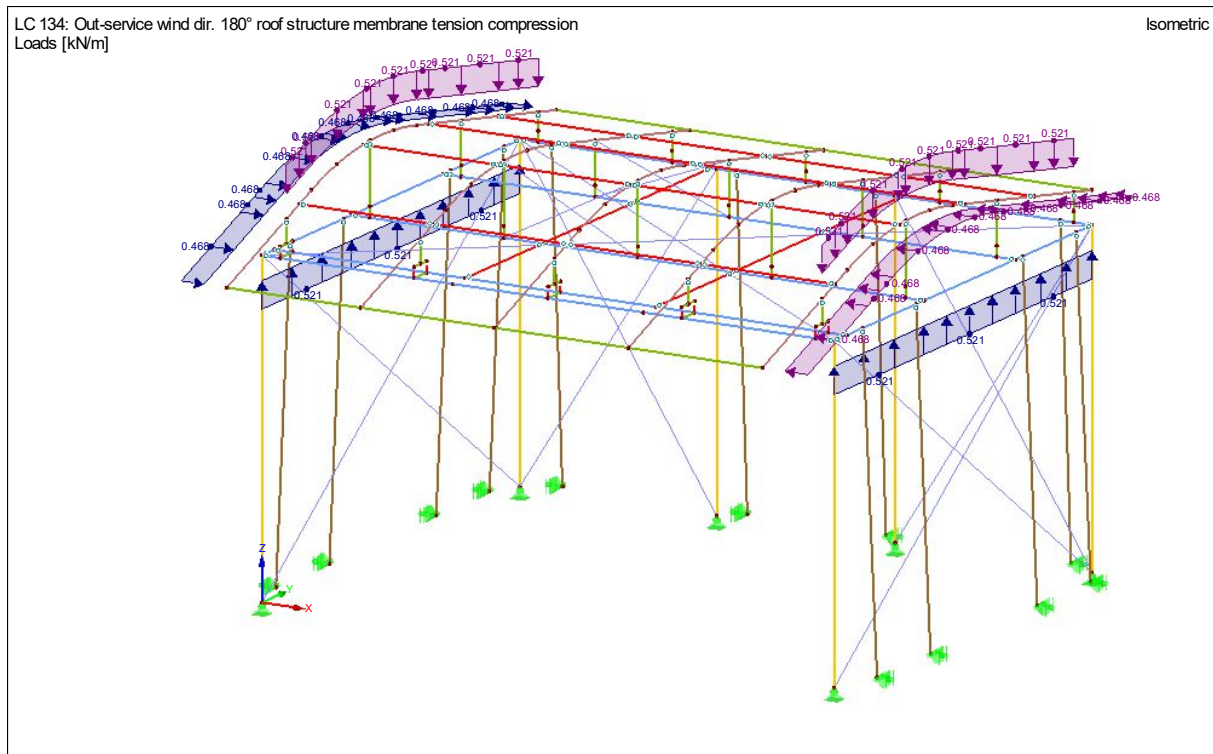
$$A_{\text{canopy}} = 15 \text{ m}^2$$

$$Q_w, \text{ side canopy roof structure} = 0.8 * 0.625 * 15 = 7.5 \text{ kN}$$

The canopy is attached to the side truss and the roof keadar profile over a length of 18 Meter.

$$Q_w, \text{ side canopy roof structure} = 7.5 / 18 = 0.417 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.6.27 load case 134 In-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression.



Membrane tension calculations roof construction wind 180° compression.

The membrane tension is calculated according to the calculation on page 15. The different membrane tension in each canopy sections which work in opposite directions are taken into account.

Membrane tension of roof structure front side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, front}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, front}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, front}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of roof structure back side

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 1, back}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 2, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 3, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 4, back}} = 0 \text{ kN/m}$$

$$Q_{mt, \text{ roof span 5, back}} = 0.469 \text{ kN/m}$$

Membrane tension of the side canopy of the roof structure

$$Q_{mt, \text{ side canopy roof structure}} = 0.417 / 0.8 = 0.521 \text{ kN/m}$$

2.7 load combinations and result combinations

Different load combinations have been generated in the program.

The calculation has been done according to the stress capacity calculation.

The partial safety factors are According to the EN 13814:2004 chapter 5.3.6.1

$\gamma_G = 1,1$ or $1,35$ Partial safety factor for permanent actions

$\gamma_{k,i} = 1,35$ Partial safety factor for variable actions

The fundamental combinations are

$\Sigma \gamma_G G_k$ (= $\Sigma 1,35 * G_k$)

$\Sigma \gamma_G G_k + \Sigma \gamma_{k,i} Q_{k,i}$ (= $\Sigma 1,1 * G_k + \Sigma 1,35 * Q_{k,i}$)

G_k **Characteristic value of permanent actions**

$Q_{k,i}$ **Characteristic value of one of the variable actions**

The γ_G is set to 1,15 as an extra safety for all the small extra material which are used in the construction and which are not specific inserted in the Self-weight load case. These extra materials are for example retched straps, steel wire's, clamps....

2.7.1 load combinations

CO1-CO4 Design calculation live load

CO50-CO53 Characteristic calculation live load

CO100-CO134 Design calculation In-service situation

CO150-CO184 Characteristic calculation In-service situation

CO200-CO229 Design calculation Out-service situation

CO250-CO279 Characteristic calculation Out-service situation

Load Combin.	DS	Load Combination	To Solve
		Description	
CO1	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2	+
CO2	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3	+
CO3	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4	+
CO4	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5	+
CO50	0	LC1 + LC2	+
CO51	0	LC1 + LC3	+
CO52	0	LC1 + LC4	+
CO53	0	LC1 + LC5	+
CO100	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO101	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO102	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO103	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO104	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13	+
CO110	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO111	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO112	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO113	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO114	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23	+
CO120	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO121	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO122	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO123	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO124	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33	+
CO130	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO131	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO132	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO133	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO134	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35	+
CO150	0	LC1 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO151	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO152	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO153	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO154	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13	+
CO160	0	LC1 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO161	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO162	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO163	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO164	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23	+
CO170	0	LC1 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO171	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO172	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO173	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO174	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33	+
CO180	0	LC1 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO181	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+

CO182	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO183	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO184	0	LC1 + LC5 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35	+
CO200	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO201	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO202	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO203	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO204	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112	+
CO205	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO206	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO207	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO208	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO209	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114	+
CO210	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO211	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO212	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO213	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO214	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122	+
CO220	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO221	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO222	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO223	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO224	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132	+
CO225	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO226	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO227	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO228	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO229	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134	+
CO250	0	LC1 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO251	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO252	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO253	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO254	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112	+
CO255	0	LC1 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO256	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO257	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO258	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO259	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114	+
CO260	0	LC1 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO261	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO262	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO263	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO264	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122	+
CO270	0	LC1 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO271	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO272	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO273	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO274	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132	+
CO275	0	LC1 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO276	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO277	0	LC1 + LC3 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO278	0	LC1 + LC4 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+
CO279	0	LC1 + LC6 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134	+

2.7.2 result combinations

Different Result combinations have been generated in the program.

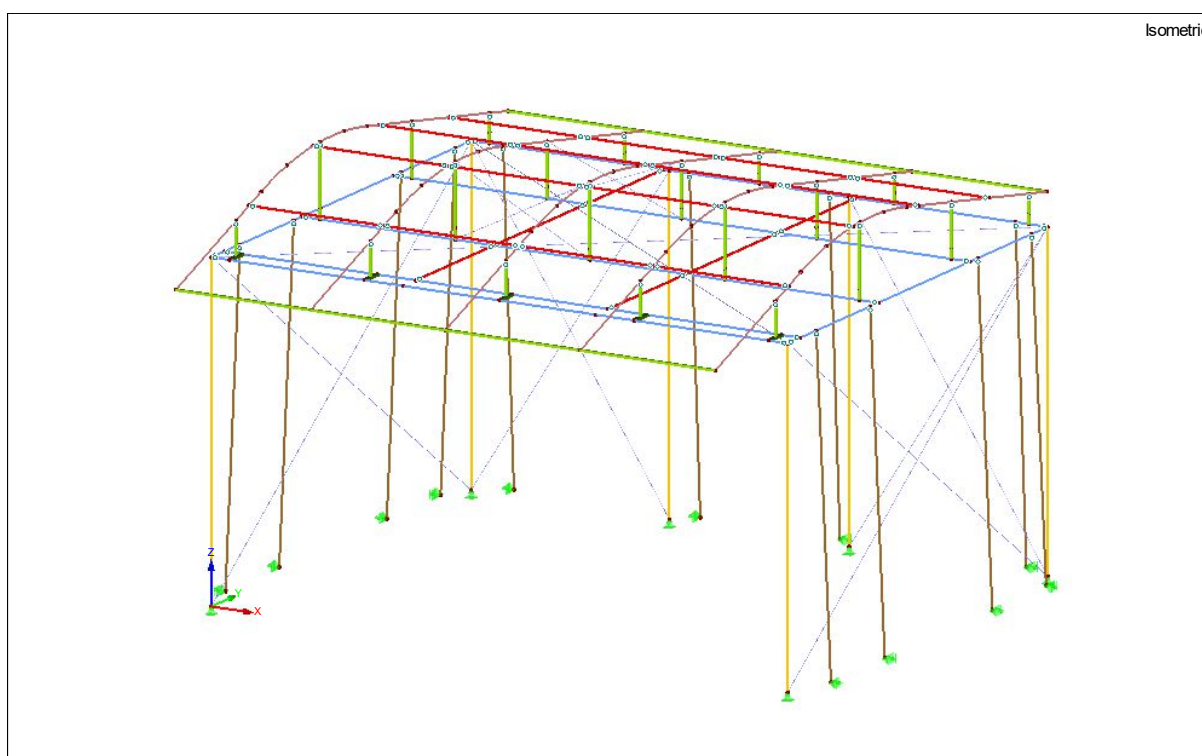
RC1 – SW + Loading - Design Values	: 1 * (CO1 or to CO4)
RC2 – SW + Loading - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO50 or to CO53)
RC3 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Design Values	: 1 * (CO100 or to CO134)
RC4 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO150 or to CO184)
RC5 - SW + Loading + Out service Wind - Design Values	: 1 * (CO200 or to CO129)
RC6 - SW + Loading + Out service Wind - Characteristic Values	: 1 * (CO250 or to CO279)

3 Calculation results for different Load Cases and Load Combinations.

In this chapter the results of the different load cases and load combinations are presented. The design calculations will be used to check the structural integrity of separate parts of the structure. The results for the characteristic calculations will be used to determine the deflection of the system and the steel wires which need to be used. These results will not be presented for each load combination. If the use of these results is necessary the particular information will be given.

3.1 General input information

3.1.1 construction scheme



3.1.2 Used Materials

Material No.	Material Description	Modulus of Elasticity E [kN/cm ²]	Shear Modulus G [kN/cm ²]	Poisson's Ratio ν [-]	Specific Weight γ [kN/m ³]	Coeff. of Th. Exp. α [1/°C]	Partial Factor γ _M [-]	Material Model
1	Aluminum EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
2	steel S235 EN 10346:2009-03	21000,00	8076,92	0,300	78,50	1,20E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic

3.1.3 Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I_y	Bending I_z	Axial A	Shear A_y	Shear A_z			Width b	Depth h
1	Prolyte H40V	1	900,00	4179,54	4179,54	16,96	16,50	16,50	0,00	0,00	390,0	390,0
2	Prolyte H30V	1	500,00	2095,86	2095,85	16,96	16,50	16,50	0,00	0,00	290,0	290,0
3	Prolyte H30D	1	150,00	1057,29	1057,10	12,72	12,00	12,00	0,00	0,00	290,0	255,0
4	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5	1	48,28	30,75	30,75	9,00	4,00	4,00	0,00	0,00	50,0	50,0
5	Ring 50/4	1	30,81	15,41	15,41	5,78	2,93	2,93	0,00	0,00	50,0	50,0
6	Circle 12	2	0,20	0,10	0,10	1,13	0,96	0,96	0,00	0,00	12,0	12,0
7	RODER roder keder 170x88x3	1	100,00	766,50	230,70	18,98	18,50	18,50	0,00	0,00	170,0	88,0
8	HK 50/100/6/6/6/6	1	155,83	63,93	200,87	16,56	10,64	3,74	0,00	0,00	100,0	50,0

3.2 Calculation result summary's

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
Summary			
Calculation Status	OK		
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,3	mm	CO131, Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,5	mm	CO104, Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-214,7	mm	CO228, Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	216,3	mm	CO228, Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	59,7	mrاد	CO228, Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,1	mrاد	CO131, Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	16,1	mrاد	CO220, Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Number of 1D finite elements (member elements)	349		
Number of 2D finite elements (surface elements)	0		
Number of 3D finite elements (solid elements)	0		
Number of FE nodes	282		
Number of equations	1692		
Matrix solver method	Direct		
Maximum number of iterations	100		
Number of divisions for member results	10		
Number of divisions of members with cable, elastic foundation, taper, or plastic characteristic	10		
Activate shear stiffness of members (A-y, A-z)	+		
Plate bending theory	Mindlin		
Allow failing members	+		
Precision of convergence criteria of nonlinear calculation	1,0		

3.3. Result for RC1 and RC2

3.3.1 Result for the single load cases LC1 to LC6.

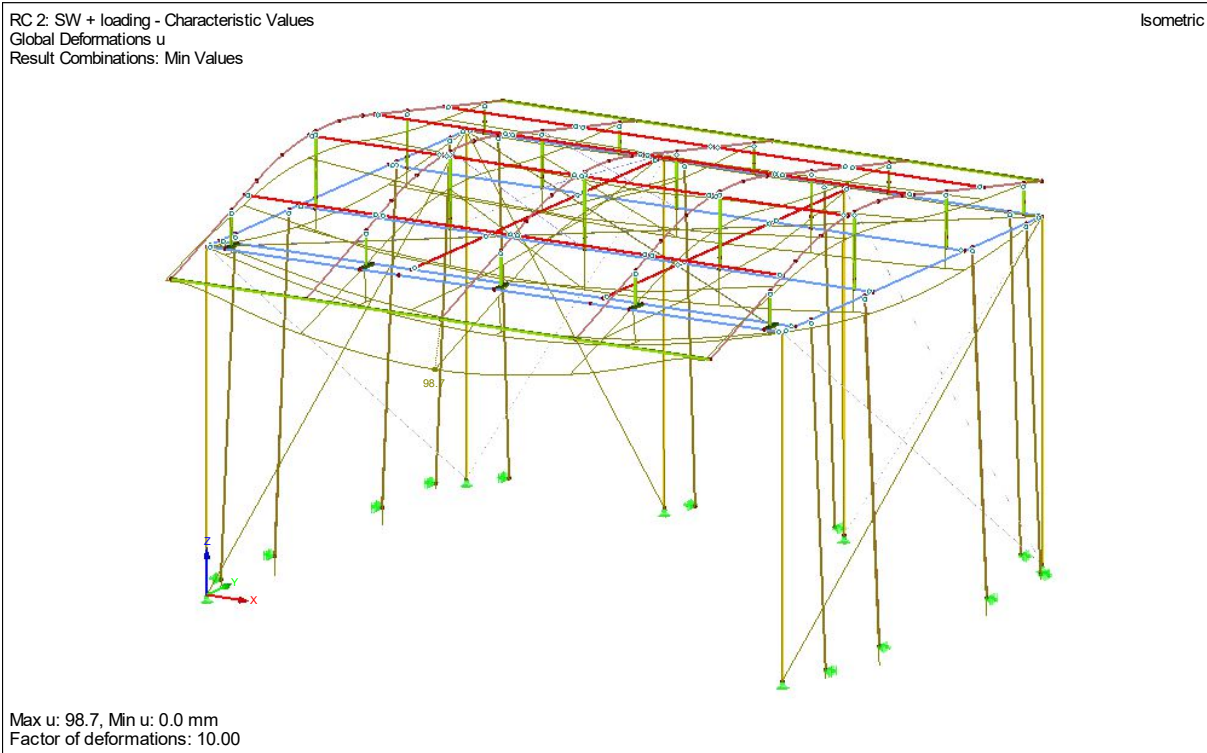
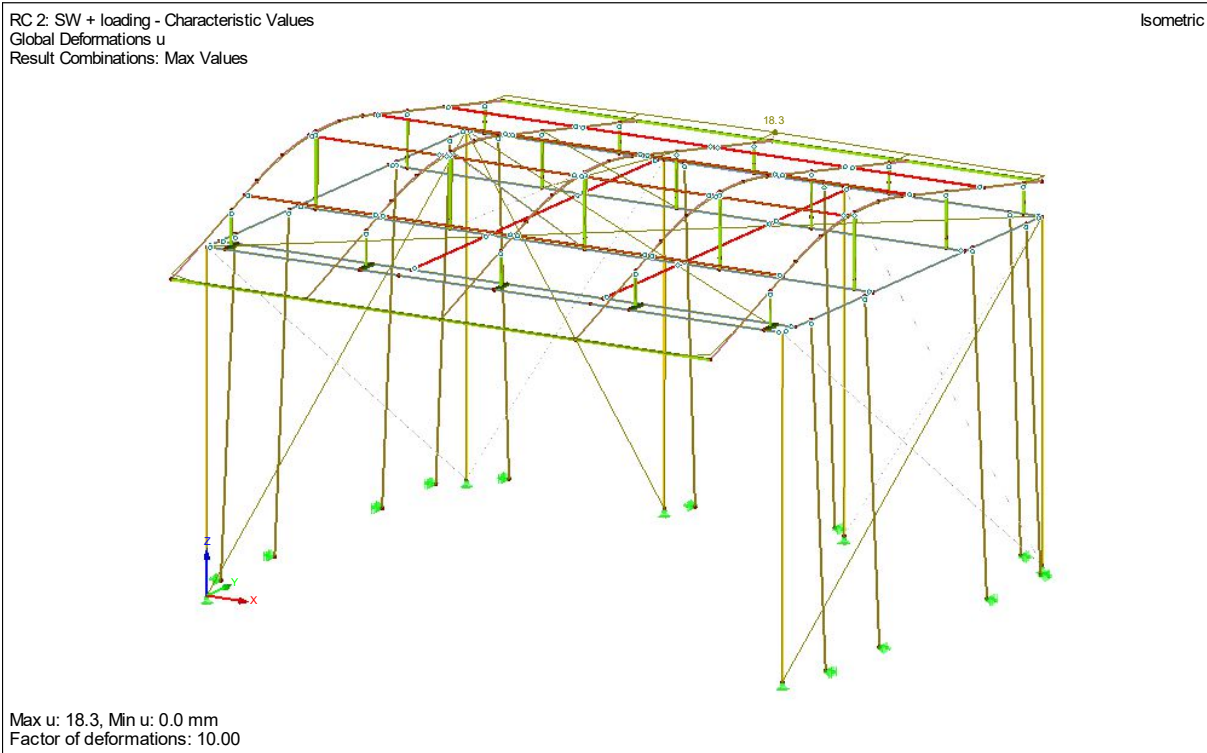
Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC1 - Self-weight			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-19,95	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-19,95	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,226	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,223	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,9	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-3,8	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-22,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	22,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-5,4	mrad	Member No. 56, x: 0.380 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-6,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.875 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,0	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC2 - UDL loading			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-31,64	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-31,64	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-23,612	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,356	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	3,4	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-9,3	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-48,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	49,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	13,4	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	10,4	mrad	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,6	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC3 - Centre point loads			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-20,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-20,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-30,309	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,228	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	4,2	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-10,8	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-42,0	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.680 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	42,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.680 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	11,2	mrad	Member No. 23, x: 0.354 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	8,1	mrad	Member No. 91, x: 1.320 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC4 - point loads in the third point			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-37,00	kN	

Sum of support forces in Z	-37,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-66,551	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,416	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	4,7	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-15,3	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-59,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.680 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	59,4	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.680 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	17,0	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	11,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	4,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC5 - point loads 1.25 meter from side span in service			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-60,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-60,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	18,952	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,669	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	3,3	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.660 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-12,0	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-75,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	75,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-15,1	mrad	Member No. 56, x: 0.380 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-22,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-6,0	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC6 - point loads 1.25 meter from side span out service			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-44,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-44,00	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-64,943	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,490	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,2	mm	Member No. 10, x: 4.642 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-12,4	mm	Member No. 35, x: 2.625 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-42,8	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	42,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	13,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	7,4	mrad	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,6	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.3.2 Calculation results Load combinations CO1-CO4

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO1 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-65,65	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-65,65	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,5	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-14,8	mm	Member No. 32, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-88,7	mm	Member No. 222, x: 2.136 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	89,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	23,8	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-21,1	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-5,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO2 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-50,62	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-50,62	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	6,5	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-15,2	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-79,0	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	79,4	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	20,9	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	15,7	mrad	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-4,4	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO3 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-72,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-72,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	7,2	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-21,3	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-102,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	102,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	28,7	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	20,0	mrad	Member No. 5, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO4 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-103,94	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-103,94	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	4,9	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.660 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-20,6	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-126,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	127,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-26,7	mrad	Member No. 56, x: 0.380 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-38,6	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-10,4	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

3.3.3 Deformation RC2 – SW + Loading setup - Characteristic Values



3.4 Result for RC3 and RC4

3.4.1 Result for the single load cases LC10 to LC35.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC10 - in-service wind dir.0° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	62,03	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	62,03	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-61,285	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,699	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-9,3	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	15,6	mm	Member No. 32, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	125,5	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	126,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-35,6	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	33,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,1	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC11 - in-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	-0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,44	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,44	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,585	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,013	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,012	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,8	mm	Member No. 15, x: 1.232 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,0	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,8	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.133 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.133 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,9	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,4	mrad	Member No. 89, x: 0.906 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC12 - in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	0,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	20,66	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	20,66	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	44,811	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,015	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,235	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	57,3	mm	Member No. 130, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	61,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	2,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	61,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,0	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	26,2	mrad	Member No. 130, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,7	mrad	Member No. 31, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC13 - in-service wind dir. 0° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-0,009	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)

Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-128,4	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-78,9	mm	Member No. 202, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 124, x: 2.654 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	128,4	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,2	mrاد	Member No. 202, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-59,0	mrاد	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,5	mrاد	Member No. 203, x: 5.810 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC20 - in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	6,08	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	6,08	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	4,73	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	4,73	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-5,818	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	11,604	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	1,905	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	14,4	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.660 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-3,0	mm	Member No. 28, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	10,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,5	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.796 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-2,5	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	3,4	mrاد	Member No. 129, x: 1.360 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	2,7	mrاد	Member No. 6, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC21 - in-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,17	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,17	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,618	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,492	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,2	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.495 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,4	mm	Member No. 35, x: 2.250 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-1,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	1,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-0,4	mrاد	Member No. 196, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,7	mrاد	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,1	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.875 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC22 - in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	15,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	15,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	4,76	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	10,314	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-32,584	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	3,598	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	54,9	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	14,6	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,2	mm	Member No. 18, x: 3.485 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	54,9	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,3	mrاد	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	23,7	mrاد	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,5	mrاد	Member No. 1, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC23 - in-service wind dir. 90° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	

Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-29,6	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	64,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 102, x: 2.654 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	64,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-29,5	mrad	Member No. 17, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-13,6	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,4	mrad	Member No. 17, x: 5.809 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC30 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	2,63	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	2,63	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	4,267	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,030	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,4	mm	Member No. 129, x: 0.907 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,4	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	6,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.813 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	6,4	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.813 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-2,2	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-0,9	mrad	Member No. 3, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC31 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,08	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,08	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,298	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,001	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,1	mm	Member No. 129, x: 0.907 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,2	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	0,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC32 - in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-20,67	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-44,814	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,233	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	10,7	mm	Member No. 201, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-61,6	mm	Member No. 206, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	61,7	mm	Member No. 206, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	27,0	mrad	Member No. 206, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	4,9	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 6.971 m

Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,5	mrad	Member No. 31, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC33 - in-service wind dir. 180° back and side wall membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	128,4	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	14,9	mm	Member No. 130, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,0	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	128,4	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,8	mrad	Member No. 130, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-59,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,6	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 5.810 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC34 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-26,28	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-26,28	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	24,824	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,296	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	3,9	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	7,0	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-53,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	53,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	15,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-13,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-3,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC35 - in-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,08	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,08	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	0,298	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,001	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,3	mm	Member No. 134, x: 1.540 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,2	mm	Member No. 35, x: 1.125 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	0,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,4	mrad	Member No. 58, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,3	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.4.2 Calculation results Load Combination CO100-CO134

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO100 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	60,20	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	60,20	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,7	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,1	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	137,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,4	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-49,2	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-8,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO101 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	17,49	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	17,49	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,7	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,3	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	90,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,6	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-49,3	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-5,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO102 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	32,53	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	32,53	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,7	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,1	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	109,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,5	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-49,3	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	6,2	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO103 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	10,25	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	10,25	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,7	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,2	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	100,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,6	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-49,3	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	5,5	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

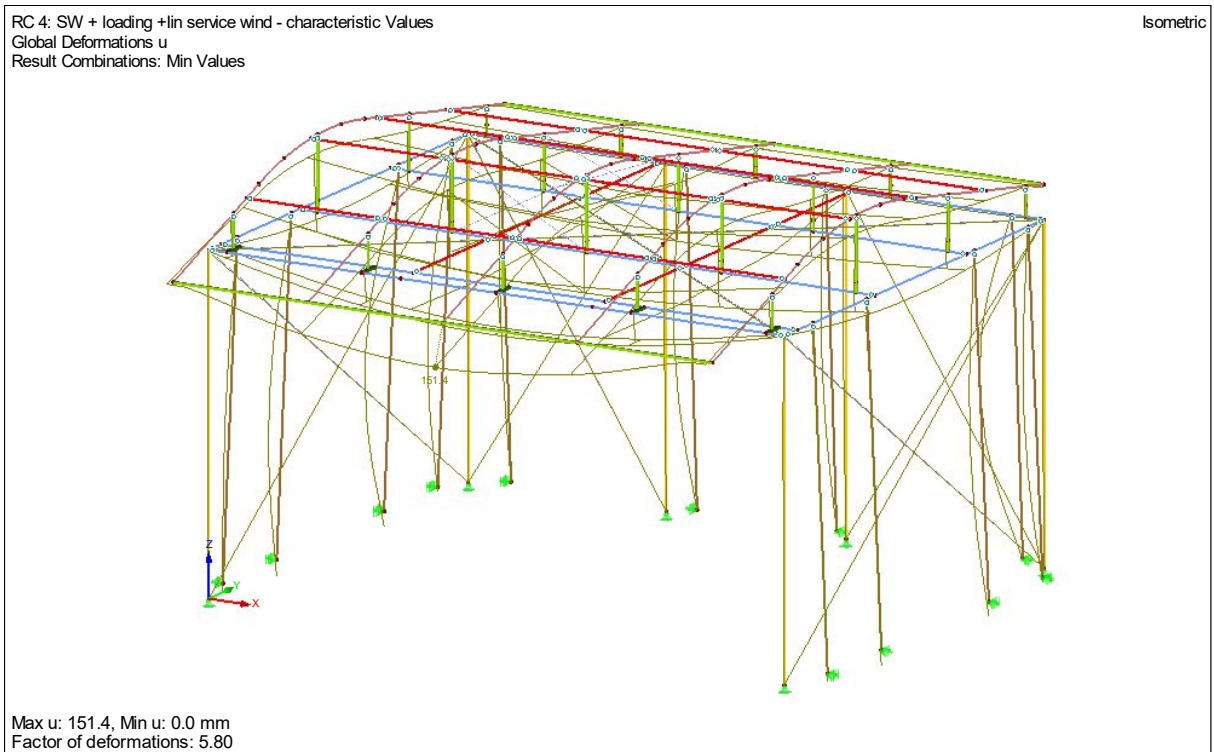
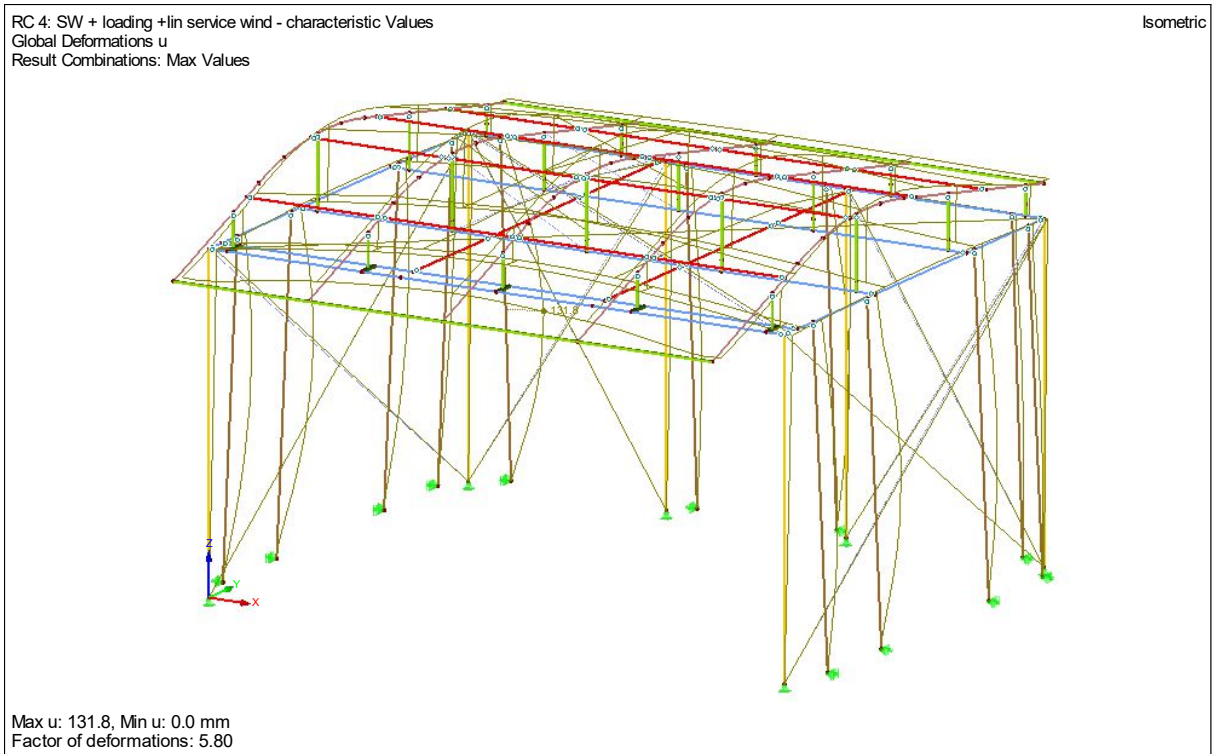
CO104 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC10 + 1.35*LC11 + 1.35*LC12 + 1.35*LC13			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	27,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	27,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-20,80	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-20,80	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,6	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	108,5	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	61,5	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.587 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,6	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-49,4	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-10,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO110 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	28,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	28,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-16,79	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-16,79	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	83,8	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-88,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-13,3	mm	Member No. 26, x: 1.283 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	119,0	mm	Member No. 18, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	40,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	34,8	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	10,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO111 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	28,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	28,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-59,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-59,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	84,1	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-88,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-79,8	mm	Member No. 222, x: 2.136 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	122,0	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	40,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	34,9	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	10,6	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO112 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	28,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	28,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-44,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-44,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	83,8	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-88,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-69,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	120,0	mm	Member No. 18, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	40,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	34,8	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	10,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO113 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	28,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	28,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

Sum of loads in Y	6,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-66,74	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-66,74	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	84,0	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-88,4	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-93,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	121,3	mm	Member No. 18, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	40,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	34,9	mrad	Member No. 16, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	10,4	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO114 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC20 + 1.35*LC21 + 1.35*LC22 + 1.35*LC23			
Sum of loads in X	28,48	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	28,48	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	6,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	6,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-97,79	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-97,79	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	84,7	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-88,6	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-116,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	128,8	mm	Member No. 16, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	40,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-36,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	11,2	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO120 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-19,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-19,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,8	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-83,2	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-28,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	177,9	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,4	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-78,9	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,4	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.972 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO121 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-62,21	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-62,21	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,0	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-82,0	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.972 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO122 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-47,17	kN	

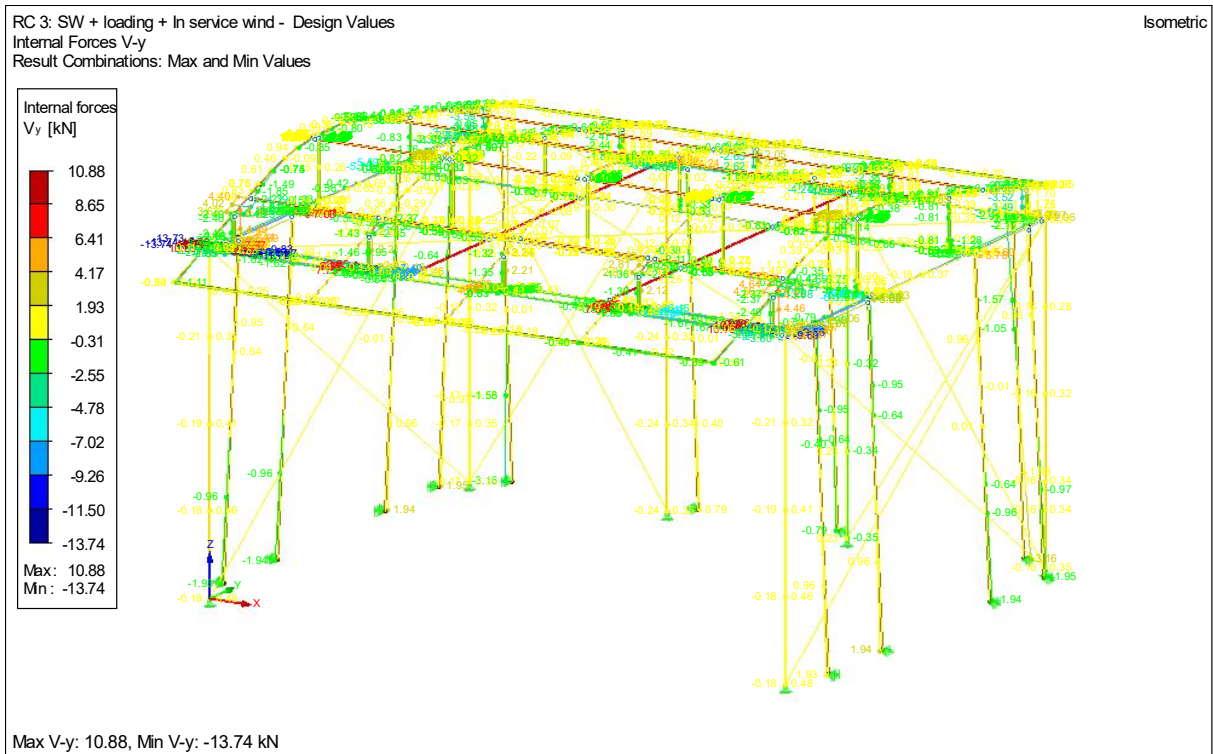
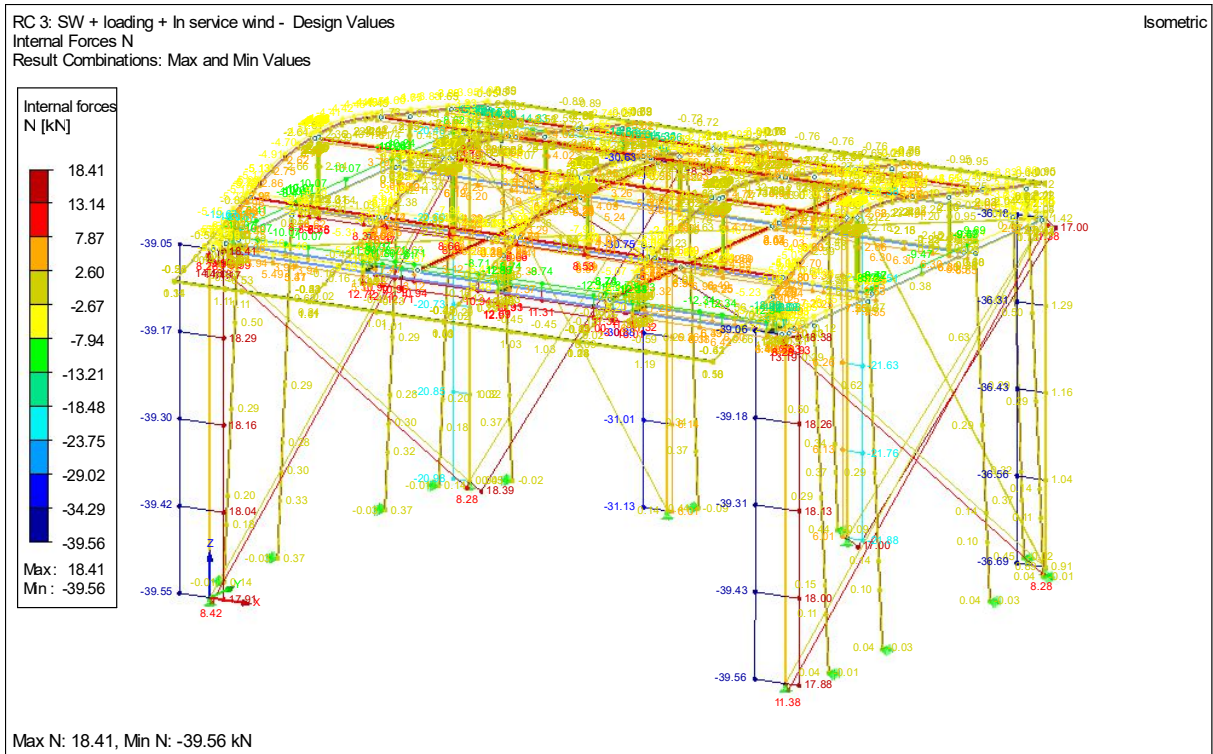
Sum of support forces in Z	-47,17	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,9	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-71,7	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,0	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.972 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO123 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-69,45	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-69,45	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,0	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-94,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,1	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO124 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC30 + 1.35*LC31 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-100,50	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-100,50	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,0	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,9	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-129,1	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-9,9	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO130 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-58,54	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-58,54	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-171,9	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,8	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-95,9	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.273 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,0	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,3	mrad	Member No. 204, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 6.972 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO131 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-101,25	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-101,25	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,3	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,5	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m

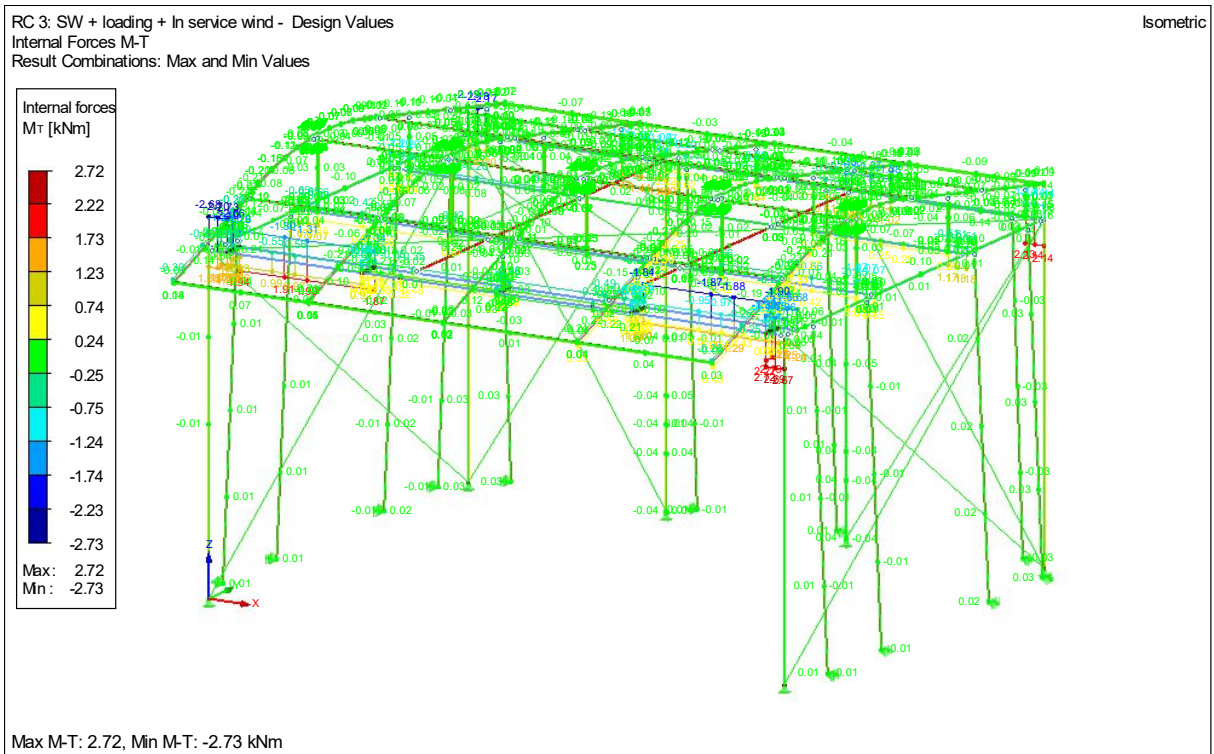
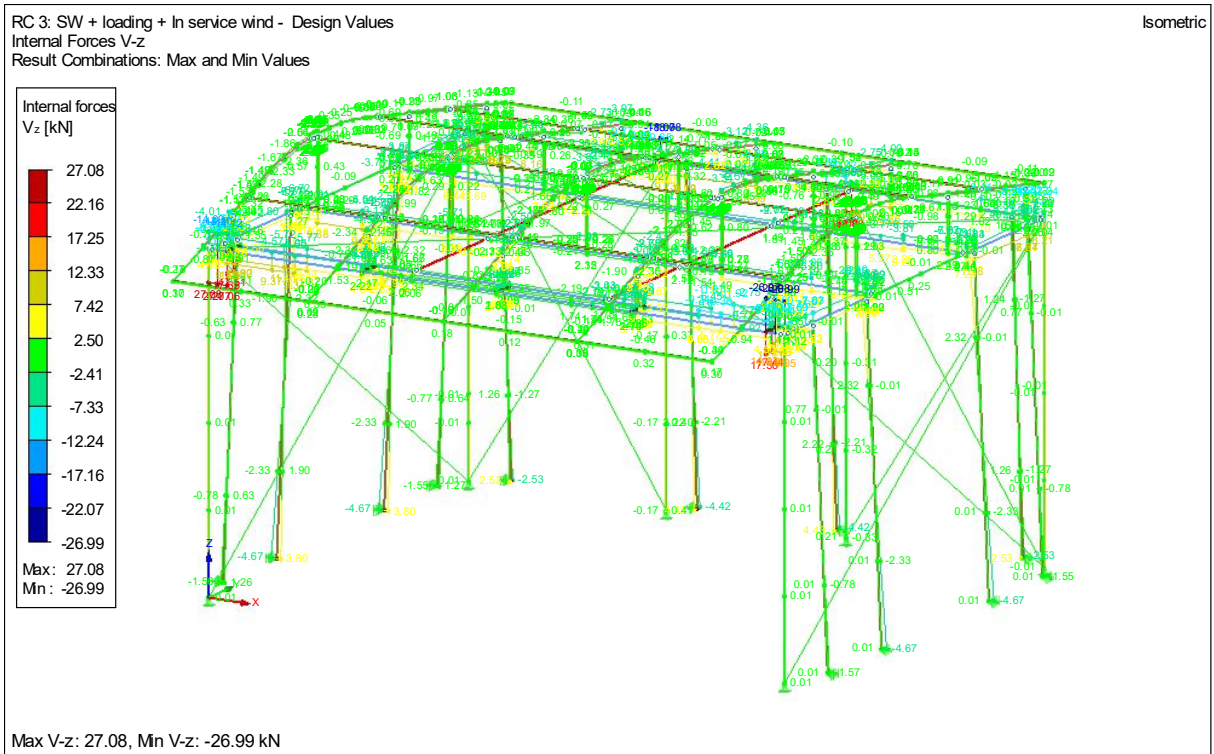
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-162,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,4	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	45,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-10,0	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO132 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-86,21	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-86,21	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,5	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-153,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	178,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	42,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,0	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	11,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO133 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-108,49	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-108,49	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,4	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-176,8	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	180,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	50,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	12,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO134 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC5 + 1.35*LC32 + 1.35*LC33 + 1.35*LC34 + 1.35*LC35			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-27,90	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-27,90	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-139,54	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-139,54	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-172,3	mm	Member No. 203, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-82,5	mm	Member No. 204, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-192,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	195,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	46,9	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-79,1	mrad	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-14,6	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

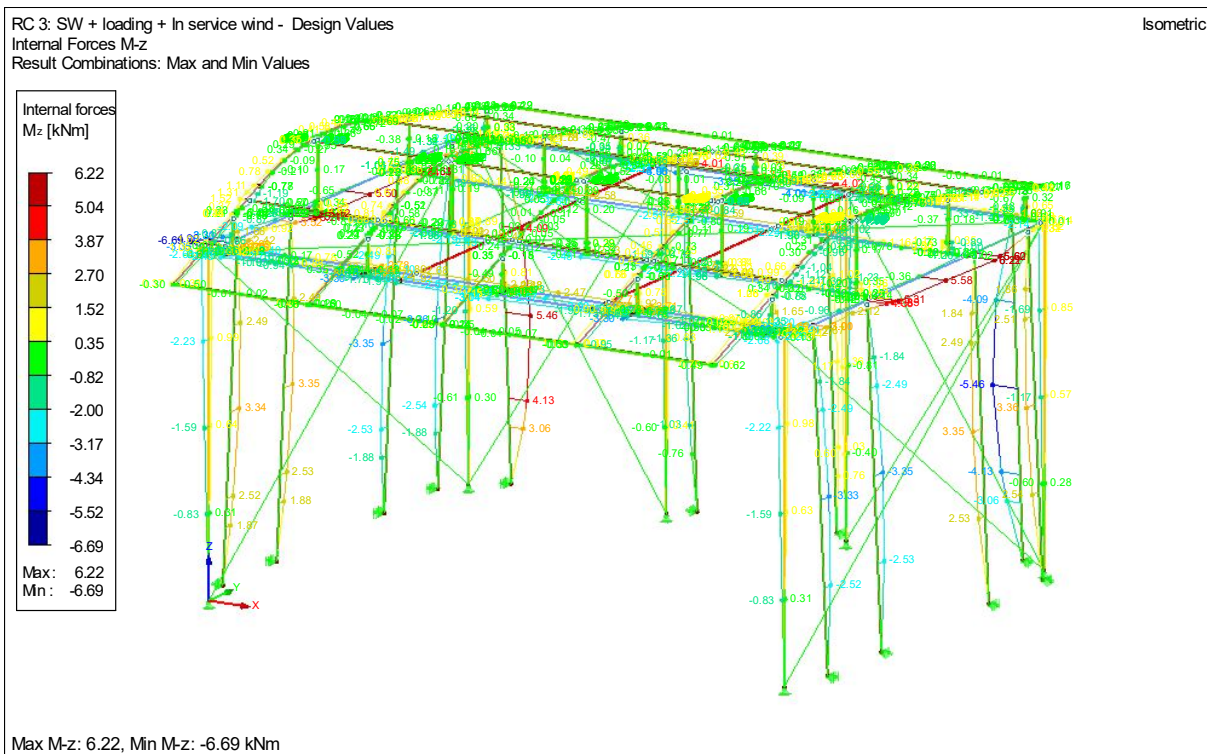
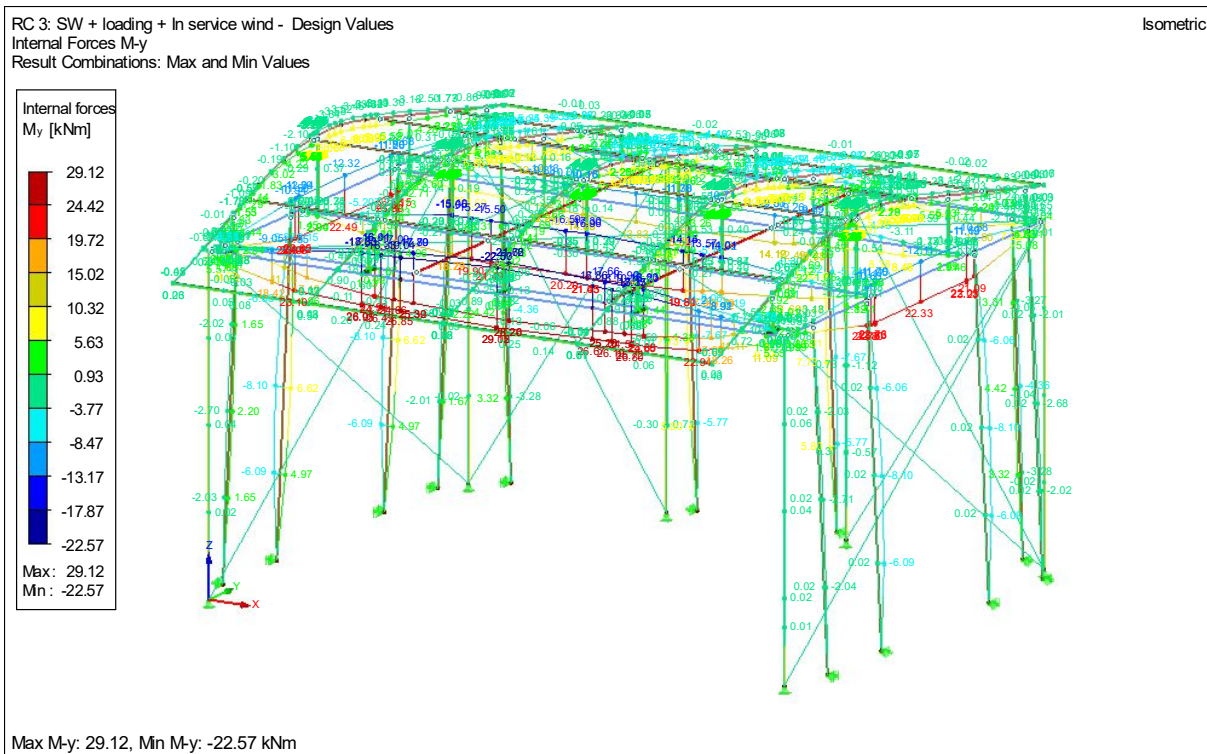
3.4.3 Deformation RC4 - SW + Loading setup + In service Wind - Characteristic Values



3.4.4 Internal force diagram RC3 - SW + Loading + In service Wind - Design Values







3.5 Result for RC1 and RC2

3.5.1 Result for the single load cases LC110 to LC134.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC110 - Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	73,35	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	73,35	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-105,869	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,826	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-11,0	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-16,3	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	168,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	168,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-38,9	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	46,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	12,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC111 - Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,652	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,001	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,014	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,1	mm	Member No. 134, x: 1.540 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,1	mm	Member No. 35, x: 1.125 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,0	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,8	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC112 - Out-service wind dir. 0° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	10,23	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	22,199	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,114	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,1	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	19,5	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,2	mm	Member No. 203, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,5	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-8,8	mrad	Member No. 17, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	0,1	mrad	Member No. 136, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,5	mrad	Member No. 31, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC113 - Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-39,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-39,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	48,485	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)

Resultant of reactions about Y	0,444	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,9	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	9,9	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-82,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	82,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	21,7	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-23,1	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-6,2	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC114 - Out-service wind dir. 0° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,652	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,005	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,6	mm	Member No. 15, x: 1.232 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,0	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,0	mm	Member No. 153, x: 1.133 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,0	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,0	mrاد	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,1	mrاد	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,6	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC120 - Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	13,20	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	13,20	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	59,13	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	59,13	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-72,729	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	24,627	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	4,133	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	34,6	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.330 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	16,5	mm	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	124,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	127,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-32,3	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	34,0	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	8,3	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC121 - Out-service wind dir. 90° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,37	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,37	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,341	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	1,067	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,8	mm	Member No. 15, x: 1.540 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,1	mm	Member No. 35, x: 1.125 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-2,7	mm	Member No. 222, x: 1.068 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	2,7	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-0,9	mrاد	Member No. 196, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,5	mrاد	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,6	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC122 - Out-service wind dir. 90° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	8,92	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	8,92	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-19,354	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-16,213	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	20,1	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.486 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	1,0	mm	Member No. 179, x: 16.267 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-0,4	mm	Member No. 202, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	20,1	mm	Member No. 205, x: 3.486 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	0,2	mrad	Member No. 58, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	9,0	mrad	Member No. 205, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,7	mrad	Member No. 6, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC130 - Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	73,35	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	73,35	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-105,869	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,826	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-11,0	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-16,3	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	168,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	168,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-38,9	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	46,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	12,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 3.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC131 - Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,652	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-0,001	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,014	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-1,1	mm	Member No. 134, x: 1.540 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,1	mm	Member No. 35, x: 1.125 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,0	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,8	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC132 - Out-service wind dir. 180° tower + profiles			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-10,23	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	0,00	kN	
Resultant of reactions about X	-22,199	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,114	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,1	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-19,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	0,2	mm	Member No. 206, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,5	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	8,8	mrad	Member No. 19, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-0,1	mrad	Member No. 136, x: 0.000 m

Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,4	mrad	Member No. 31, x: 1.500 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC133 - Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-39,42	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-39,42	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	48,485	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,444	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	5,9	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	9,9	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-82,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	82,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	21,7	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-23,1	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-6,2	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC134 - Out-service wind dir. 180° roof structure membrane tension compression			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-0,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-0,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	1,652	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 6.399, Y: 5.487, Z: 5.652 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,005	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,6	mm	Member No. 134, x: 1.232 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,0	mm	Member No. 33, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.907 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	1,0	mrad	Member No. 74, x: 0.730 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	1,2	mrad	Member No. 4, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-0,4	mrad	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis

3.5.2 Calculation results Load Combination CO200-CO229

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
CO200 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	75,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	75,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-13,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	25,9	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	205,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	205,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-45,1	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	55,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	16,0	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO201 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	32,74	kN	

Sum of support forces in Z	32,74	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-8,6	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,0	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	162,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	162,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,3	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	41,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	12,3	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO202 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	47,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	47,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-7,8	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.825 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	25,9	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	182,6	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	182,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-30,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	47,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO203 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	25,51	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	25,51	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-6,8	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,0	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	173,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	173,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-22,5	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	44,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,0	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO204 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC110 + 1.35*LC111 + 1.35*LC112			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	16,06	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	16,06	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-11,8	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,2	mm	Member No. 17, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	189,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	189,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,5	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	45,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO205 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-76,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-76,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	9,4	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	26,5	mm	Member No. 18, x: 3.485 m

Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-135,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	135,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,1	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-38,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-11,4	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO206 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-119,49	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-119,49	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	13,1	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	30,3	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-199,0	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.205 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	199,7	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.205 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	54,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-52,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-14,9	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO207 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-104,45	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-104,45	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	14,4	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	28,8	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-189,0	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	189,7	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	51,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-46,2	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-13,5	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO208 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-126,73	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-126,73	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	15,0	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	32,7	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-211,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	212,7	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	59,0	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-49,5	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-14,2	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _r
CO209 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC112 + 1.35*LC113 + 1.35*LC114			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-136,18	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-136,18	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	10,3	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.825 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	31,4	mm	Member No. 30, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-190,2	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	190,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	54,1	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m

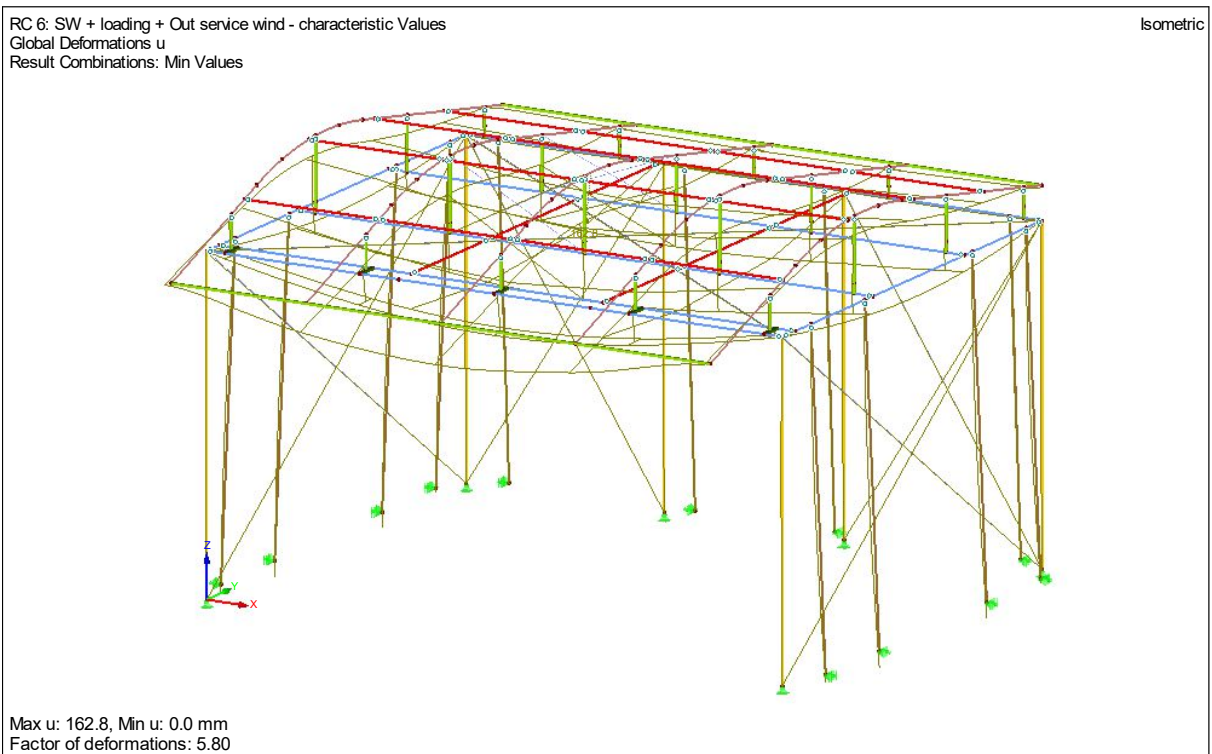
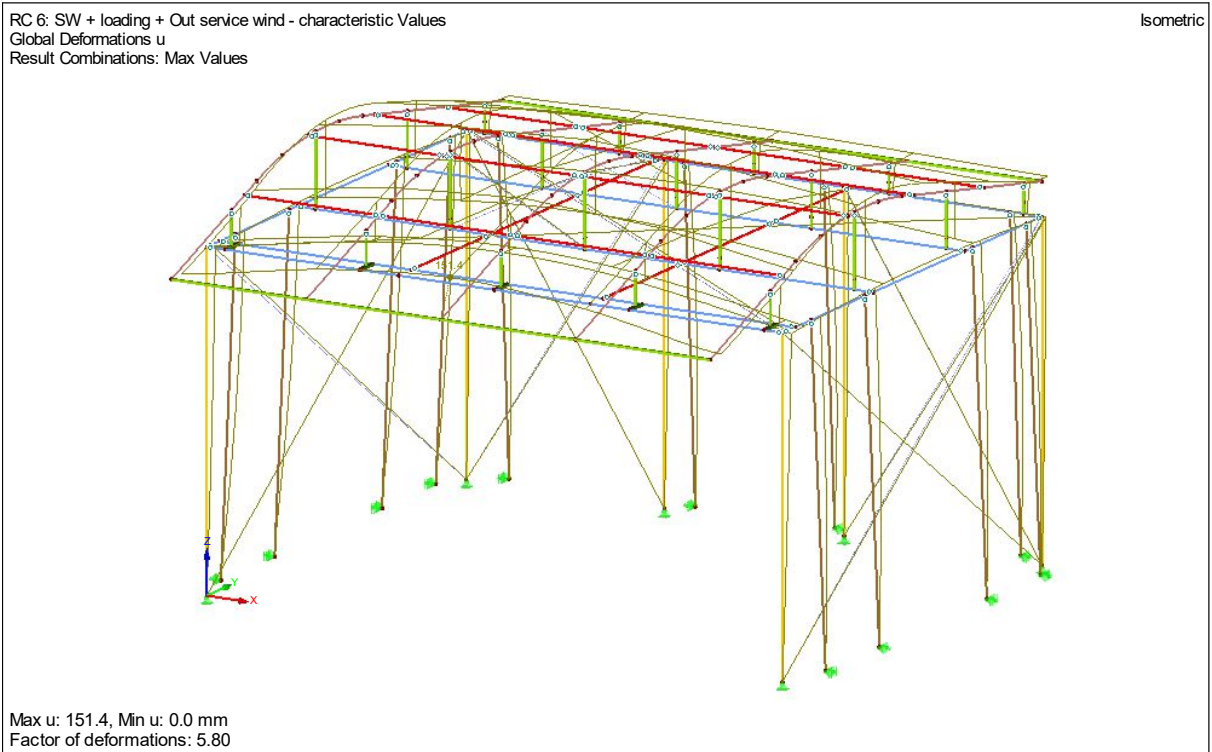
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-47,7	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-13,5	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO210 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	29,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	29,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	56,38	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	56,38	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	54,4	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.330 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-19,2	mm	Member No. 28, x: 2.250 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	147,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	153,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-37,2	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	39,6	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	10,2	mrاد	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO211 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	29,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	29,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	13,66	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	13,66	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	52,5	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.330 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-12,1	mm	Member No. 28, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	103,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	111,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-19,1	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	25,4	mrاد	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,1	mrاد	Member No. 202, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO212 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	29,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	29,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	28,70	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	28,70	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	52,3	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.330 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-15,0	mm	Member No. 28, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	124,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	130,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-22,0	mrاد	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-31,7	mrاد	Member No. 35, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,2	mrاد	Member No. 202, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO213 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	29,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	29,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	6,43	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	6,43	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	51,7	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.330 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-13,2	mm	Member No. 34, x: 1.125 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	114,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	122,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-16,2	mrاد	Member No. 132, x: 0.308 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-28,3	mrاد	Member No. 35, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,1	mrاد	Member No. 202, x: 6.971 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)

Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO214 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC120 + 1.35*LC121 + 1.35*LC122			
Sum of loads in X	29,86	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	29,86	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-3,02	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-3,02	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	54,0	mm	Member No. 91, x: 0.165 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	11,8	mm	Member No. 154, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	131,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	138,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-19,4	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	30,1	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	9,2	mrad	Member No. 6, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO220 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	75,46	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	75,46	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-13,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	204,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	205,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-45,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	55,0	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	16,1	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO221 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	32,74	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	32,74	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-8,6	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	161,9	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	162,5	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,3	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	41,1	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	12,4	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO222 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	47,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	47,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-7,8	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.825 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	182,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	182,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-30,2	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	47,3	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,9	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO223 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	

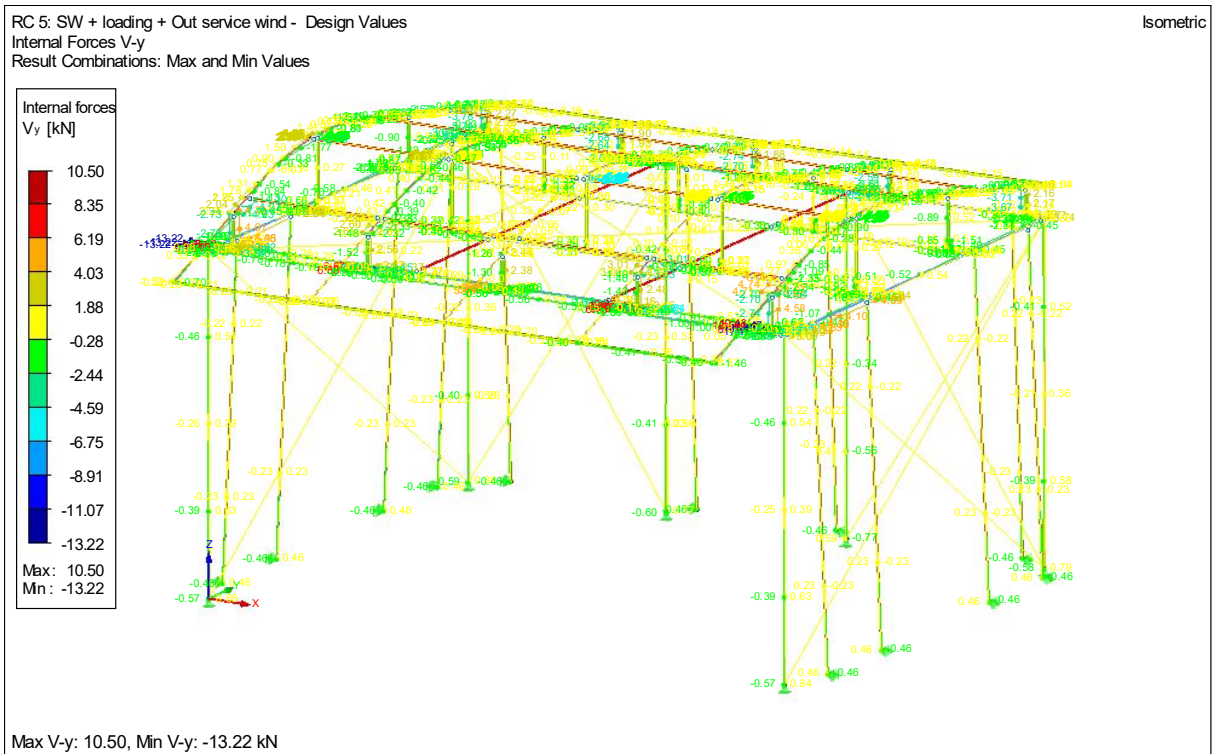
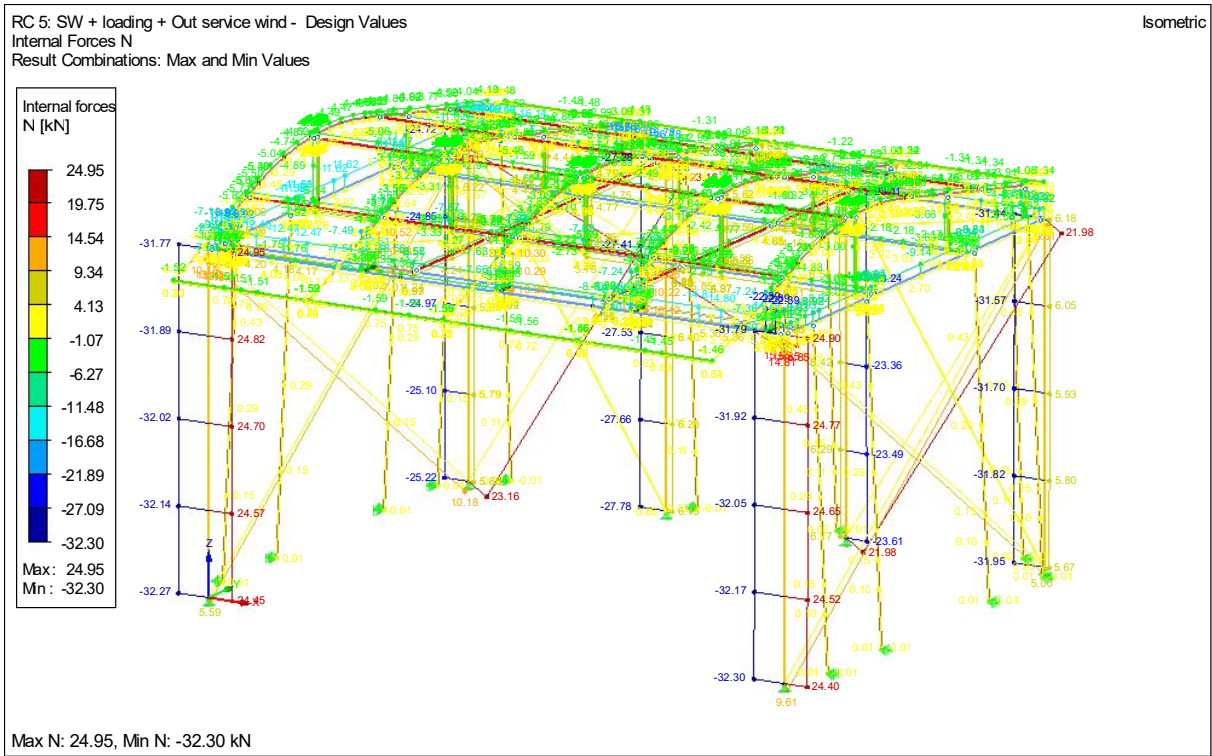
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	25,51	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	25,51	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-6,9	mm	Member No. 135, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	172,7	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	173,8	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-22,5	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	43,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,1	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO224 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC130 + 1.35*LC131 + 1.35*LC132			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	16,06	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	16,06	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-11,9	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,0	mm	Member No. 19, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	189,2	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	190,0	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-27,5	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	45,7	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	13,9	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO225 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-76,78	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-76,78	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	9,3	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-26,3	mm	Member No. 200, x: 3.485 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-138,4	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	139,3	mm	Member No. 132, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	36,6	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.196 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-39,9	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-10,2	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO226 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-119,49	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-119,49	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	13,5	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.990 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-32,8	mm	Member No. 32, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-201,6	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.171 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	203,1	mm	Member No. 168, x: 0.188 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	54,8	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-53,4	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-13,8	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO227 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC3 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %

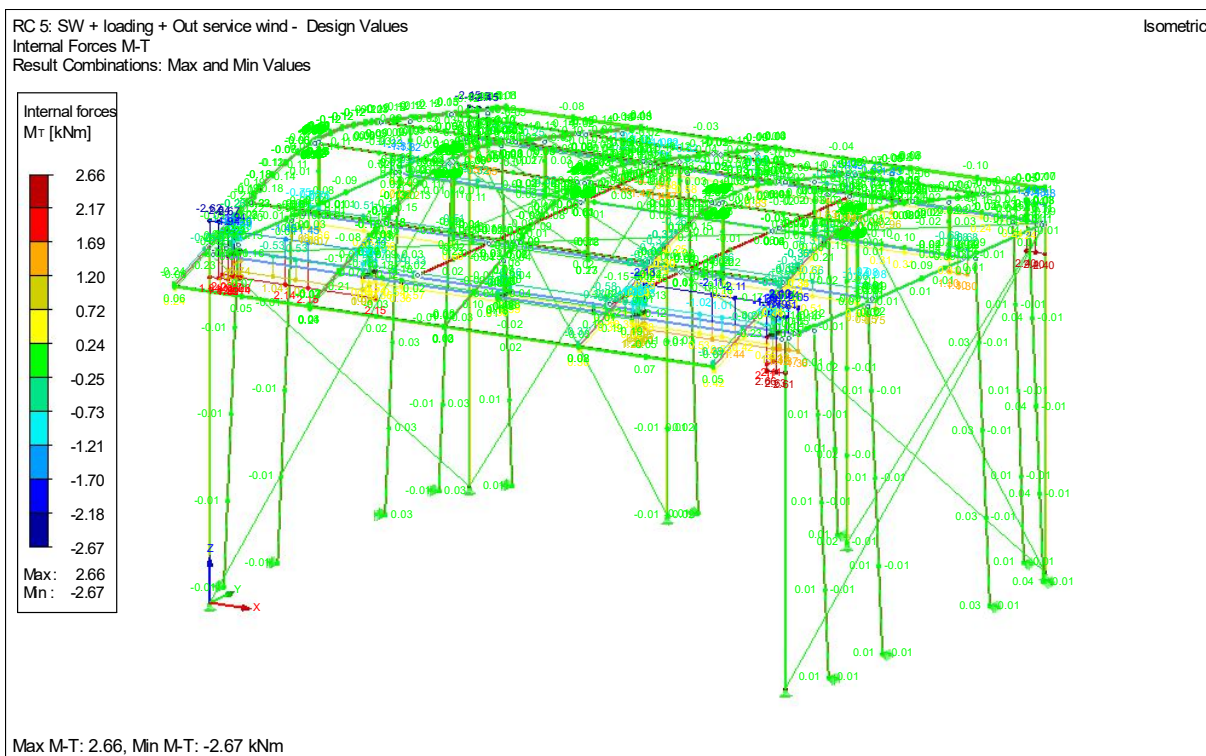
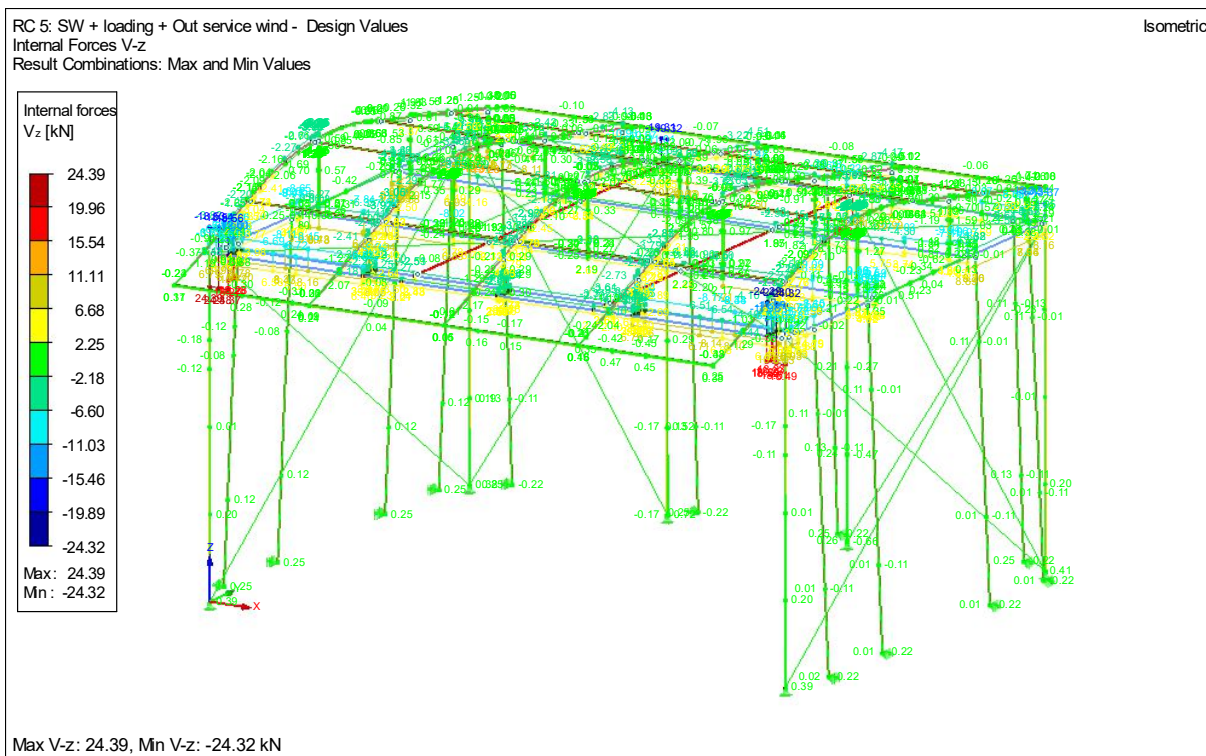
Sum of loads in Z	-104,45	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-104,45	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	14,7	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-31,3	mm	Member No. 32, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-191,5	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	193,1	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	51,9	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-47,3	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-12,4	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO228 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC4 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-126,73	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-126,73	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	15,5	mm	Member No. 152, x: 0.453 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-37,5	mm	Member No. 32, x: 0.375 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-214,7	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	216,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	59,7	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-50,6	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-13,1	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO229 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC6 + 1.35*LC132 + 1.35*LC133 + 1.35*LC134			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-13,81	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-13,81	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-136,18	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-136,18	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	10,7	mm	Member No. 59, x: 0.825 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-37,9	mm	Member No. 35, x: 0.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-192,3	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	193,6	mm	Member No. 153, x: 0.227 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	54,6	mrad	Member No. 144, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-48,8	mrad	Member No. 32, x: 1.500 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-12,3	mrad	Member No. 134, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

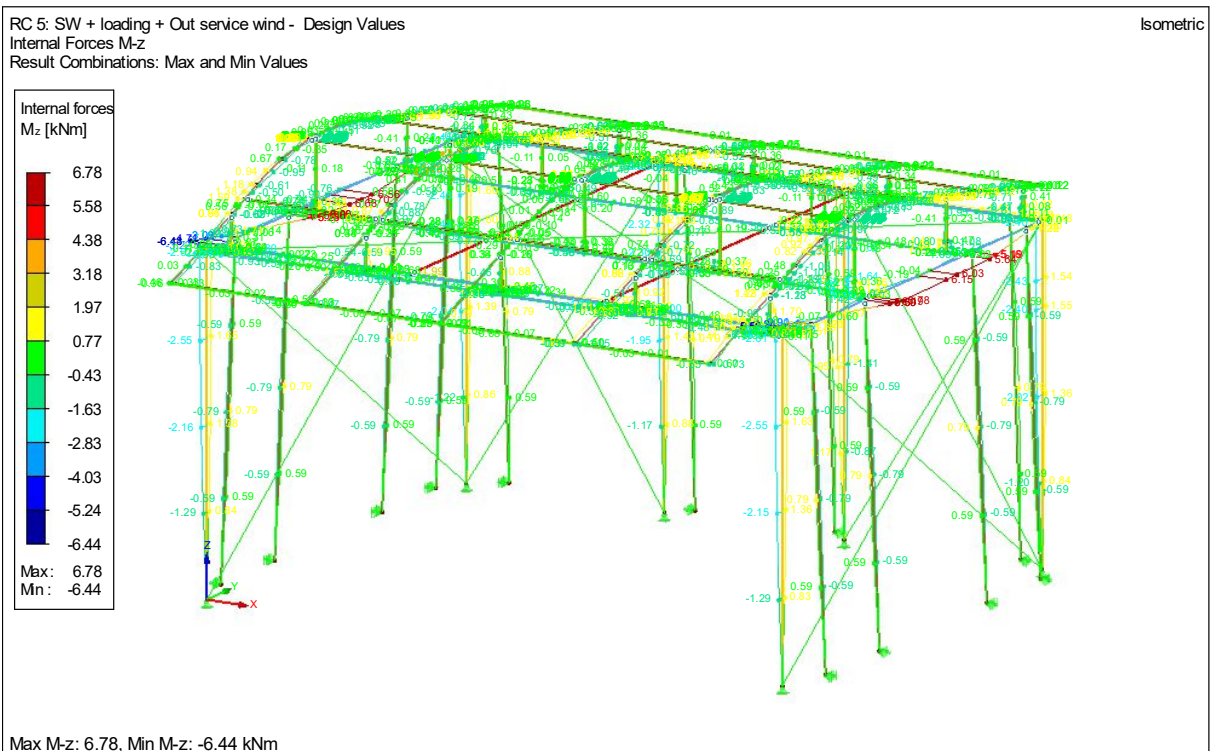
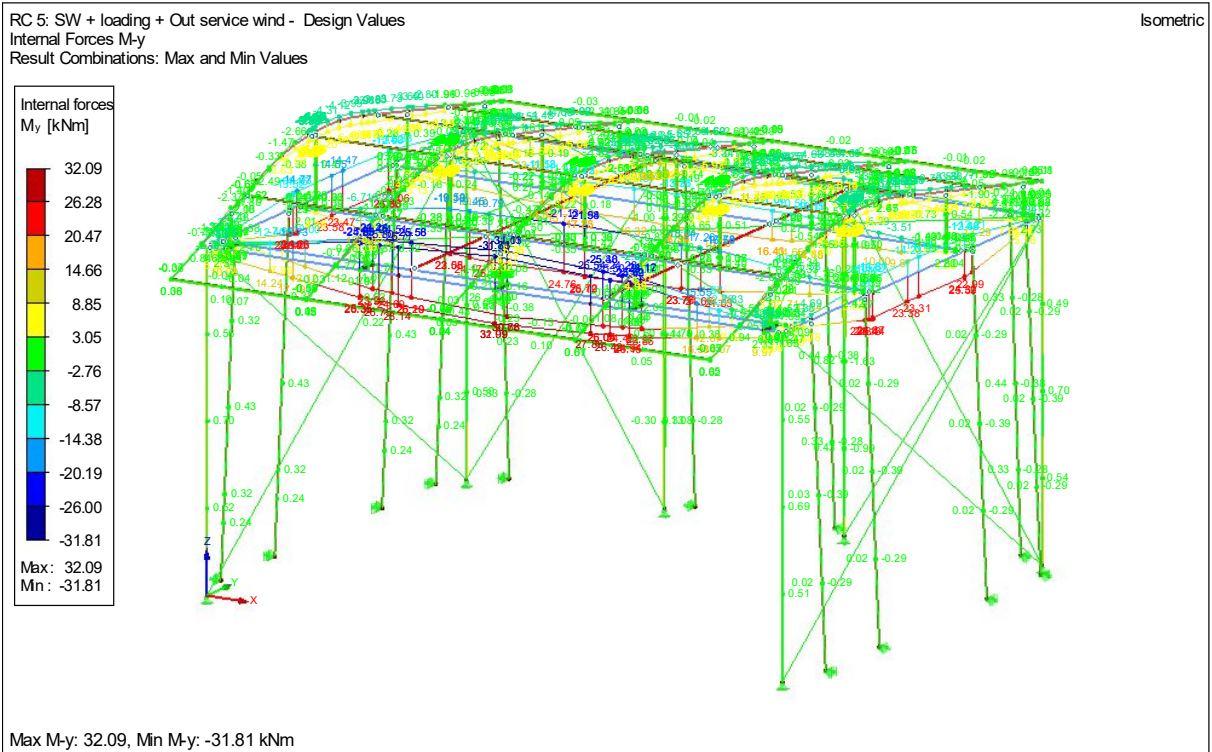
3.5.3 Deformation RC6 characteristic calculations Out-service situation



3.5.4 Internal force diagram RC5 - SW + Loading setup + Out service Wind - Design Values

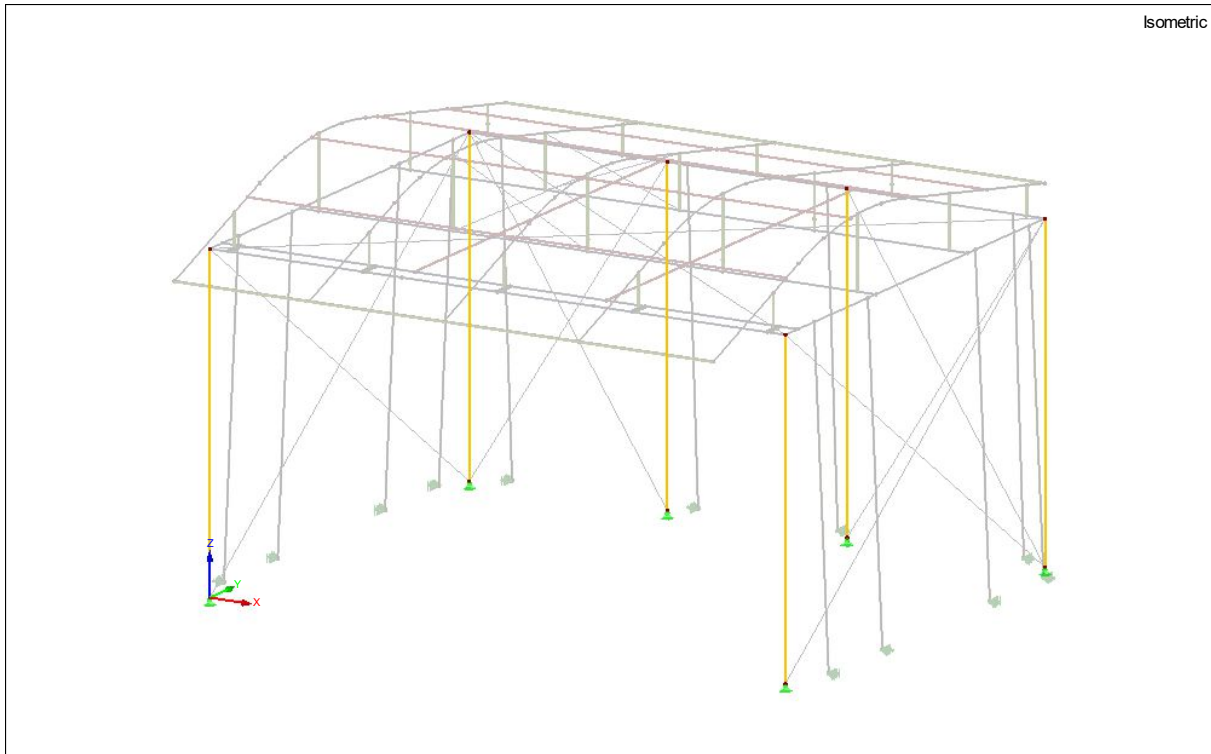




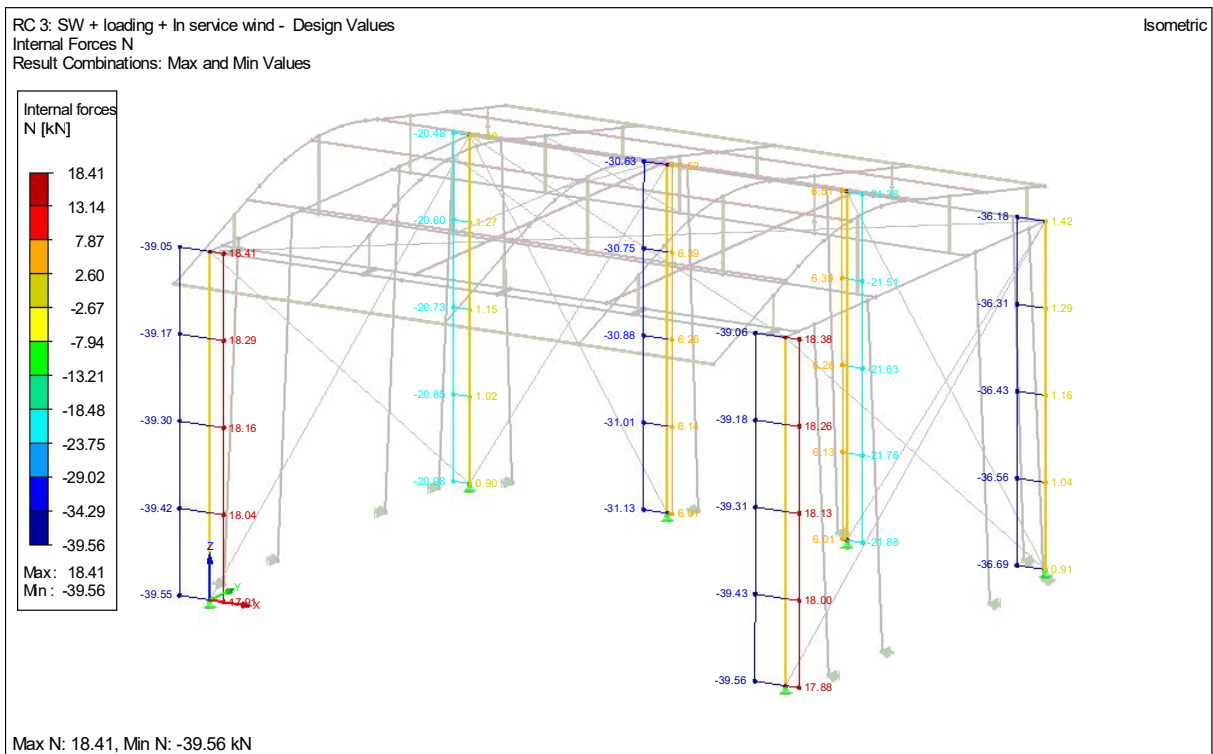


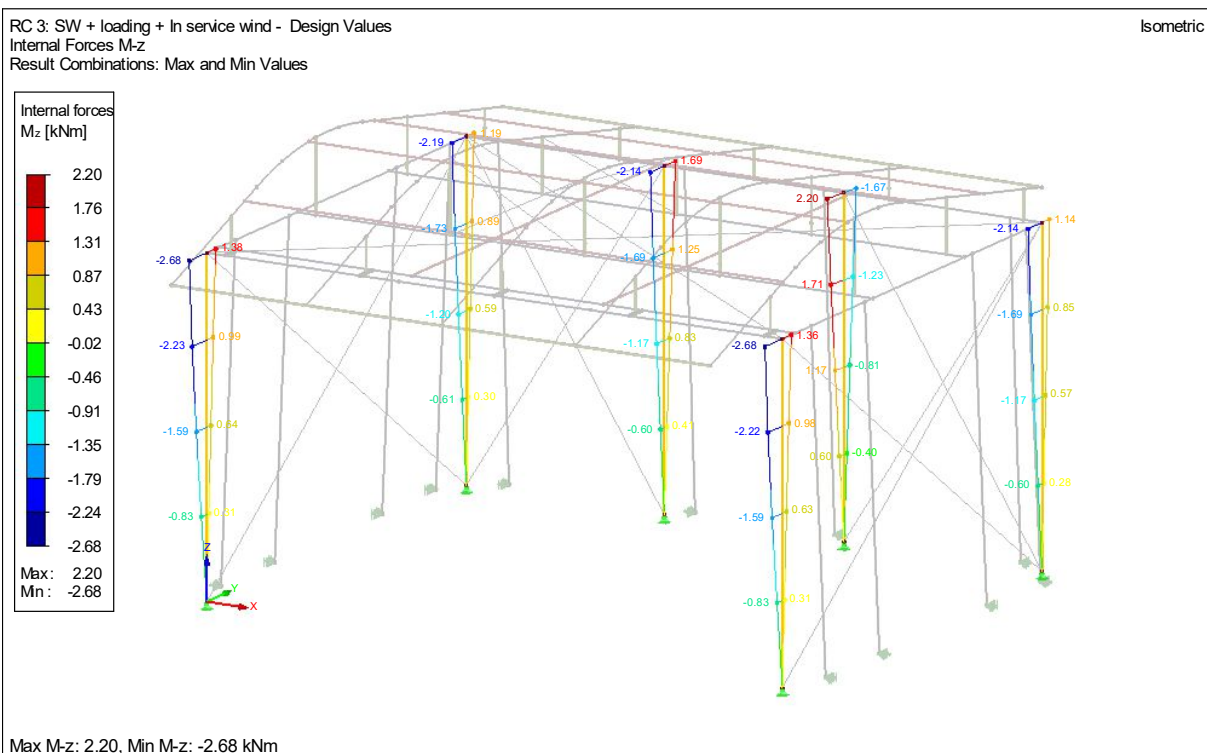
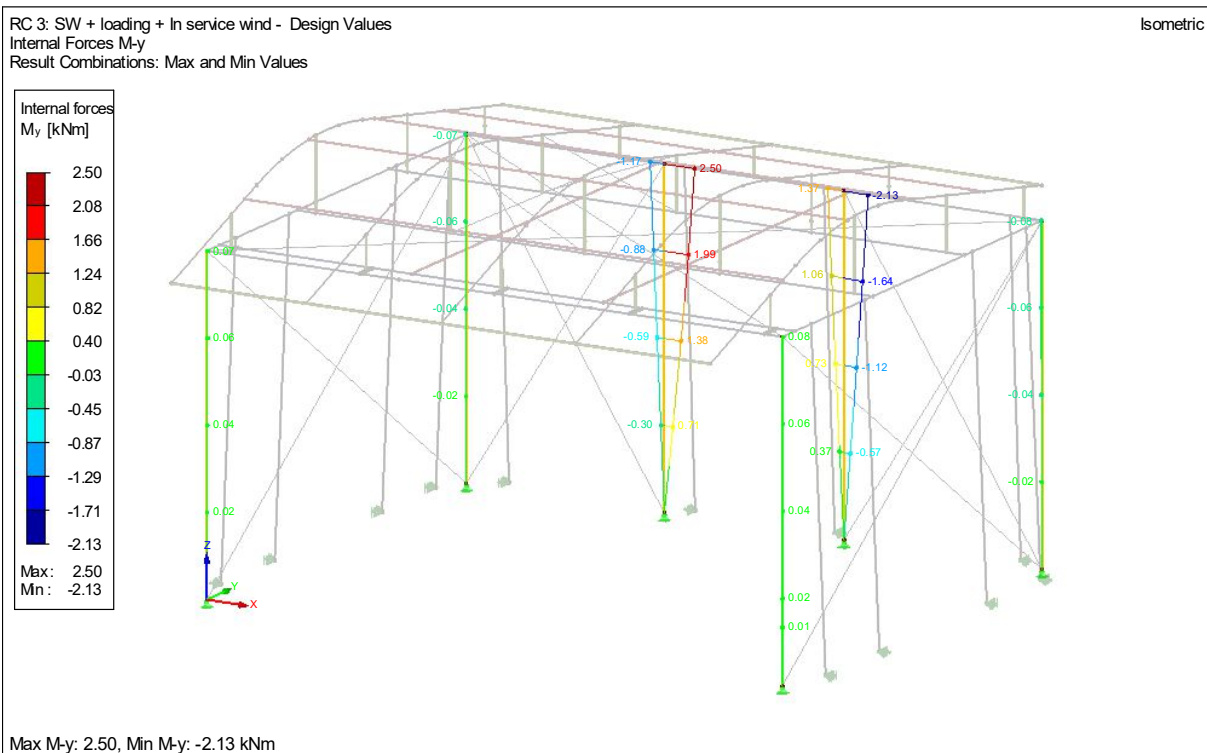
4.0 Detail calculations for different parts.

4.1 Detail calculation of tower.



The in service situation presents the highest internal forces.





Check of the front Tower

Maximum internal forces in the front tower

$$N = 39.56 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_y = 0.07 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_z = 2.68 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = N / 4 + M_y / 2 / \text{height}_{(\text{centre to centre})} + M_z / 2 / \text{width}_{(\text{centre to centre})}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = 39.56 / 4 + 0.07 / 2 / 0.239 + 2.68 / 2 / 0.239 = 15.64 \text{ kN} < 50.22 \text{ kN}$$

Buckling calculation:

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

$$L_{cr} = 1.5 * 700 = 1050$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * \sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / (A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 1050 / (11.12 * \pi) * \sqrt{(16.96 * 25) / (16.96 * 7000)} = 1.796$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (1.796 - 0.10) + 1.796^2) = 2.283$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (2.283 + \sqrt{(2.283^2 - 1.796^2)}) = 0.271$$

$$(N / (X_z * N_{RD}))^{0.8} + ((M_y / M_{y,RD})^{1.7} + (M_z / M_{z,RD})^{1.7})^{0.6} < 1$$

$$(39.56 / (0.271 * 200.88))^{0.8} + ((0.07 / 24)^{1.7} + (2.68 / 24)^{1.7})^{0.6} = 0.88 < 1$$

Check of the stack tower

Maximum internal forces in the stack tower

$$N = 31.13 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_y = 2.50 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_z = 2.14 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = N / 4 + M_y / 2 / \text{height}_{(\text{centre to centre})} + M_z / 2 / \text{width}_{(\text{centre to centre})}$$

$$N_{ED, \text{ main chord}} = 31.13 / 4 + 2.50 / 2 / 0.239 + 2.14 / 2 / 0.239 = 17.48 \text{ kN} < 50.22 \text{ kN}$$

Buckling calculation:

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.25$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

$$L_{cr} = 1.25 * 700 = 875$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * \sqrt{((A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 875 / (11.12 * \pi) * \sqrt{((16.96 * 250) / (16.96 * 7000))} = 1.497$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (1.497 - 0.10) + 1.497^2) = 1.760$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (1.760 + \sqrt{(1.760^2 - 1.497^2)}) = 0.372$$

$$(N / (X_z * N_{RD}))^{0.8} + ((M_y / M_{y,RD})^{1.7} + (M_z / M_{z,RD})^{1.7})^{0.6} < 1$$

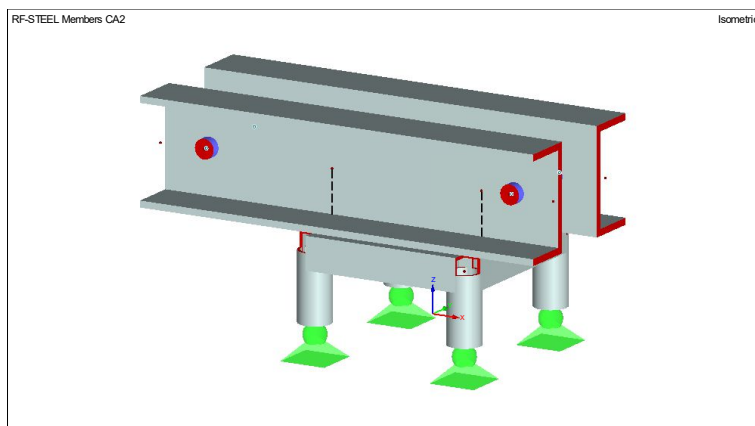
$$(31.13 / (0.636 * 200.88))^{0.8} + ((2.50 / 24)^{1.7} + (2.14 / 24)^{1.7})^{0.6} = 0.64 < 1$$

4.2 Detailed calculation of the tower head section and safety system.

4.2.1 Detailed calculation of the tower head section.

Construction model

The calculation of the tower top section has been done in a separate model.



Cross section description

Section No.	Material No.	Cross-Section Description
1	1	UM 80/160/10/10
2	3	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5
3	2	Circle 30
4	3	Ring 50/4

Used material

Material No.	Material Description	Safety Factor γ_M [-]	Yield Strength f_{yk} [kN/cm ²]	Limit Stresses [kN/cm ²]			
				Manually	Limit σ_x	Limit τ	Limit σ_{eqv}
1	Aluminium EN-AW 6060 (ET,EP,ER/B) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,10	11,50	-	10,45	6,04	10,45
2	ETG100+W3000C	1.10	90.00	-	81.82	47.24	81.82
3	Aluminium EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,10	12,50	-	11,36	6,56	11,36

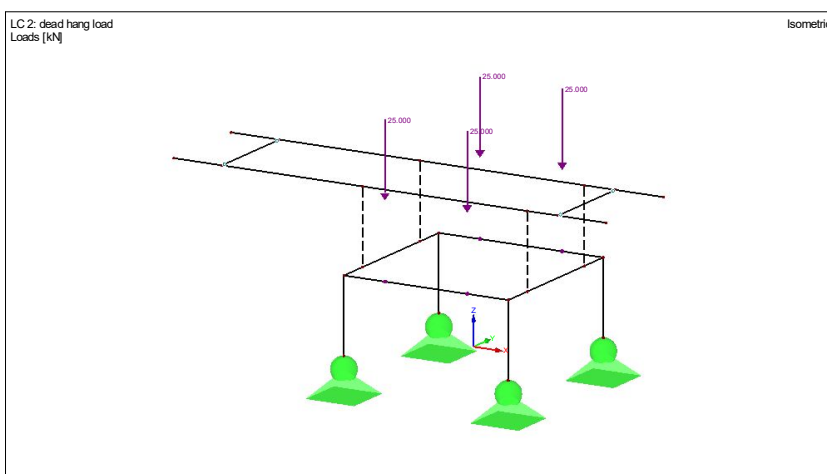
The Yield strength has been manually changed in 12.5 kN/cm². This is according to the Eurocode NEN-EN 1999-1-1 Table 3.2 the $f_{o,haz}$ for the heat affective zone. This check is concerning a welded construction with heat affective zones in the main elements, there for the choice to check the construction according to the lower $f_{o,haz}$.

Load cases

Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve
LC1	Self-Weight Construction	+
LC2	dead hang load	+
LC3	lifting load	+

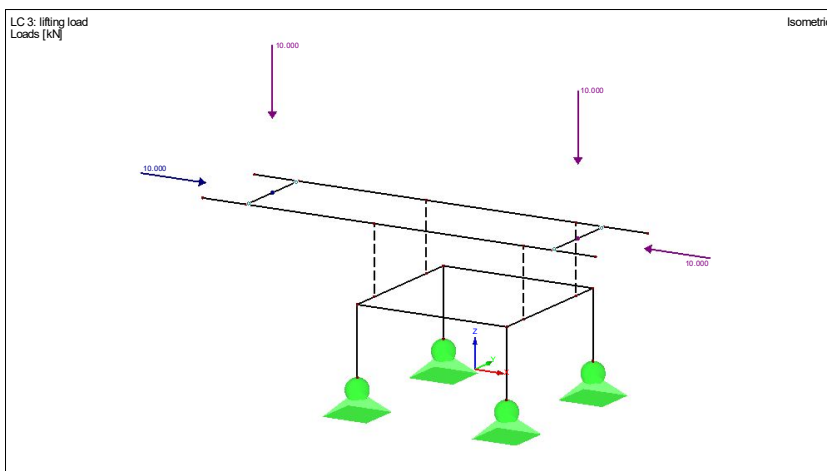
Load case 1 is the self-weight of the Top section which is calculated by the program itself.

Load case 2 dead hang of the system.



The forces which are taken into account are the maximum normal force in a single tower in RC1 of the general model. This is the design calculation including all the load cases multiplied with the different Partial safety factors, therefore the safety factor in the load combination CO1 is set to 1 instead of 1.5. The maximum load is set on one side of the top section for the case if 1 chain is taken all the load.

Load case 3 lifting of the system

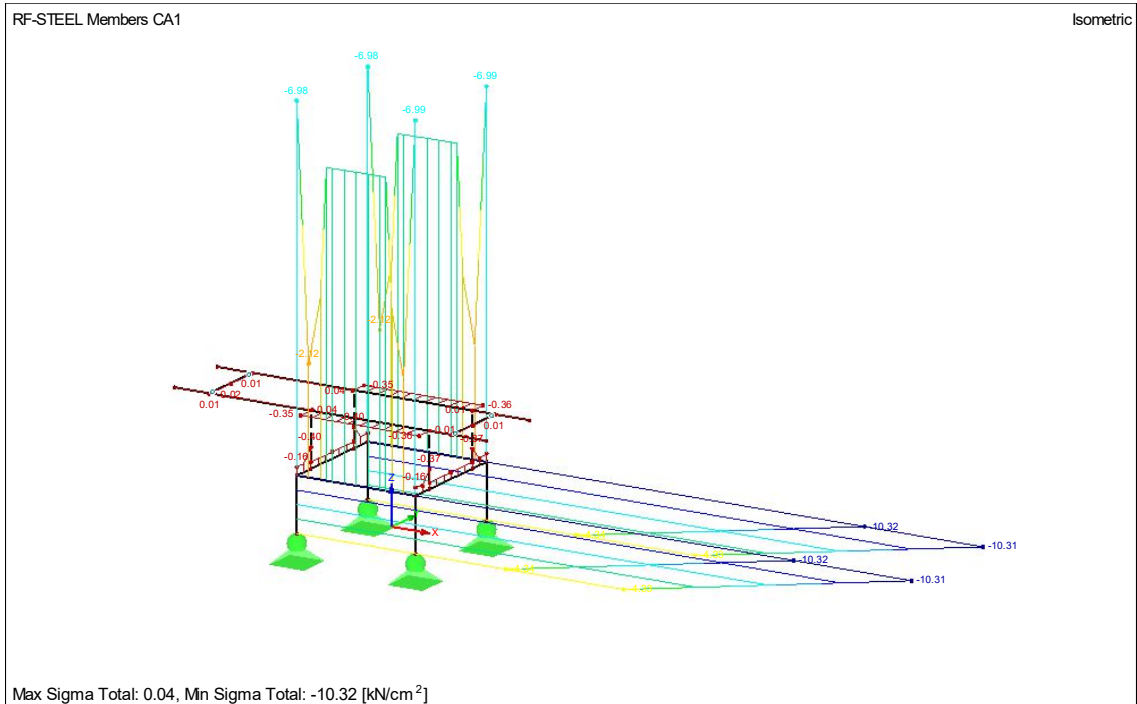
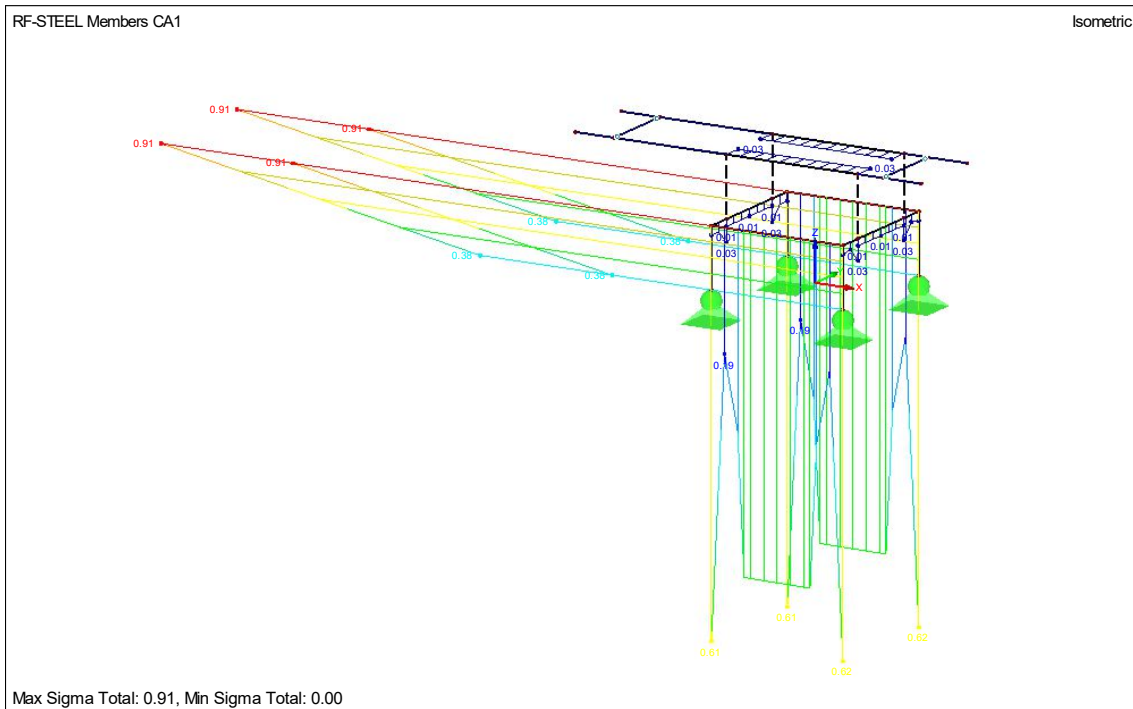


The forces which are taken into account are when using a 1 ton chain hoist.

Load combinations

Load Combin.	DS	Load Combination Description	To Solve	LC.1		LC.2	
				Factor	No.	Factor	No.
CO1	0	1.35*LC1 + LC2	+	1,350	LC1	1,000	LC2
CO2	0	1.35*LC1 + 1.5*LC3	+	1,350	LC1	1,500	LC3

Stress calculation for dead hang of the system.

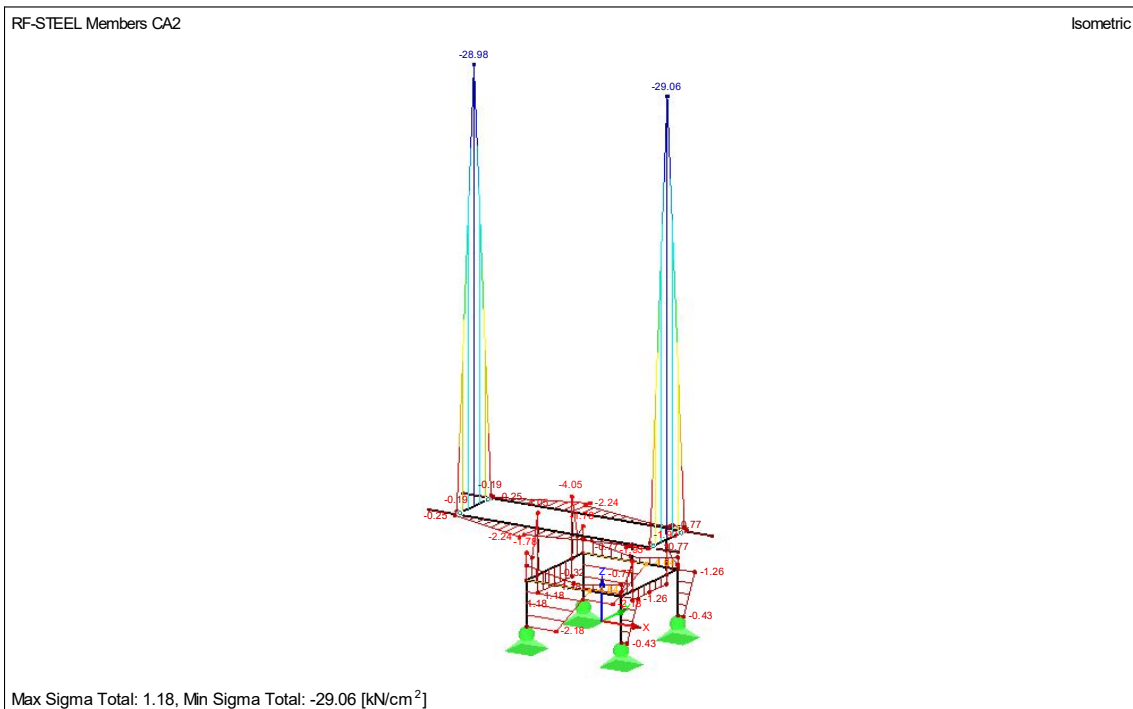
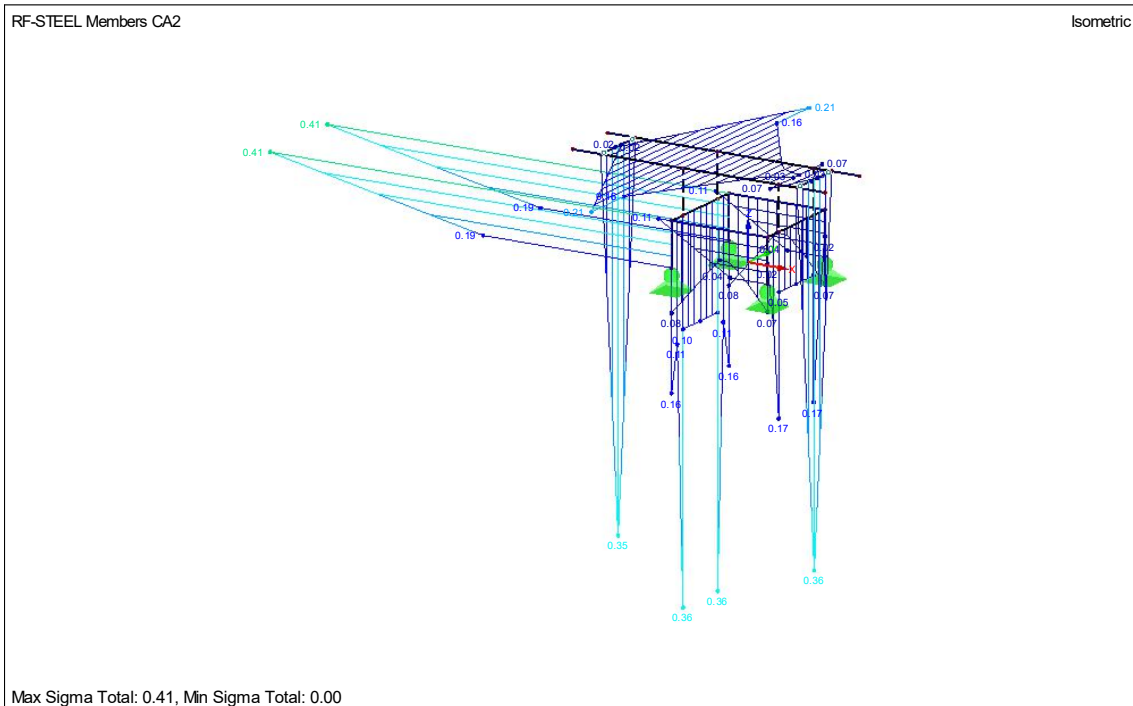


Maximum Stress analyses per cross section

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Load-ing	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	UM 80/160/10/10							
	27	0,239	1	CO1	Sigma Total	-0,36	10,45	0,03
	21	0,239	12	CO1	Tau Total	0,02	6,04	0,00
	21	0,239	4	CO1	Sigma-equiv	0,36	10,45	0,03
2	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5							
	6	0,000	14	CO1	Sigma Total	-6,99	11,36	0,62
	6	0,215	8	CO1	Tau Total	6,20	6,56	0,95
	6	0,215	16	CO1	Sigma-equiv	10,75	11,36	0,95
3	Circle 30							
	13	0,072	28	CO1	Sigma Total	0,02	81,82	0,00
	38	0,000	37	CO1	Tau Total	0,00	47,24	0,00
	13	0,072	28	CO1	Sigma-equiv	0,02	81,82	0,00
4	Ring 50/4							
	2	0,000	28	CO1	Sigma Total	-10,32	11,36	0,91
	1	0,105	19	CO1	Tau Total	-1,25	6,56	0,19
	2	0,000	28	CO1	Sigma-equiv	10,32	11,36	0,91

The maximum utilisation in the the dead hang load case is 91%.

Stress calculation for the lifting of the system.



Maximum Stress analyses per cross section

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Loading	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	UM 80/160/10/10							
	20	0,205	1	CO2	Sigma Total	-2,24	10,45	0,21
	21	0,239	12	CO2	Tau Total	0,60	6,04	0,10
	20	0,205	1	CO2	Sigma-equiv	2,24	10,45	0,21
2	HK 50/50/5/5/5/5							
	7	0,047	2	CO2	Sigma Total	-4,05	11,36	0,36
	7	0,000	8	CO2	Tau Total	3,03	6,56	0,46
	7	0,047	2	CO2	Sigma-equiv	5,42	11,36	0,48
3	Circle 30							
	38	0,072	14	CO2	Sigma Total	-29,06	81,82	0,36
	38	0,000	37	CO2	Tau Total	2,00	47,24	0,04
	38	0,072	14	CO2	Sigma-equiv	29,06	81,82	0,36
4	Ring 50/4							
	2	0,000	18	CO2	Sigma Total	-4,64	11,36	0,41
	2	0,105	27	CO2	Tau Total	-0,54	6,56	0,08
	3	0,000	2	CO2	Sigma-equiv	4,64	11,36	0,41

The utilisation of the 30mm pin used for the dead hang chain is 41%.

Bearing forces of the holes in the U profile.

Material = EN AW-6060-T6

$$f_u = 17,0 \text{ Kn/cm}^2$$

$$T = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$D = 30 \text{ mm}$$

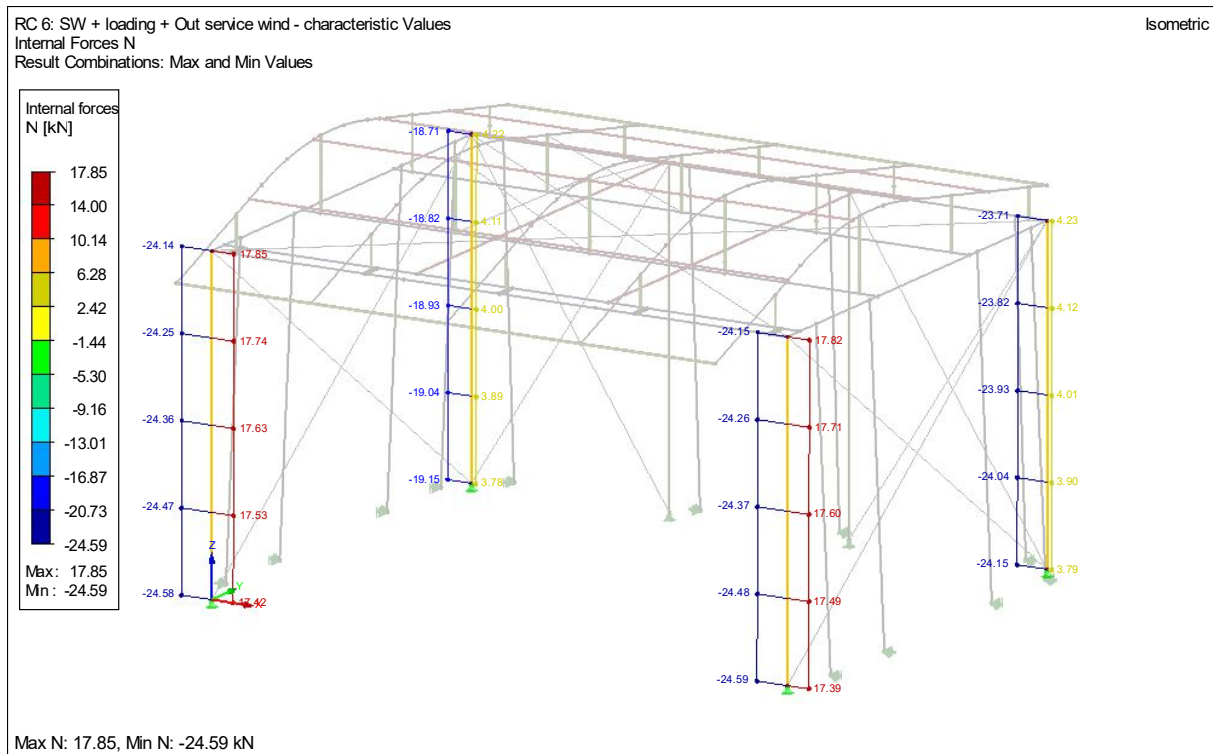
$$F_{b,Ed} = \sqrt{(7.52^2 + 7.52^2)} = 7.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,Rd} = 1.5 * f_u * D * T / \gamma_{m2} = 1,5 * 17 * 3 * 1 / 1.25 = 61.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,Ed} / F_{b,Rd} < 1$$

$$7.52 / 61.2 = 0.12 < 1$$

4.2.2 check of the dead hang chain



normative load result is RC4 In service characteristic values

Maximum down force at the top of the tower is 29.52 kN

The chains are checked against the characteristic values, because the SWL of the chain has a safety factor of 4 taken into count.

This maximum down force is divided into two chain falls, which means the maximum force in the chain is

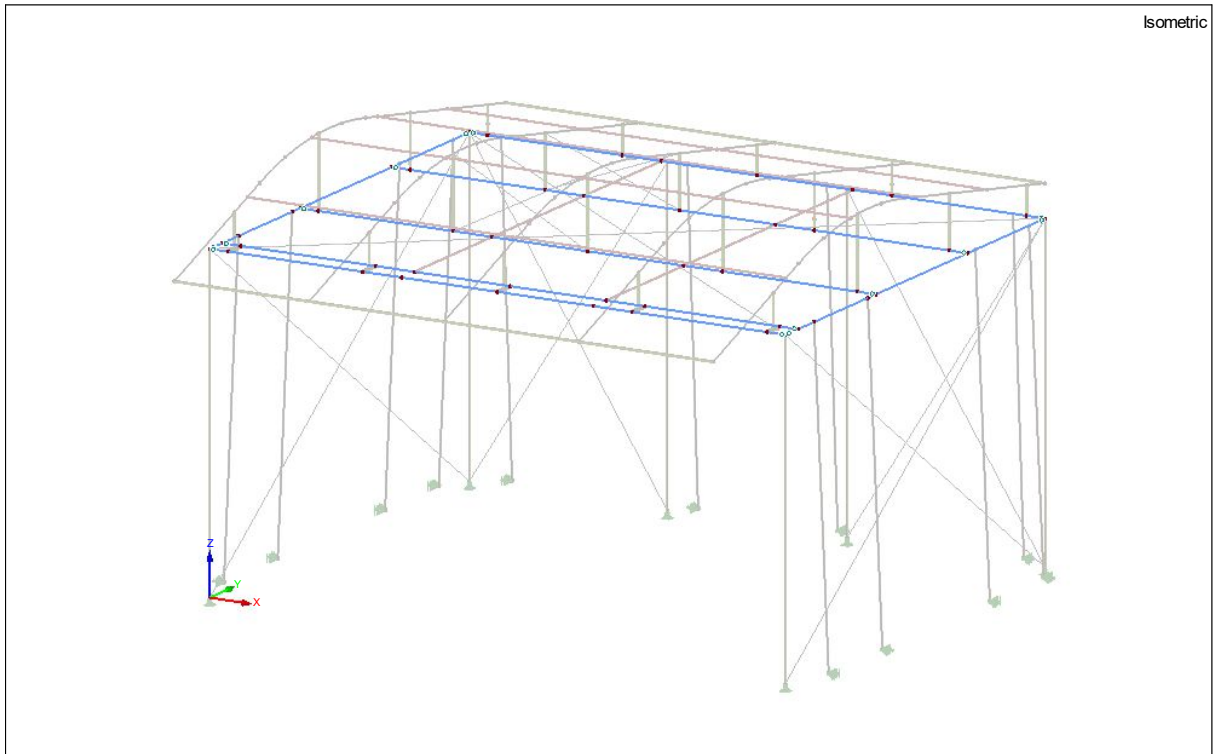
$$F_{\text{chain}} = N_{\text{Ed, max}} / 2 = 29.52 / 2 = 14.76 \text{ kN}$$

The used chain has a SWL of 15 kN

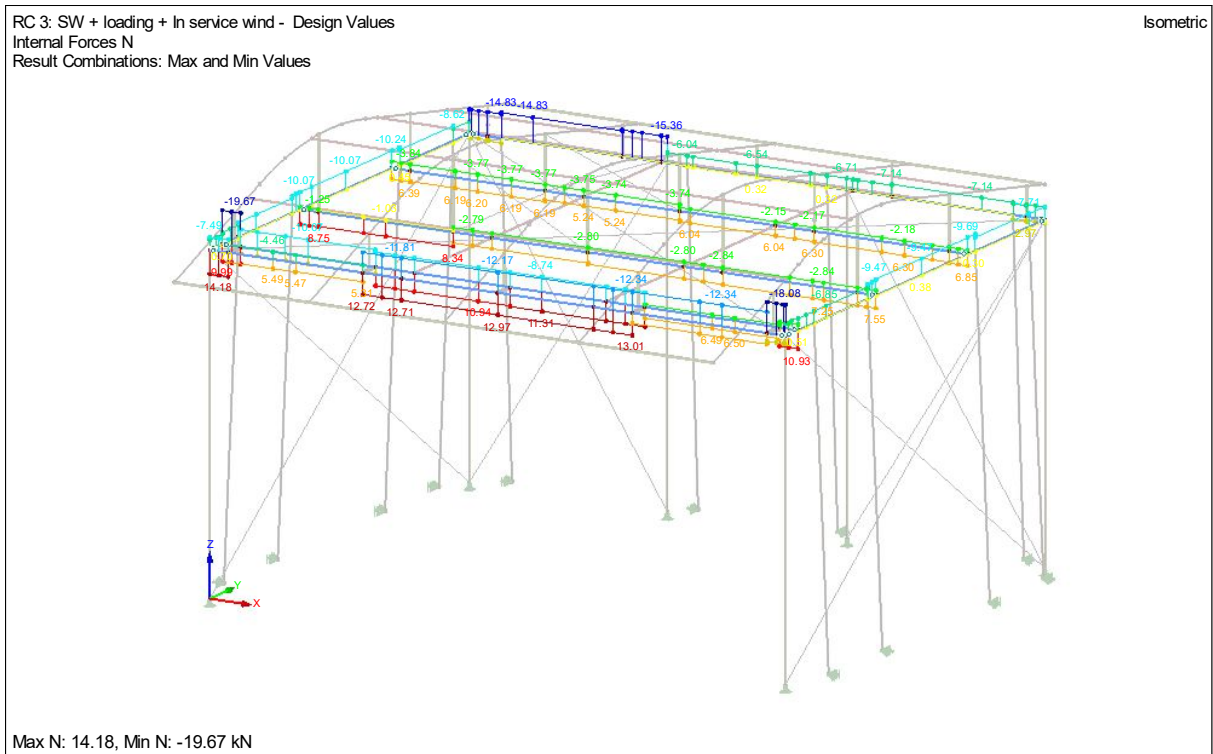
Check $F_{\text{chain}} / \text{SWL} < 1$

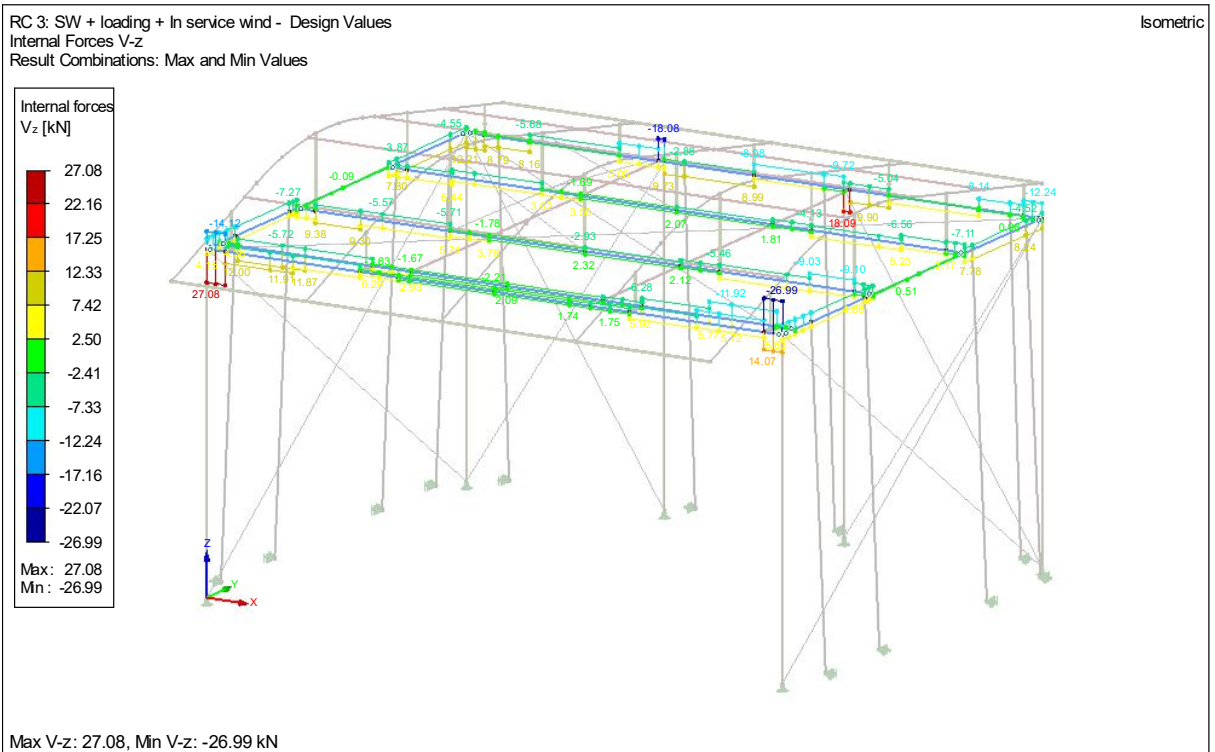
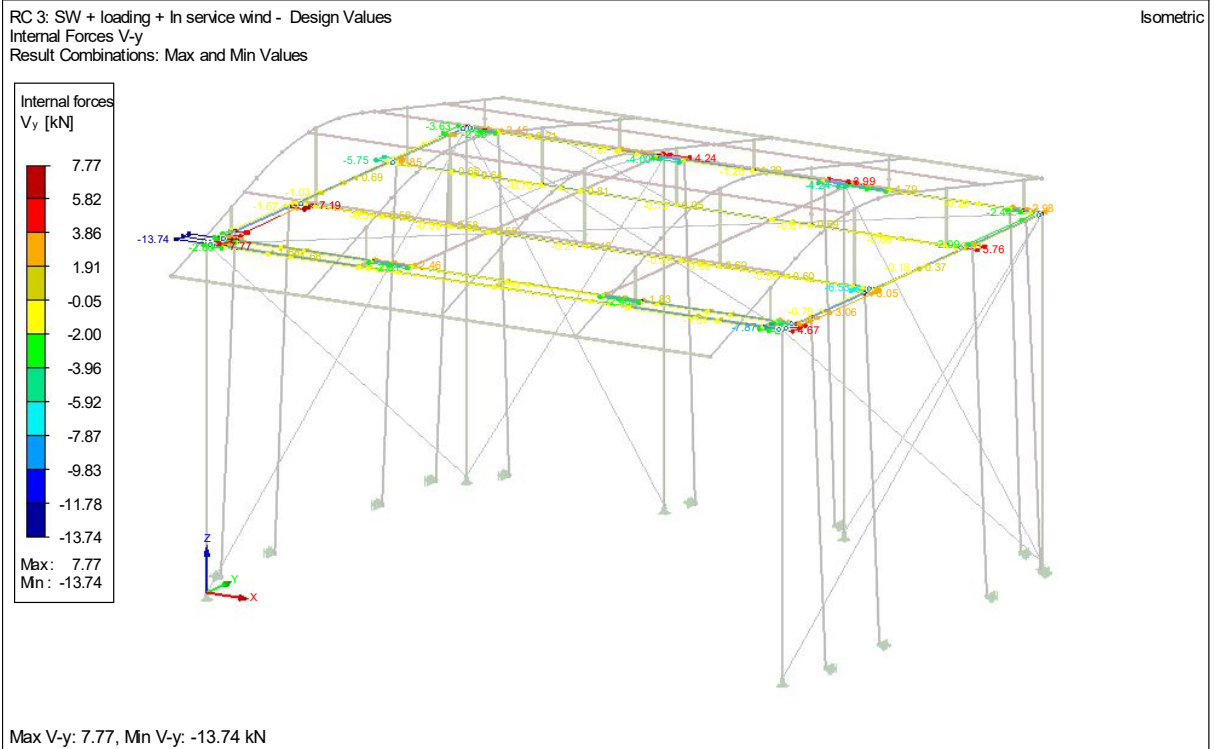
$$14.76 / 15 = 0.98 < 1$$

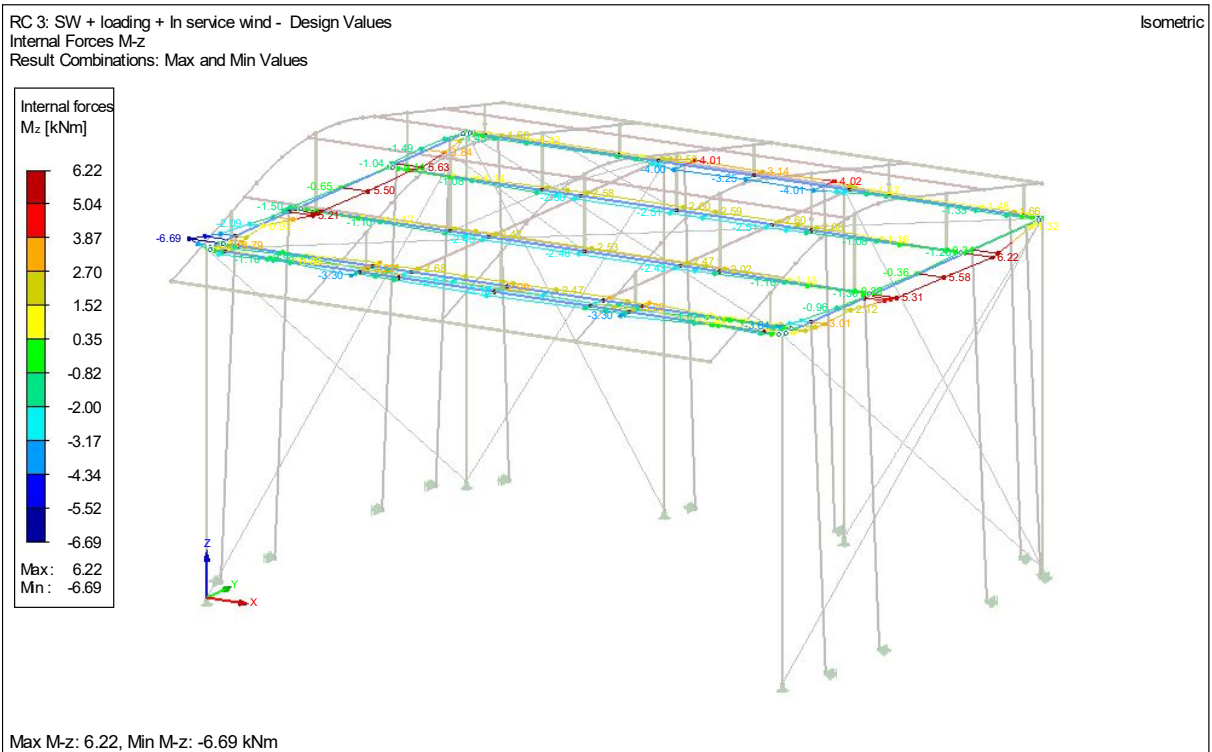
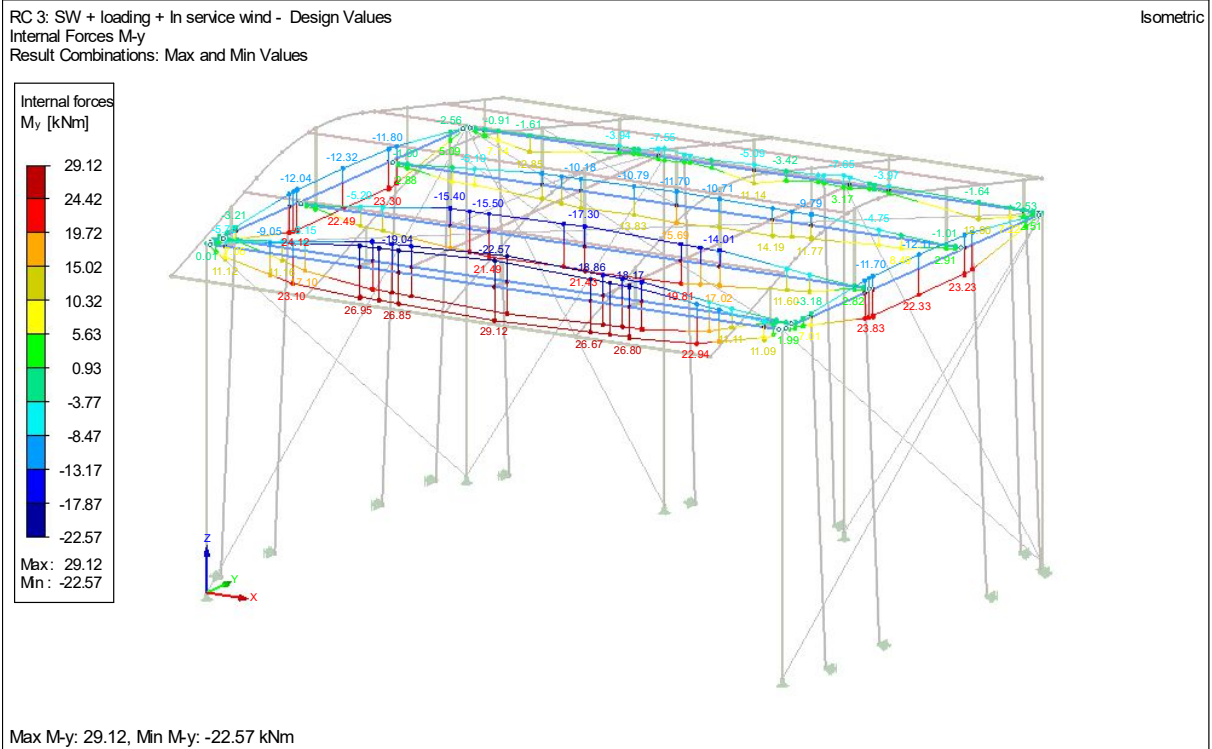
4.3 Detailed calculation of the main grid constructed from H40V.



4.3.1 Calculation results for the In-service situation.



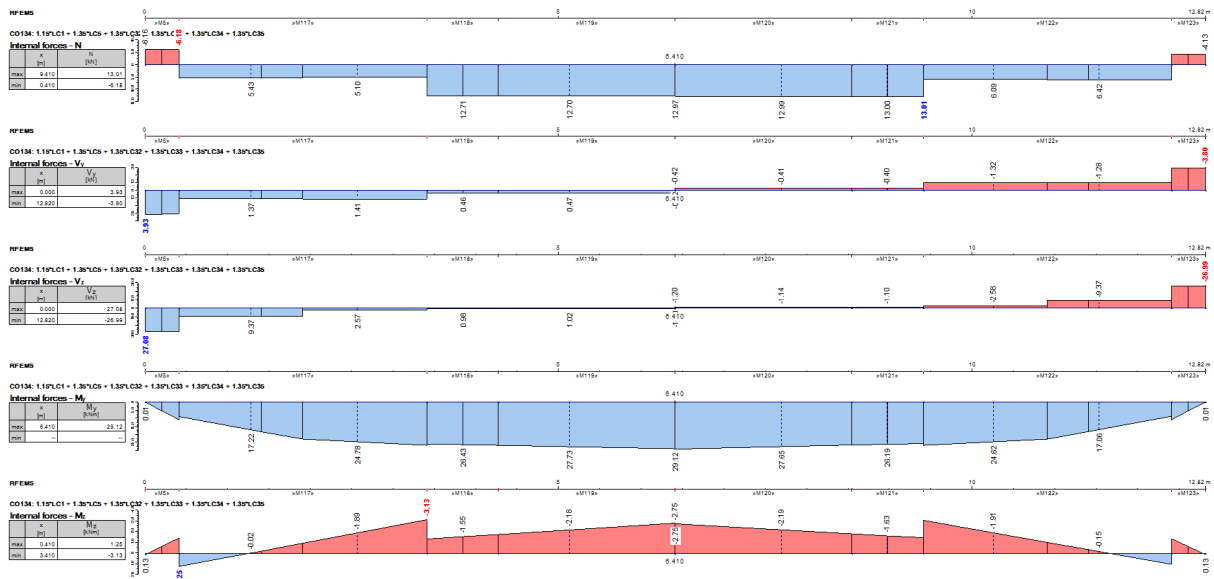




4.3.2 Internal forces for different spans in the In-service situation.

Span 1 : front span

Normative Load combination CO134



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 12.97 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.42 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.20 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 29.12 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.75 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.42^2 + 1.20^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.317 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.317 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.015 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 12.97 / 4 + 29.12 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.75 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 50.25 \text{ kN}$$

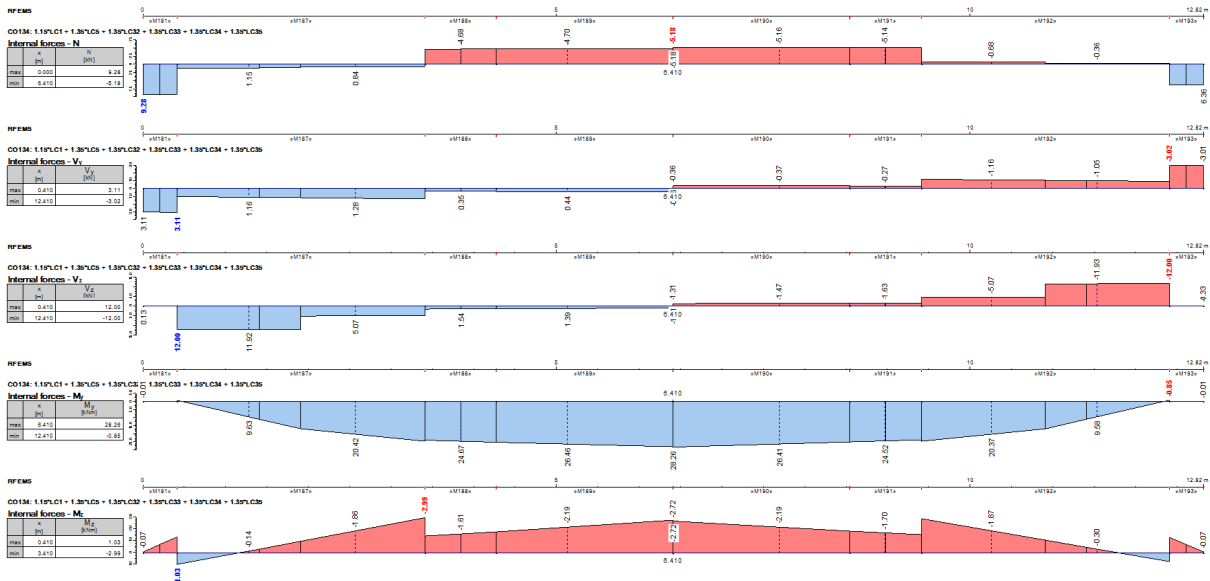
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (50.25 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.015 / 0.532 = 1.02 \sim 1$$

Span 2 : second span from the front

Normative Load combination CO134



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 5.18 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.43 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.23 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 28.26 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.80 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.43^2 + 1.23^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.325 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.325 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.016 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 5.18 / 4 + 28.26 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.80 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 47.11 \text{ kN}$$

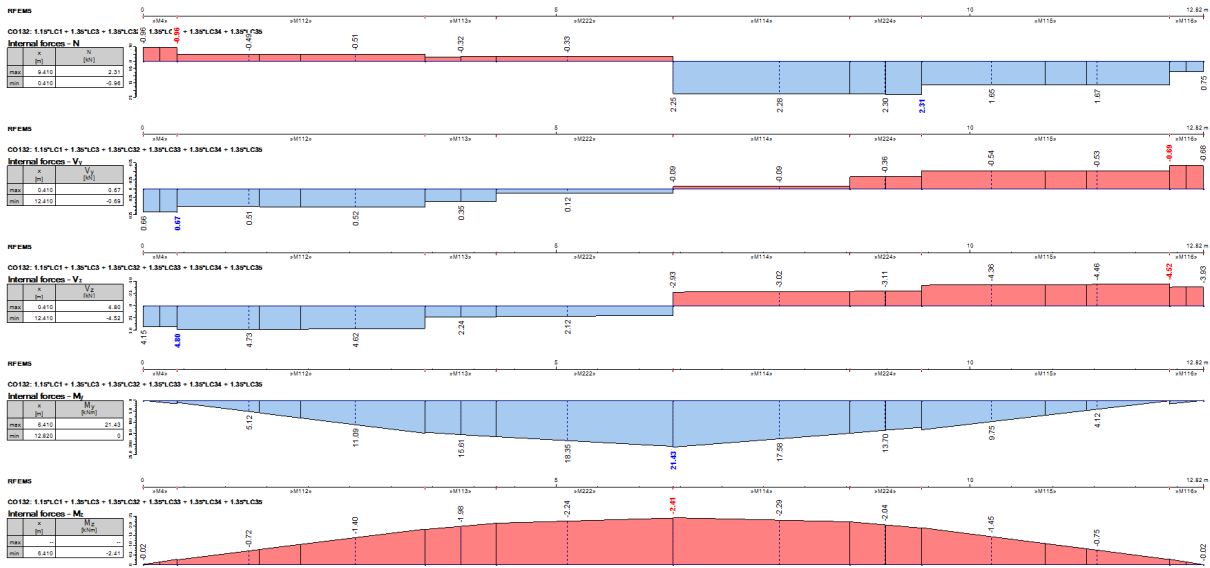
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (47.11 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.016 / 0.532 = 0.95 < 1$$

Span 3 : third span from the front

Normative Load combination CO132



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 2.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.12 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 2.93 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 21.43 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.41 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.12^2 + 2.93^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.733 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.733 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.036 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.25 / 4 + 21.43 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.41 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 35.72 \text{ kN}$$

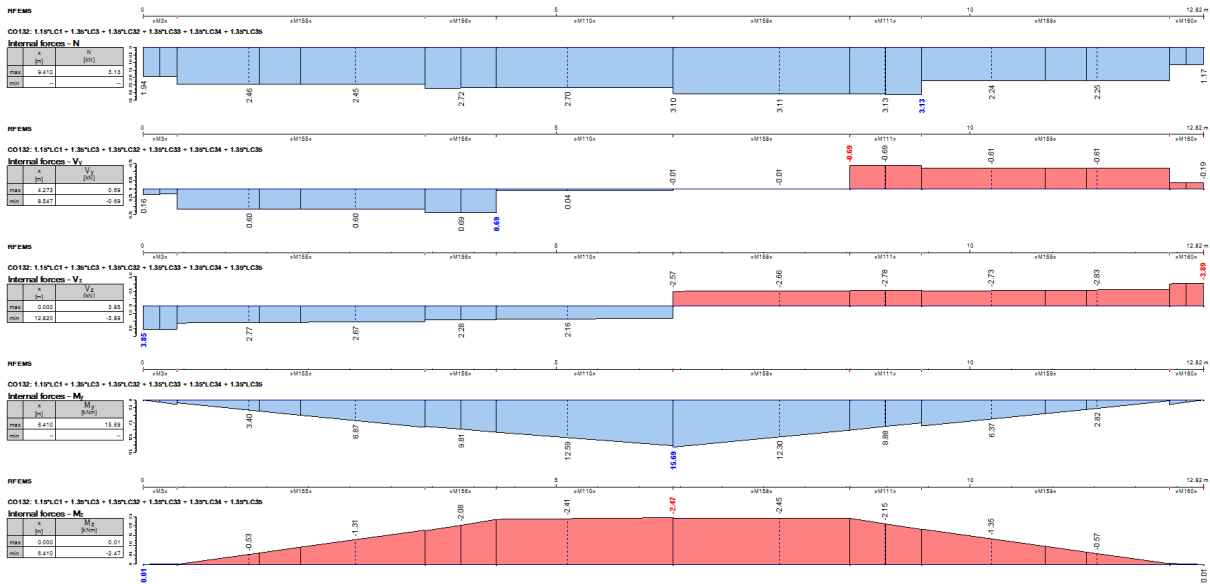
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (35.72 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.036 / 0.532 = 0.71 < 1$$

Span 4 : fourth span from the front

Normative Load combination CO132



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 3.10 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.05 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 2.57 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 15.69 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.46 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.5^2 + 2.57^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.643 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.643 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.032 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.10 / 4 + 15.69 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.46 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 27.54 \text{ kN}$$

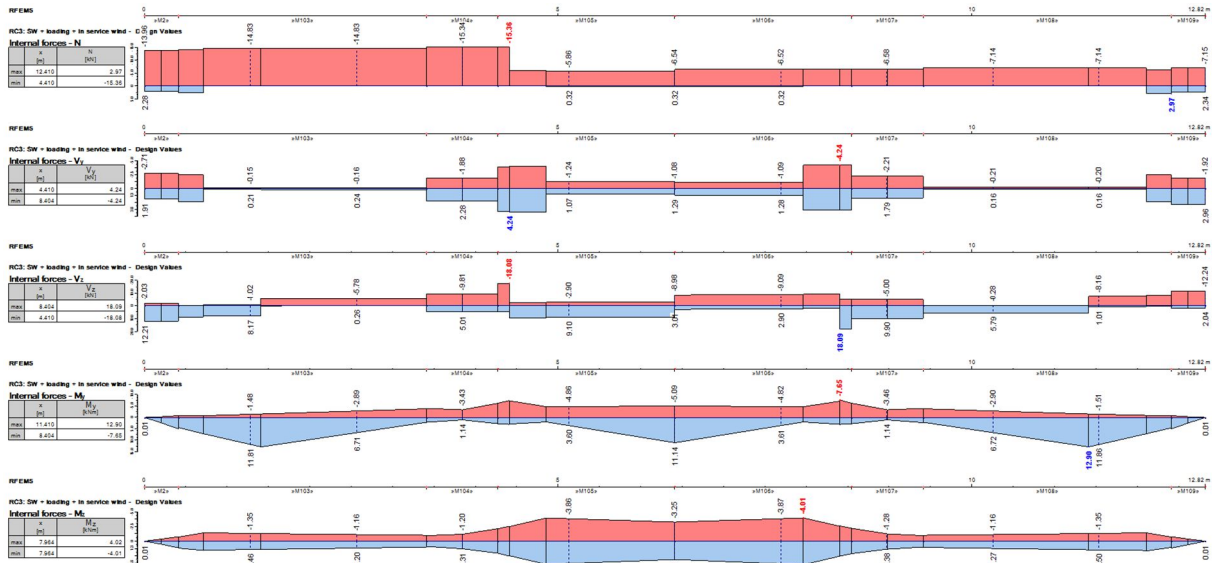
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (27.54 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.032 / 0.532 = 0.52 < 1$$

Span 5 : fifth span from the front

Maximum internal forces for RC3



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the position of the attachment of the stack tower.

$$N_d = 15.36 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 4.19 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 18.07 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 6.20 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(4.19^2 + 18.07^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.64 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 4.64 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.232 \text{ kNcm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 15.36 / 4 + 6.20 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.11 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 16.10 \text{ kN}$$

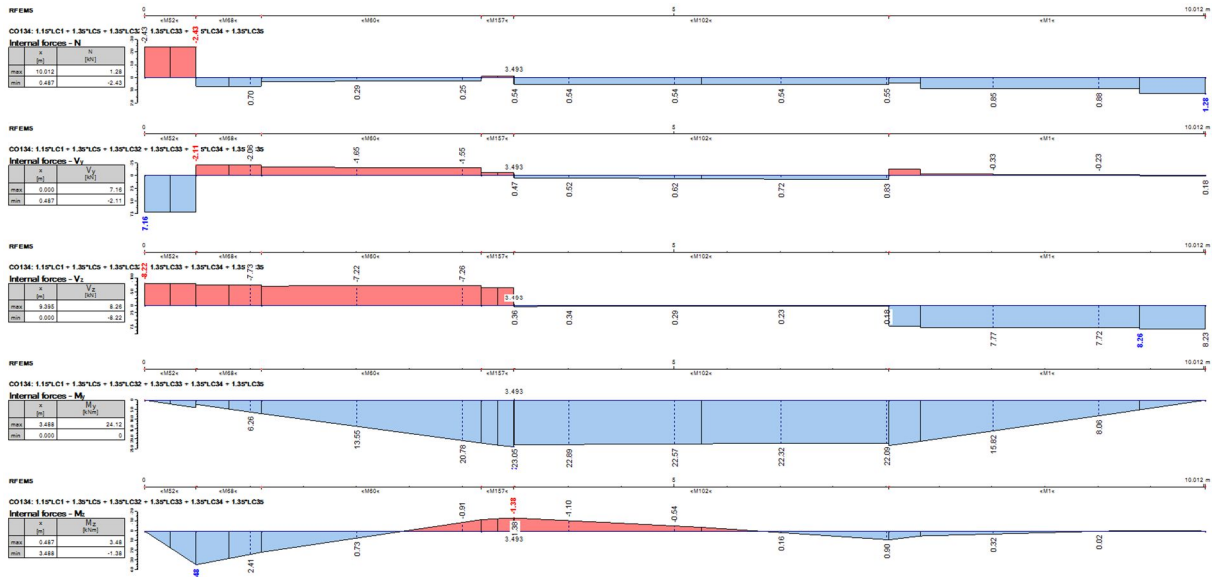
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (16.10 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.232 / 0.532 = 0.66 < 1$$

Side span left side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO134



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the X= 3.5 m

$$N_d = 0.54 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.61 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 6.72 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 24.10 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 1.38 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.61^2 + 6.72^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.687 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 1.687 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.084 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.54 / 4 + 24.10 / 2 / 0.339 + 1.38 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 37.72 \text{ kN}$$

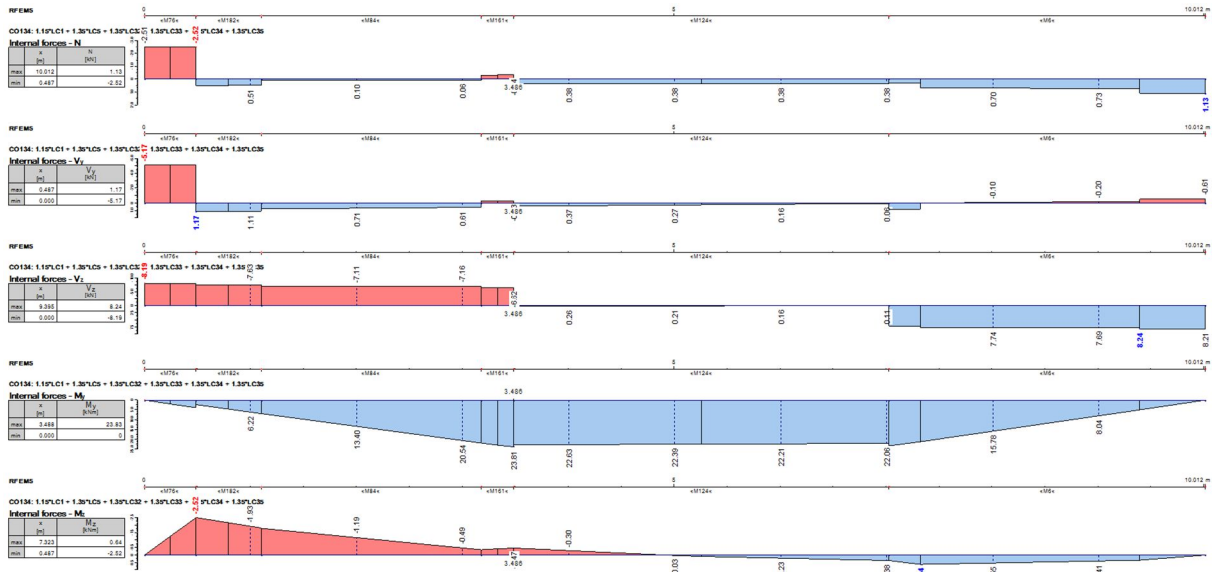
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (37.72 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.084 / 0.532 = 0.84 < 1$$

Side span right side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO134



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the X= 3.5 m

$$N_d = 0.38 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.42 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 6.62 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 23.83 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.47 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.42^2 + 6.62^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 1.658 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 1.658 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.083 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

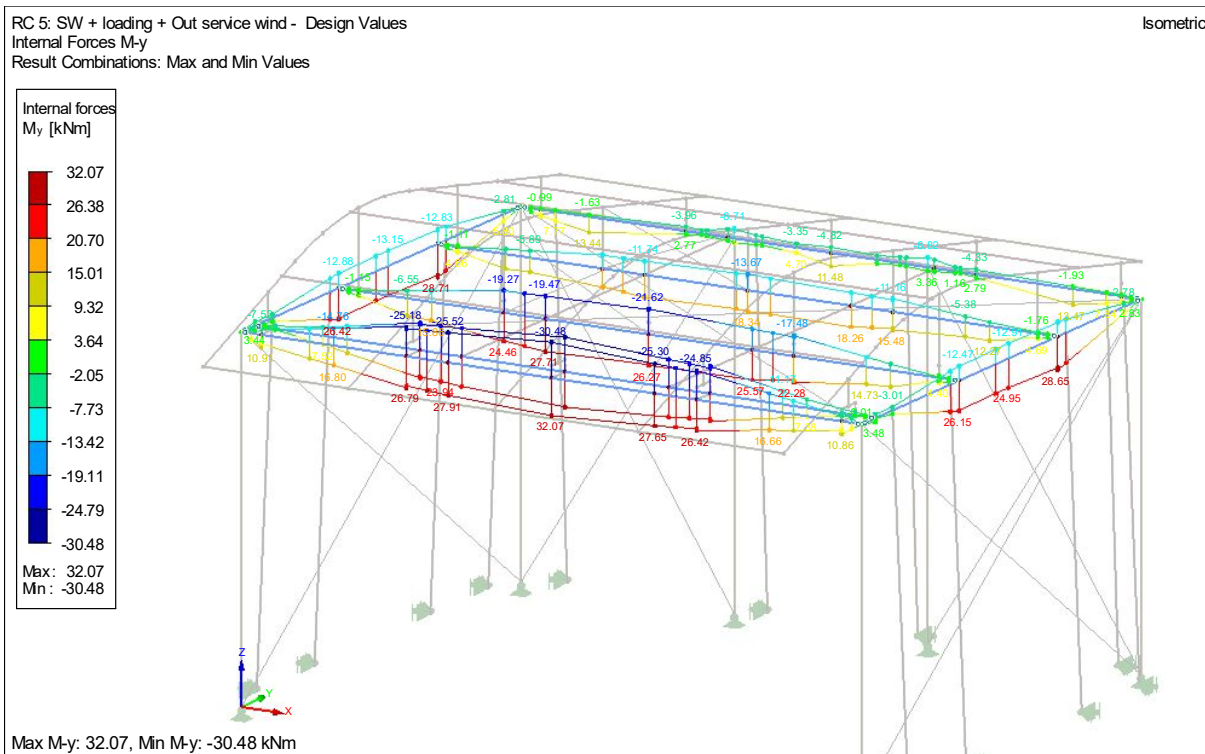
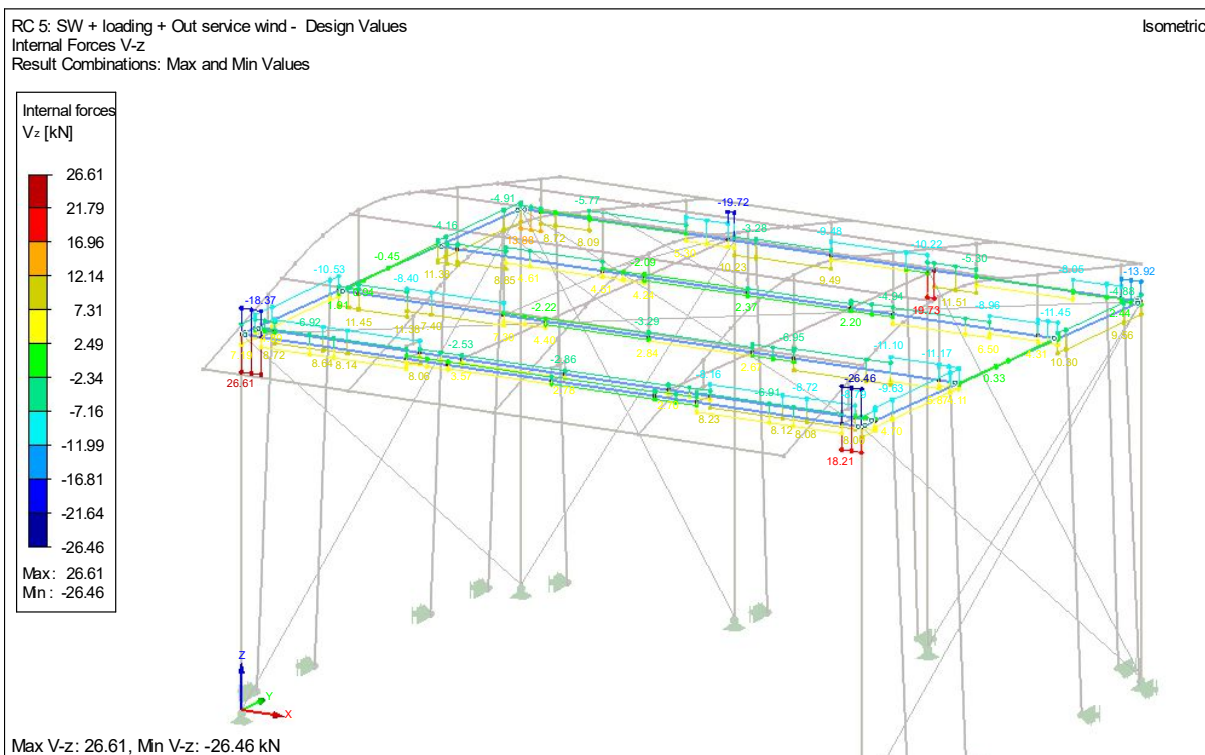
$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.38 / 4 + 23.83 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.47 / 2 / 0.339$$

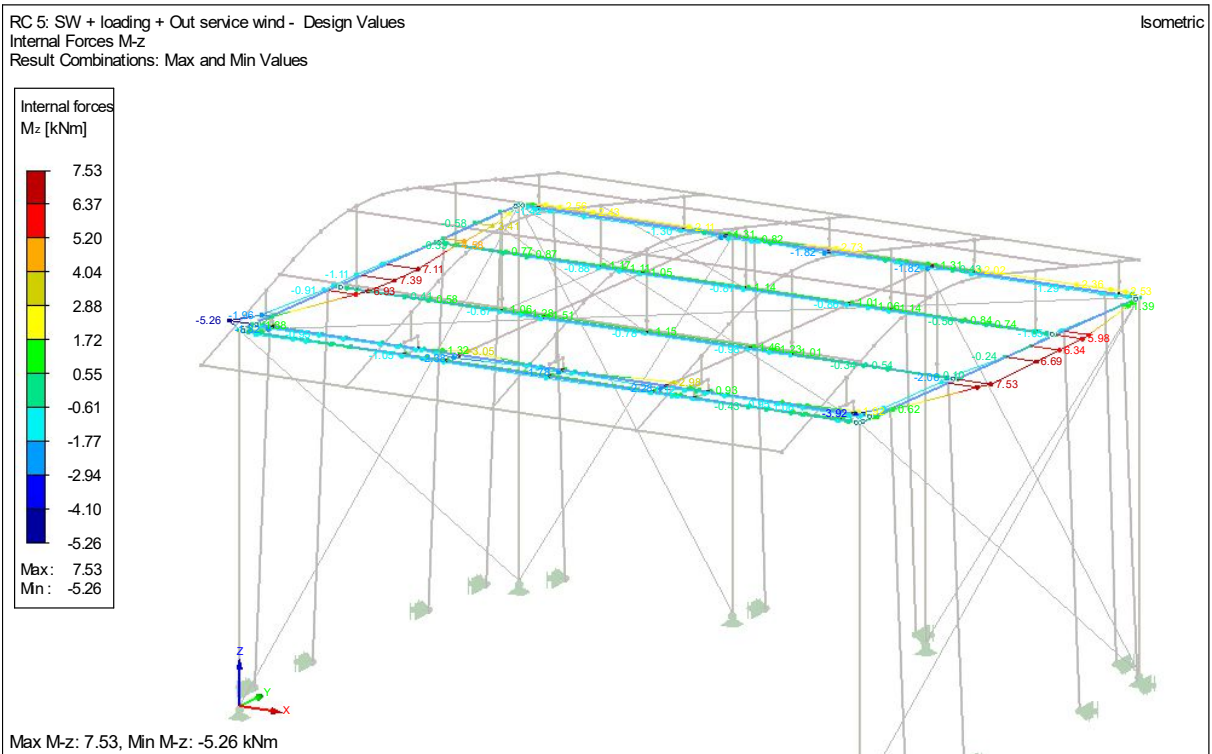
$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 35.94 \text{ kN}$$

Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (35.94 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.083 / 0.532 = 0.80 < 1$$

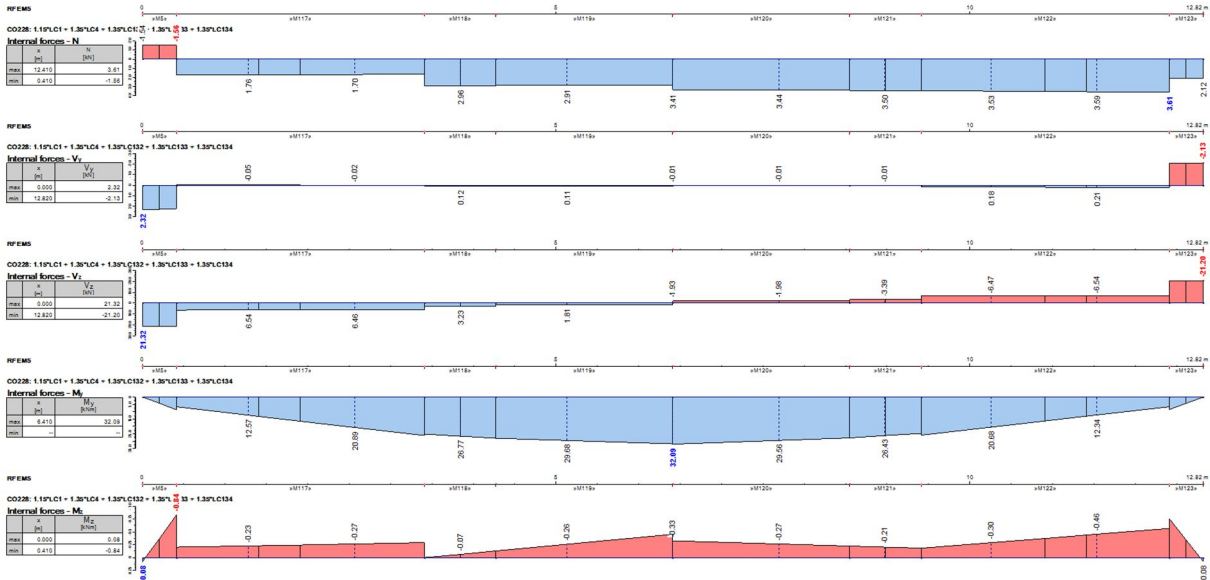




4.3.4 Internal forces for different spans in the In-service situation.

Span 1 : front span

Internal forces for the normative load case CO228



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 3.41 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.93 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 32.09 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.46 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.11^2 + 1.93^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.483 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.483 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.024 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.41 / 4 + 32.09 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.46 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 48.46 \text{ kN}$$

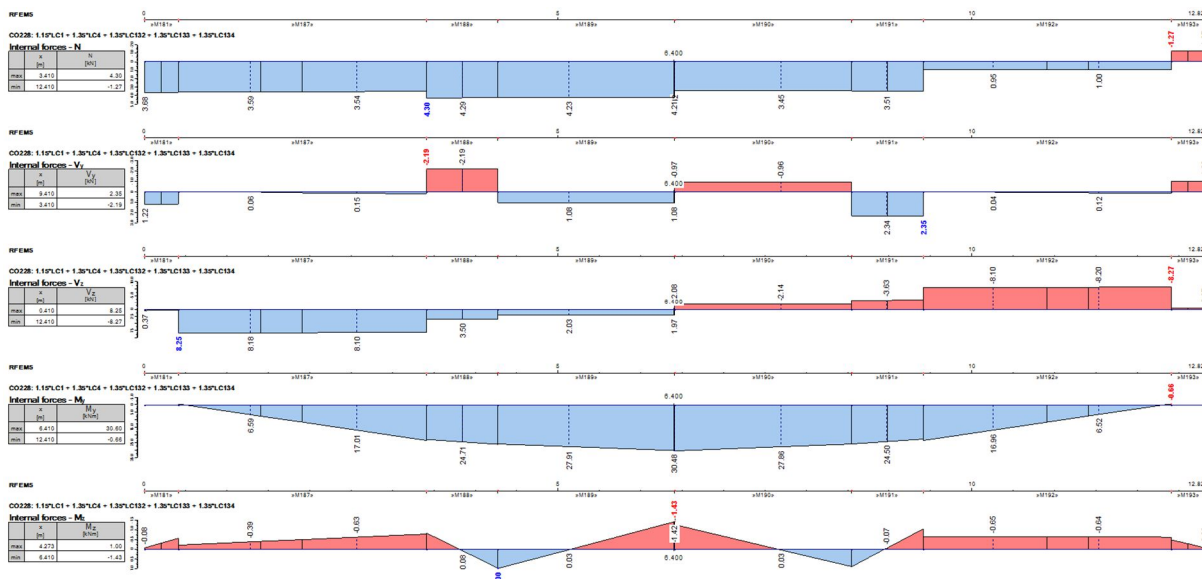
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (48.46 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.024 / 0.532 = 1.00 \sim 1$$

Span 2 : second span from the front

Internal forces for the normative load case CO228



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 4.21 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 1.08 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 2.08 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 30.60 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 1.42 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(1.08^2 + 2.08^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.586 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.586 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.029 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.21 / 4 + 30.60 / 2 / 0.339 + 1.42 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 48.28 \text{ kN}$$

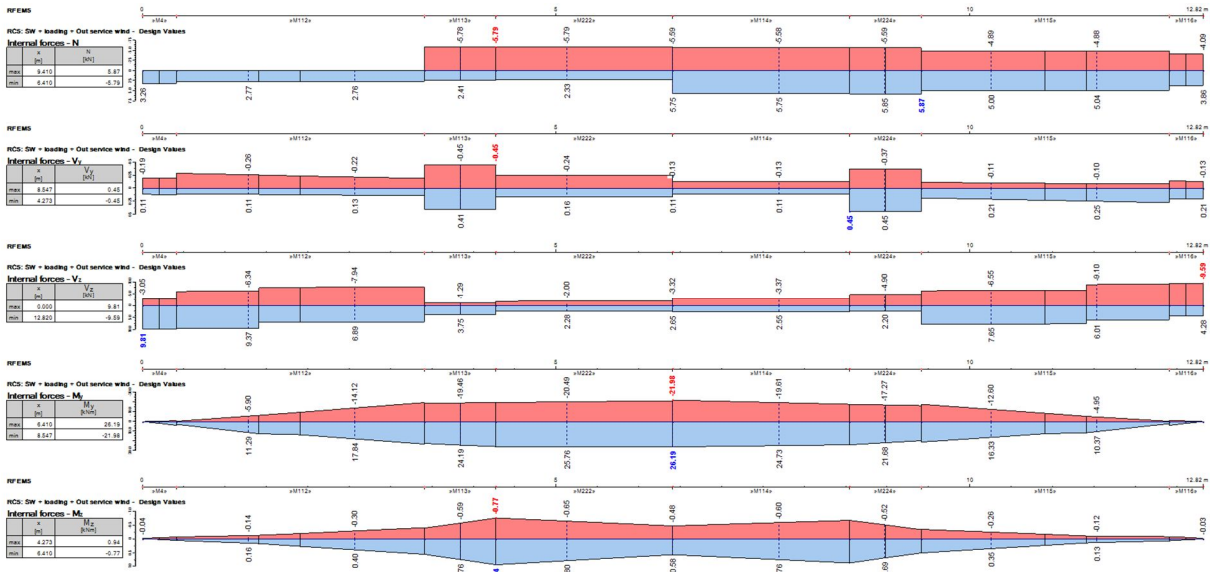
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (48.28 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.029 / 0.532 = 1.00 < 1$$

Span 3 : third span from the front

Internal forces for RC5



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the middle of the span.

$$N_d = 5.87 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.45 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 9.81 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 26.19 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.94 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.45^2 + 9.81^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.45 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 2.45 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.12 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 5.87 / 4 + 26.19 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.94 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 41.48 \text{ kN}$$

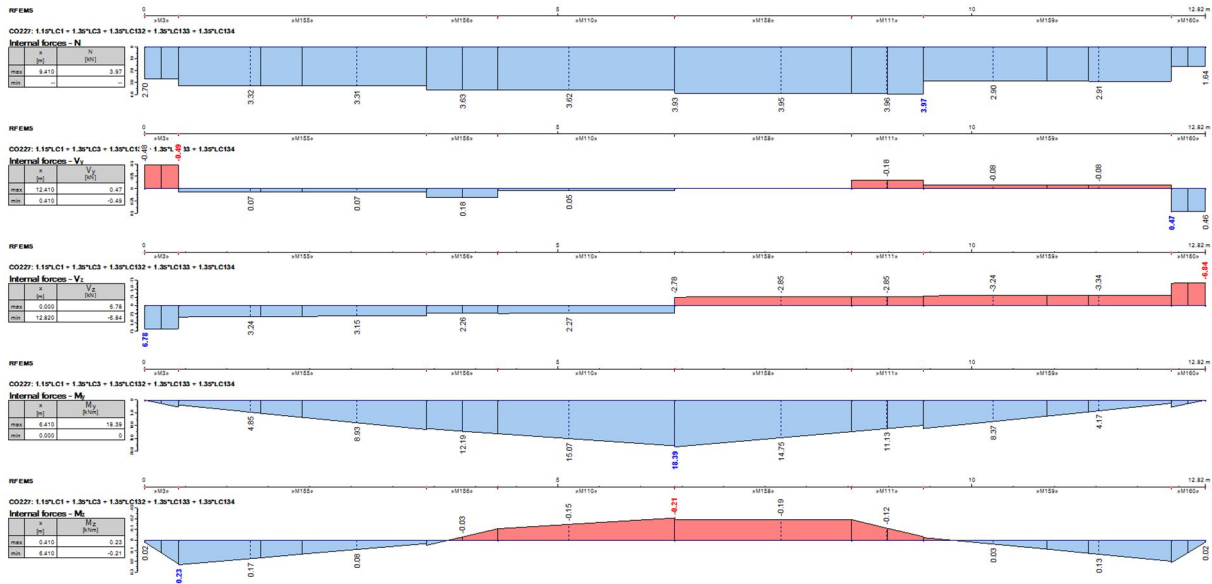
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (41.48 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.12 / 0.532 = 1.00 < 1$$

Span 4 : fourth span from the front

Internal forces for the normative load case CO227



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is in the third point of the span.

$$N_d = 3.93 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.05 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 2.78 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 18.39 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.20 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.05^2 + 2.78^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.695 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.695 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.035 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 3.93 / 4 + 18.39 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.20 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 28.40 \text{ kN}$$

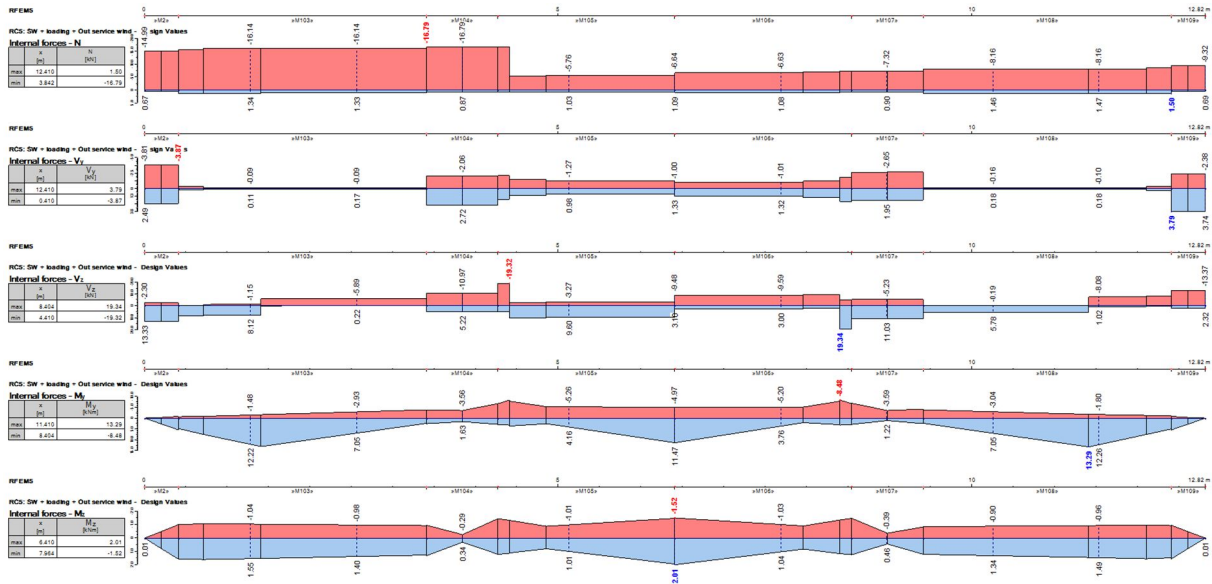
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (28.40 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.035 / 0.532 = 0.54 < 1$$

Span 5 : fifth span from the front

Internal forces for RC5



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the position of the attachment of the stack tower.

$$N_d = 16.79 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 3.87 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 19.34 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 13.29 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 2.01 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(3.87^2 + 19.34^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 4.93 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 4.93 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.246 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 16.79 / 4 + 13.29 / 2 / 0.339 + 2.01 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 26.76 \text{ kN}$$

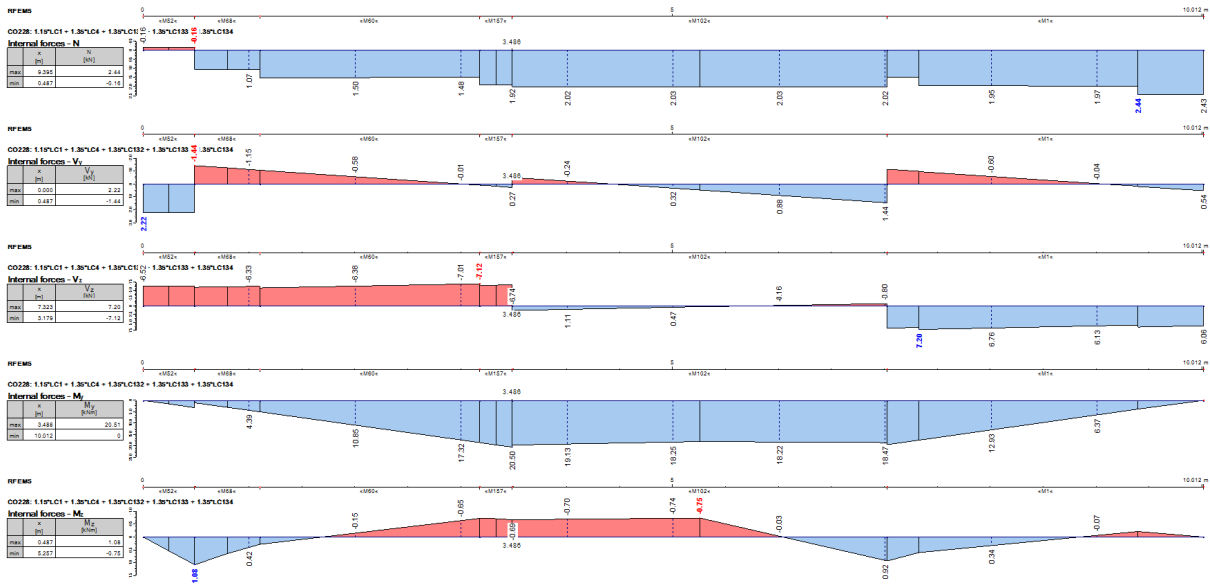
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (26.76 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.246 / 0.532 = 0.90 < 1$$

Side span left side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO229



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the X= 3.5 m

$$N_d = 2.86 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.60 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 8.61 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 25.73 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.37 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.60^2 + 8.61^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.16 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 2.16 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.107 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.86 / 4 + 25.73 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.37 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 39.21 \text{ kN}$$

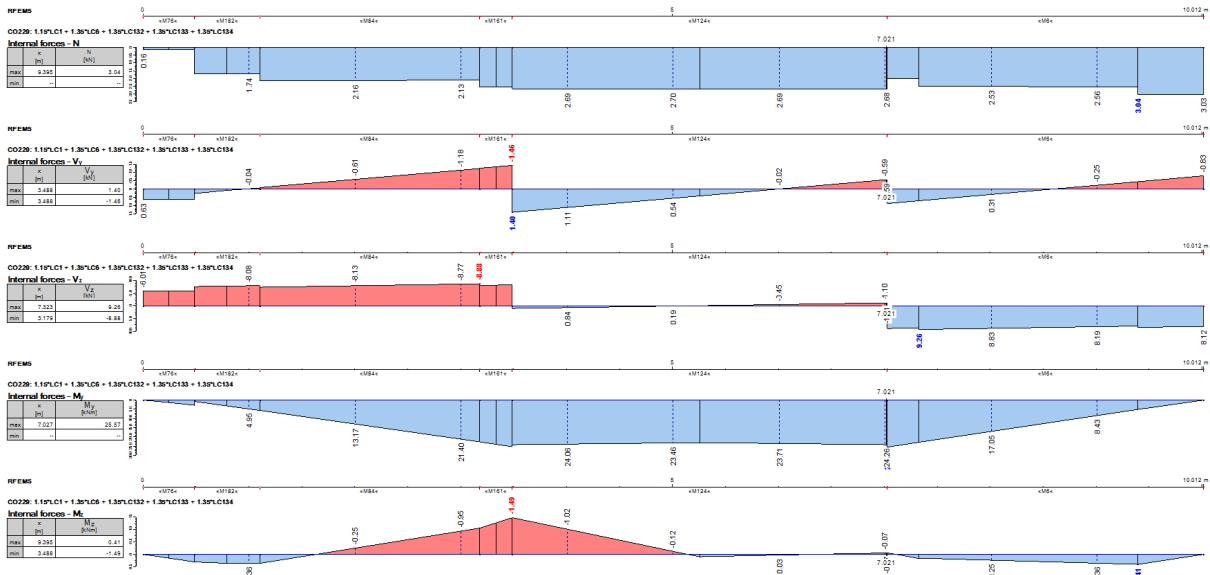
Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (39.21 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.107 / 0.532 = 0.92 < 1$$

Side span right side

Internal forces for the normative load case CO134



Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation on the maximum position which is at the X= 7.0 m

$$N_d = 2.68 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.88 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 8.89 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 25.57 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.07 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.25 * \sqrt{(0.88^2 + 8.89^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.23 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 2.23 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.111 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d / 4 + M_{dy} / 2 / h + M_{dz} / 2 / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.68 / 4 + 25.57 / 2 / 0.339 + 0.07 / 2 / 0.339$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 38.49 \text{ kN}$$

Check

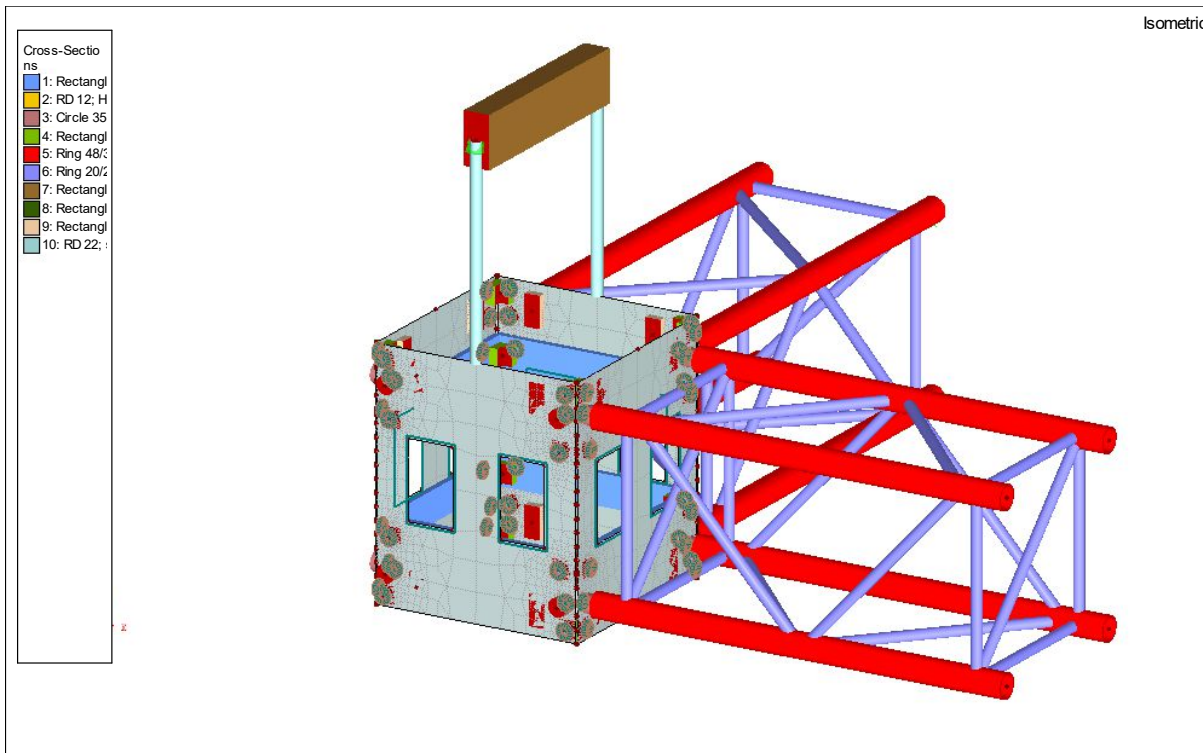
$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (38.49 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.111 / 0.532 = 0.91 < 1$$

4.4 Check of the sleeve block.

The decisive sleeve block is the front sleeve block on the left or the right of the stage. The sleeve block on the left side of the main construction is checked.

For the check of the Sleeve block a separate model has been constructed in the calculation program. The truss sections are constructed to create a more accurate model. These will be left out from the results. Only the sleeve block will be checked.



Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I_y	Bending I_z	Axial A	Shear A_y	Shear A_z			Width b	Depth h
1	Rectangle 12/60	2	3,02	21,60	0,86	7,20	6,00	6,00	0,00	0,00	12,0	60,0
2	RD 12	5	0,20	0,10	0,10	1,13	0,95	0,95	0,00	0,00	12,0	12,0
3	Circle 35	1	14,73	7,37	7,37	9,62	8,15	8,15	0,00	0,00	35,0	35,0
4	Rectangle 35/35	3	21,11	12,51	12,51	12,25	10,21	10,21	0,00	0,00	35,0	35,0
5	Ring 48/3	4	21,57	10,78	10,78	4,24	2,14	2,14	0,00	0,00	48,0	48,0
6	Ring 20/2	4	0,93	0,46	0,46	1,13	0,58	0,58	0,00	0,00	20,0	20,0
7	Rectangle 50/100	1	286,09	416,67	104,17	50,00	41,67	41,67	0,00	0,00	50,0	100,0
8	Rectangle 8/8	1	0,06	0,03	0,03	0,64	0,53	0,53	0,00	0,00	8,0	8,0
9	Rectangle 30/60	1	37,08	54,00	13,50	18,00	15,00	15,00	0,00	0,00	30,0	60,0
10	RD 22	2	2,30	1,15	1,15	3,80	3,19	3,19	0,00	0,00	22,0	22,0

Used Material

Material No.	Material Description	Safety Factor $\gamma_M [-]$	Yield Strength $f_{yk} [kN/cm^2]$	Limit Stresses $[kN/cm^2]$			
				Manually	Limit σ_x	Limit τ	Limit σ_{eqv}
1	Aluminium EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6* EN 1999-1-1:2007	1,00	26,00	-	26,00	15,01	26,00
3	steel 8.8 Quality EN 10346:2009-03	1,00	64,00	-	64,00	36,95	64

Inserted Load Cases.

Internal forces for result calculation RC3 In service

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]		Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]			Corresponding Load Cases
				N	V_y	V_z	M_T	M_y	M_z	
5	2	0,000	max N	10,41	0,61	13,44	-1,48	0,00	0,03	CO 164
			min N	-5,63	2,37	11,79	-1,05	0,00	0,03	CO 182
			max V_y	-4,80	2,98	20,47	-2,06	0,00	0,08	CO 184
			min V_y	4,67	-1,99	-9,99	0,95	0,00	0,02	CO 150
			max V_z	-4,80	2,98	20,47	-2,06	0,00	0,08	CO 184
			min V_z	4,67	-1,99	-9,99	0,95	0,00	0,02	CO 150
			max M_y	-4,80	2,98	20,47	-2,06	0,00	0,08	CO 184
			min M_y	10,41	0,61	13,44	-1,48	0,00	0,03	CO 164
			max M_z	-4,80	2,98	20,47	-2,06	0,00	0,08	CO 184
			min M_z	4,44	-0,99	1,08	-0,18	0,00	0,00	CO 154
			max N	10,40	0,58	13,42	-1,49	5,50	-0,20	CO 164
			min N	-5,63	2,35	11,76	-1,06	4,83	-0,94	CO 182
			max V_y	-4,81	2,91	20,45	-2,08	8,40	-1,11	CO 184
			min V_y	4,67	-2,01	-10,02	0,94	-4,10	0,84	CO 150
max V_z	-4,81	2,91	20,45	-2,08	8,40	-1,11	CO 184			
min V_z	4,67	-2,01	-10,02	0,94	-4,10	0,84	CO 150			
max M_y	-4,81	2,91	20,45	-2,08	8,40	-1,11	CO 184			
min M_y	4,67	-2,01	-10,02	0,94	-4,10	0,84	CO 150			
max M_z	4,67	-2,01	-10,02	0,94	-4,10	0,84	CO 150			
min M_z	-4,81	2,91	20,45	-2,08	8,40	-1,11	CO 184			
52	85	0,000	max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
			min N	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,04	0,22	-4,94	CO 160
			max V_y	-2,32	5,75	-3,60	-0,03	1,75	2,80	CO 183
			min V_y	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,04	0,22	-4,94	CO 160
			max V_z	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	-0,02	-1,43	-2,16	CO 150
			min V_z	-1,76	5,30	-6,21	-0,05	3,03	2,58	CO 184
			max M_y	-1,76	5,30	-6,21	-0,05	3,03	2,58	CO 184
			min M_y	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	-0,02	-1,43	-2,16	CO 150
			max M_z	-2,32	5,75	-3,60	-0,03	1,75	2,80	CO 183
			min M_z	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,04	0,22	-4,94	CO 160
			max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
			min N	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,05	0,00	0,00	CO 160
			max V_y	-2,32	5,75	-3,60	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 183
			min V_y	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,05	0,00	0,00	CO 160
max V_z	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 150			
min V_z	-1,76	5,30	-6,22	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 184			
max M_y	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,05	0,00	0,00	CO 160			
min M_y	-1,53	-4,00	2,26	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 152			
max M_z	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	0,00	0,00	0,00	CO 150			
min M_z	-3,03	-10,14	-3,95	-0,05	0,00	0,00	CO 164			

85	0,000	Max N	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
85	0,000	Min N	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,04	0,22	-4,94		CO 160
2	0,487	Max V _y	-2,32	5,75	-3,60	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 183
2	0,487	Min V _y	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,05	0,00	0,00		CO 160
2	0,487	Max V _z	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 150
2	0,487	Min V _z	-1,76	5,30	-6,22	0,00	0,00	0,00		CO 184
85	0,000	Max M _y	-1,76	5,30	-6,21	-0,05	3,03	2,58		CO 184
85	0,000	Min M _y	-1,82	-4,43	2,93	-0,02	-1,43	-2,16		CO 150
85	0,000	Max M _z	-2,32	5,75	-3,60	-0,03	1,75	2,80		CO 183
85	0,000	Min M _z	-4,17	-10,14	-0,45	-0,04	0,22	-4,94		CO 160

Normative load combinations for the In-service situation is Load combination CO184

The forces of this load combination is set as component forces on the node's next to the sleeve block

Check of load Combination CO184

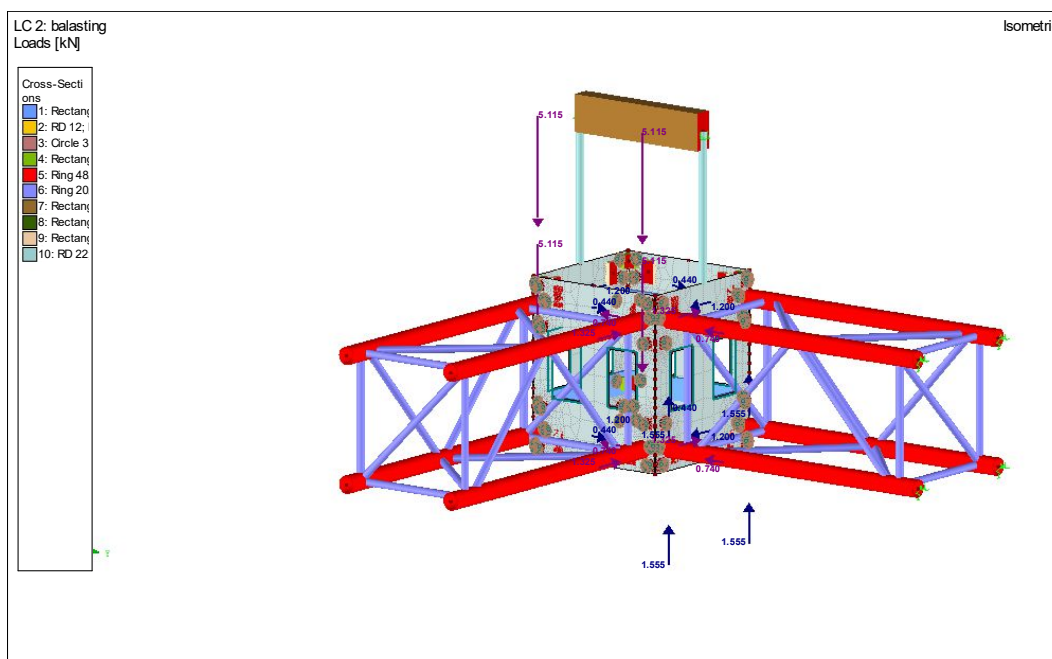
Internal forces on the 4 node points in Load combination 110 from the total construction model are

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]	Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]			Cross-Section
			N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z	
384	5	0,322	-4,80	2,98	20,47	-2,06	0,00	0,08	5 – Prolyte H40V
393	52	0,320	-1,76	5,30	-6,22	0,00	0,00	0,00	2 - Prolyte H40V

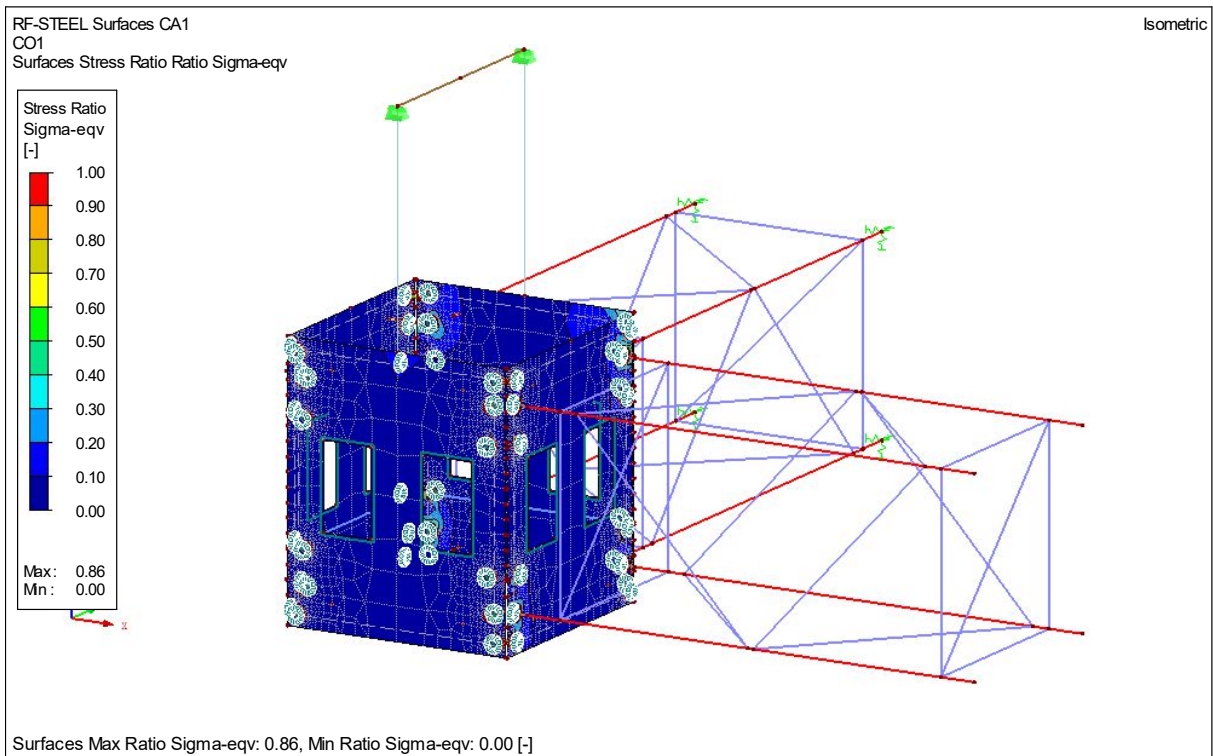
Load in put into sleeve block model

No.	On Nodes No.	Definition Type	Coordinate System	Force [kN]			Moment [kNm]		
				P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
1	78,80,82,84	By components	0 Global XYZ	1,200	0,740	5,115	0,000	0,000	0,000
2	29,56,58,60	By components	0 Global XYZ	1,325	0,440	1,555	0,000	0,000	0,000

Visual input different load cases.



Stress calculation of the sleeve block



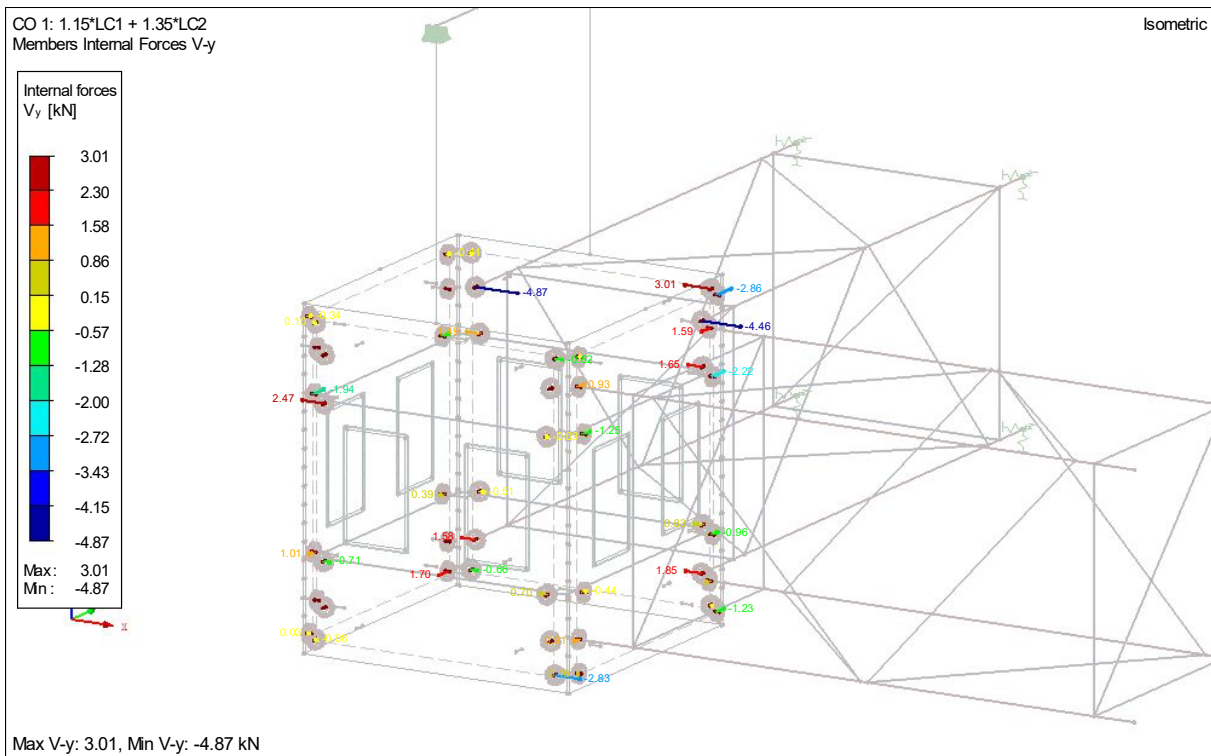
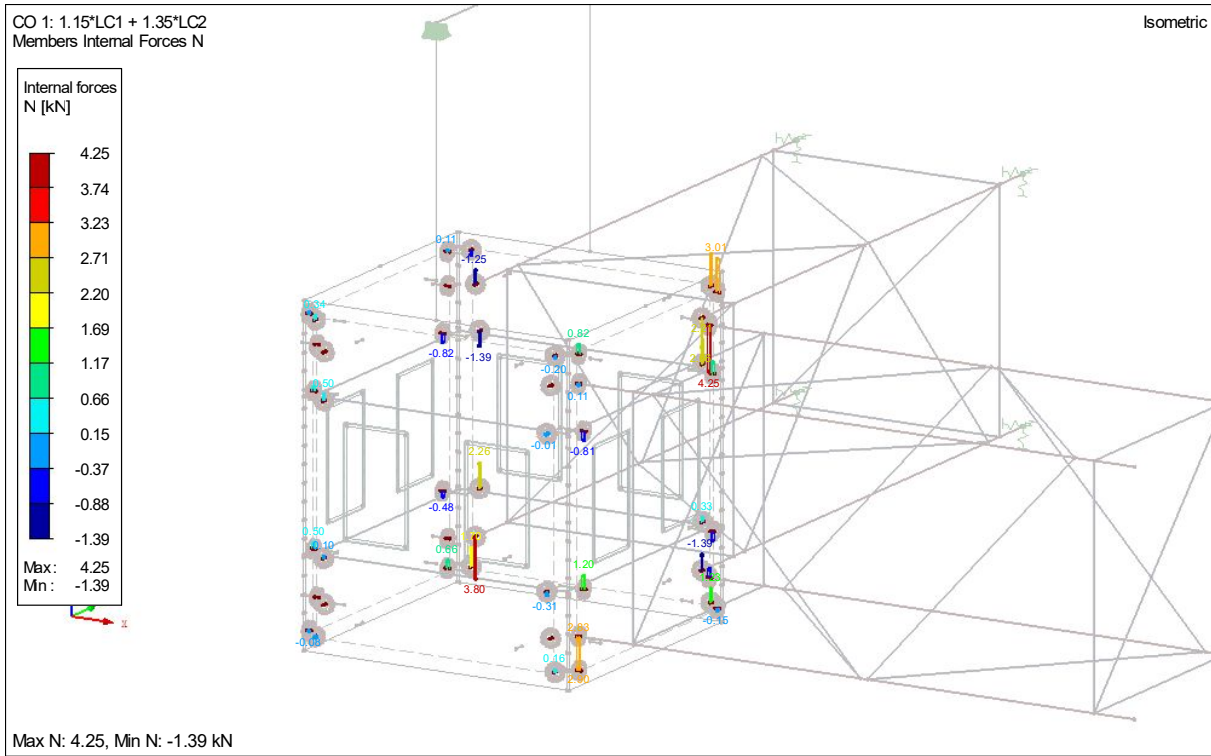
Maximum stress analyse for the aluminium sheets

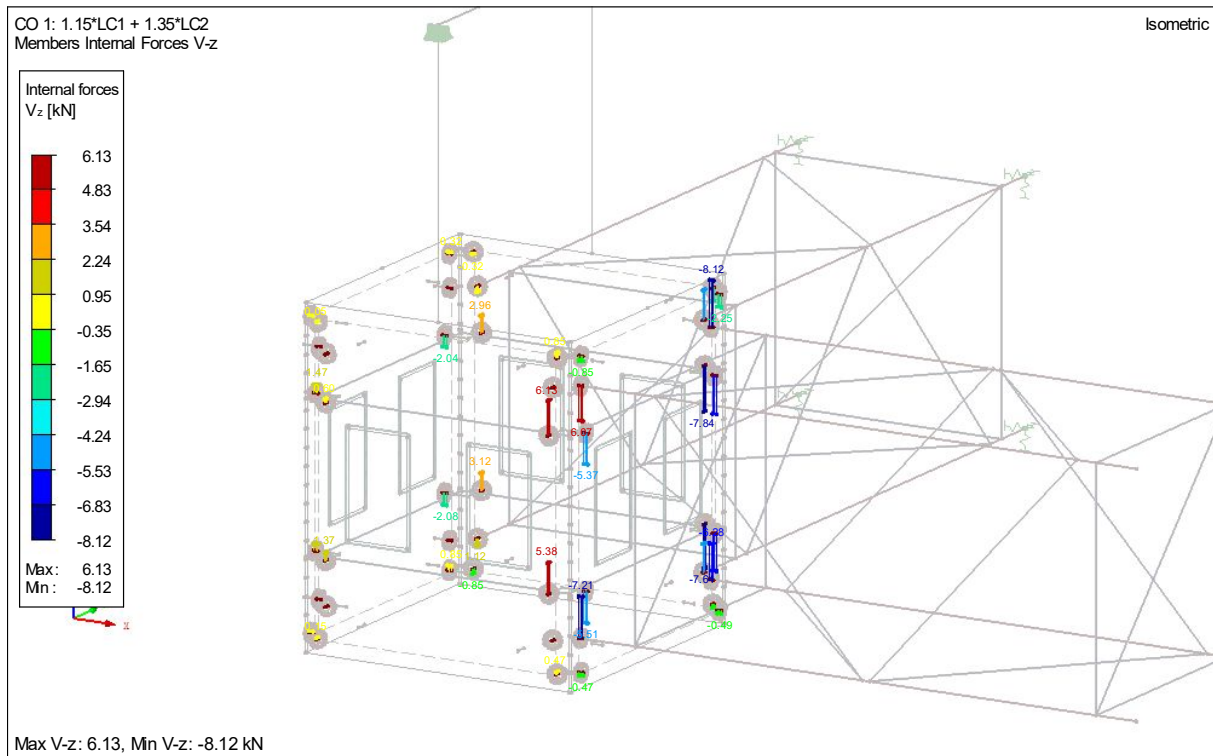
Material No.	Surface No.	FE Mesh Point No.	Point Coordinates [m]			Loading	Stress [kN/cm ²]			Stress Ratio [-]
			X	Y	Z		Symbol	Existing	Limit	
1	Aluminum EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6*									
	4	6	-1,196	-2,808	3,446	CO1	τ_{max}	10,51	15,01	0,70
	1	246	-1,196	-2,842	3,391	CO1	$\sigma_{1,+}$	20,50	26,00	0,79
	4	1518	-1,215	-2,808	3,046	CO1	$\sigma_{2,+}$	-16,62	26,00	0,64
	4	1543	-1,221	-2,808	3,052	CO1	$\sigma_{1,-}$	17,47	26,00	0,67
	1	13157	-1,196	-2,833	3,385	CO1	$\sigma_{2,-}$	-20,71	26,00	0,80
	2	143	-1,395	-3,206	3,446	CO1	$\sigma_{1,m}$	4,68	26,00	0,18
	1	88	-1,196	-2,812	3,446	CO1	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-6,56	26,00	0,25
	1	13157	-1,196	-2,833	3,385	CO1	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	19,50	26,00	0,75
	1	88	-1,196	-2,812	3,446	CO1	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	7,23	26,00	0,28

Maximum utilization $\sigma_{eqv,max}$ 0.75%

Check of the M12 bolts

Internal forces of the bolts





$$\text{Maximum shear force} = \sqrt{(V_y^2 + V_z^2)} = \sqrt{(4.87^2 + 8.12^2)} = 9.46 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{v,rd} = 0,6 * f_{ub} * A / 1.25 = 0.6 * 80 * 1.13 / 1.25 = 43.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$9.46 / 43.39 = 0.21 < 1$$

$$\text{Maximum tension force} = N_{ed} = 4.25 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{t,rd} = k_2 * f_{ub} * A_s / 1.25 = 0.9 * 80 * 0.843 / 1.25 = 48.55 \text{ kN}$$

$$4.25 / 48.55 = 0.087 < 1$$

Check of the interaction between shear and tension force

$$F_{v,ed} / F_{v,rd} + F_{t,ed} / 1.4 * F_{t,rd} < 1$$

$$9.46 / 43.39 + 4.25 / 1.4 * 48.55 = 0.27 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole of the plate.

$$\text{Maximum shear force is } \sqrt{(V_y^2 + V_z^2)} = \sqrt{(4.87^2 + 8.12^2)} = 9.46 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 25 * 1.25 * 0.8) / 1.25 = 50 \text{ kN}$$

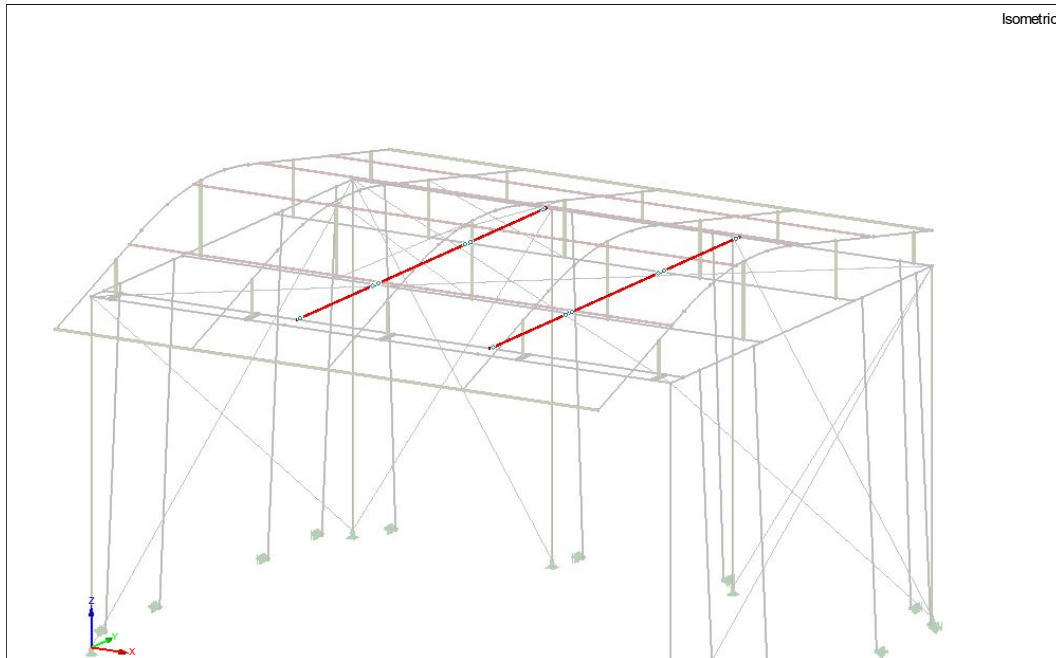
$$F_{b,ed} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

$$9.46 / 50 = 0.19 < 1$$

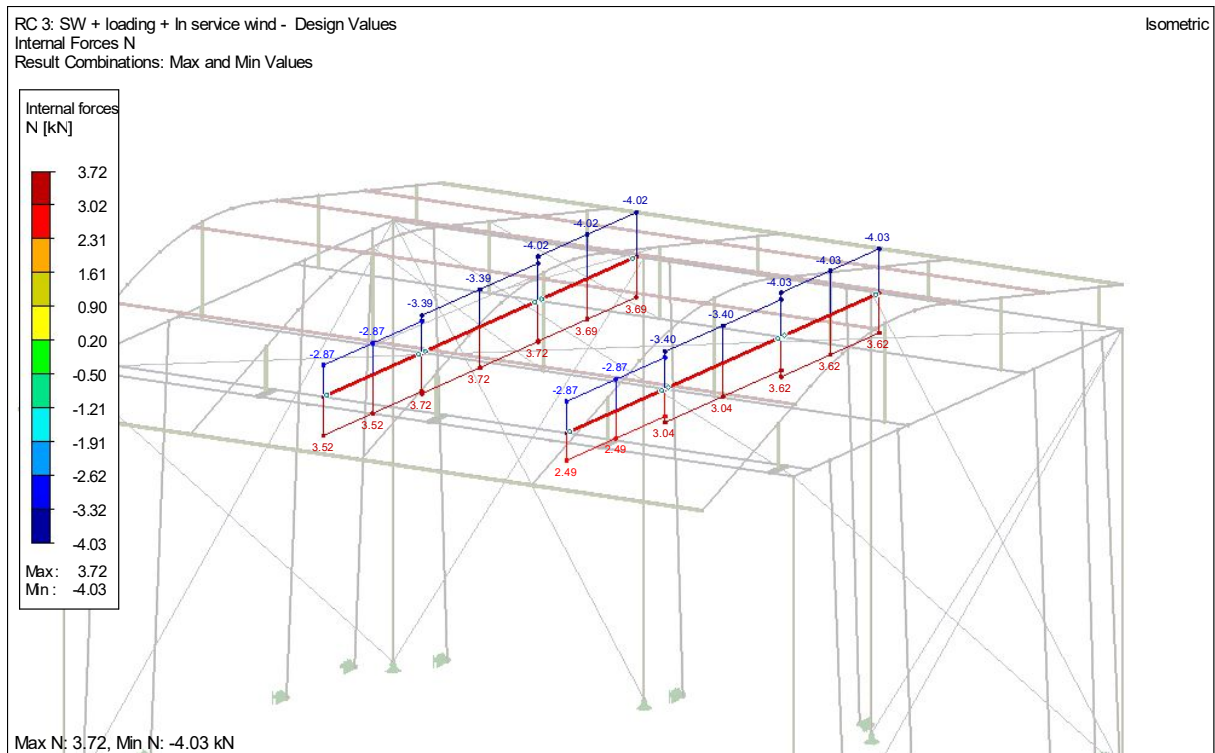
4.5 Check of the compression tubes in the main grid and the roof.

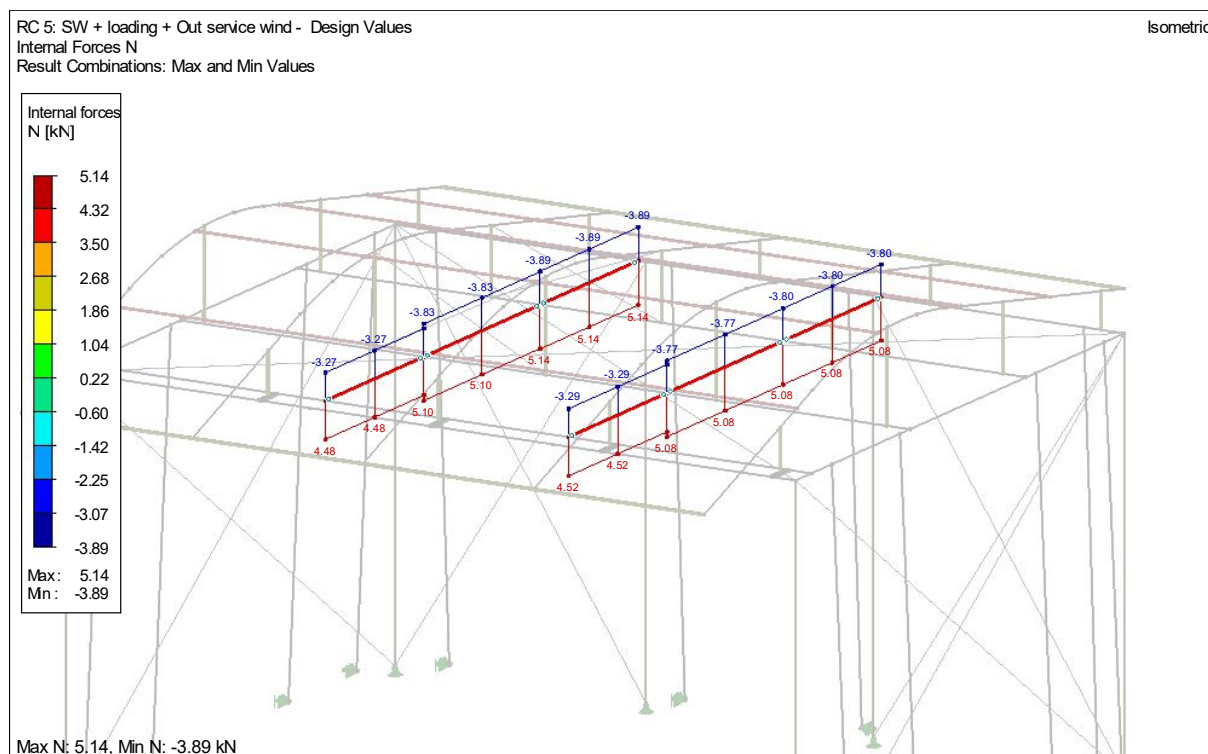
4.5.1 check of the 50x4 compression tubes in the main grid

Normative load case in service



The profile will be checked for buckling.





Normative load case In service

Maximum compression force in the 50x4 profile is 4.02 kN.

Buckling calculation for the profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1,5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	300 cm
Profile cross section A	5.78 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	12.5 kN/cm ²
I	15.41 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.63

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1.5 * 300 = 450 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i * \pi) * \sqrt{((A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 450 / (1.63 * \pi) * \sqrt{((5.78 * 12.5) / 5.78 * 7000)} = 3.72$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (3.72 - 0.1) + 3.72^2) = 7.62$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (7.62 + \sqrt{(7.62^2 - 3.72^2)}) = 0.03$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

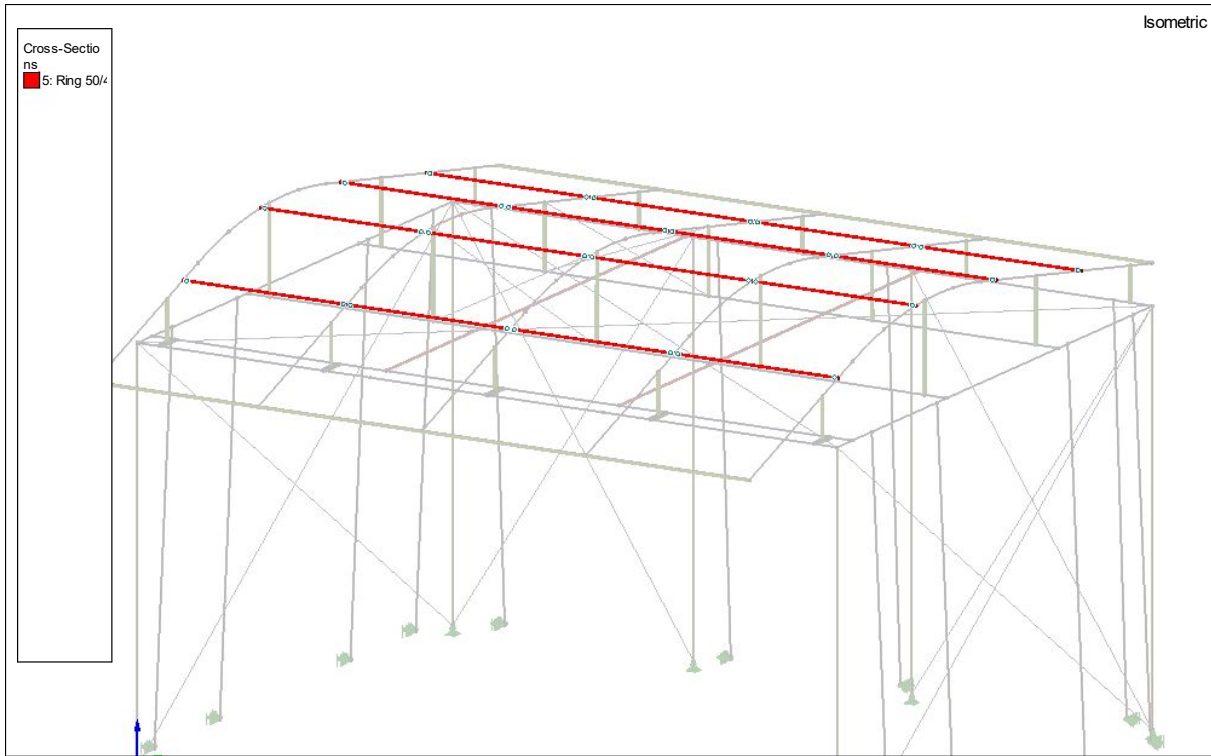
$$N_{b,rd} = 0.03 * 5.78 * 12.5 / 1.1 = 4.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed, max} = 4.02 \text{ kN}$$

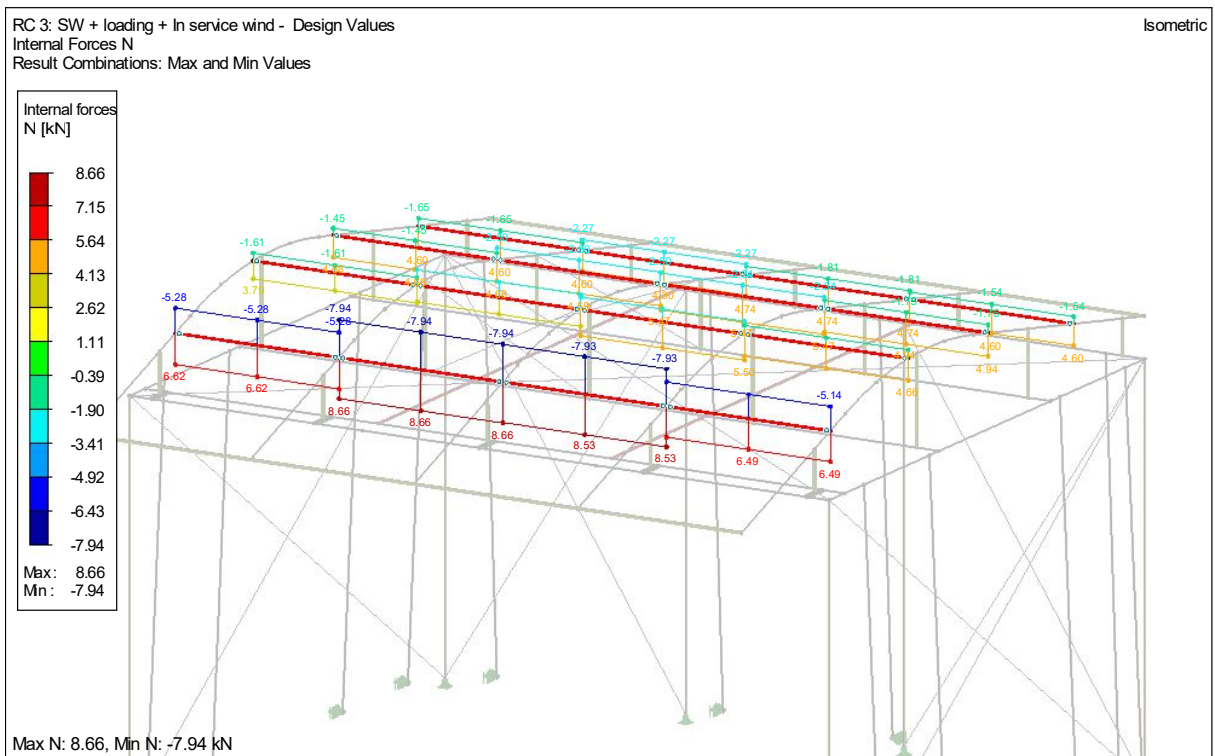
$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

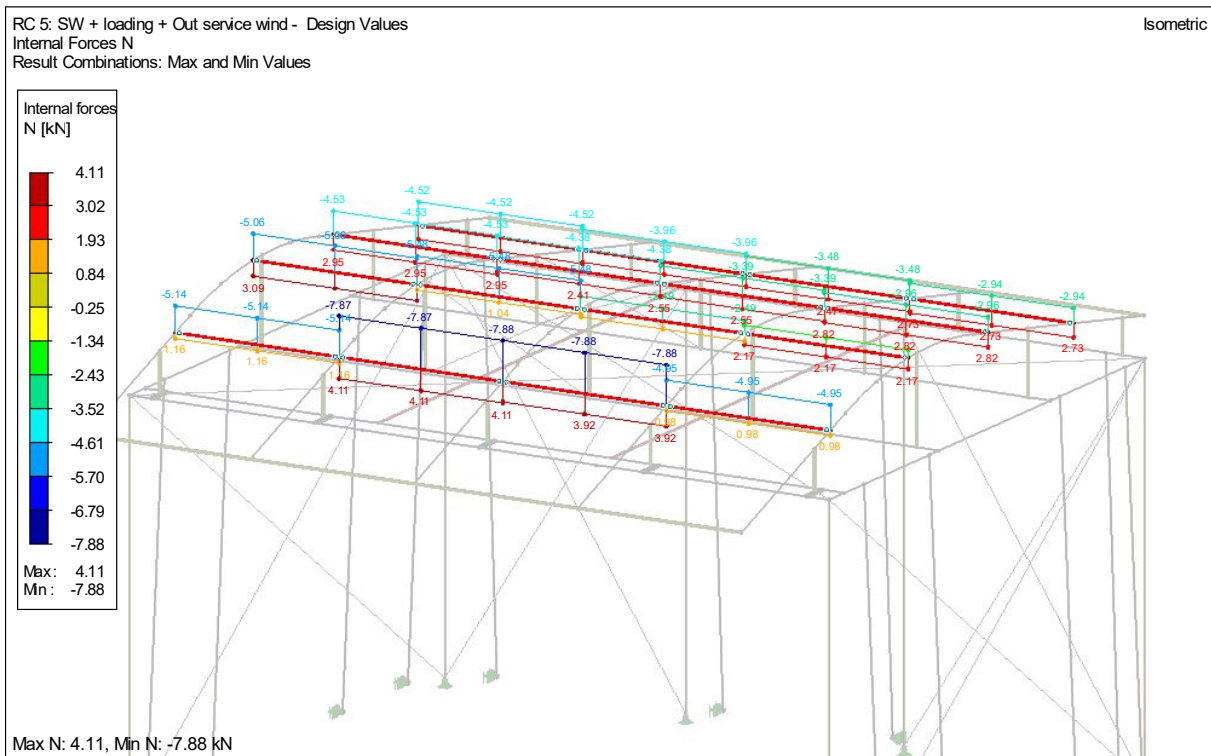
$$4.02 / 4.5 = 0.89 < 1$$

4.5.2 check of the 50x4 compression tubes of the roof structure.



The profile will be checked for buckling.





Normative load case Out service

Maximum compression force in the 50x4 profile is 7.88 kN.

Buckling calculation for the profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	300 cm
Profile cross section A	5.78 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	12.5 kN/cm ²
I	15.41 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.63

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1 * 300 = 300 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i * \pi) * \sqrt{((A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E)}$$

$$\lambda_z = 300 / (1.63 * \pi) * \sqrt{((5.78 * 12.5) / 5.78 * 7000)} = 2.48$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (2.48 - 0.1) + 2.48^2) = 3.81$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (3.81 + \sqrt{(3.81^2 - 2.48^2)}) = 0.15$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

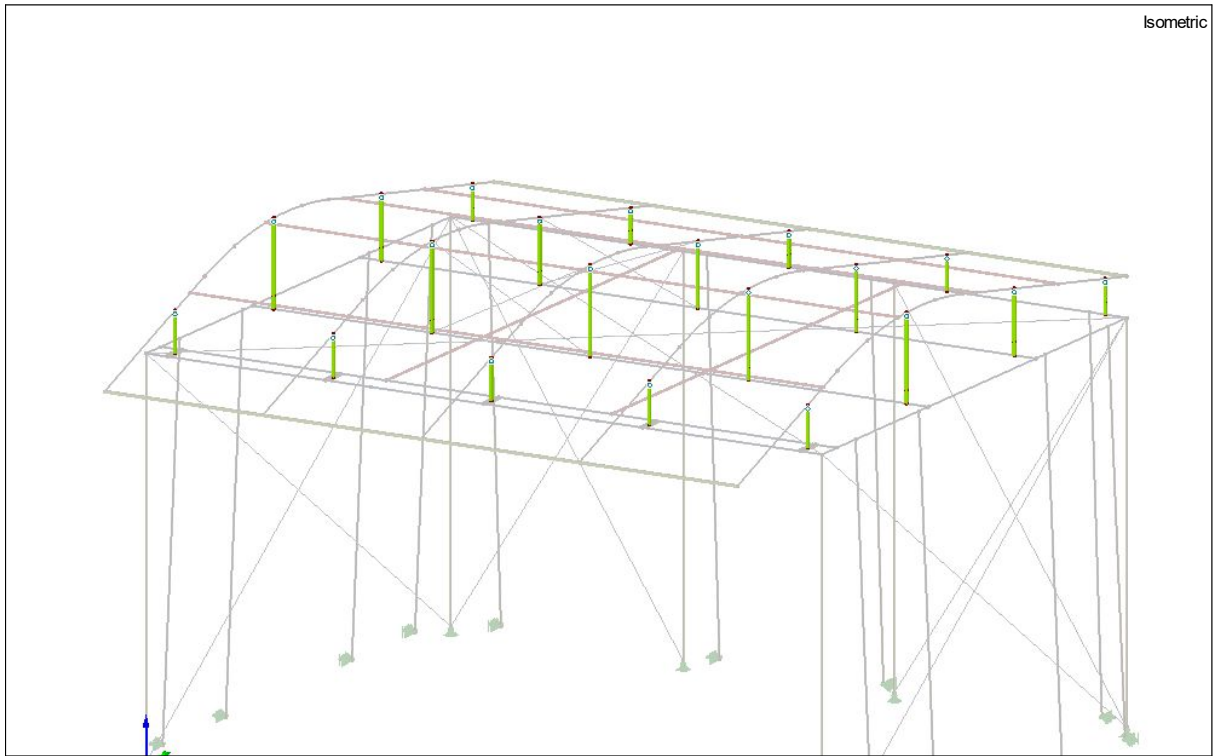
$$N_{b,rd} = 0.15 * 5.78 * 12.5 / 1.1 = 9.81 \text{ kN}$$

$$N_{Ed, max} = 8.12 \text{ kN}$$

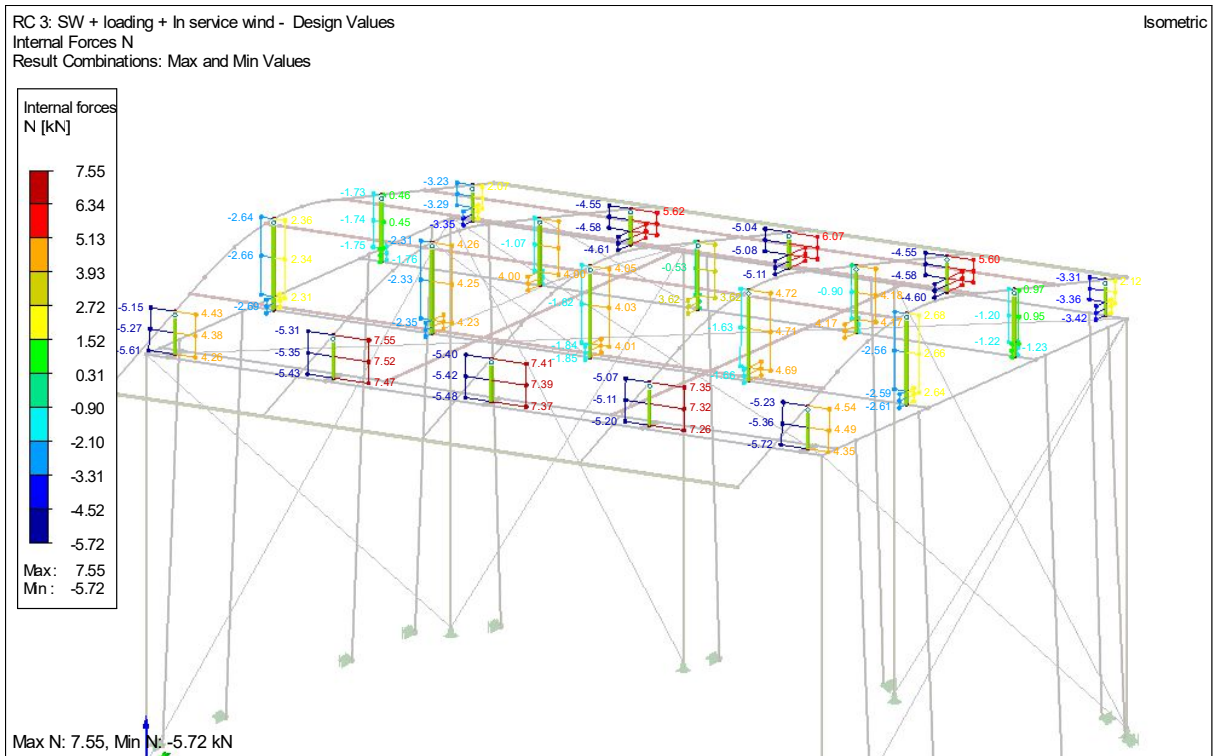
$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

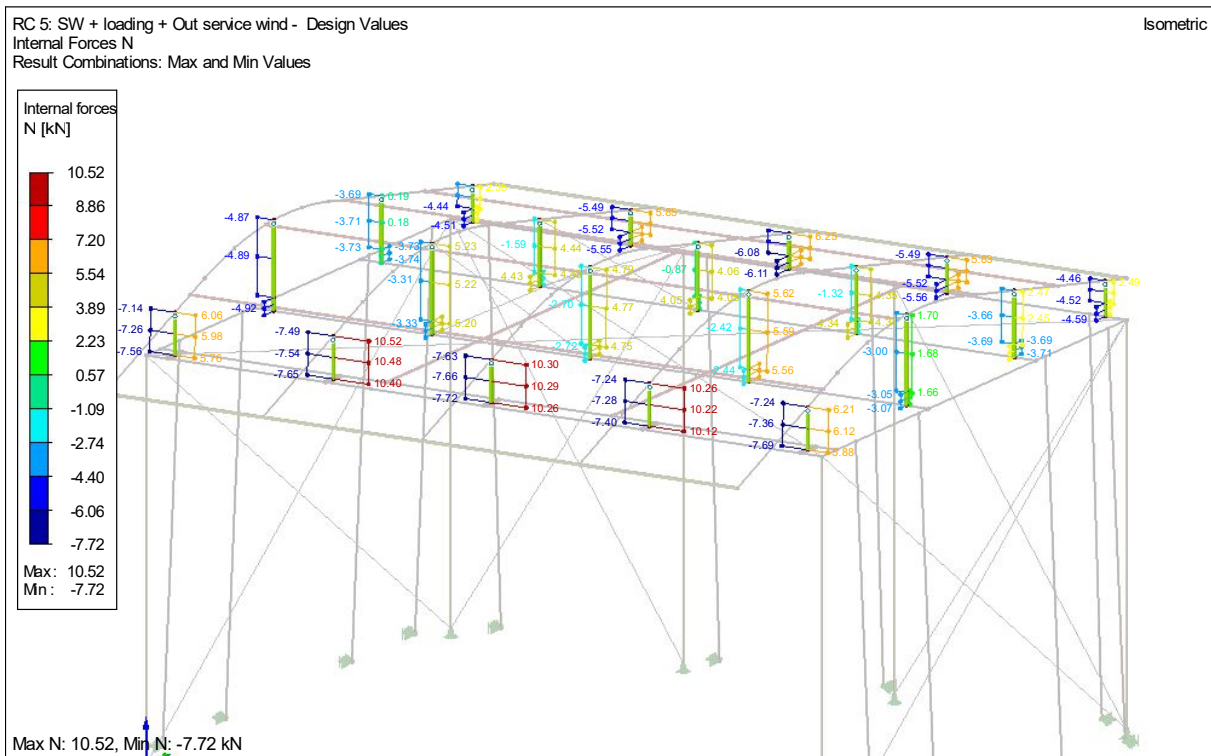
$$8.12 / 9.81 = 0.83 < 1$$

4.6 Check of the roof structure support.



Internal normal forces for the adapters





Check of the adapters for the maximum tension force

Normative load result is the out-service situation.

Maximum tension force in the roof adapter is 10.52 kN.

$$A = 2 * A(48.3 \times 3 \text{ tube}) = 2 * 4.27 = 8.54 \text{ cm}^2$$

The profile is Tig welded at both ends therefore $0,8 * f_{0,haz}$ is used to determine the maximum tension force in the profile.

$$\text{Maximum tension force} = (0,8 * f_{0,haz}) / 1.1 * A_{net} = 4.8 / 1.1 * 8.54 = 37.2 \text{ kN}$$

$$10.52 / 37.2 = 0.28 < 1$$

The adapter is mounted with two doughy clamps to the main grid. Each Doughy clamp has a WLL of 500 kg and a safety factor of 5.

The maximum characteristic tension force in the Out service situation is 7.67 kN

$$7.67 / (5 * 2) = 0.77 < 1$$

Check of the adapters with maximum compression force

Normative load result is the Out service

Maximum compression force is 7.72 kN which works in two tubes.

Buckling calculation for the 60x60 profile

Buckling Length factor $K = 1.5$

The factor K is according to table 6,8 NEN-EN 1999-1-1

L	155 cm
Profile cross section A	4.27 cm ²
E	7000
$f_{0, haz}$	4.8 kN/cm ²
I	11 cm ⁴
$i \sqrt{(I/A)}$	1.61

Buckling calculation

$$L_{cr} = L * K = 1.5 * 155 = 232.5 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_z = L_{cr} / (i_z * \pi) * (\sqrt{(A_{eff} * f_0) / A * E})$$

$$\lambda_z = 232.5 / (1.61 * \pi) * (\sqrt{(4.27 * 4.8) / 4.27 * 7000}) = 1.35$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\lambda_z - \lambda_0) + \lambda_z^2)$$

$$\Theta_z = 0.5 * (1 + 0.2 * (1.35 - 0.1) + 1.35^2) = 1.54$$

$$X_z = 1 / (\Theta_z + \sqrt{(\Theta_z^2 - \lambda_z^2)})$$

$$X_z = 1 / (1.54 + \sqrt{(1.54^2 - 1.35^2)}) = 0.44$$

$$N_{b,rd} = X_z * A * f_{0, haz} / 1.1$$

$$N_{b,rd} = 0.44 * (2 * 4.27) * 4.8 / 1.1 = 10.25 \text{ kN}$$

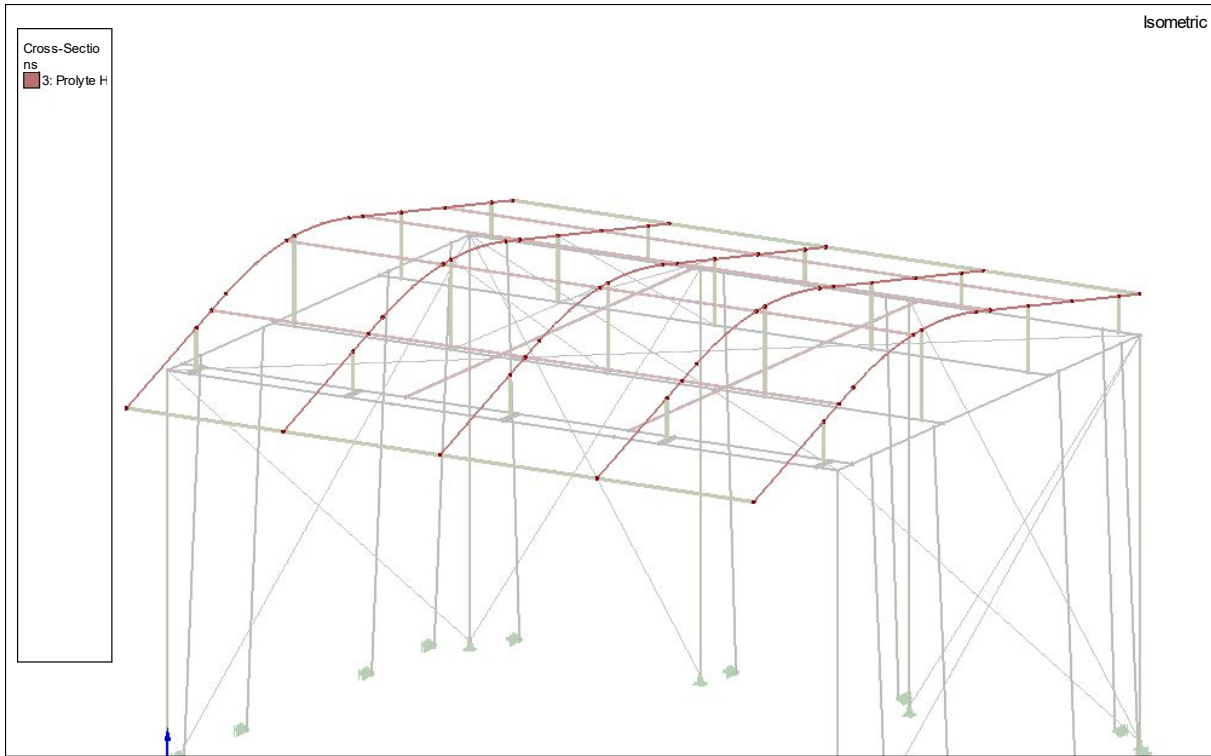
$$N_{Ed, max} = 7.72 / 2 = 3.86 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{check} = N_{Ed, max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

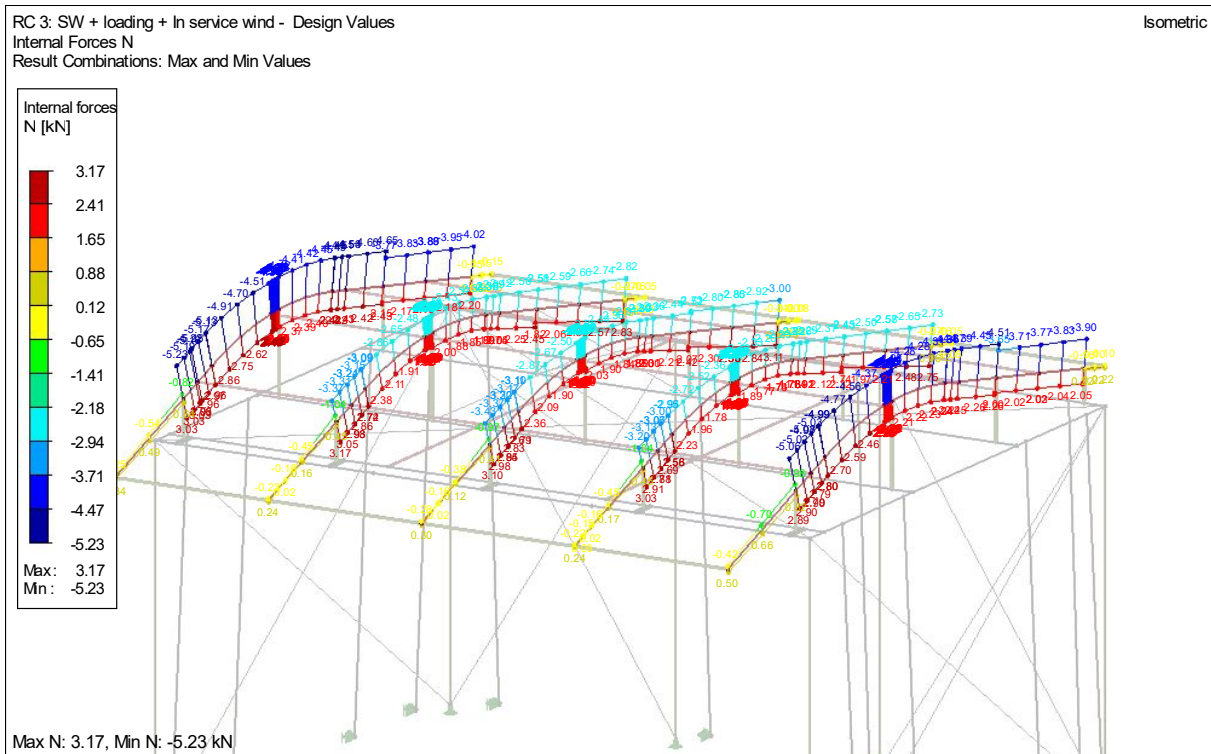
$$3.86 / 10.25 = 0.37 < 1$$

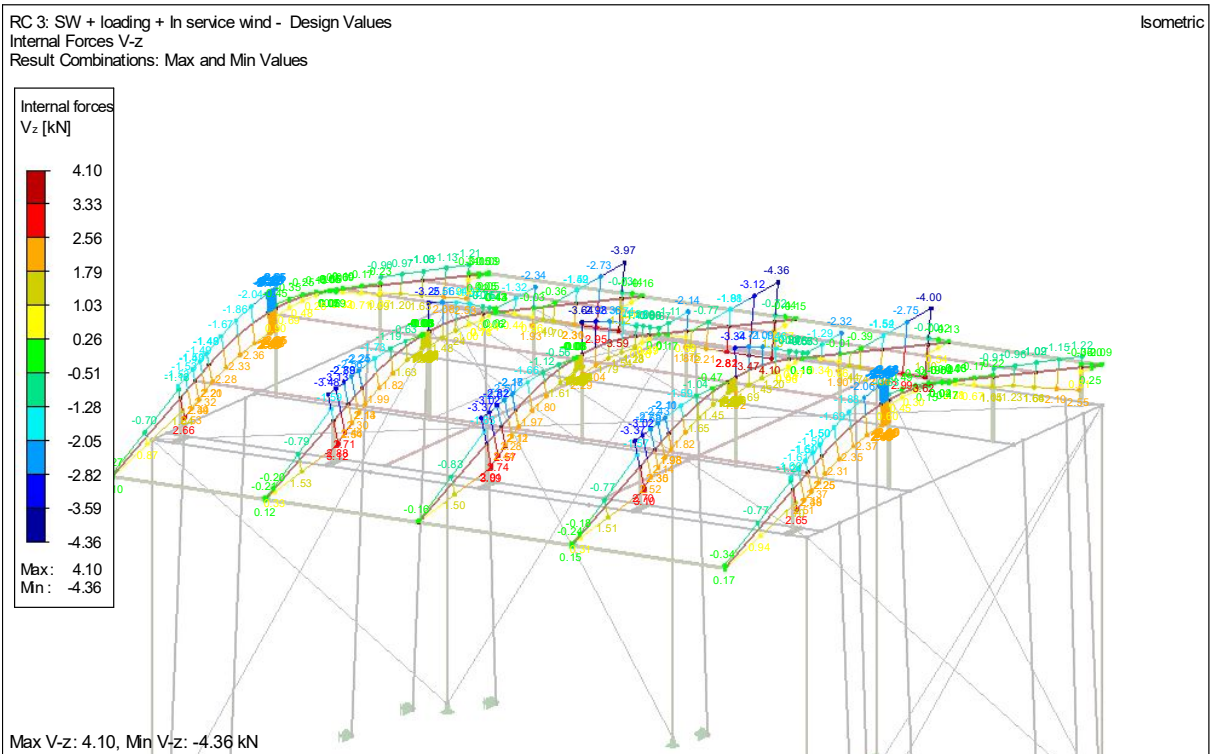
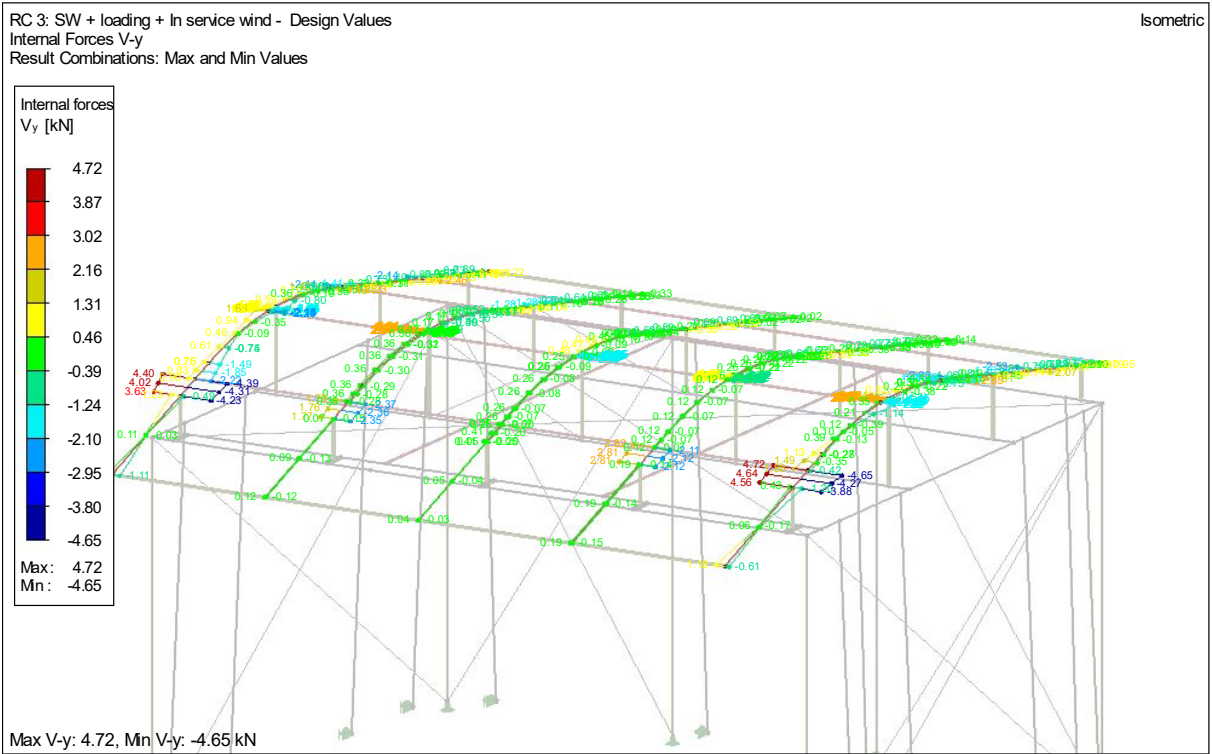
4.7 Check of the H30D roof truss

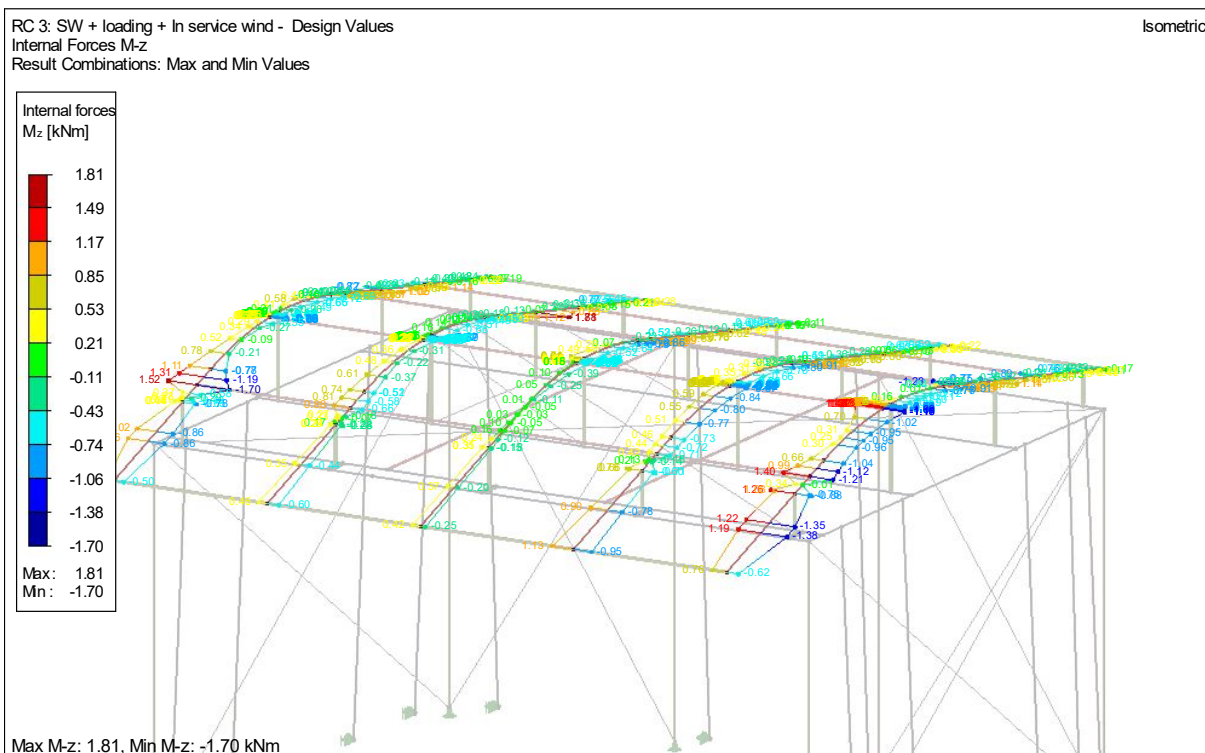
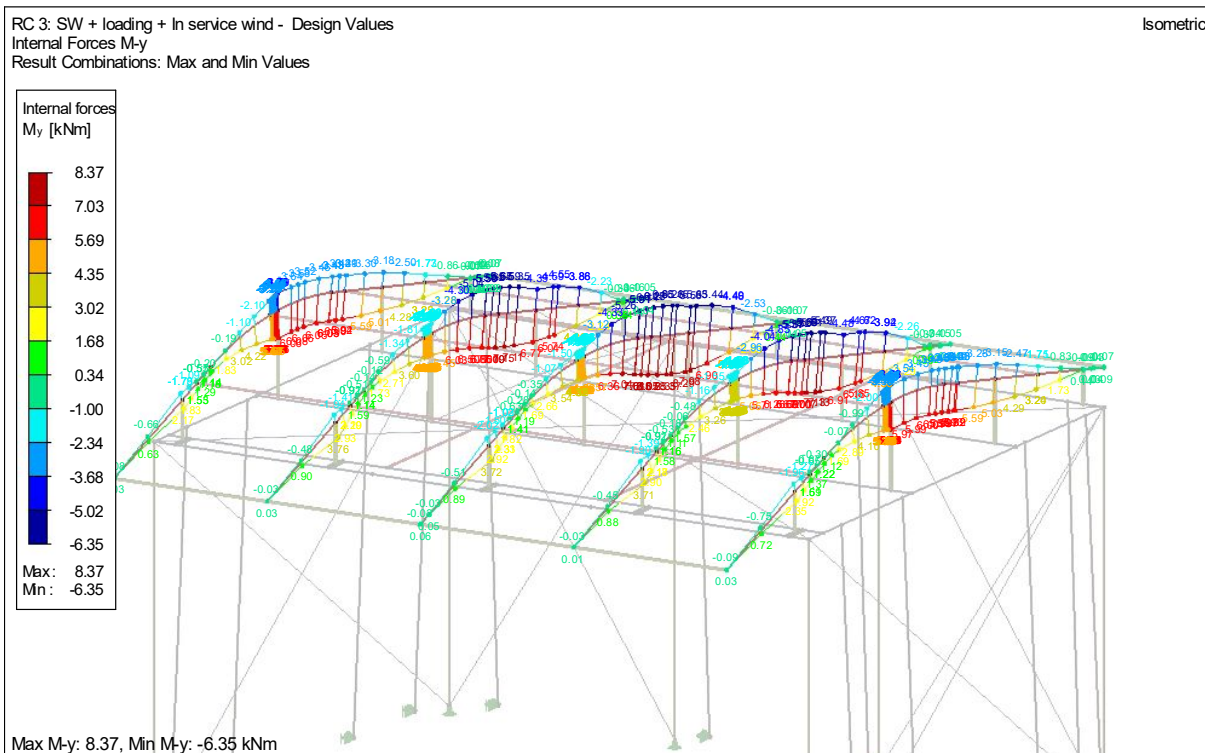
Decisive situation is the out service situation.



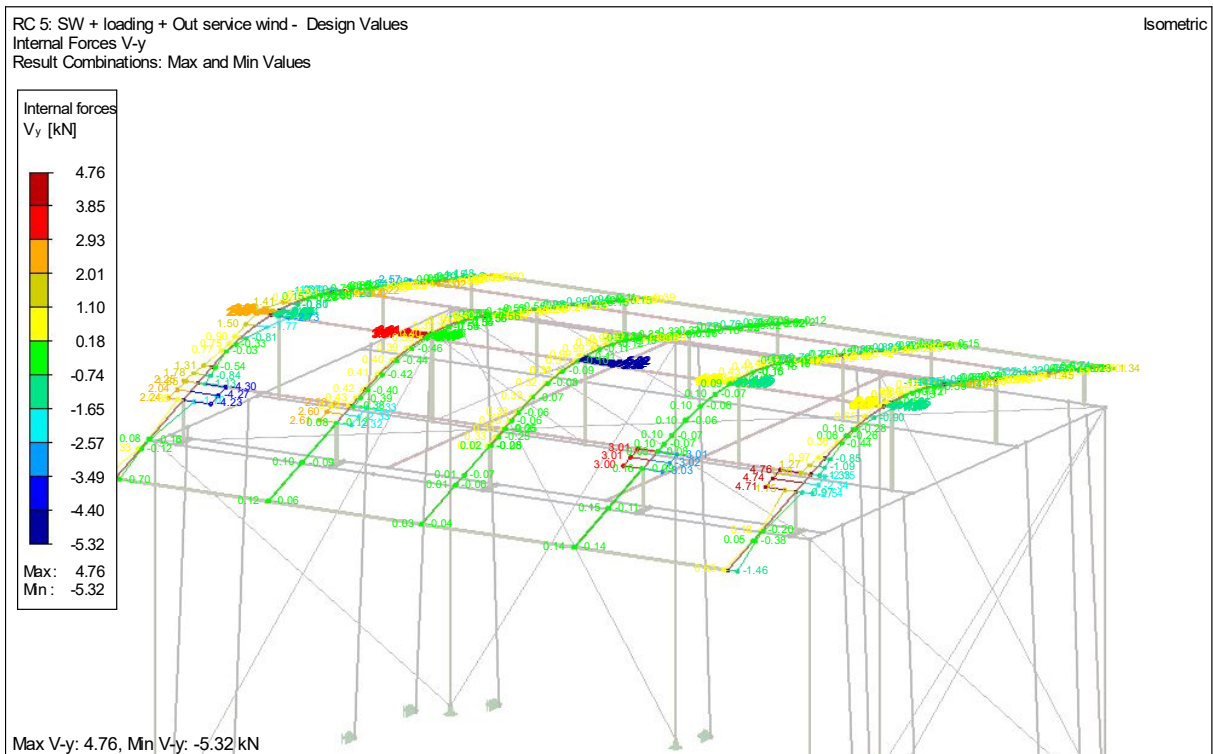
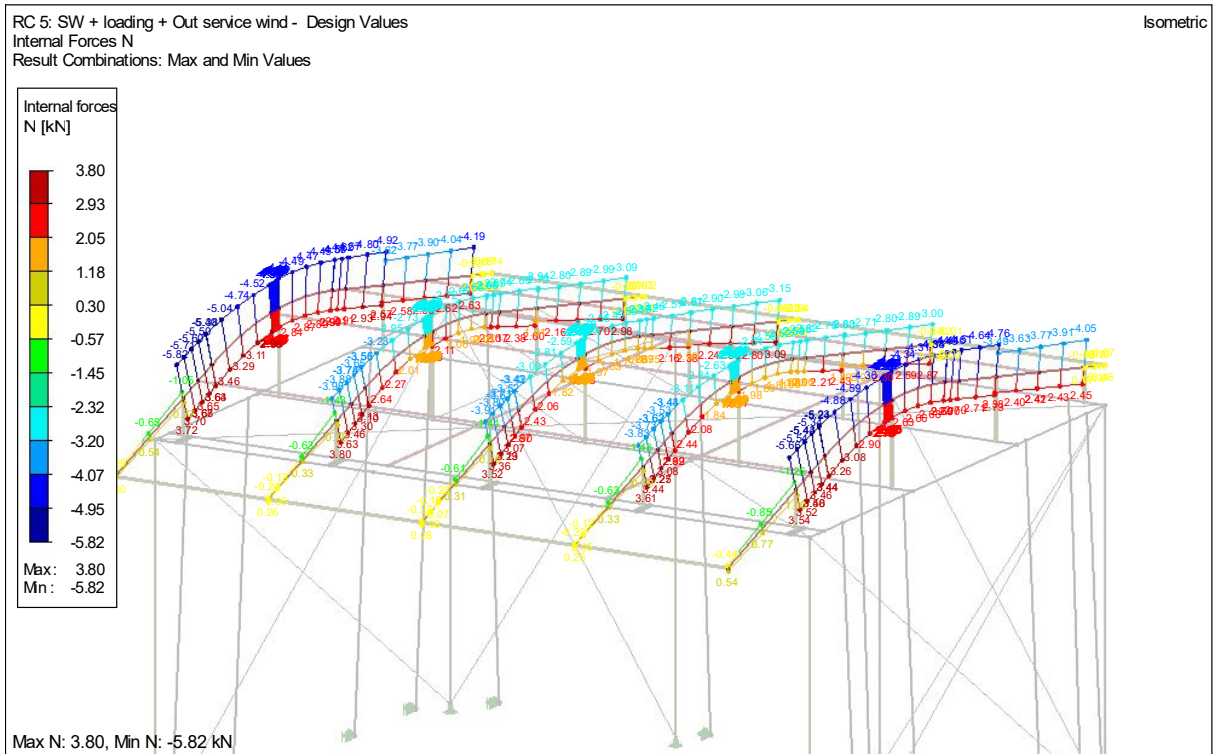
Internal forces for the RC3 In service

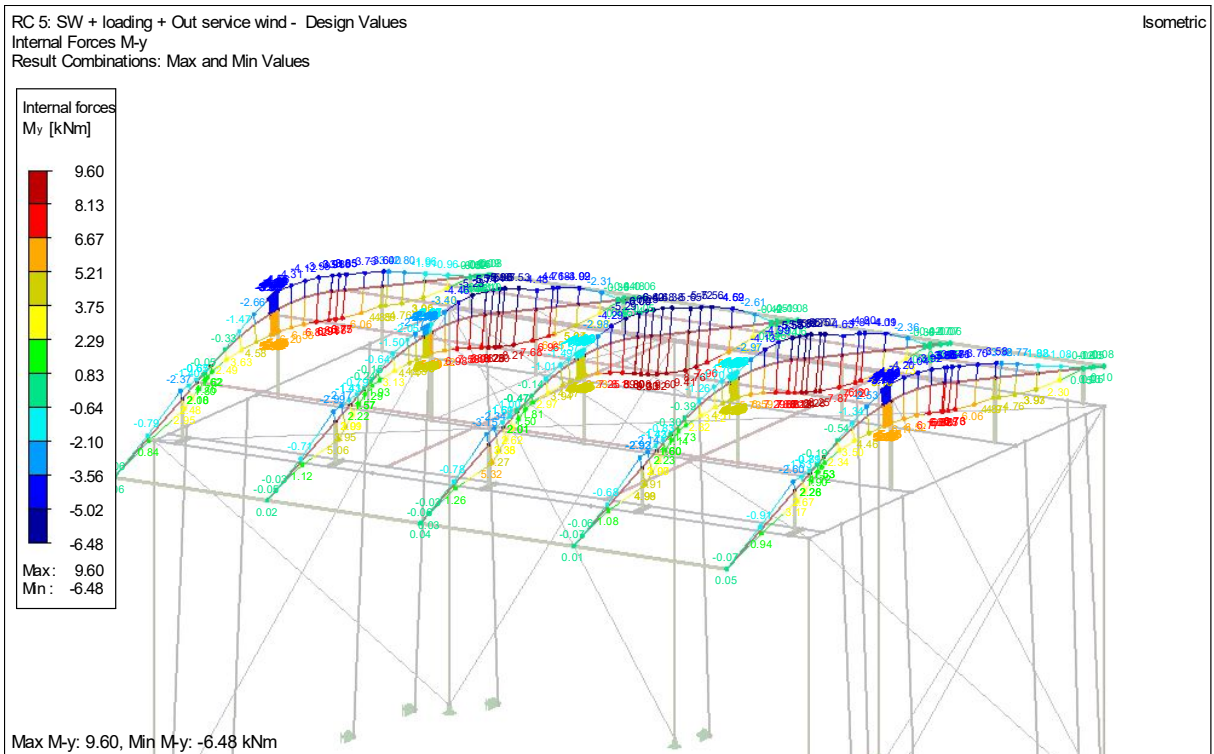
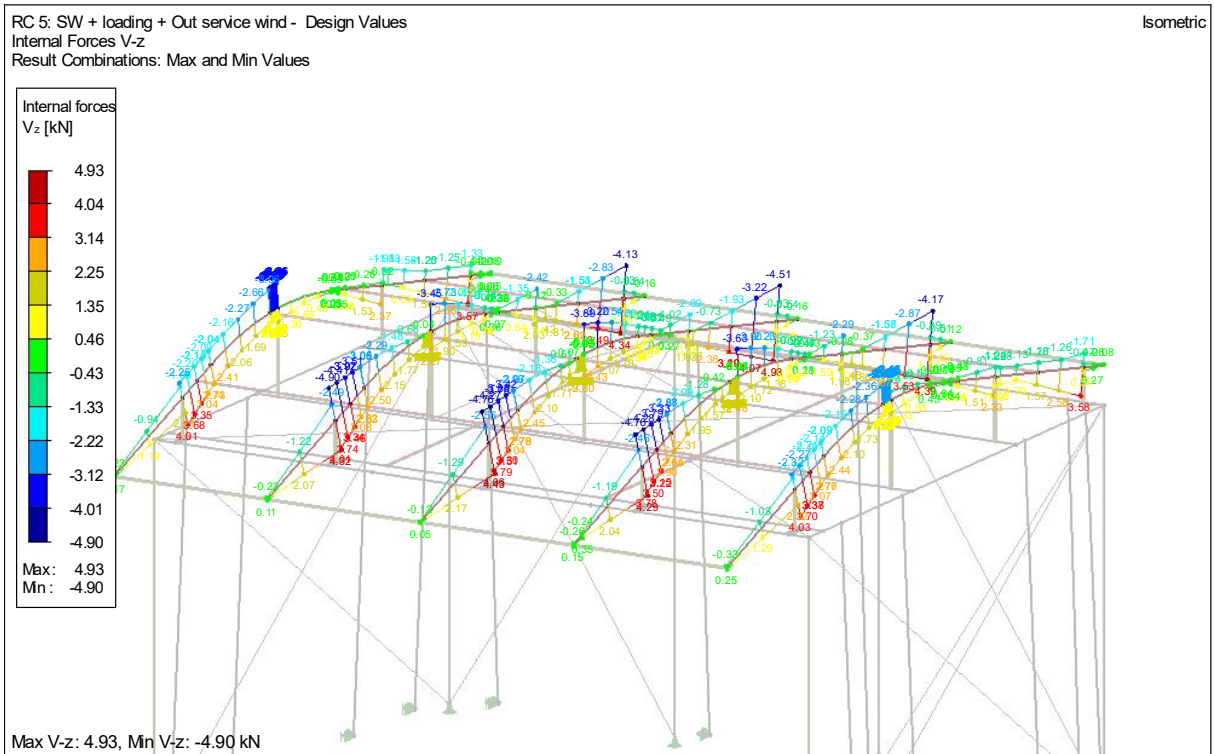


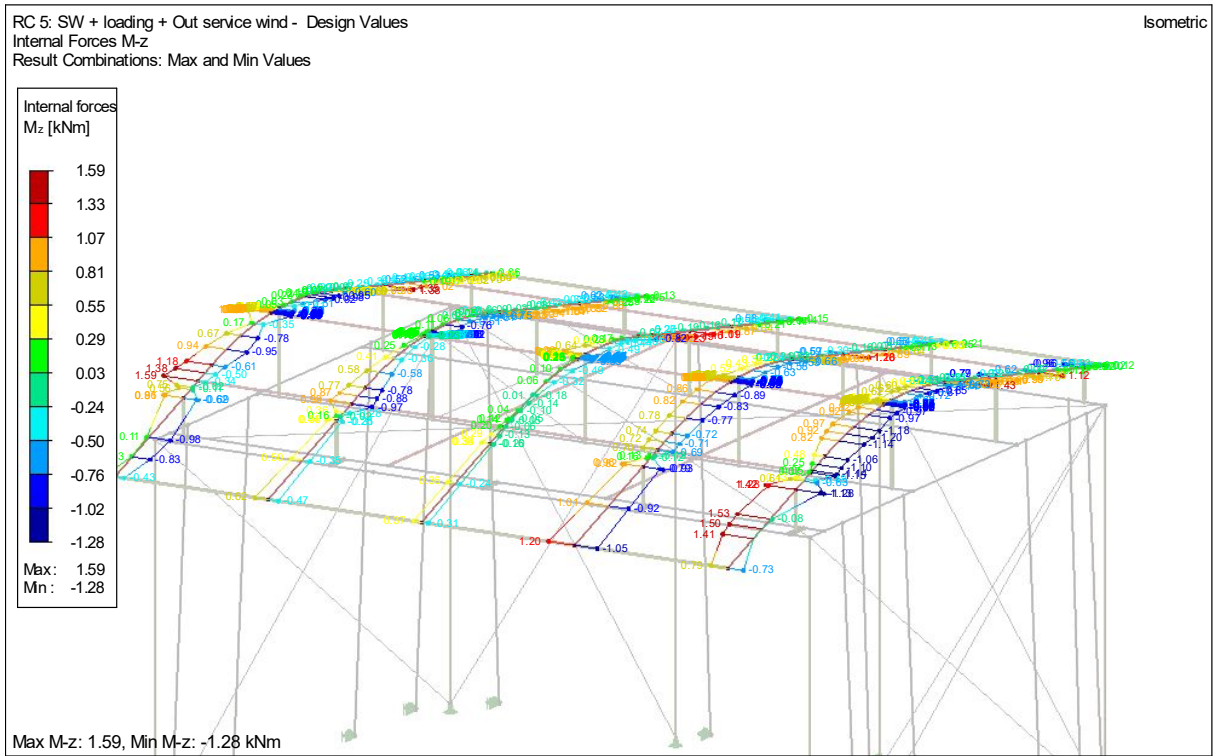




Internal forces for the RC5 Out service

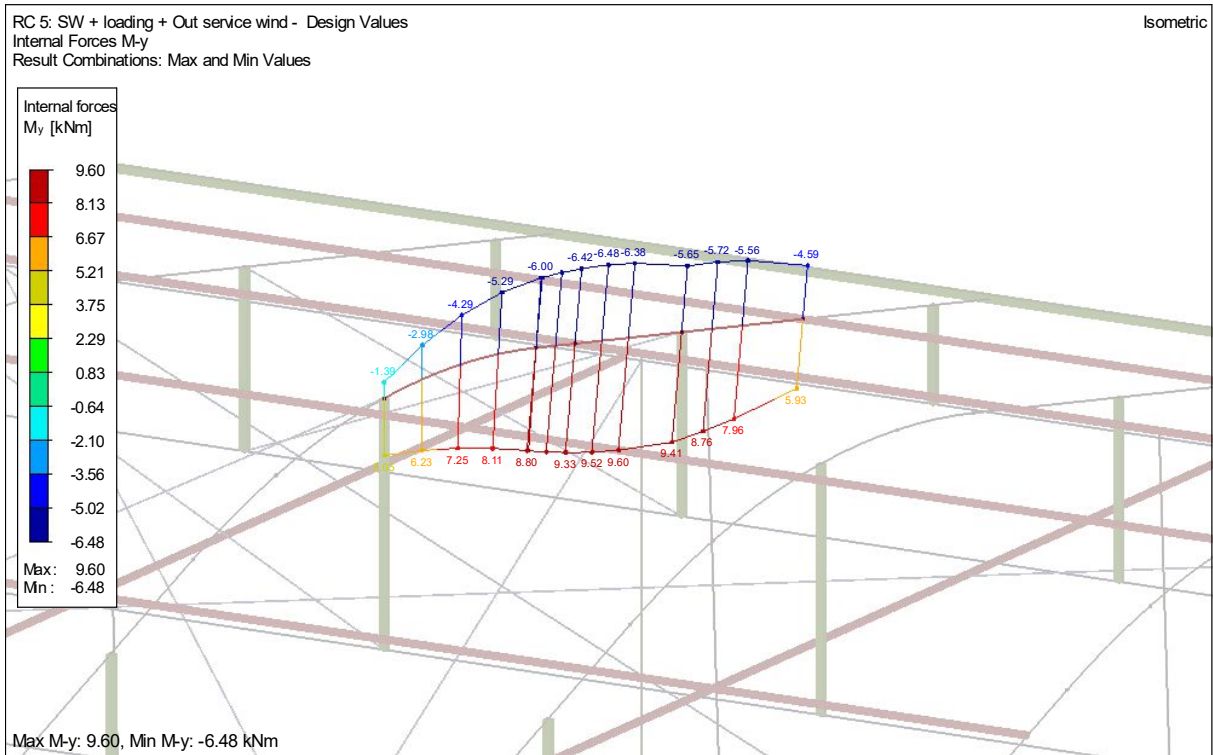






Normative load case RC5 Out service

Maximum Internal forces in the middle span on the back side.



Internal forces for the selected truss parts.

Member No.	Node No.	Location x [m]		Forces [kN]			Moments [kNm]			Corresponding Load Cases		
				N	V _y	V _z	M _T	M _y	M _z			
145	40	0,000	max N	2,50	0,06	-1,93	0,05	-4,59	0,25	CO 220		
			min N	-2,98	0,05	3,19	-0,11	5,93	-0,14	CO 228		
			max V _y	1,12	0,15	-0,74	0,05	-2,81	0,22	CO 224		
			min V _y	2,05	-0,33	-1,71	-0,01	-4,06	0,63	CO 210		
			max V _z	-2,98	0,05	3,19	-0,11	5,93	-0,14	CO 228		
			min V _z	2,50	0,06	-1,93	0,05	-4,59	0,25	CO 220		
			max M _y	-2,98	0,05	3,19	-0,11	5,93	-0,14	CO 228		
			min M _y	2,50	0,06	-1,93	0,05	-4,59	0,25	CO 220		
			max M _z	0,70	-0,21	-0,52	-0,02	-2,27	0,64	CO 214		
			min M _z	-2,67	0,04	2,82	-0,09	5,35	-0,16	CO 226		
			max N	1,98	0,07	0,47	0,05	-5,65	0,17	CO 220		
			min N	-2,81	0,06	1,56	-0,12	9,41	-0,19	CO 228		
			max V _y	0,64	0,17	1,68	0,06	-2,13	0,00	CO 224		
			min V _y	1,62	-0,33	0,33	-0,02	-5,07	1,11	CO 210		
max V _z	0,33	-0,05	1,93	0,03	-1,39	0,21	CO 203					
min V _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00						
max M _y	-2,81	0,06	1,56	-0,12	9,41	-0,19	CO 228					
min M _y	1,98	0,07	0,47	0,05	-5,65	0,17	CO 220					
max M _z	1,62	-0,33	0,33	-0,02	-5,07	1,11	CO 210					
min M _z	-2,57	0,11	1,32	-0,09	8,62	-0,26	CO 209					
40	0,000	Max N	2,50	0,06	-1,93	0,05	-4,59	0,25	CO 220			
40	0,000	Min N	-2,98	0,05	3,19	-0,11	5,93	-0,14	CO 228			
91	1,463	Max V _y	0,64	0,17	1,68	0,06	-2,13	0,00	CO 224			
91	1,463	Min V _y	1,62	-0,33	0,33	-0,02	-5,07	1,11	CO 210			
40	0,000	Max V _z	-2,98	0,05	3,19	-0,11	5,93	-0,14	CO 228			
40	0,000	Min V _z	2,50	0,06	-1,93	0,05	-4,59	0,25	CO 220			
91	1,463	Max M _y	-2,81	0,06	1,56	-0,12	9,41	-0,19	CO 228			
91	1,463	Min M _y	1,98	0,07	0,47	0,05	-5,65	0,17	CO 220			
91	1,463	Max M _z	1,62	-0,33	0,33	-0,02	-5,07	1,11	CO 210			
91	1,463	Min M _z	-2,57	0,11	1,32	-0,09	8,62	-0,26	CO 209			
146	91	0,000	max N	2,38	-0,08	-1,65	0,05	-5,63	0,18	CO 200		
			min N	-2,67	-0,33	0,66	-0,12	9,41	-0,21	CO 228		
			max V _y	1,47	0,06	-1,86	0,03	-2,93	0,27	CO 202		
			min V _y	-2,64	-0,33	0,62	-0,12	9,33	-0,20	CO 208		
			max V _z	-1,64	-0,18	0,98	-0,06	5,11	-0,16	CO 225		
			min V _z	1,06	0,05	-2,09	0,03	-1,39	0,21	CO 223		
			max M _y	-2,67	-0,33	0,66	-0,12	9,41	-0,21	CO 228		
			min M _y	2,38	-0,09	-1,65	0,05	-5,65	0,18	CO 220		
			max M _z	1,92	-0,11	-1,32	-0,01	-5,07	1,09	CO 210		
			min M _z	-2,52	-0,30	0,63	-0,08	8,62	-0,27	CO 209		
			45	1,287	max N	1,95	-0,07	0,46	0,05	-6,40	0,29	CO 200
					min N	-2,46	-0,32	-0,78	-0,11	9,33	0,23	CO 228
					max V _y	1,06	0,07	0,27	0,03	-3,95	0,19	CO 202
					min V _y	-2,44	-0,32	-0,81	-0,10	9,20	0,24	CO 208
		max V _z	1,56	-0,11	0,48	-0,01	-5,62	1,23	CO 210			
		min V _z	-2,44	-0,32	-0,81	-0,10	9,20	0,24	CO 208			
		max M _y	-2,46	-0,32	-0,78	-0,11	9,33	0,23	CO 228			
		min M _y	1,94	-0,07	0,46	0,05	-6,42	0,29	CO 220			
		max M _z	1,56	-0,11	0,48	-0,01	-5,62	1,23	CO 210			
		min M _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00				
91	0,000	Max N	2,38	-0,08	-1,65	0,05	-5,63	0,18	CO 200			
91	0,000	Min N	-2,67	-0,33	0,66	-0,12	9,41	-0,21	CO 228			
45	1,287	Max V _y	1,06	0,07	0,27	0,03	-3,95	0,19	CO 202			
91	0,000	Min V _y	-2,64	-0,33	0,62	-0,12	9,33	-0,20	CO 208			
91	0,000	Max V _z	-1,64	-0,18	0,98	-0,06	5,11	-0,16	CO 225			
91	0,000	Min V _z	1,06	0,05	-2,09	0,03	-1,39	0,21	CO 223			
		0,644	Max M _y	-2,57	-0,33	-0,06	-0,11	9,60	0,01	CO 228		
45	1,287	Min M _y	1,94	-0,07	0,46	0,05	-6,42	0,29	CO 220			
45	1,287	Max M _z	1,56	-0,11	0,48	-0,01	-5,62	1,23	CO 210			
91	0,000	Min M _z	-2,52	-0,30	0,63	-0,08	8,62	-0,27	CO 209			
147	45	0,000	max N	1,95	0,49	0,47	0,05	-6,38	0,29	CO 200		
			min N	-2,46	-0,14	-0,82	-0,11	9,30	0,23	CO 228		
			max V _y	1,56	0,99	0,52	-0,01	-5,61	1,23	CO 210		

			min V _y	-2,22	-0,14	-0,78	-0,09	8,21	0,16	CO 226
			max V _z	1,56	0,99	0,52	-0,01	-5,61	1,23	CO 210
			min V _z	-2,46	-0,14	-0,82	-0,11	9,30	0,23	CO 228
			max M _y	-2,46	-0,14	-0,82	-0,11	9,30	0,23	CO 228
			min M _y	1,94	0,49	0,47	0,05	-6,40	0,29	CO 220
			max M _z	1,56	0,99	0,52	-0,01	-5,61	1,23	CO 210
			min M _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
24	0,471		max N	1,80	0,50	1,24	0,05	-5,98	0,06	CO 200
			min N	-2,38	-0,13	-1,34	-0,10	8,80	0,30	CO 228
			max V _y	1,44	0,99	1,18	-0,01	-5,21	0,76	CO 210
			min V _y	-2,13	-0,14	-1,30	-0,09	7,72	0,23	CO 226
			max V _z	1,80	0,50	1,24	0,05	-5,98	0,06	CO 200
			min V _z	-2,38	-0,13	-1,34	-0,10	8,80	0,30	CO 228
			max M _y	-2,38	-0,13	-1,34	-0,10	8,80	0,30	CO 228
			min M _y	1,80	0,50	1,24	0,05	-6,00	0,06	CO 220
			max M _z	0,56	0,84	0,99	-0,03	-2,80	0,82	CO 212
			min M _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
45	0,000		Max N	1,95	0,49	0,47	0,05	-6,38	0,29	CO 200
45	0,000		Min N	-2,46	-0,14	-0,82	-0,11	9,30	0,23	CO 228
45	0,000		Max V _y	1,56	0,99	0,52	-0,01	-5,61	1,23	CO 210
45	0,000		Min V _y	-2,22	-0,14	-0,78	-0,09	8,21	0,16	CO 226
24	0,471		Max V _z	1,80	0,50	1,24	0,05	-5,98	0,06	CO 200
24	0,471		Min V _z	-2,38	-0,13	-1,34	-0,10	8,80	0,30	CO 228
45	0,000		Max M _y	-2,46	-0,14	-0,82	-0,11	9,30	0,23	CO 228
45	0,000		Min M _y	1,94	0,49	0,47	0,05	-6,40	0,29	CO 220
45	0,000		Max M _z	1,56	0,99	0,52	-0,01	-5,61	1,23	CO 210
45	0,000		Min M _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
153	93	0,000	max N	2,18	0,54	-3,85	-0,02	-1,36	0,89	CO 200
			min N	-2,70	-0,10	2,79	0,00	5,05	-0,54	CO 228
			max V _y	1,80	0,99	-3,41	-0,02	-1,04	1,03	CO 210
			min V _y	-2,46	-0,11	2,80	0,00	4,00	-0,48	CO 226
			max V _z	-2,46	-0,11	2,80	0,00	4,00	-0,48	CO 226
			min V _z	1,25	0,35	-3,89	-0,01	0,85	0,58	CO 222
			max M _y	-2,70	-0,10	2,79	0,00	5,05	-0,54	CO 228
			min M _y	2,17	0,55	-3,85	-0,02	-1,39	0,89	CO 220
			max M _z	1,80	0,99	-3,41	-0,02	-1,04	1,03	CO 210
			min M _z	-2,70	-0,10	2,79	0,00	5,05	-0,54	CO 228
144	0,907		max N	1,83	0,52	-2,54	0,04	-4,26	0,40	CO 200
			min N	-2,45	-0,11	2,07	-0,05	7,25	-0,44	CO 228
			max V _y	1,48	0,99	-2,30	0,03	-3,63	0,13	CO 210
			min V _y	-2,20	-0,12	2,05	-0,05	6,20	-0,37	CO 226
			max V _z	-2,45	-0,11	2,07	-0,05	7,25	-0,44	CO 228
			min V _z	1,83	0,52	-2,54	0,04	-4,26	0,40	CO 200
			max M _y	-2,45	-0,11	2,07	-0,05	7,25	-0,44	CO 228
			min M _y	1,83	0,53	-2,54	0,04	-4,29	0,40	CO 220
			max M _z	1,83	0,53	-2,54	0,04	-4,29	0,40	CO 220
			min M _z	-2,45	-0,11	2,07	-0,05	7,25	-0,44	CO 228
24	1,813		max N	1,78	0,50	-1,24	0,06	-5,98	-0,06	CO 200
			min N	-2,37	-0,13	1,34	-0,10	8,80	-0,31	CO 228
			max V _y	1,42	0,99	-1,18	0,01	-5,21	-0,76	CO 210
			min V _y	-2,12	-0,14	1,30	-0,09	7,72	-0,23	CO 226
			max V _z	-2,37	-0,13	1,34	-0,10	8,80	-0,31	CO 228
			min V _z	1,78	0,50	-1,24	0,06	-5,98	-0,06	CO 200
			max M _y	-2,37	-0,13	1,34	-0,10	8,80	-0,31	CO 228
			min M _y	1,78	0,50	-1,24	0,06	-6,00	-0,06	CO 220
			max M _z	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	
			min M _z	0,54	0,84	-0,99	-0,02	-2,80	-0,82	CO 212
93	0,000		Max N	2,18	0,54	-3,85	-0,02	-1,36	0,89	CO 200
93	0,000		Min N	-2,70	-0,10	2,79	0,00	5,05	-0,54	CO 228
93	0,000		Max V _y	1,80	0,99	-3,41	-0,02	-1,04	1,03	CO 210
24	1,813		Min V _y	-2,12	-0,14	1,30	-0,09	7,72	-0,23	CO 226
93	0,000		Max V _z	-2,46	-0,11	2,80	0,00	4,00	-0,48	CO 226
93	0,000		Min V _z	1,25	0,35	-3,89	-0,01	0,85	0,58	CO 222
24	1,813		Max M _y	-2,37	-0,13	1,34	-0,10	8,80	-0,31	CO 228
24	1,813		Min M _y	1,78	0,50	-1,24	0,06	-6,00	-0,06	CO 220
93	0,000		Max M _z	1,80	0,99	-3,41	-0,02	-1,04	1,03	CO 210
24	1,813		Min M _z	0,54	0,84	-0,99	-0,02	-2,80	-0,82	CO 212

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation of CO228 the first marked row in the table

$$N_d = 2.81 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.06 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 1.56 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 9.41 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.19 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(0.06^2 + 1.56^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.52 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.026 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/3 + M_{dy} / h + M_{dz} / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.81/3 + 9.41 / 0.207 + 0.19 / 0.239$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 47.19 \text{ kN}$$

Check

$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

$$\eta = (47.19 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.026 / 0.532 = 0.97 < 1$$

Interaction of moment and transversal force calculation of CO228 the second marked row in the table

$$N_d = 2.57 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dy} = 0.33 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{dz} = 0.06 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{dy} = 9.60 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{dz} = 0.01 \text{ kNm}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(V_{dy}^2 + V_{dz}^2)} = 0.33 * \sqrt{(0.33^2 + 0.06^2)}$$

$$V_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = V_{d, \text{main chord}} * e = 0.11 * 0.05$$

$$M_{d, \text{main chord}} = 0.0055 \text{ kNm}$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = N_d/3 + M_{dy} / h + M_{dz} / b$$

$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 2.57/3 + 9.60 / 0.207 + 0.01 / 0.239$$

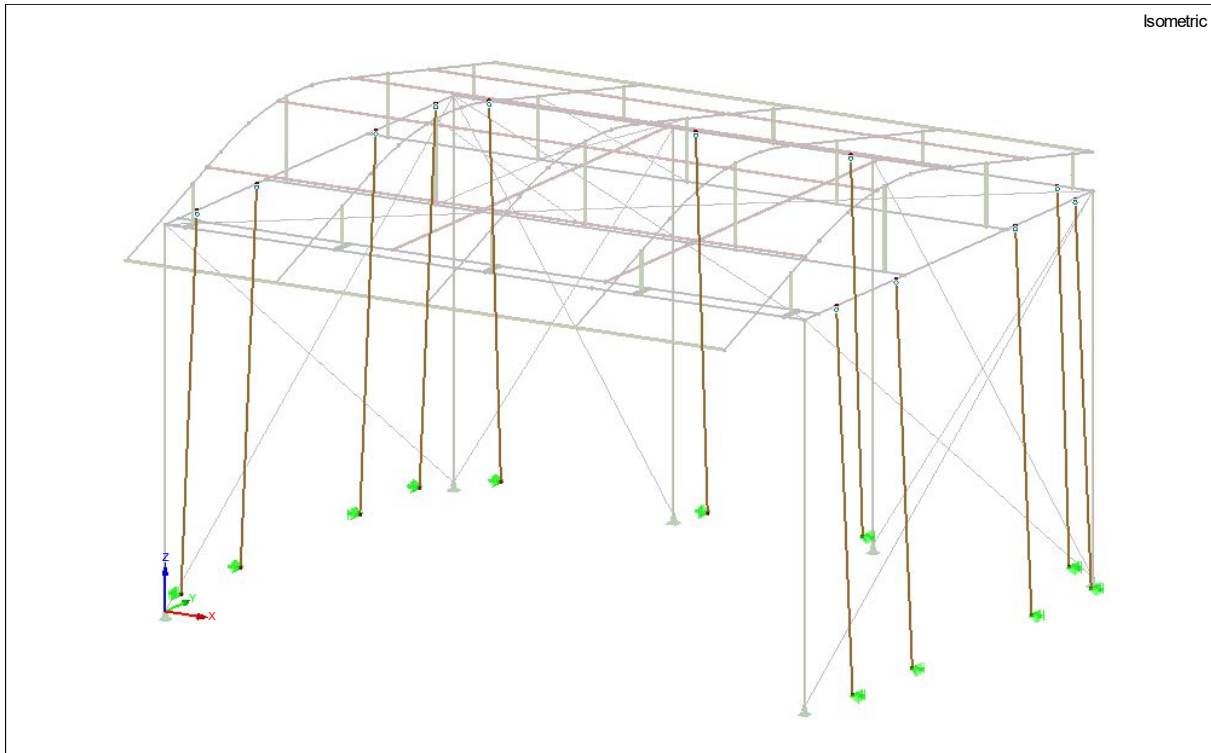
$$N_{d, \text{main chord}} = 47.27 \text{ kN}$$

Check

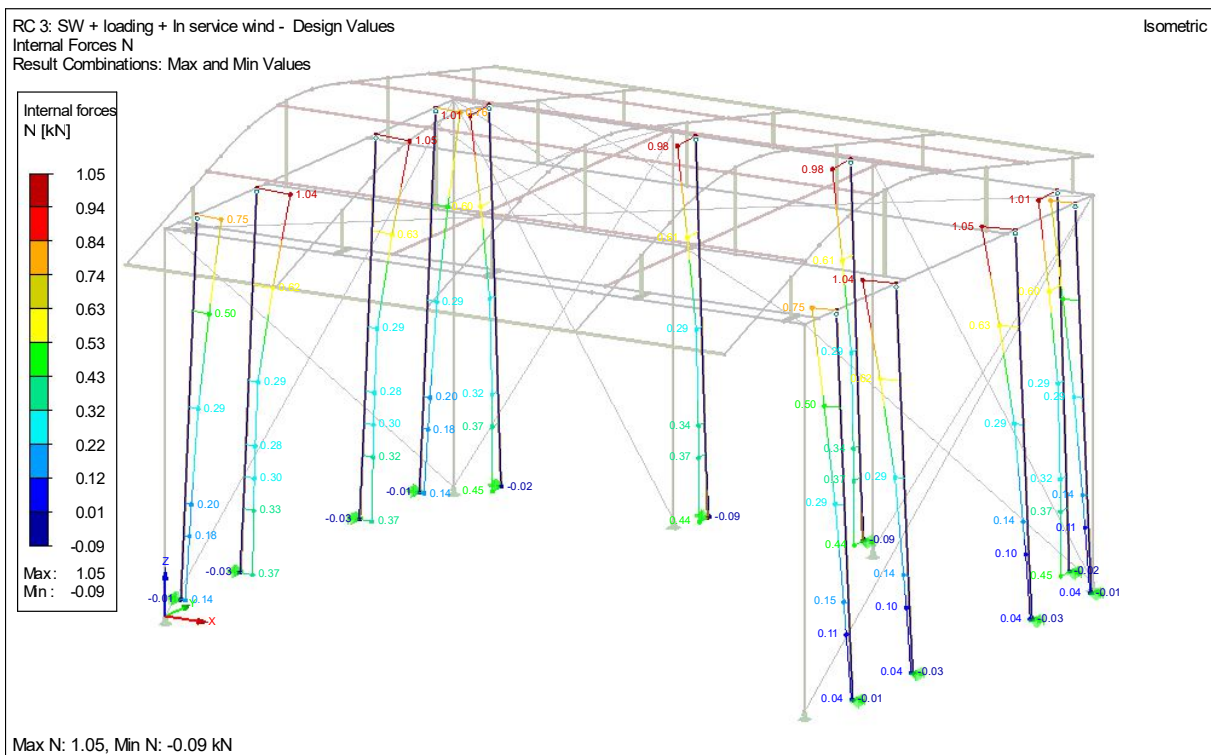
$$\eta = (N_{d, \text{main chord}} / N_{Rd})^{1.3} + M_{d, \text{main chord}} / M_{Rd}$$

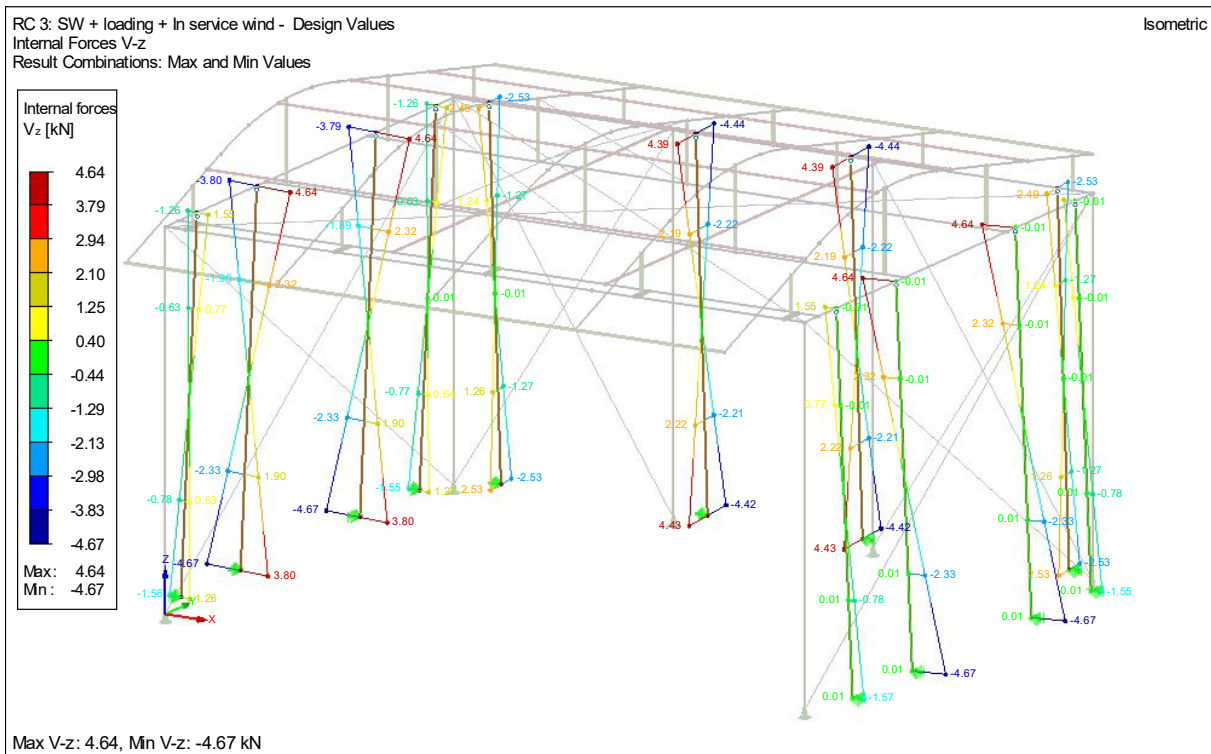
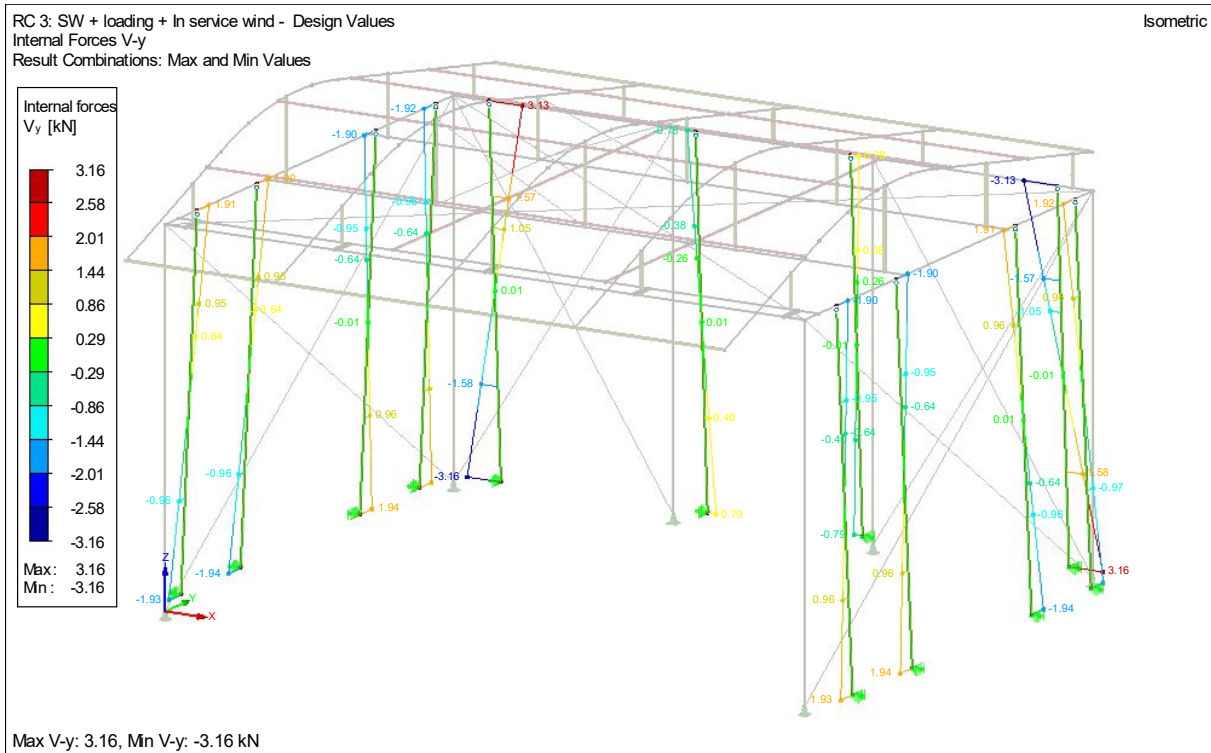
$$\eta = (47.27 / 50.22)^{1.3} + 0.0055 / 0.532 = 0.93 < 1$$

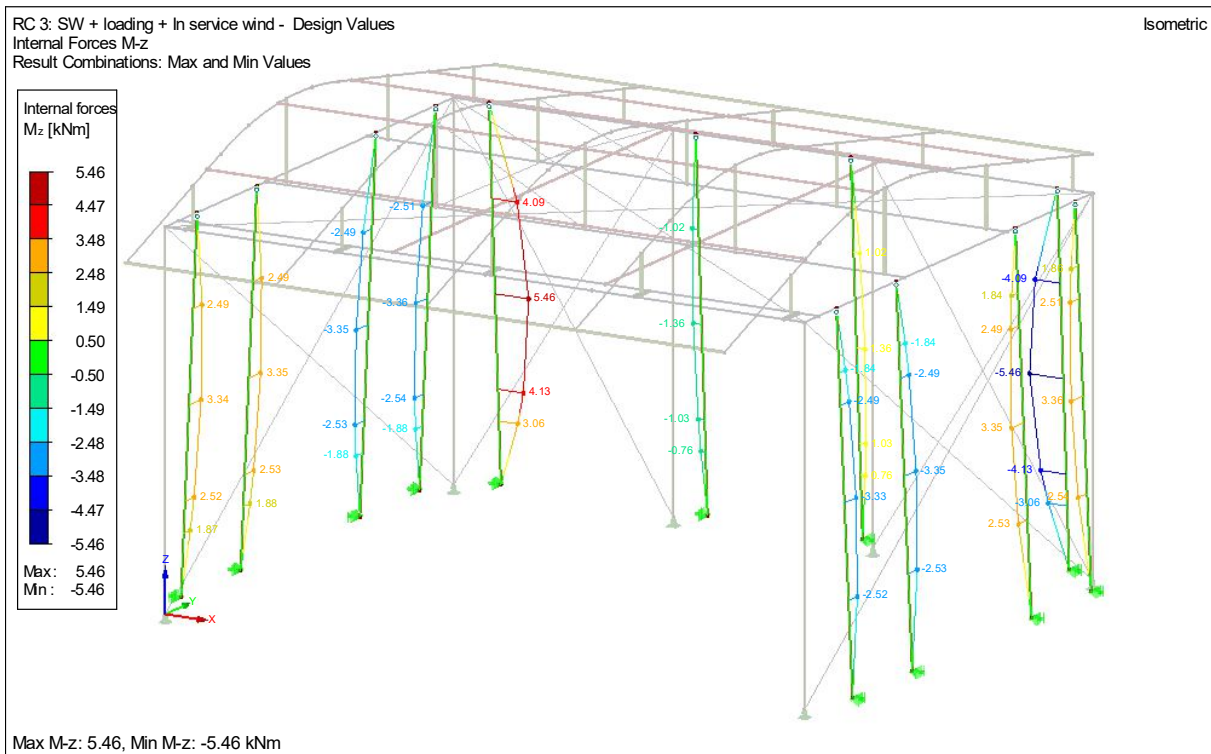
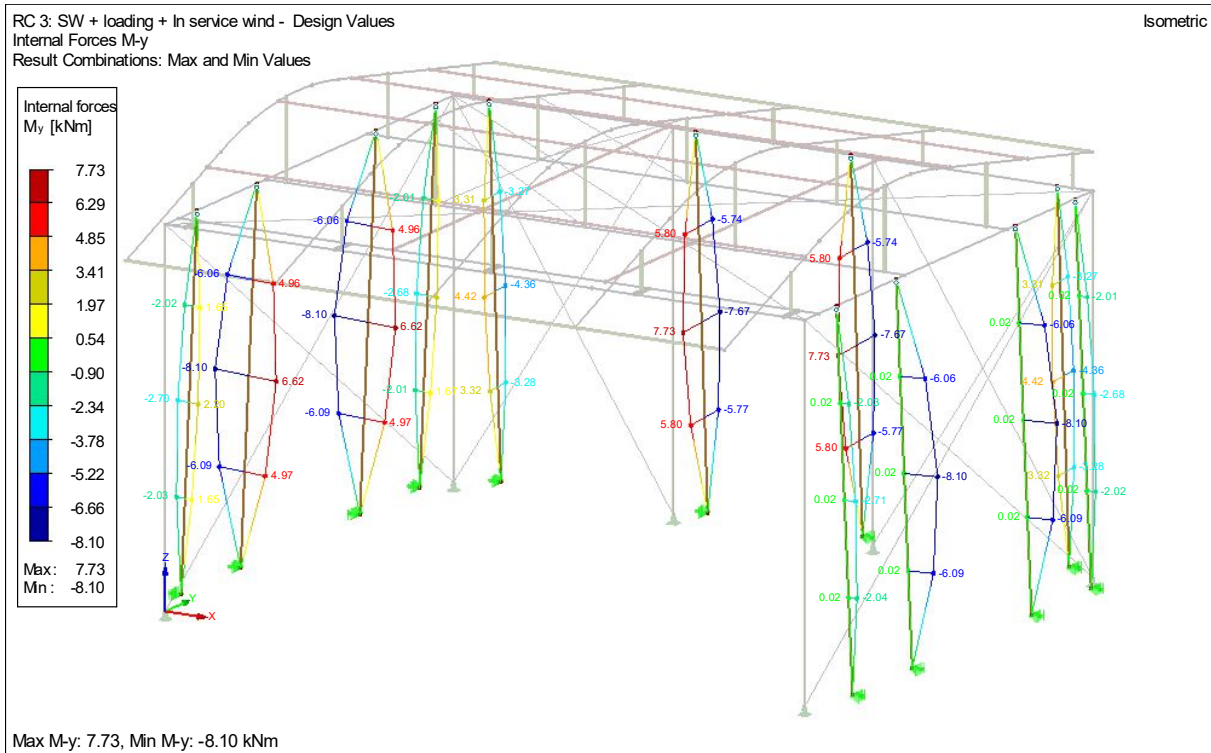
4.8 Check of the Side and back wall kedar system.

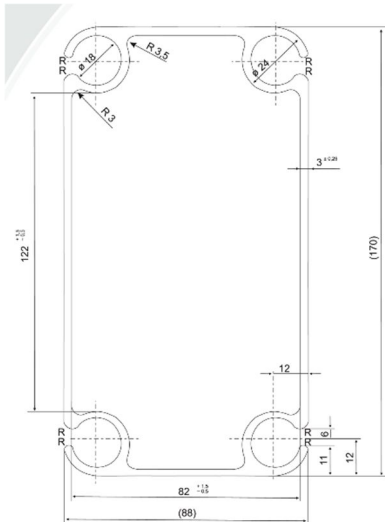


Normative load result is RC3
 Internal forces of the side keder profile for RC3 In service









Cross-Section Properties	
Moments of inertia	
Torsion	J : 100.00 [cm ⁴]
Bending	I _y : 766.50 [cm ⁴]
	I _z : 230.70 [cm ⁴]
Cross-sectional areas	
Axial	A : 18.98 [cm ²]
Shear	A _y : 18.50 [cm ²]
	A _z : 18.50 [cm ²]
Inclination of principal axes	
Angle	α : 0.00 [°]
Overall dimensions (for non-uniform temperature loads)	
Width	b : 170.0 [mm]
Depth	h : 88.0 [mm]

Material = EN AW-6005A

$$f_0 = 21.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$f_{0, \text{ haz}} = 11.5 \text{ Kn/cm}^2$$

$$\gamma_m = 1.1$$

The Check of the profile is make with the maximum forces in the result combination RC3

Weakest cross section

$$A_{\text{nett}} = A_{\text{profil}} - 2 * 30\text{mm hole}$$

$$A_{\text{nett}} = 18.89 - 1.2 = 16.69 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$N_{\text{ed, max}} = 1.07 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{y, \text{ ed max}} = 3.16 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{z, \text{ ed max}} = 4.67 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{y, \text{ ed max}} = 8.09 \text{ kNm}$$

$$M_{z, \text{ ed max}} = 5.46 \text{ kNm}$$

Calculation

$$\sigma_n = N_{\text{ed, max}} / A = 1.07 / 16.69 = 0.043 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vy} = V_{y, \text{ ed max}} / A = 3.16 / 16.69 = 0.126 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{vz} = V_{z, \text{ ed max}} / A = 4.67 / 16.69 = 0.187 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{my} = M_{y, \text{ ed max}} / (I_y / e) = 809 / (1226 / 8.5) = 5.61 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{mz} = M_{z, \text{ ed max}} / (I_z / e) = 546 / (248 / 4.4) = 9.69 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((\sigma_n + \sigma_{my} + \sigma_{mz})^2 + 3 * (\sigma_{vy} + \sigma_{vz})^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{((0.043 + 5.61 + 9.69)^2 + 3 * (0.126 + 0.187)^2)}$$

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = 15.52 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\text{check } \sigma_{\text{tot}} / (f_0 / \gamma_m) < 1$$

$$15.52 / (11.5 / 1.1) = 0.76 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole of the profile in the joint.

Maximum normal force 1.07 kN

$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 11.5 * 3 * 0.3) / 1.25 = 20.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,ed} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

$$1.07 / 20.7 = 0.05 < 1$$

Check of the bearing force in the hole at the top roof adapter

Maximum normal force 1.07 kN

Maximum shear force 4.63 kN

$$V_{d, pin} = \sqrt{(N^2 + V^2)} = \sqrt{(1.07^2 + 4.63^2)} = 4.79 \text{ kN}$$

This force will be divided over two side = $4.79 / 2 = 2.396 \text{ kN}$

$$F_{b,rd} = (k_1 * \alpha_b * f_u * d * t) / 1.25 = (2.5 * 1 * 11.5 * 3 * 0.3) / 1.25 = 20.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_{b,ed} / F_{b,rd} < 1$$

$$2.396 / 20.7 = 0.11 < 1$$

4.9 Check of the top adapter.

For the attachment to the top 3 different types of adapters are use

BACKWALL ADAPTER

REMARKS : DRW. 2016020-003

PROJECT AS : 2016020

CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EGELS VERHUUR

STATUS :

DESCRIPTION :

UNIT : MM

IM

www.im-steel.com

SIDE WALL ADAPTER

REMARKS : DRW. 2016020-004 SHEET 1/2

PROJECT AS : 2016020

CUSTOMER : GIOVANNI EGELS VERHUUR

STATUS :

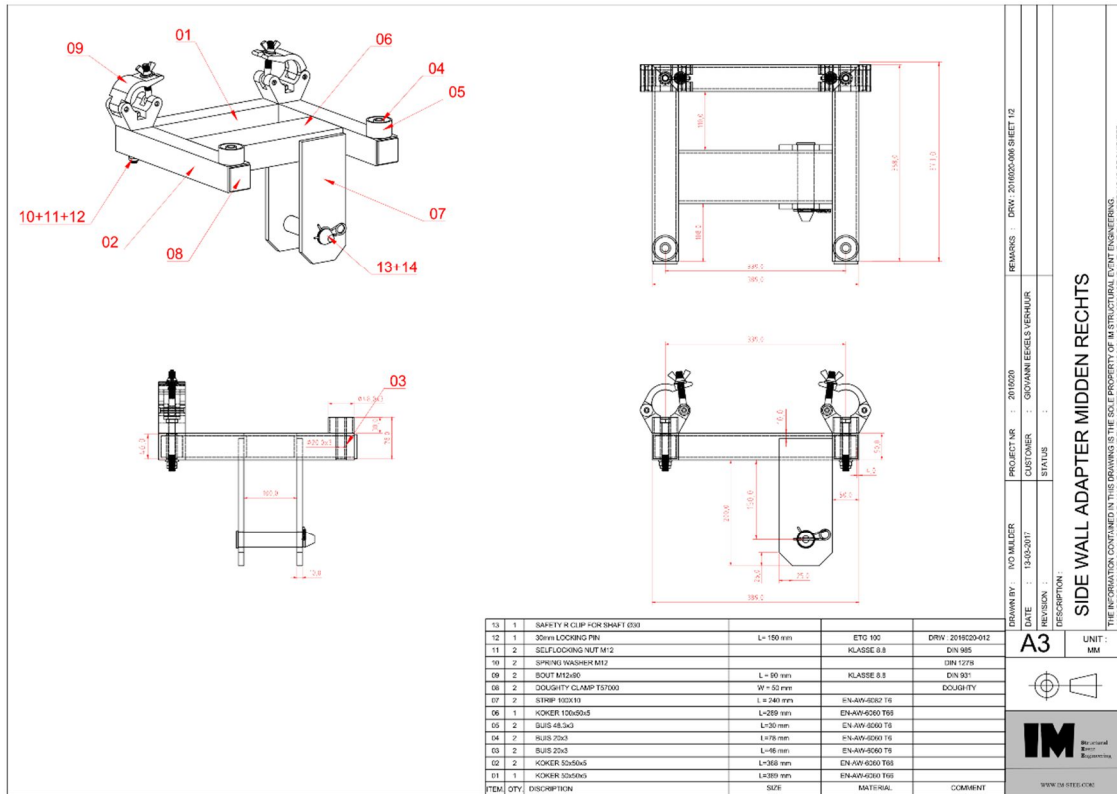
DESCRIPTION :

UNIT : MM

IM

www.im-steel.com

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT
00	1	SAFETY R CLIP FOR SHAFT Ø30			
01	1	30mm LOCKING PIN	L= 100 mm	ETO 102	DRW. 2016020-012
02	4	SELF LOCKING NUT M12		KLASSE 8.8	DN 985
03	4	SHRIMP WASHER M12		DN 1276	
04	4	SOULT M12x50	L= 50 mm	KLASSE 8.8	DN 982
05	4	DOUGHTY CLAMP F57000	W= 50 mm		DOUGHTY
06	2	STRIP 100x10	L= 240 mm	EN-AW-6062 T6	
07	1	KOKER 130x50x5	L=289 mm	EN-AW-6060 T69	
08	4	BUSH 23x3	L=40 mm	EN-AW-6060 T6	
09	4	KOKER 52x50x5	L=289 mm	EN-AW-6060 T69	



Check of the doughty clamp

The maximum force normal force in one of the adapters is 1.07 kN

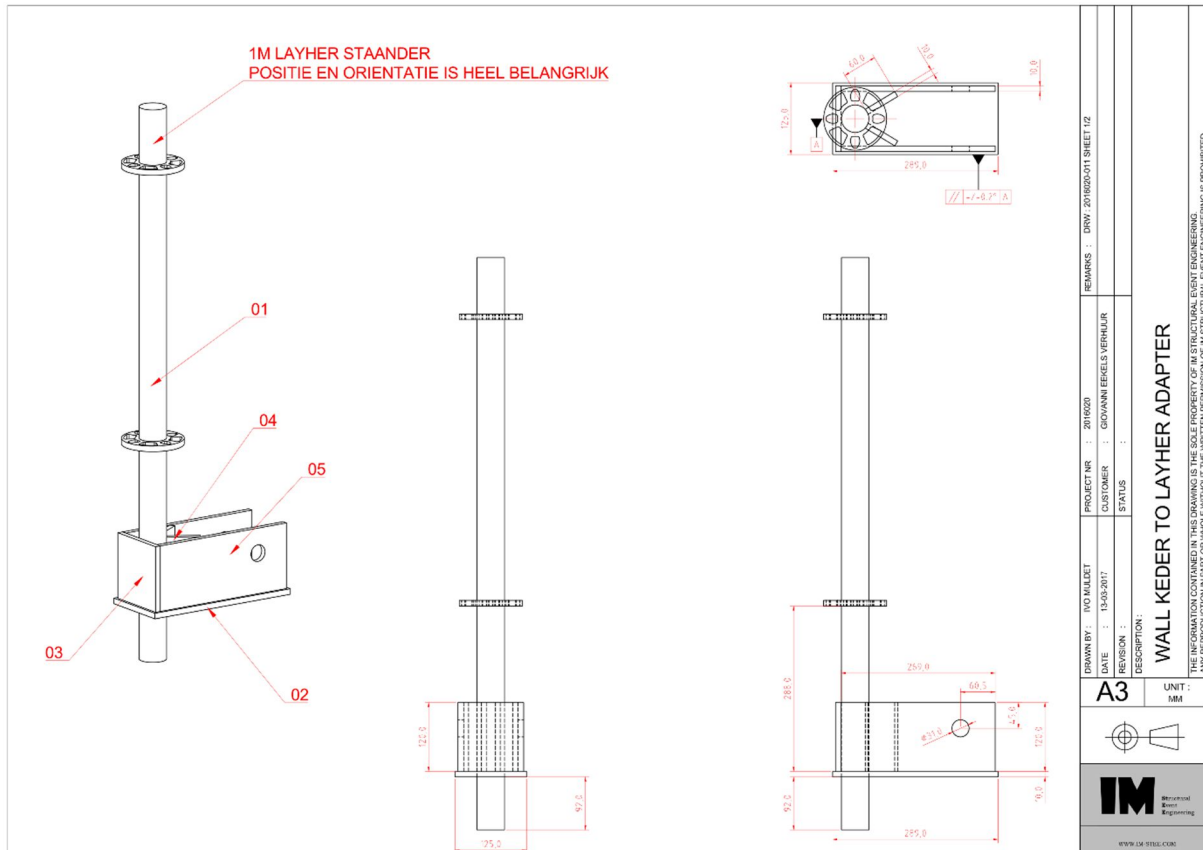
The maximum shear force to the 4.79 kN

Force on the doughty clamp

$$N_{ed} / 2 + V_{ed} * 15 / 23.9 = 1.07 / 2 + 4.79 * 15 / 23.9 = 3.54 \text{ kN}$$

The adapter is mounted with a minimum of two doughty clamps to the main grid. Each Doughty clamp has a WLL of 500 kg and a safety factor of 5.

4.10 Check of wall kedar Layher adapter



Maximum forces from the side and back wall profiles on the Layher connection

$$V_{ed} = 4.67 \text{ kN}$$

The adapter will be connected to the Layher stage with the use of a connection pin from Layher.

Dimensions of connection pin RRO 38 x 3.6 S275

Material = S275 J0H

$$F_y = 27.5 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\gamma_{m0} = 1$$

Maximum allowable shear stress

$$V_{rd} = A_v * (f_y / \sqrt{3}) * (1 / \gamma_{m0})$$

$$V_{rd} = 3.89 * (27.5 / \sqrt{3}) = 61.79 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{ed} / V_{rd} < 1$$

$$4.67 / 61.79 = 0.07 < 1$$

Normative result combination is RC6 Out service
Maximum steel wire force is 17.18 kN.

For the steel wire is a safety factor required of 3.5
Required steel wire 6x36 with steel core $\sigma = 1770 \text{ kN/mm}^2$
Diameter 10 mm with minimum breaking strength of 63 kN
Check $63 / 3.5 = 18 \text{ kN} > 17.18 \text{ kN}$

The connection to the top is done by the use of a 2 T steel flex in combination with a 3.25 T shackle.

The required retched strap to tension the steel wire need a minimum LC of 5000 daN in a straight line.
According to the EN-12195-2.

5.0 Calculation of the Layher System.

The staging system is built from the Layher scaffolding system. The type of Layher which is used in General is the K2000+ system. All the design figures which are taken into account in this calculation are taken from the K2000+.

For the calculation of the Layher system there are 4 different situations calculated. These are chosen from the in-service situation, due to the fact that they have the side and back wall still attached and will generate the highest loading on the Layher system.

The different forces are taken from the load combinations

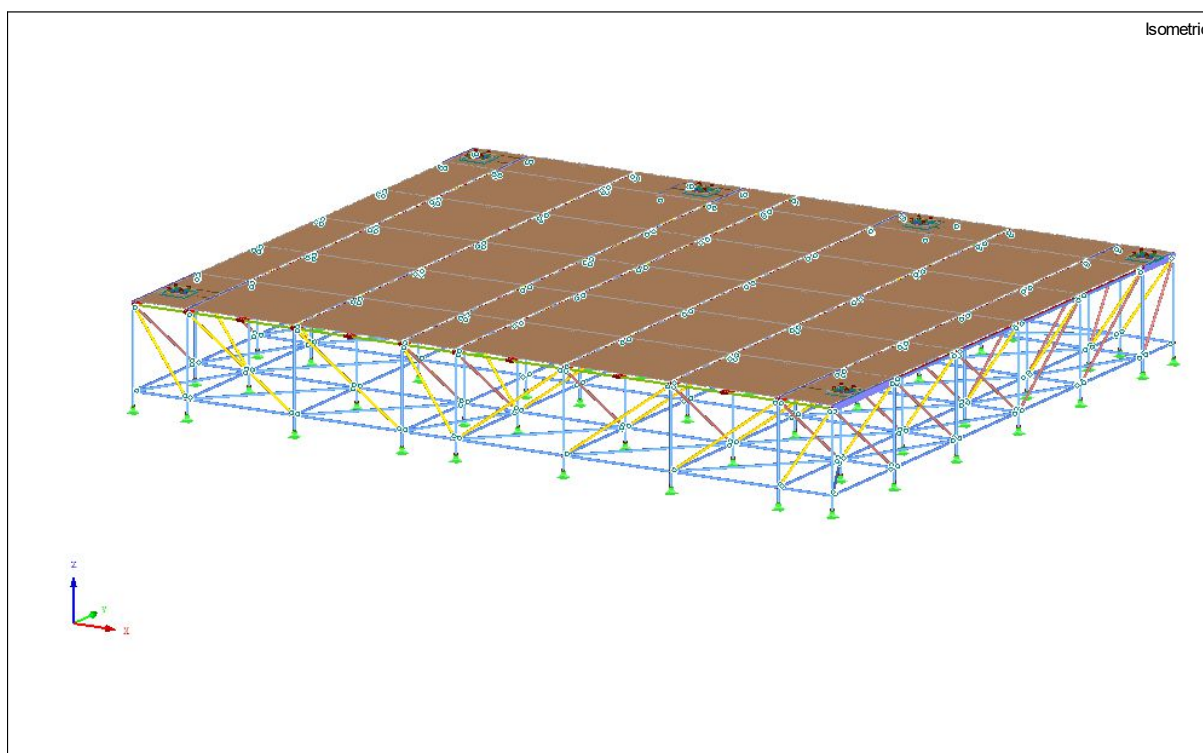
- : CO53
- : CO163
- : CO174
- : CO184

5.1 RFem Layher stage Model

For the Layher stage a separate model is constructed in the RFem program.

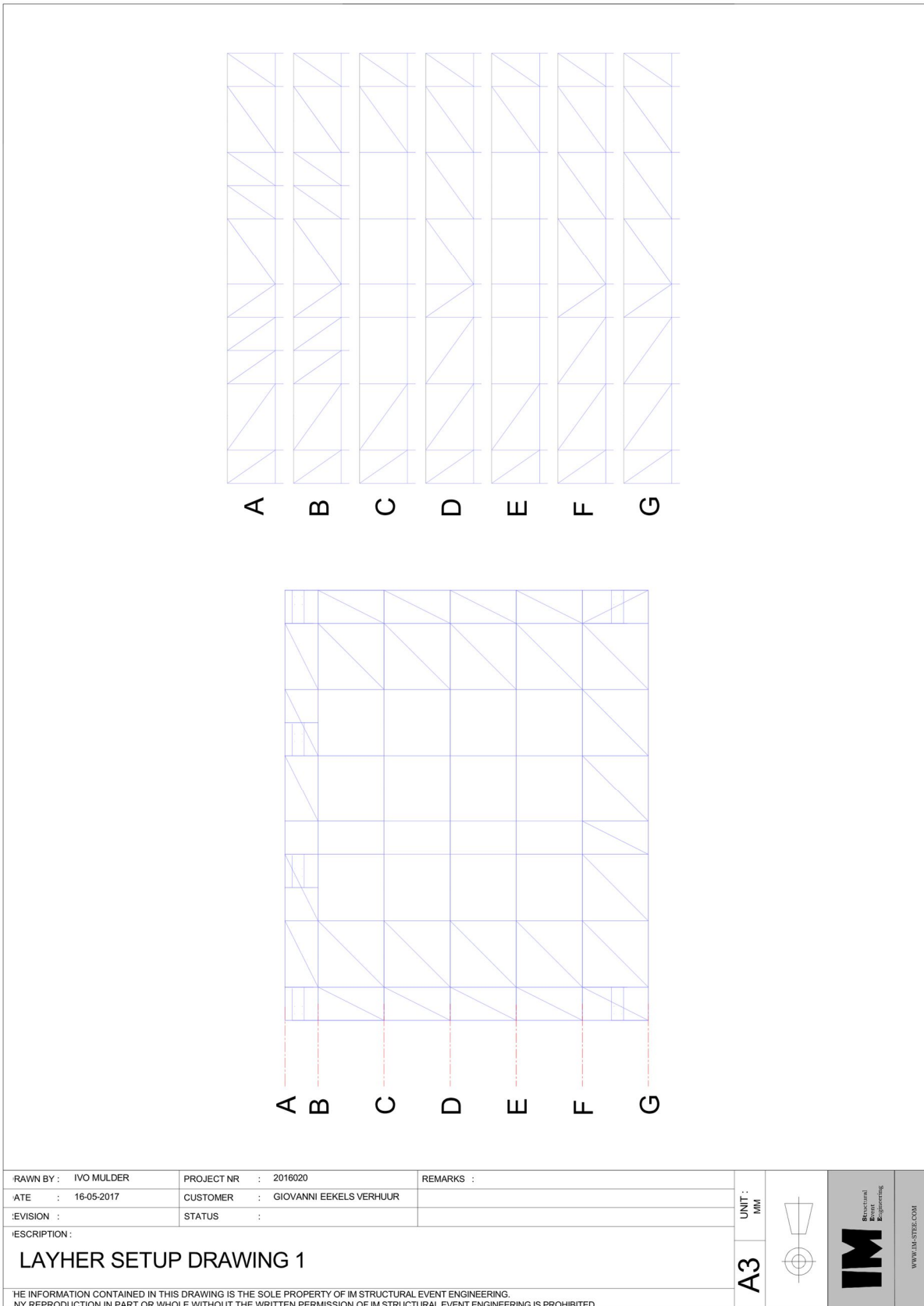
In this model the forces of the different load combinations are set as forces on the different node positions. The result calculations will be compared with the Layher design forces as shown in chapter 5.2 Layher Design values.

5.1.1 The Layher construction scheme.

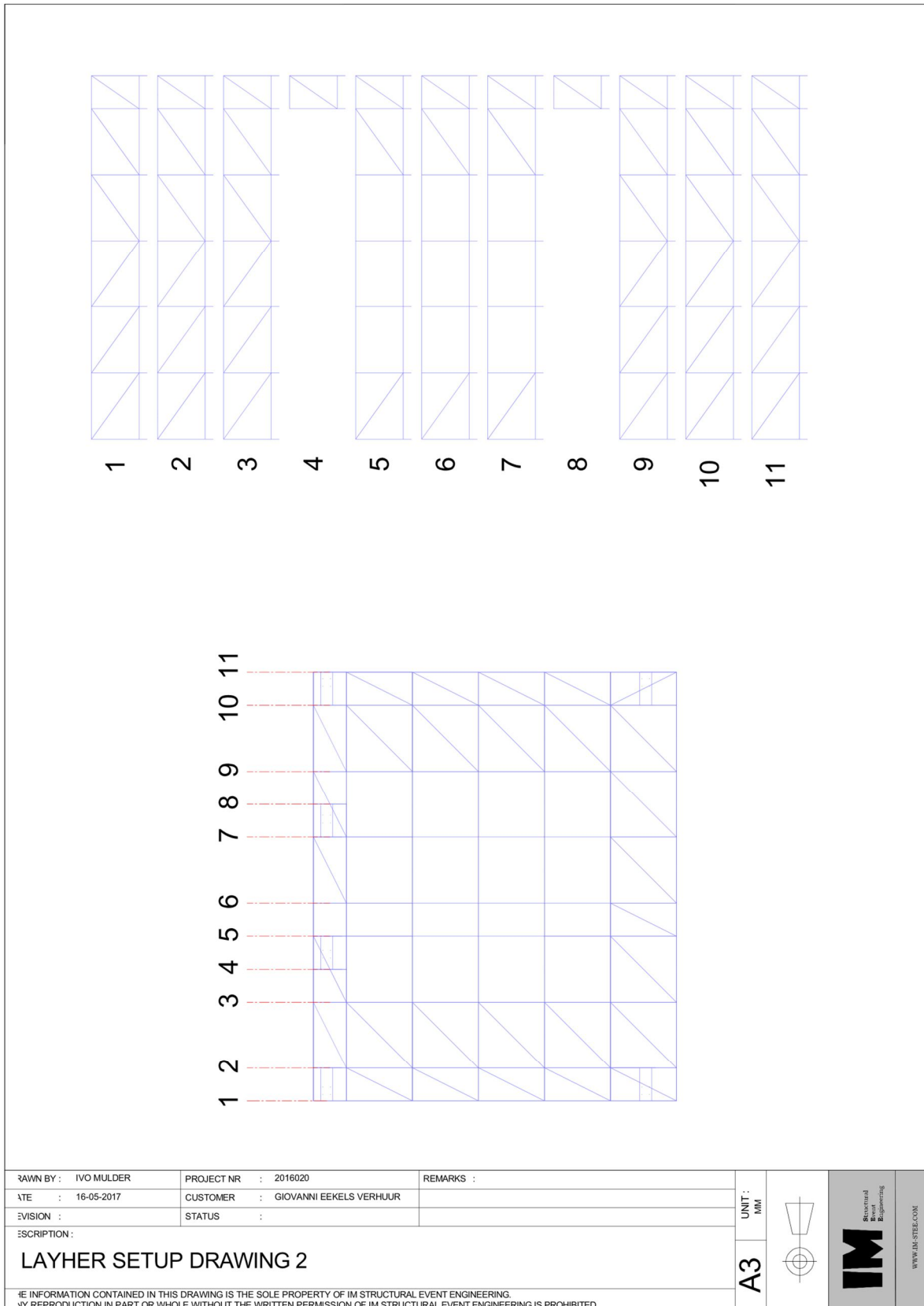


5.1.2 Layer setup

Layer plan drawing 1



Layher plan drawing 2



5.1.3 used materials

Material No.	Material Description	Modulus of Elasticity E [kN/cm ²]	Shear Modulus G [kN/cm ²]	Poisson's Ratio ν [-]	Specific Weight γ [kN/m ³]	Coeff. of Th. Exp. α [1/°C]	Partial Factor γ _M [-]	Material Model
1	Steel S 235 DIN EN 1993-1-1:2010-12	21000,00	8100,00	0,296	78,50	1,20E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
2	Plywood, Class F20/10 E40/20, Plate Stress, Perpendicular EN 12369-2:2011-06	200,00	3,50	3,286	5,00	5,00E-06	1,200	Orthotropic Elastic 2D...
3	Aluminum EN-AW 6005A (EP/O,ER/B) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic
4	Aluminum EN-AW 6082 (EP,ET) T6 EN 1999-1-1:2007	7000,00	2700,00	0,296	27,00	2,30E-05	1,000	Isotropic Linear Elastic

5.1.4 Used cross sections

Section No.	Cross-Section Description [mm]	Material No.	Moments of inertia [cm ⁴]			Cross-Sectional Areas [cm ²]			Principal Axes α [°]	Rotation α' [°]	Overall Dimensions [mm]	
			Torsion J	Bending I _y	Bending I _z	Axial A	Shear A _y	Shear A _z			Width b	Depth h
1	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
2	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
3	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	1	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3
4	EV transom	3	50,00	554,00	70,00	18,78	18,00	18,00	0,00	0,00	49,0	172,5
5	HK 50/30/4/4/4/4	3	16,87	17,67	7,52	5,76	1,62	3,48	0,00	0,00	30,0	50,0
6	RRO 120x60x6.3 (Hot Formed)	1	290,00	358,00	116,00	20,70	4,54	13,22	0,00	0,00	60,0	120,0
7	RRO 120x80x6.3 (Hot Formed)	1	487,00	440,00	230,00	23,20	6,99	12,93	0,00	0,00	80,0	120,0
8	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)	4	23,20	11,60	11,60	4,53	2,26	2,26	0,00	0,00	48,3	48,3

5.1.5 solved load cases, load combinations and result combinations.

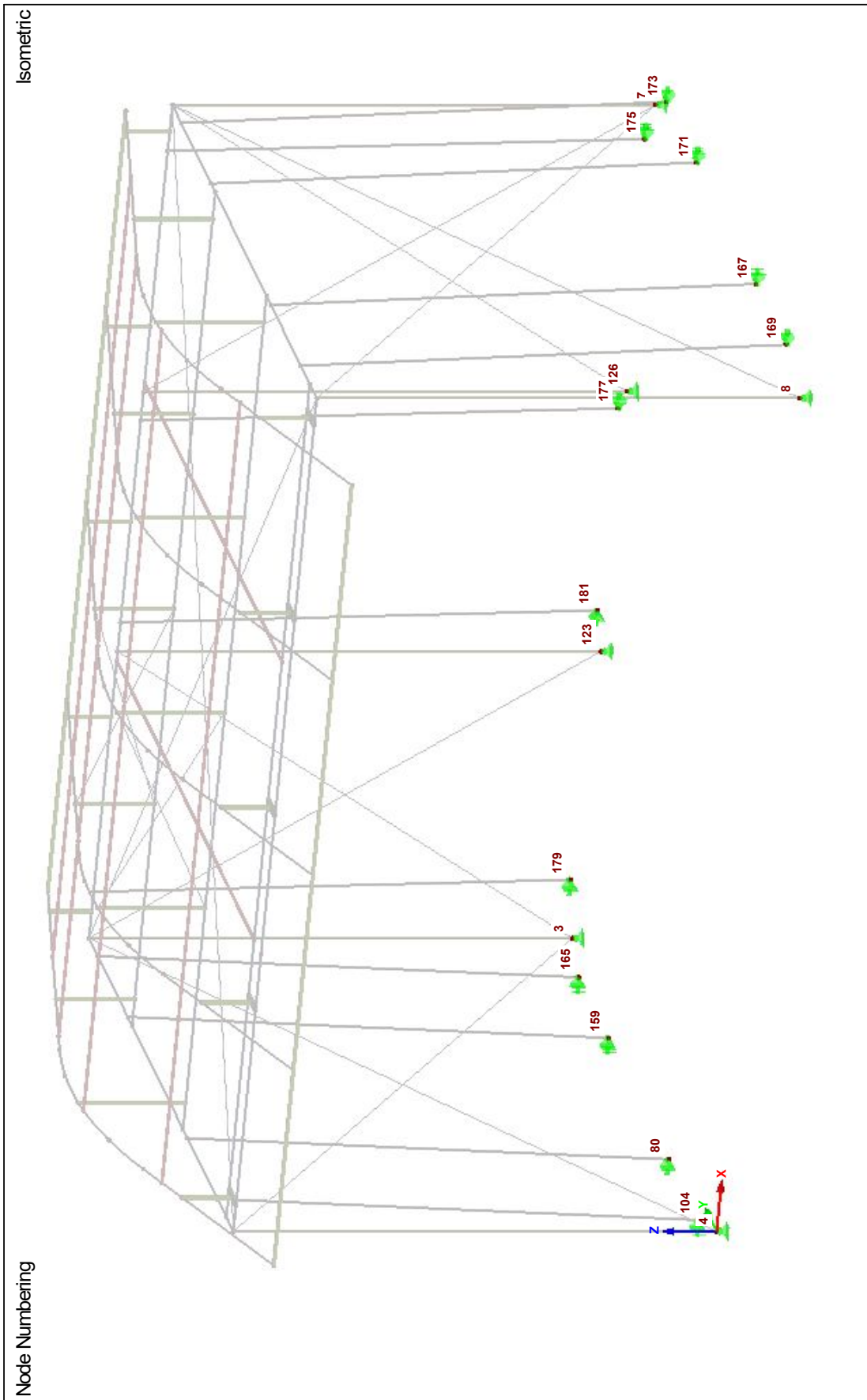
Load Case	Load Case Description	To Solve	EN 1990 NEN Action Category	Self-Weight - Factor in Direction			
				Active	X	Y	Z
LC1	Self-weight	+	Permanent	+	0,000	0,000	-1,000
LC2	floor load of 350 Kg/m ²	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC3	Nodel support forces from CO53	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC4	Nodel support forces from CO164	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC5	Nodel support forces from CO174	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000
LC6	Nodel support forces from CO184	+	Permanent/Imposed	-	0,000	0,000	0,000

Load Combin.	DS	Load Combination Description	To Solve	LC.1		LC.2		LC.3	
				Factor	No.	Factor	No.	Factor	No.
CO1	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC3	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC3
CO2	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC4	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC4
CO3	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC5
CO4	0	1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC6	+	1,150	LC1	1,350	LC2	1,350	LC6
CO5									
CO10	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC3	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,000	LC3
CO11	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC4	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,000	LC4
CO12	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC5	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,000	LC5
CO13	0	LC1 + LC2 + LC6	+	1,000	LC1	1,000	LC2	1,000	LC6

RC1 : CO1-CO4

RC2 : CO10-CO13

5.1.6 Nodal support points numbering of main roof construction.

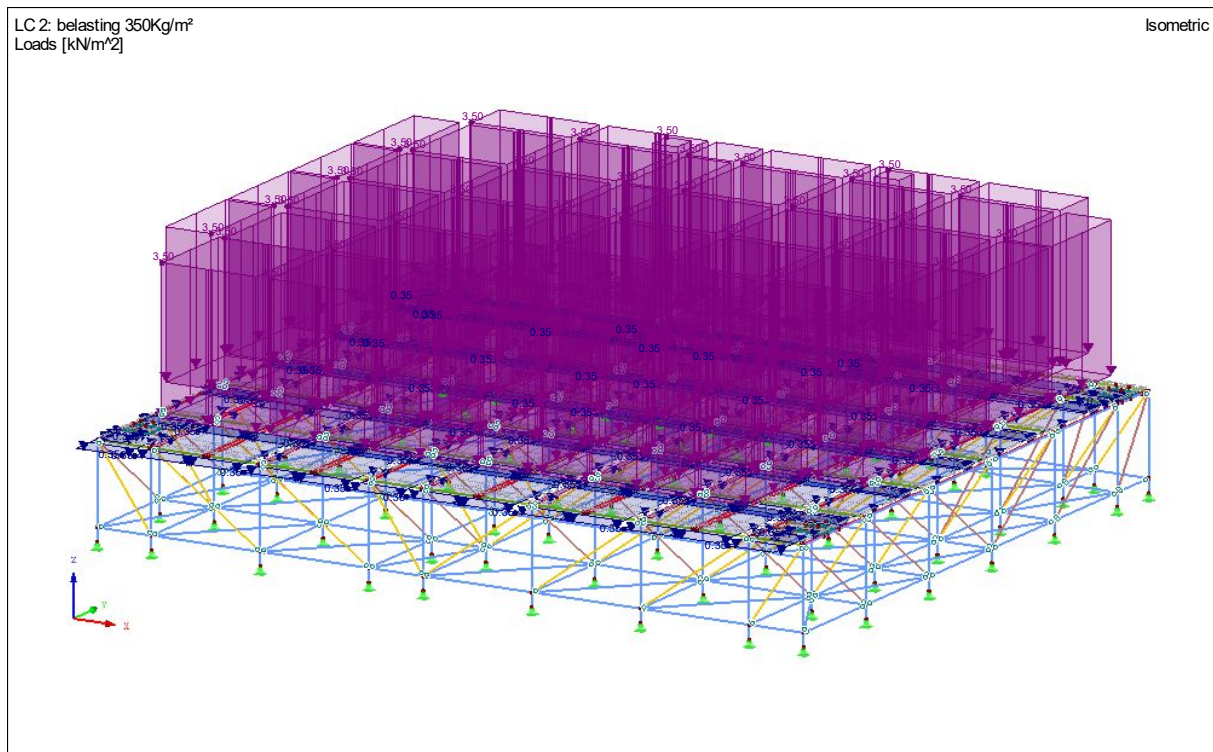


5.2 Loading Input

5.2.1 Loading of the stage

The floor loading which is taken into account is 350 kg/m^2 which is according to the EN-13814.

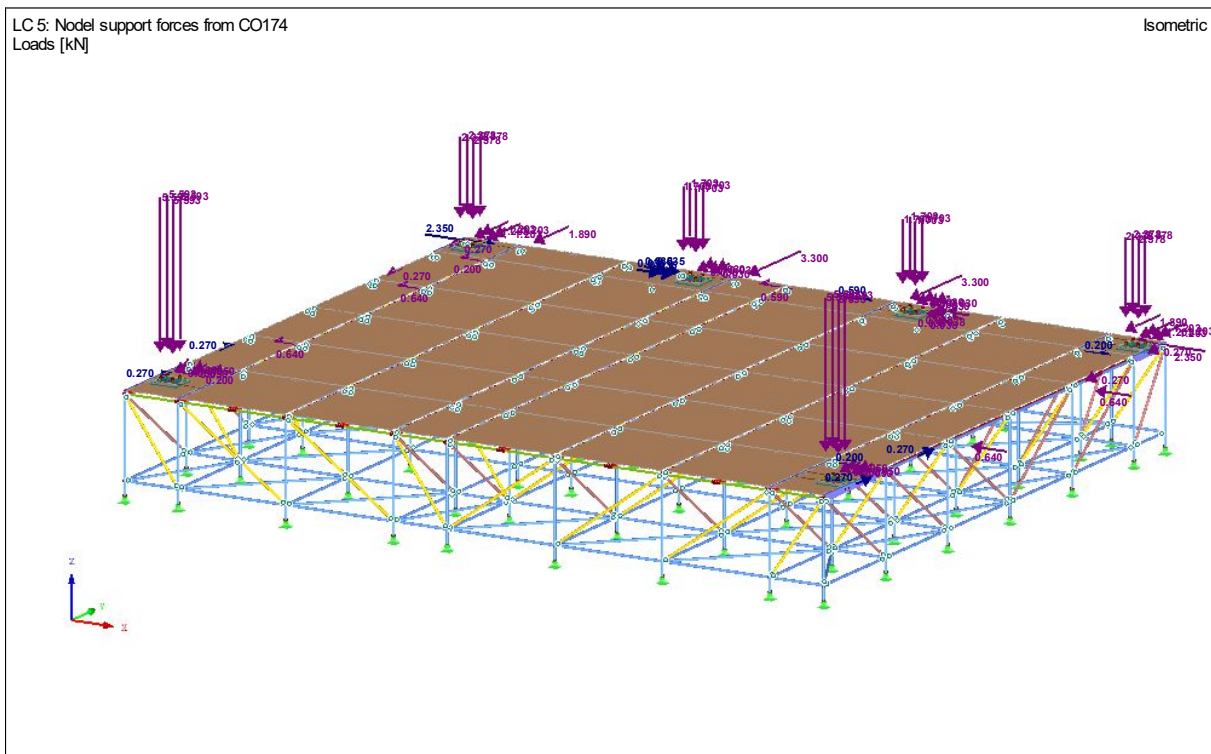
For the horizontal stability check an extra loading of 10% of the vertical loading is set as a horizontal force.



5.2.4 nodal forces load combination CO174

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	0,00	-4,81	-9,51	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,00	-0,20	-22,37	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	0,00	-4,81	-9,50	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	0,00	-0,20	-22,36	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	-0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	-0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	0,14	-0,12	-6,81	0,00	0,00	-0,03
126	-0,15	-0,12	-6,85	0,00	0,00	0,03
159	-0,64	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
165	-0,20	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
171	0,64	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	0,20	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	-2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
177	0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,01
179	2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
181	-0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	-0,01
Σ Forces	0,00	-20,67	-77,40			
Σ Loads	0,00	-20,67	-77,40			

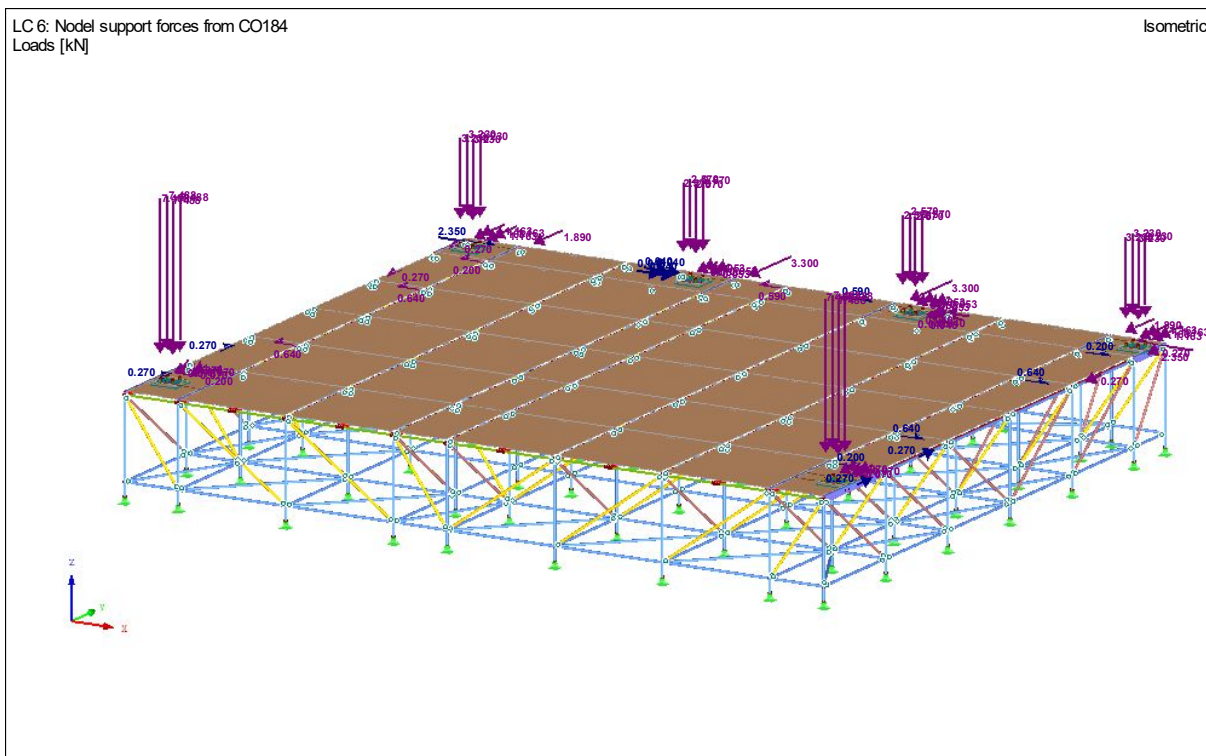
Load input in Layher stage model.



5.2.5 nodal forces load combination CO184

Node No.	Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
	P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	0,00	-4,65	-12,92	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	0,01	-0,28	-29,95	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	0,00	-4,66	-12,90	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	0,00	-0,27	-29,95	0,00	0,00	0,00
80	-0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
104	-0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	0,15	-0,21	-10,28	0,00	0,00	-0,03
126	-0,16	-0,21	-10,30	0,00	0,00	0,03
159	-0,64	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
165	-0,20	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
167	0,64	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
169	0,20	0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
171	0,64	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
173	0,20	-0,27	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00
175	-2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	-0,01
177	0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,01
179	2,35	-1,89	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,01
181	-0,59	-3,30	0,00	0,00	0,00	-0,01
Σ Forces	0,00	-20,67	-106,32			
Σ Loads	0,00	-20,67	-106,32			

Load input in Layher stage model.



5.3 Results of the Calculation.

Description	Value	Unit	Comment
Summary			
Calculation Status	OK		
Maximum displacement in X-direction	2,9	mm	CO2, FE Node No. 2390 (X: 8.079, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	3,4	mm	CO2, Member No. 709, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-19,6	mm	CO4, FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,7	mm	CO2, FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-31,5	mrاد	CO3, FE Node No. 2420 (X: 3.625, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-43,1	mrاد	CO4, FE Node No. 4669 (X: 0.830, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,4	mrاد	CO1, Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Number of 1D finite elements (member elements)	5573		
Number of 2D finite elements (surface elements)	5568		
Number of 3D finite elements (solid elements)	0		
Number of FE nodes	8061		
Number of equations	48366		
Matrix solver method	Direct		
Maximum number of iterations	100		
Number of divisions for member results	10		
Number of divisions of members with cable, elastic foundation, taper, or plastic characteristic	10		
Activate shear stiffness of members (A-y, A-z)	+		
Plate bending theory	Mindlin		
Precision of convergence criteria of nonlinear calculation	1,0		

Results per load case and Load combination

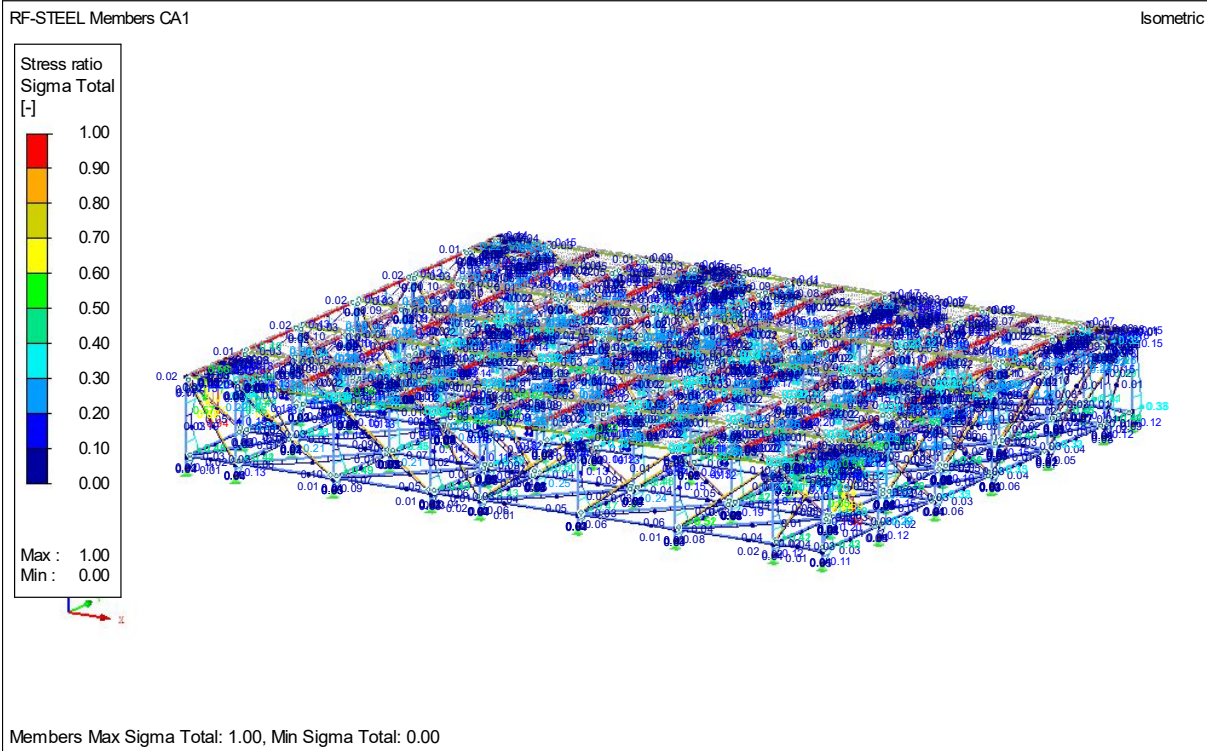
Description	Value	Unit	Comment
LC1 - Self-weight			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Z	-62,80	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-62,80	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	29,158	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	-27,095	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,000	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,9	mm	Member No. 108, x: 1.279 m
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-0,9	mm	Member No. 227, x: 1.279 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,4	mm	Member No. 271, x: 1.465 m
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,4	mm	Member No. 271, x: 1.465 m
Maximum rotation about X-axis	2,6	mrاد	Member No. 272, x: 0.000 m
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	2,6	mrاد	Member No. 272, x: 2.930 m
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	0,2	mrاد	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC2 - belasting 350Kg/m²			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	51,04	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	51,04	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-492,24	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-492,24	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	112,089	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	8,442	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,848	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	1,4	mm	FE Node No. 2390 (X: 8.079, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,2	mm	FE Node No. 8034 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-10,2	mm	FE Node No. 1197 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	10,3	mm	FE Node No. 1197 (X: 5.646, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-16,9	mrاد	FE Node No. 1177 (X: 6.733, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	22,7	mrاد	FE Node No. 2394 (X: 8.547, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,0	mrاد	Member No. 404, x: 2.558 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Newton-Raphson)
LC3 - Nodel support forces from CO53			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	

Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	0,75	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	0,75	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-79,93	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-79,93	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-13,963	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	1,067	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,041	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,4	mm	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	0,8	mm	Member No. 709, x: 1.000 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,8	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,8	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-7,0	mrاد	FE Node No. 3764 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	6,9	mrاد	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,5	mrاد	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC4 - Nodel support forces from CO164			
Sum of loads in X	19,96	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	19,96	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	5,94	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	5,94	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-75,38	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-75,38	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	-36,554	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	108,096	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-20,383	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	0,8	mm	FE Node No. 4623 (X: 3.924, Y: 9.612, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	1,0	mm	Member No. 757, x: 0.500 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-3,9	mm	FE Node No. 3488 (X: -0.687, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	3,9	mm	FE Node No. 3488 (X: -0.687, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-6,9	mrاد	FE Node No. 4992 (X: 12.139, Y: 9.484, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-8,5	mrاد	FE Node No. 4623 (X: 3.924, Y: 9.612, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-1,7	mrاد	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC5 - Nodel support forces from CO174			
Sum of loads in X	-2,57	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-2,57	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	-20,64	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-20,64	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-77,38	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-77,38	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	74,686	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	0,015	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	0,257	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,5	mm	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,5	mm	Member No. 756, x: 0.500 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-4,5	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	4,5	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-8,3	mrاد	FE Node No. 3764 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	8,2	mrاد	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	1,7	mrاد	Member No. 702, x: 1.823 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
LC6 - Nodel support forces from CO184			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	-20,66	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	-20,66	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-106,30	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-106,30	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Resultant of reactions about X	83,335	kNm	At center of gravity of model (X: 5.709, Y: 4.881, Z: 1.830 m)
Resultant of reactions about Y	1,505	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Resultant of reactions about Z	-0,292	kNm	At center of gravity of model
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-0,7	mm	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	-1,9	mm	Member No. 756, x: 0.500 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-6,0	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	6,0	mm	FE Node No. 3669 (X: 12.133, Y: -0.380, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-11,1	mrاد	FE Node No. 3764 (X: 11.988, Y: -0.748, Z: 2.250 m)

Maximum rotation about Y-axis	11,0	mrad	FE Node No. 3748 (X: 11.692, Y: -0.413, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	-2,3	mrad	Member No. 744, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Linear		Geometrically Linear Analysis
CO1 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC3			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	69,89	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	69,89	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-844,80	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-844,80	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	2,3	mm	FE Node No. 2390 (X: 8.079, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	3,2	mm	FE Node No. 8034 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-16,6	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	16,7	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-28,1	mrad	FE Node No. 6124 (X: 2.641, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	36,6	mrad	FE Node No. 2394 (X: 8.547, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,4	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	Large		Large Deformation Analysis (Picard)
CO2 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC4			
Sum of loads in X	26,94	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	26,94	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	76,92	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	76,92	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-838,14	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-838,14	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	2,9	mm	FE Node No. 2390 (X: 8.079, Y: 8.180, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	3,4	mm	Member No. 709, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-19,5	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,7	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-31,4	mrad	FE Node No. 2420 (X: 3.625, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	42,8	mrad	FE Node No. 6347 (X: 3.364, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,3	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO3 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC5			
Sum of loads in X	-3,47	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	-3,47	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Y	41,04	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	41,04	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-840,84	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-840,84	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,7	mm	FE Node No. 4660 (X: 1.292, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,7	mm	FE Node No. 8034 (X: 4.687, Y: 0.414, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-19,6	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,7	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-31,5	mrad	FE Node No. 2420 (X: 3.625, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	42,9	mrad	FE Node No. 6347 (X: 3.364, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,4	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T
CO4 - 1.15*LC1 + 1.35*LC2 + 1.35*LC6			
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of support forces in X	0,00	kN	
Sum of loads in Y	41,01	kN	
Sum of support forces in Y	41,01	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Sum of loads in Z	-879,88	kN	
Sum of support forces in Z	-879,88	kN	Deviation: 0.00 %
Maximum displacement in X-direction	-2,7	mm	FE Node No. 4660 (X: 1.292, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum displacement in Y-direction	2,8	mm	Member No. 709, x: 0.750 m
Maximum displacement in Z-direction	-19,6	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum vectorial displacement	19,7	mm	FE Node No. 6353 (X: 3.728, Y: -0.105, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about X-axis	-31,5	mrad	FE Node No. 2420 (X: 3.625, Y: -0.868, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Y-axis	-43,1	mrad	FE Node No. 4669 (X: 0.830, Y: -0.110, Z: 2.250 m)
Maximum rotation about Z-axis	3,4	mrad	Member No. 106, x: 0.000 m
Method of analysis	2nd Order		Second order analysis (Nonlinear)
Internal forces referred to deformed system for...	+		N, V _y , V _z , M _y , M _z , M _T

5.4 Stress analyse calculation for the stage components

For the complete stage a stress calculation has been made.



The result of the stress analyse calculation present a maximum of 100% utilisation which occurs in the main beam of the Layher adapter.

Result of the stress analyse by cross section.

Section No.	Member No.	Location x [m]	S-Point No.	Load- ing	Stress Type	Stress [kN/cm ²]		Stress Ratio
						Existing	Limit	
1	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed) - 0							
	129	1,500	28	CO1	Sigma Total	-13,64	23,50	0,58
	462	0,000	2	CO2	Tau Total	0,94	13,57	0,07
	129	1,500	28	CO1	Sigma-eqv	13,64	23,50	0,58
2	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed) - Defpoints							
	108	1,421	10	CO2	Sigma Total	-2,26	23,50	0,10
	744	1,823	1	CO2	Tau Total	-0,63	13,57	0,05
	108	1,421	10	CO2	Sigma-eqv	2,35	23,50	0,10
3	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)							
	227	1,421	10	CO1	Sigma Total	-3,28	23,50	0,14
	631	0,000	19	CO2	Tau Total	-0,14	13,57	0,01
	227	1,421	10	CO1	Sigma-eqv	3,28	23,50	0,14
5	HK 50/30/4/4/4/4							
	904	0,375	10	CO2	Sigma Total	12,16	22,50	0,54
	275	0,000	8	CO2	Tau Total	2,93	12,99	0,23
	904	0,375	10	CO2	Sigma-eqv	12,26	22,50	0,54
6	RRO 120x60x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	996	0,375	11	CO4	Sigma Total	23,46	23,50	1,00
	931	0,227	15	CO2	Tau Total	-2,45	13,57	0,18
	996	0,375	11	CO4	Sigma-eqv	23,60	23,50	1,00
7	RRO 120x80x6.3 (Hot Formed)							
	1003	0,054	11	CO4	Sigma Total	8,99	23,50	0,38
	1002	0,035	14	CO4	Tau Total	-6,28	13,57	0,46
	1002	0,035	14	CO4	Sigma-eqv	10,96	23,50	0,47
8	RO 48.3x3.2 (Hot Formed)							
	1034	0,000	13	CO2	Sigma Total	6,08	25,00	0,24
	1033	0,000	22	CO2	Tau Total	-1,19	14,43	0,08
	1034	0,000	13	CO2	Sigma-eqv	6,08	25,00	0,24

4.5 Layher design information

The company Eckels verhuur owns the Layher K2000+ system.

Information of the Layher 2000+ system

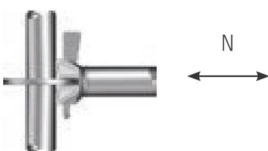
Z-8.22-64: K 2000+

Biegemoment



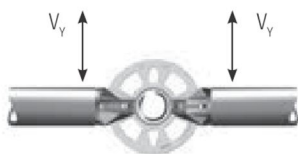
Biegemoment
 $M_{y,Rd} = \pm 101,0 \text{ kNcm}$

Normalkraft

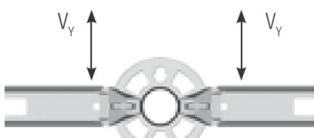


$N_{Rd} = \pm 31,0 \text{ kN}$

Horizontale Querkraft



O-Riegel: $V_{y,Rd} = \pm 10,0 \text{ kN}$



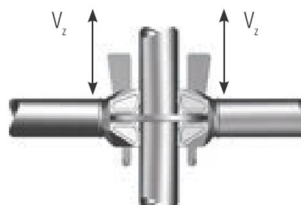
U-Riegel: $V_{y,Rd} = \pm 5,9 \text{ kN}$

Torsionsmoment



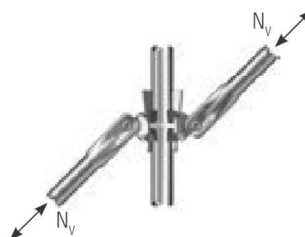
$M_{t,Rd} = \pm 52,5 \text{ kNcm}$

Vertikale Querkraft



Vertikale Querkraft, Einzelanschluss
 $V_{z,Rd} = \pm 26,4 \text{ kN}$
 Vertikale Querkraft je Lochscheibe
 $\sum V_{z,Rd} = \pm 105,6 \text{ kN}$

Normalkraft, Diagonale



Beanspruchbarkeiten der Vertikaldiagonalen für
 Feldhöhe 2,00 m für **K 2000+**:

	Druck								Zug
Feldlänge [m]	0,73	1,09	1,40	1,57	2,07	2,57	3,07	4,14	alle Feldlängen
$N_{v,Rd}$ [kN]	-16,1	-16,8	-15,5	-14,8	-12,4	-10,2	-8,3	-5,3	+17,9

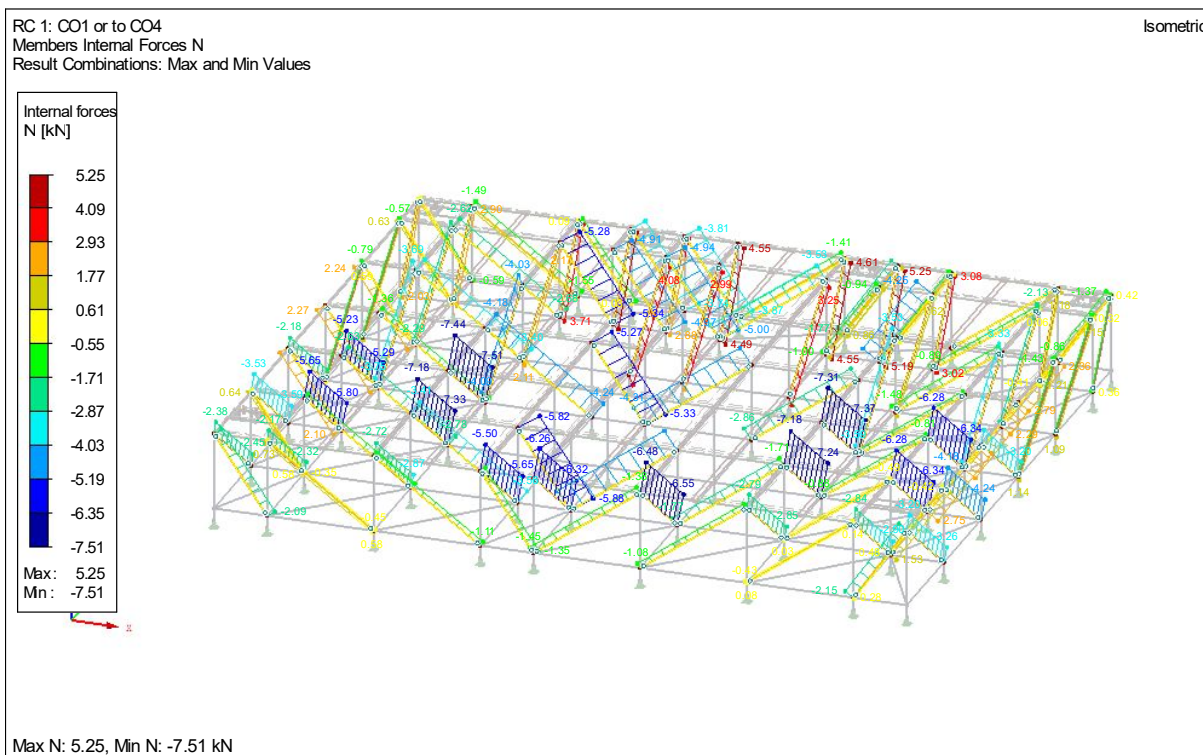
K 2000+ Bauteile können mit Bauteilen der Variante LW, Variante II und Variante I vermischt werden. Beanspruchbarkeiten siehe Zulassung Z-8.22-64 und Z-8.22-949.

Rd = Beanspruchbarkeit,
 (enthält Teilsicherheitsbeiwert γ_M)

* „Zulässige Lasten“ bzw. „Gebrauchslasten“ erhält man durch Division der Beanspruchbarkeit durch 1,5 (= γ_F)

5.6 Check of the Layher diagonals.

The Maximum tension or compression of the Layher K2000+ system is +/- 12.4 kN. In the next figurer the minimum and maximum forces are displayed.



The maximum Ned is 7.51 kN

Check of the diagonals

$$Ned / Nrd < 1$$

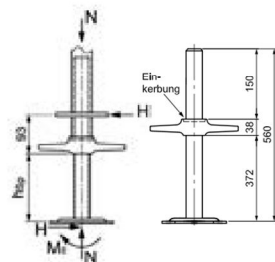
$$7.51 / 12.4 = 0.60 < 1$$

5.7 Check of the Layher Spindle's.

In the next table the spindle loading capacity in conjunction with height is given

Fußspindeln – Belastungstabellen

FUSSSPINDEL 60



Ersatzquerschnittswerte der Spindel

- A = 3,84 cm²
- W_{el} = 2,61 cm³
- W_{pl} = 3,26 cm³
- I = 3,74 cm⁴

Material: EN 10219-S235JRH
 → Rollgewinde: f_{y,k} = 280,0 N/mm²

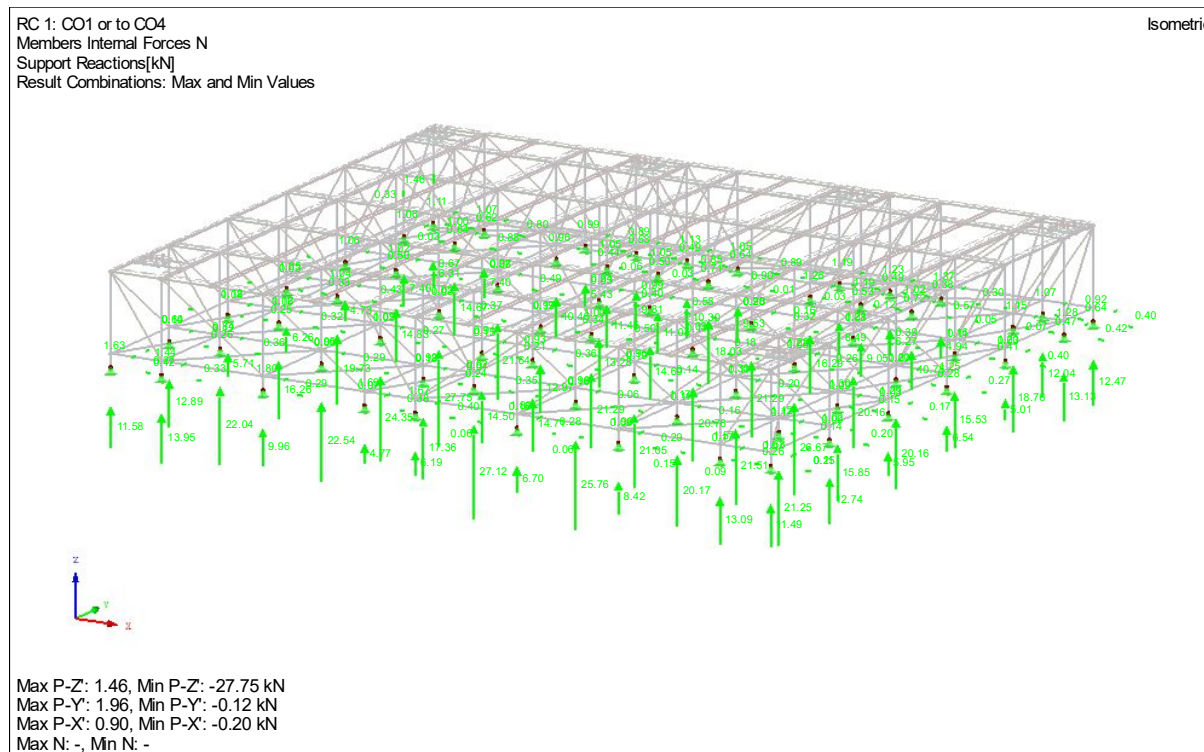
Tab. 12 Belastung Fußspindeln

Aus-spindel-länge h _{sp} [cm]	Zulässige Vertikallast N [kN]* bei gleichzeitiger Wirkung einer Horizontallast H [kN]																								Zul. Horizontallast H [kN] wenn N = 0		
	H = 0,0		H = 0,5		H = 1,0		H = 1,5		H = 2,0		H = 2,5		H = 3,0		H = 3,5		H = 4,0		H = 4,5		H = 5,0		H = 5,5			H = 6,0	
	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂	N ₁	N ₂		N ₁	N ₂
0	39	53	39	51	39	51	39	51	39	50	39	49	39	49	38	-	38	-	37	-	36	-	36	-	35	-	26,3
5	39	52	39	51	39	50	39	48	38	-	37	-	36	-	35	-	34	-	33	-	32	-	31	-	30	-	7,8
10	39	51	39	49	38	-	37	-	36	-	34	-	33	-	30	-	29	-	28	-	26	-	25	-	-	-	4,6
15	39	49	38	-	36	-	35	-	33	-	31	-	29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,2	
20	38	-	36	-	34	-	32	-	29	-	27	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,5	
25	37	-	34	-	31	-	28	-	23	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,0	
30	35	-	31	-	27	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,7	
35	32	-	27	-	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,5	
37	30	-	25	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,4	

*Die zulässigen Vertikallasten wurden berechnet unter Anwendung des Berechnungsmodells nach DIN EN 12811-1, Abs. 10.2.3.2. Zur Erfassung der Biegesteifigkeit des Ständerrohres, der Schnittgrößenanteile aus Theorie II. Ordnung und der maximalen Beanspruchbarkeit der Ständer wurden folgende Raumgerüste mit Rastermaß 2,57 x 2,57 m berücksichtigt:
2,00 m Lagenhöhe für Stieldruckkräfte N₁ ≤ 39 kN
1,50 m Lagenhöhe für Stieldruckkräfte 39 kN < N₂ ≤ 54 kN

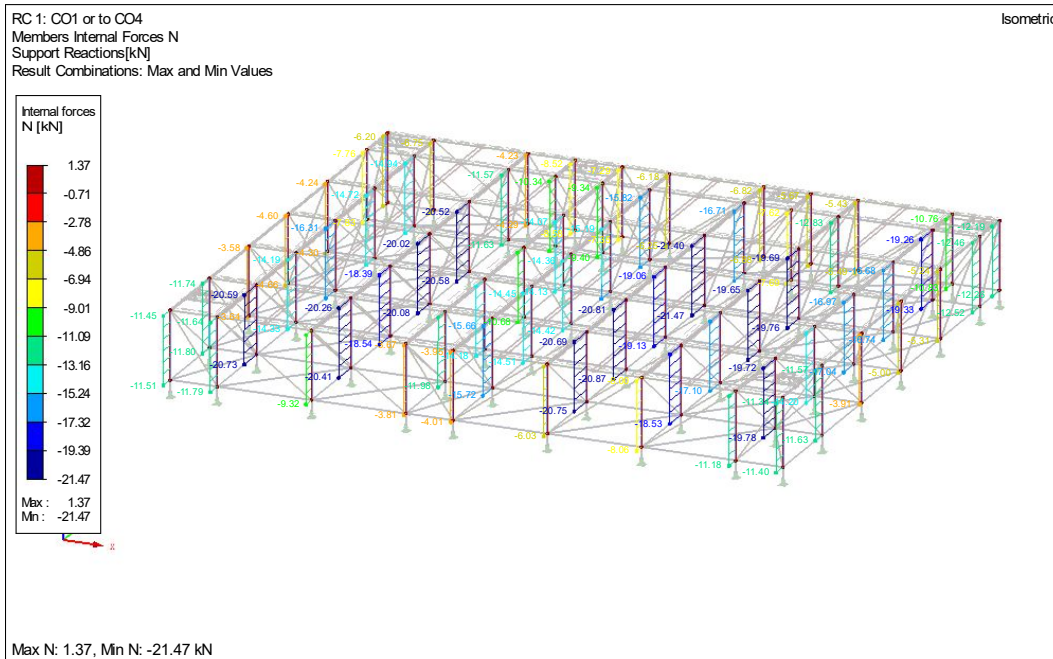
(-) Bei dieser Kombination von Ausspindellänge und Horizontallast ist die Biegebeanspruchbarkeit der Spindel überschritten.

In the next figure the maximum support forces are displayed.



The maximum support force is 27.75 kN. Which occurs in Load Combination CO1. The maximum horizontal force in Load Combination CO1 at this point is 1.01 kN. According to the table of the Layher spindle the combination between the vertical and the horizontal force allows for a maximum spindle length of 25 cm

5.8 Check of the Layher columns



Proof against buckling.

$$\beta = 0.9$$

$$L_{cr} = 0.9 * 150 = 135 \text{ cm}$$

$$A = 4.53 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$I = 11.60 \text{ cm}^4$$

$$W = 4.80 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$i = 1.60 \text{ cm}$$

$$\lambda_1 = \pi * \sqrt{(210000/320)} = 80.48$$

$$\bar{\lambda} = 135 / (1.6 * 80.48) = 1.048$$

Buckling curve for hollow section line c (table 6.2 from en-1993-1-1)

$$\alpha = 0.49$$

$$\Phi = 0.5 * (1 + \alpha * (\bar{\lambda} - 0.2) + \bar{\lambda}^2)$$

$$\Phi = 0.5 * (1 + 0.49 * (1.048 - 0.2) + 1.048^2) = 1.257$$

$$\chi_{\min} = 1 / (\Phi + \sqrt{(\Phi^2 - \bar{\lambda}^2)})$$

$$\chi_{\min} = 1 / (1.257 + \sqrt{(1.257^2 - 1.048^2)}) = 0.512$$

$$N_{b,rd} = \chi * A * f_0 / 1.1$$

$$N_{b,rd} = 0.512 * 4.53 * 32 / 1.1 = 67.54 \text{ kN}$$

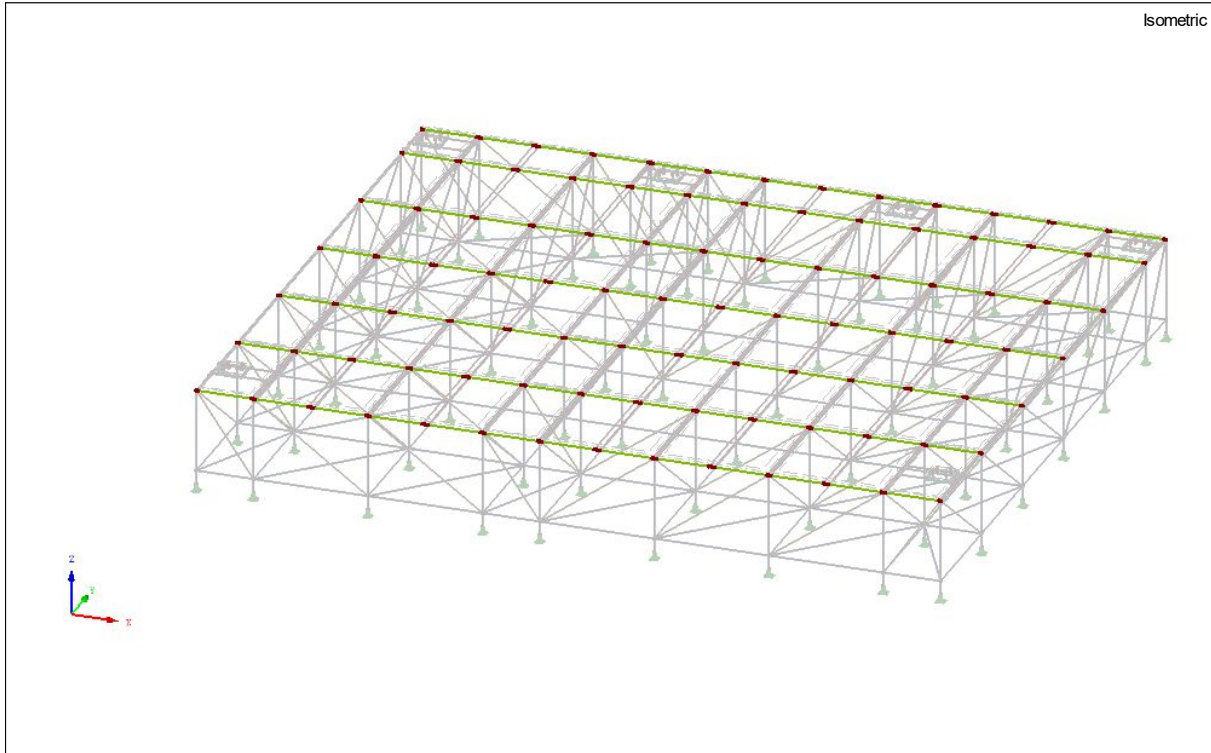
$$N_{ed, \max} = 21.47 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{check} = N_{ed, \max} / N_{b,rd} < 1$$

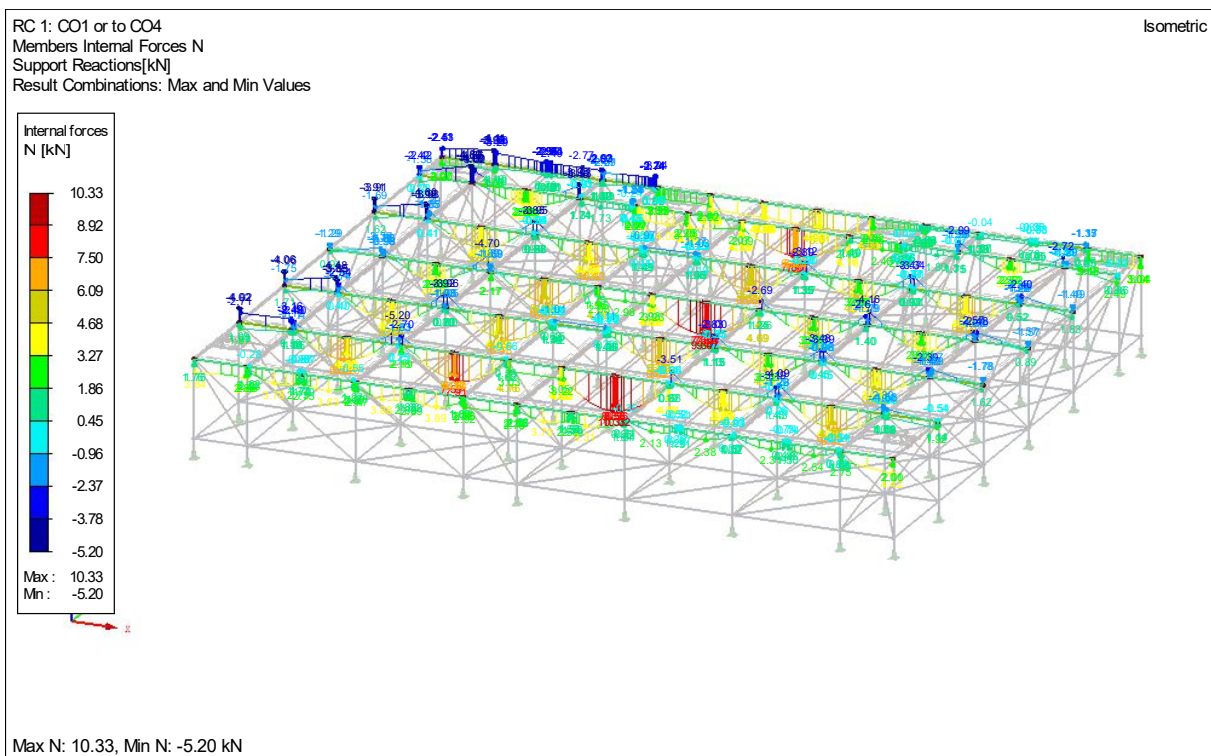
$$21.47 / 67.54 = 0.32 < 1$$

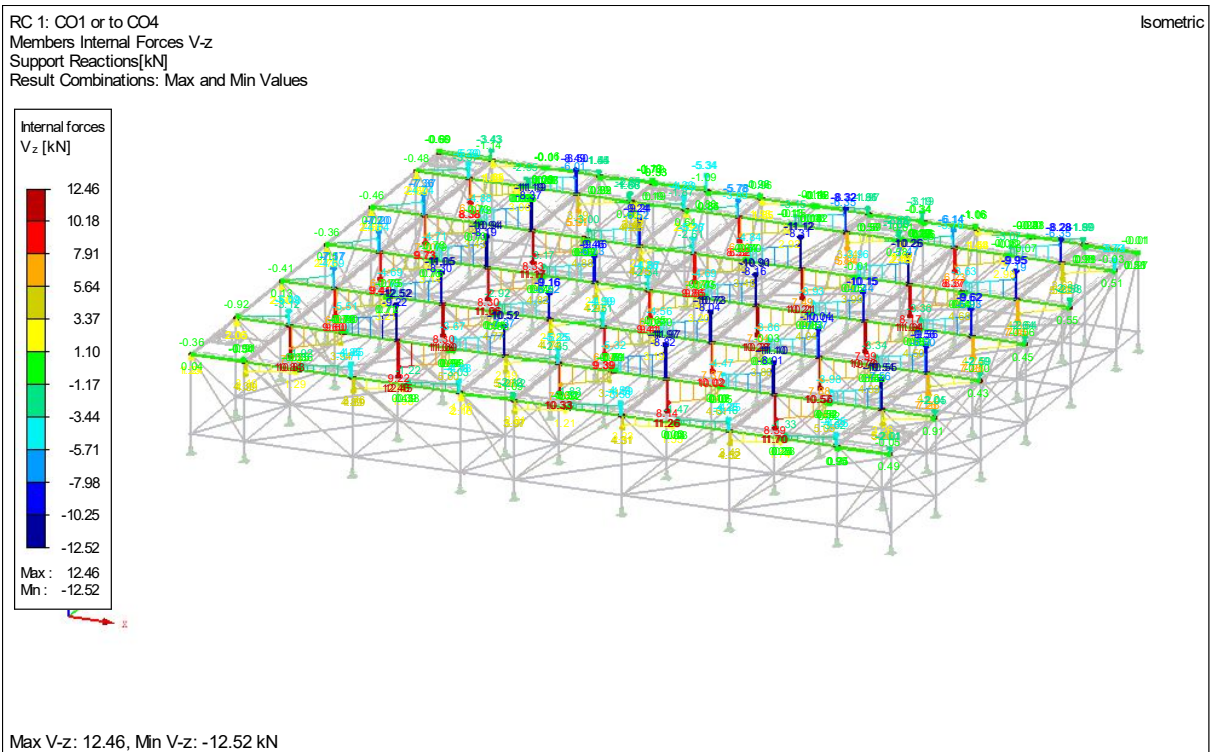
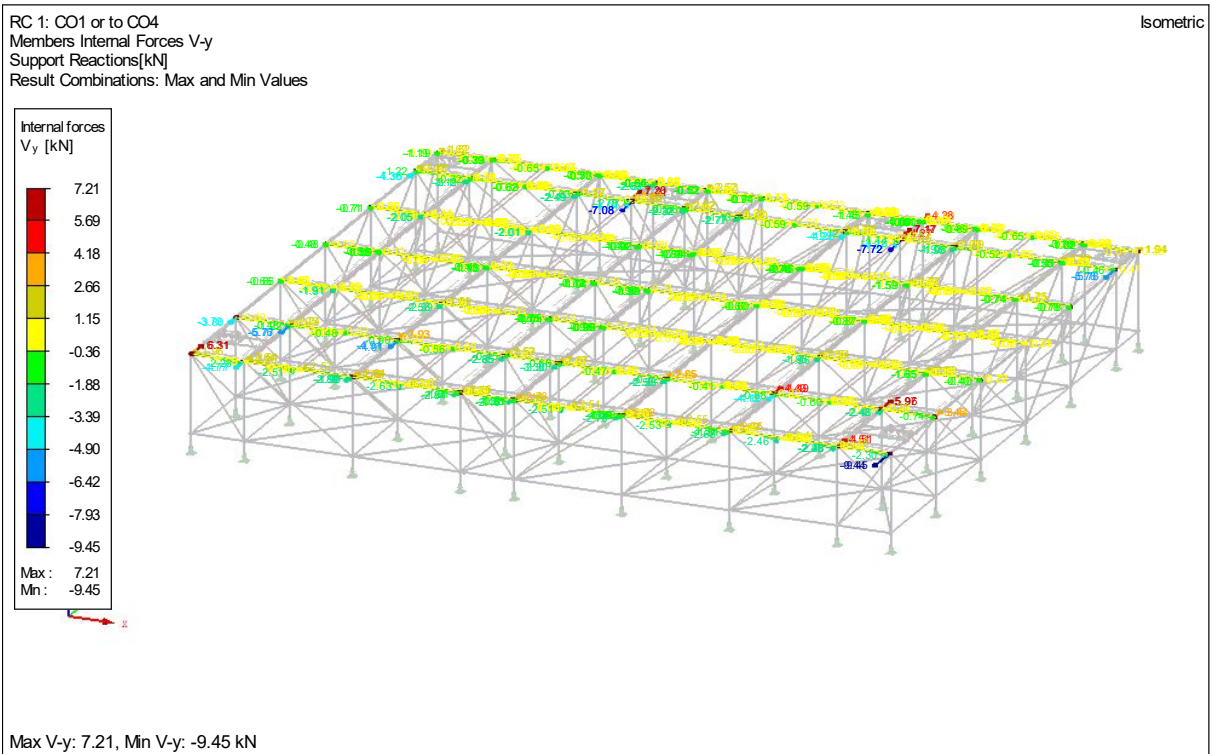
5.9 Check of the Event Layher staging system.

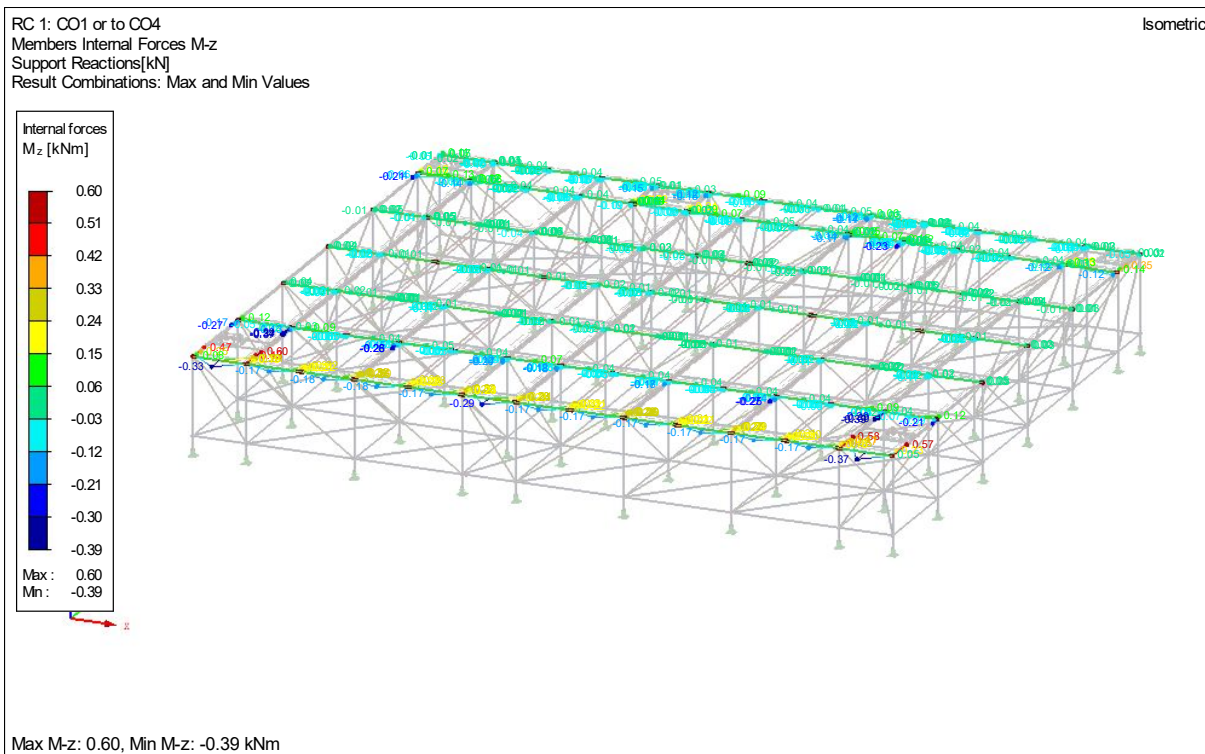
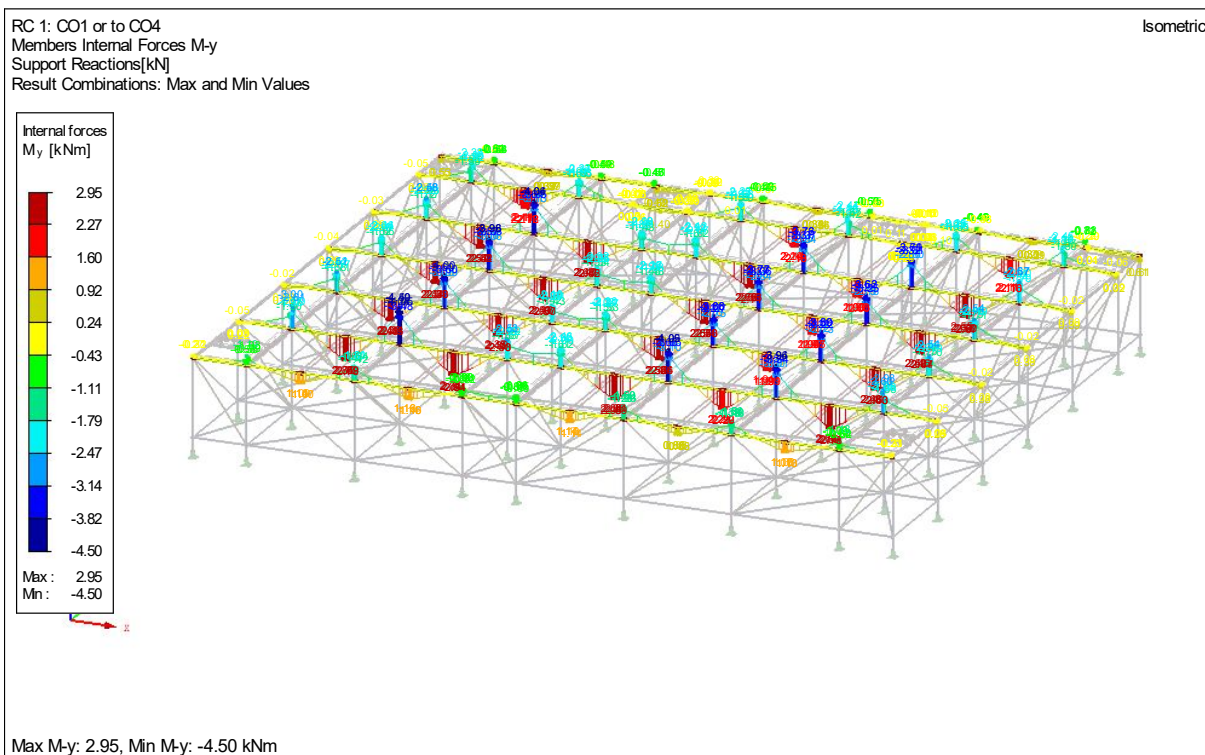
The event Layher staging system exist of Layher transom beams with a decking system on top.



In the next figures the internal forces of the floor beam are shown.





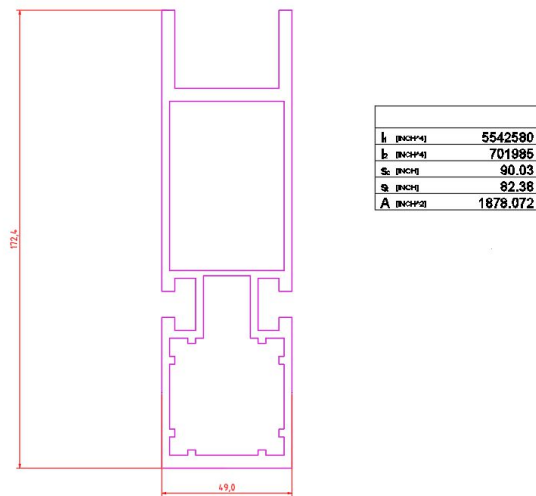


Profiel berekening.

Layher Event Beam

speciaal profiel

Aluminium 6005A T6



$$W_y = I_1 / e_y = 554 / 8.25 = 67.15 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$N_{ed} = 10.33$$

$$\sigma N_{ed} = N_{ed} / A = 10.33 / 18.78 = 0.55 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$V_{y,ed} = 9.45 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma v_{z,ed} = V_{y,ed} / A = 9.45 / 18.78 = 0.50 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$V_{z,ed} = 12.52 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sigma v_{z,ed} = V_{z,ed} / A = 12.52 / 18.78 = 0.66 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$M_{y,ed} = 4.50 \text{ Knm}$$

$$\sigma M_{y,ed} = M_{y,ed} / W_y = 450 / 67.15 = 6.70 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$M_{z,ed} = 0.60 \text{ Knm}$$

$$\sigma M_{z,ed} = M_{z,ed} / W_y = 60 / 67.15 = 0.89 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

$$\sigma_{tot} = \sigma N_{ed} + 0,58 * \sigma v_{z,ed} + 0,58 * \sigma v_{z,ed} + \sigma M_{y,ed} + \sigma M_{z,ed}$$

$$0.55 + 0.58 * 0.50 + 0.58 * 0.66 + 6.70 + 0.98 = 8.9 \text{ kN/cm}^2$$

Check

$$\sigma_{tot} / (f_y / \gamma) < 1$$

$$8.90 / (22.5 / 1.1) = 0.43 < 1$$

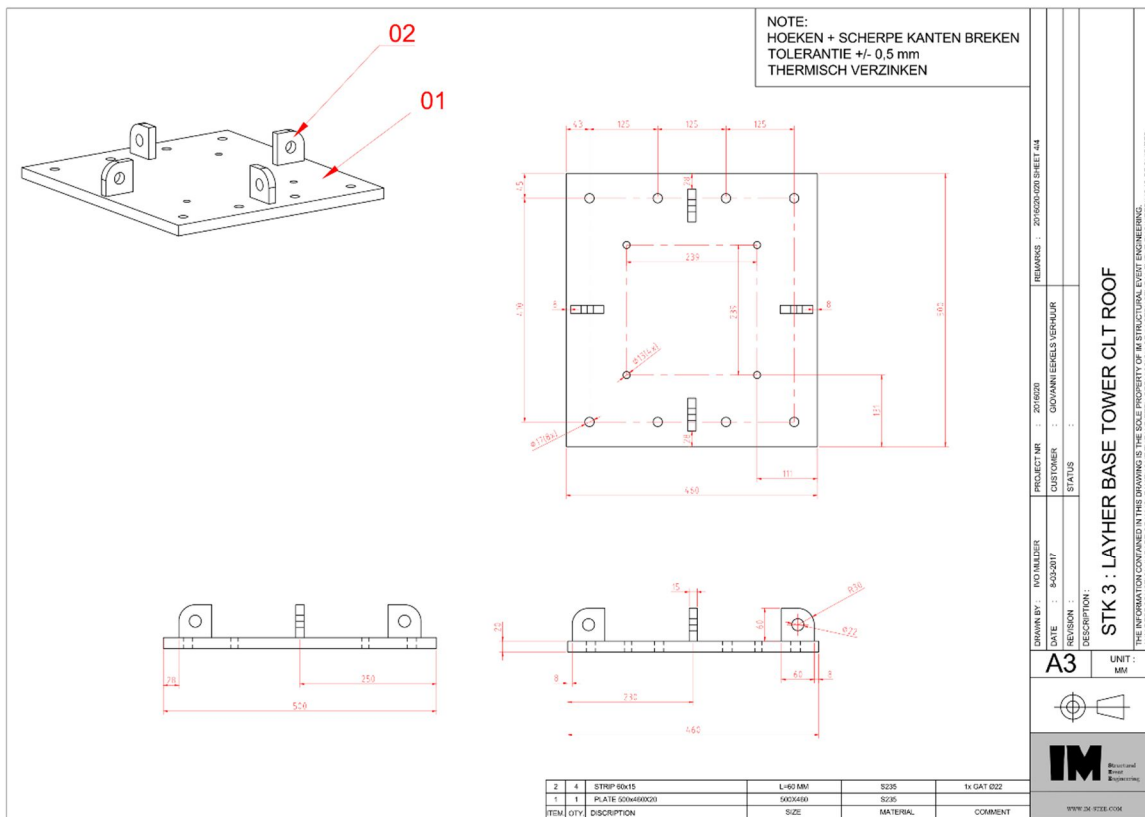
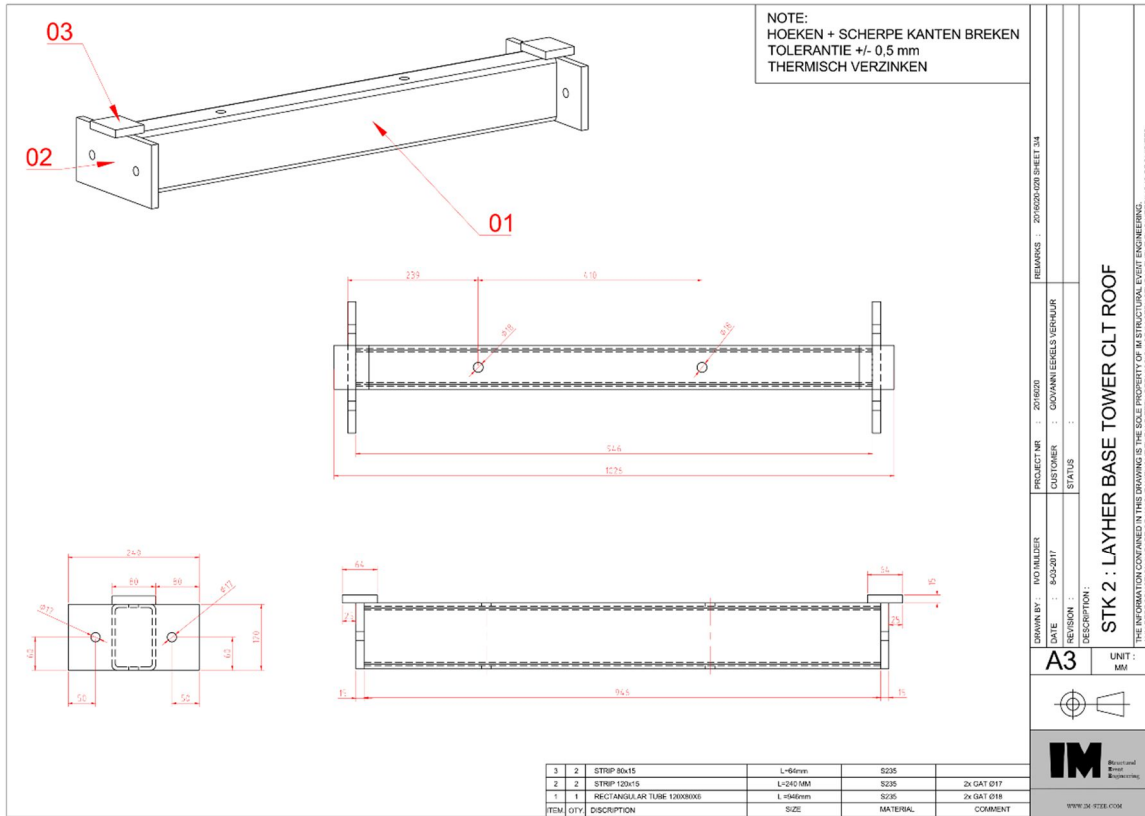
5.10 Check of the roof Tower connection to the Layher stage.

NOTE:
HOEKEN + SCHERPE KANTEN BREKEN
TOLERANTIE +/- 0,5 mm
THERMISCH VERZINKEN

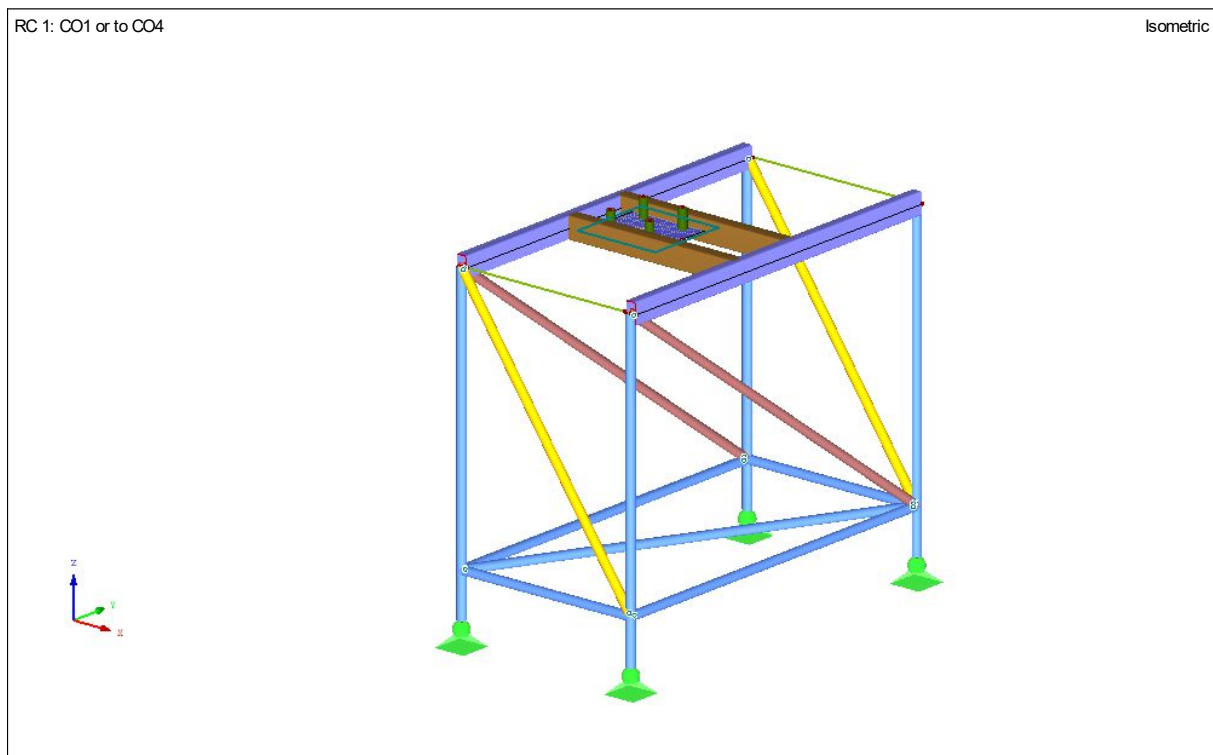
ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT
11	4	CSM 60T FEMALE RECEIVER			PROLYTE
10	4	WASHER M12 D14			DN 440 R
9	4	SELFLOCKING NUT M12			DN 989
8	4	BOLT M12X100	L=100 mm	KWAL 8.8	DN 931
7	16	WASHER M16 D56			DN 440 R
6	12	SELFLOCKING NUT M16			DN 989
5	4	BOLT M16X170	L=170 mm	KWAL 8.8	DN 931
4	8	BOLT M16X110	L=110 mm	KWAL 8.8	DN 931
3	1	BASE PLATE 480X500	DKTE 20 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 441
2	2	SUB SUPPORT BEAM	L=1026 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 391
1	2	MAIN LAYHER SUPPORT BEAM	L=4887 mm	S235	DRW: 2016020-020 SHEET 206

NOTE:
HOEKEN + SCHERPE KANTEN BREKEN
TOLERANTIE +/- 0,5 mm
THERMISCH VERZINKEN

ITEM	QTY	DESCRIPTION	SIZE	MATERIAL	COMMENT
3	2	LAYHER ANSLAS KOP.			
2	2	STRIP 60X10	L=120 MM	S235	
1	1	RECTANGULAR TUBE 120X60X6	L=855mm	S235	4x GAT Ø18



The Layher bases are inserted in the RFem model.



The Layher base has 2 different sizes of 2.072 x 1.036 and 1.036 x 1.036.

The Layher base which is checked is the one of 2.072 x 1.036.

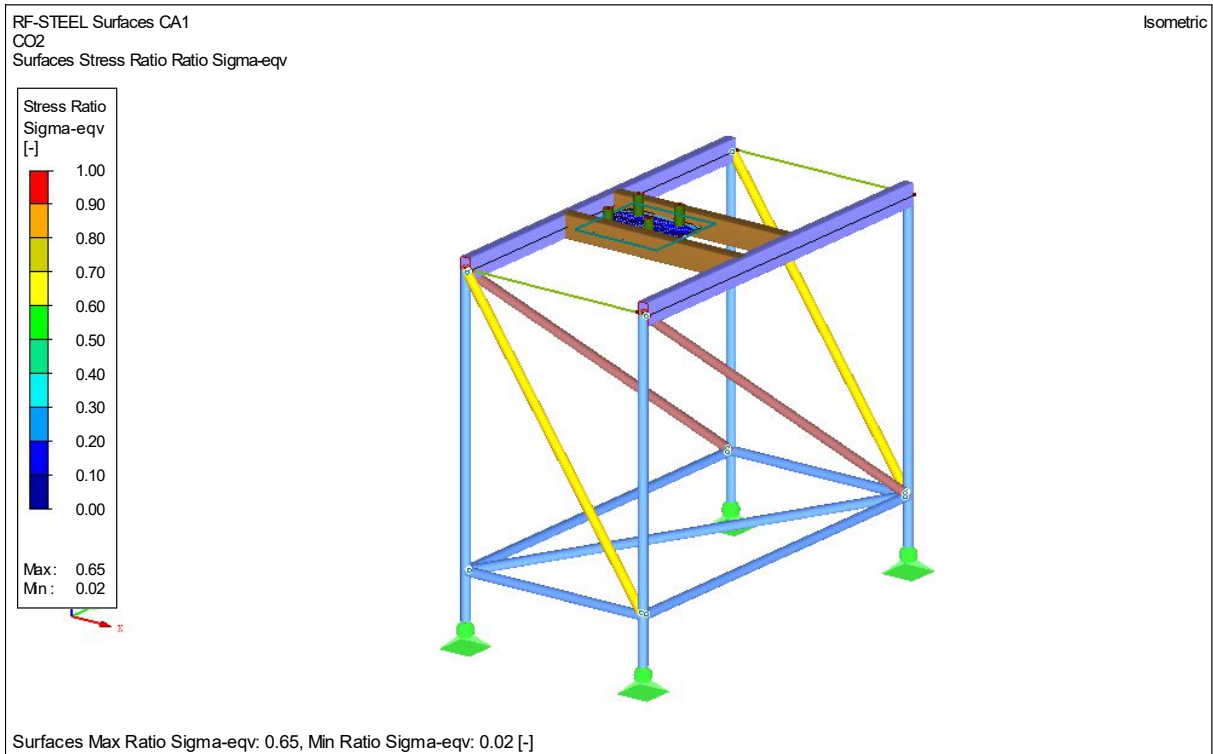
Check of the Layher attachment.

Maximum shear force in the Layher connection point $V_{ed} = 12.68$ kN

The maximum shear force of the Layher head is according to the figures at page 168 $V_{rd} = 26.4$ kN

$$12.68 / 26.4 = 0.48 < 1$$

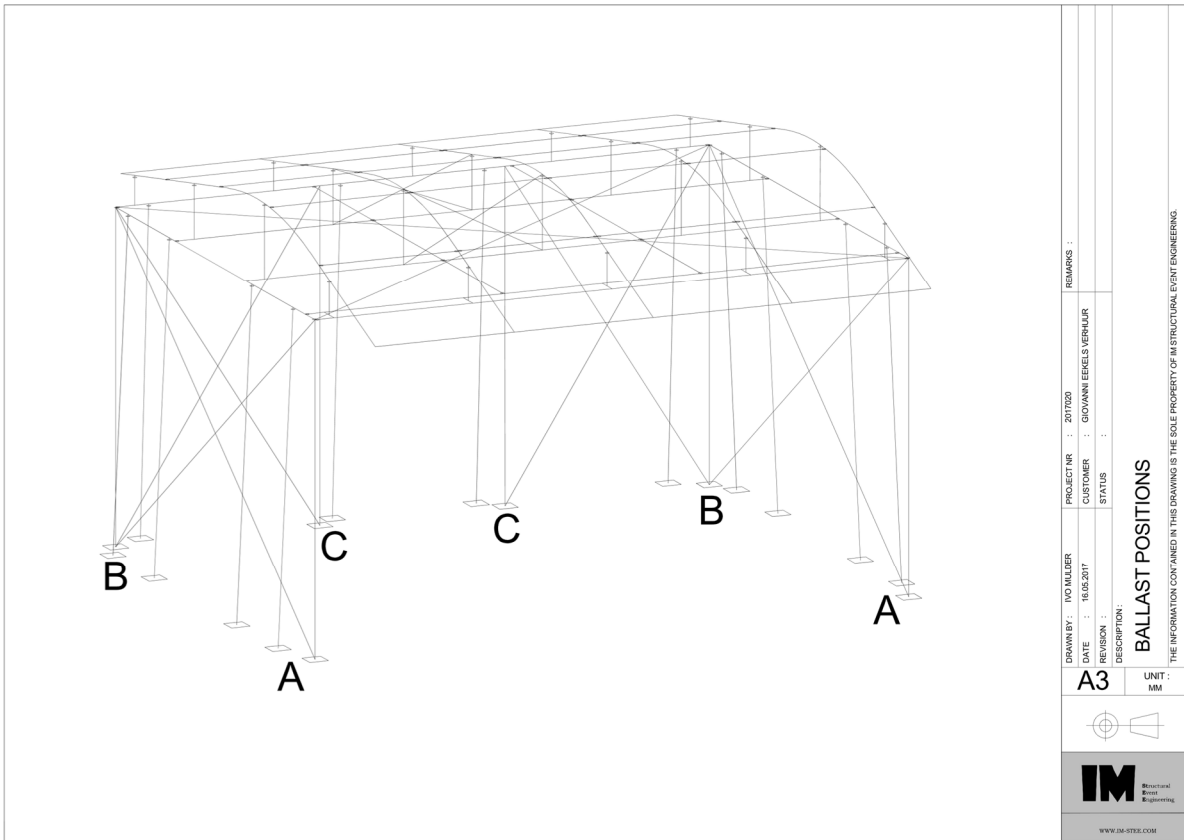
Maximum stress analyse for the steel plate



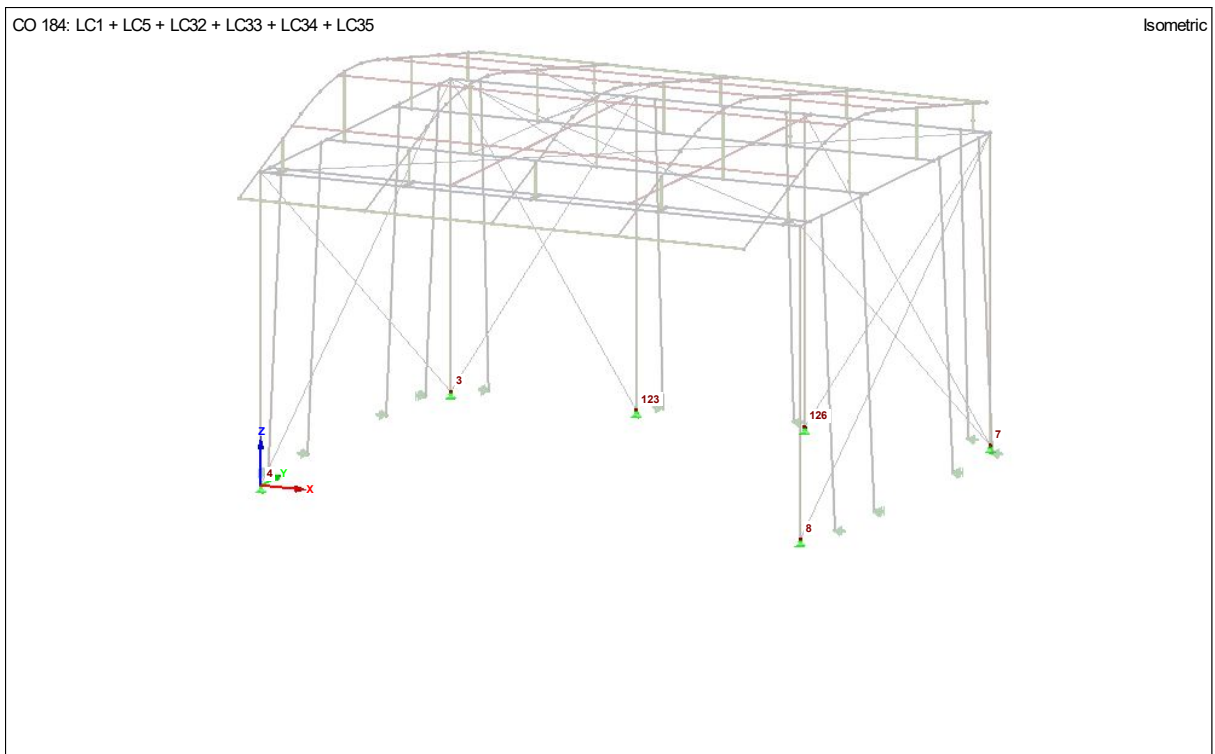
Loading	Surface No.	FE Mesh Point No.	Point Coordinates [m]			Stress [kN/cm ²]			Stress Ratio [-]
			X	Y	Z	Symbol	Existing	Limit	
CO1	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	1,77	13,57	0,13
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,56	23,50	0,07
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-5,22	23,50	0,22
	59	543	11,915	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	13,67	23,50	0,58
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	4,64	23,50	0,20
CO2	58	549	12,350	10,029	2,250	τ_{max}	1,89	13,57	0,14
	56	92	3,389	10,029	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,95	23,50	0,08
	58	549	12,350	10,029	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-6,01	23,50	0,26
	58	549	12,350	10,029	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	18,74	23,50	0,80
	58	549	12,350	10,029	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	5,35	23,50	0,23
CO3	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	1,59	13,57	0,12
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-1,82	23,50	0,08
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-6,06	23,50	0,26
	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	15,97	23,50	0,68
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	5,38	23,50	0,23
CO4	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	2,13	13,57	0,16
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-2,42	23,50	0,10
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-8,05	23,50	0,34
	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	21,34	23,50	0,91
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	7,15	23,50	0,30
-	Maximum Stresses								
	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	τ_{max}	2,13	13,57	0,16
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{1,m}$	-2,42	23,50	0,10
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{2,m}$	-8,05	23,50	0,34
	59	544	12,350	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,max}$	21,34	23,50	0,91
	54	516	-0,905	0,016	2,250	$\sigma_{eqv,m}$	7,15	23,50	0,30

6 Ballast and support load calculations.

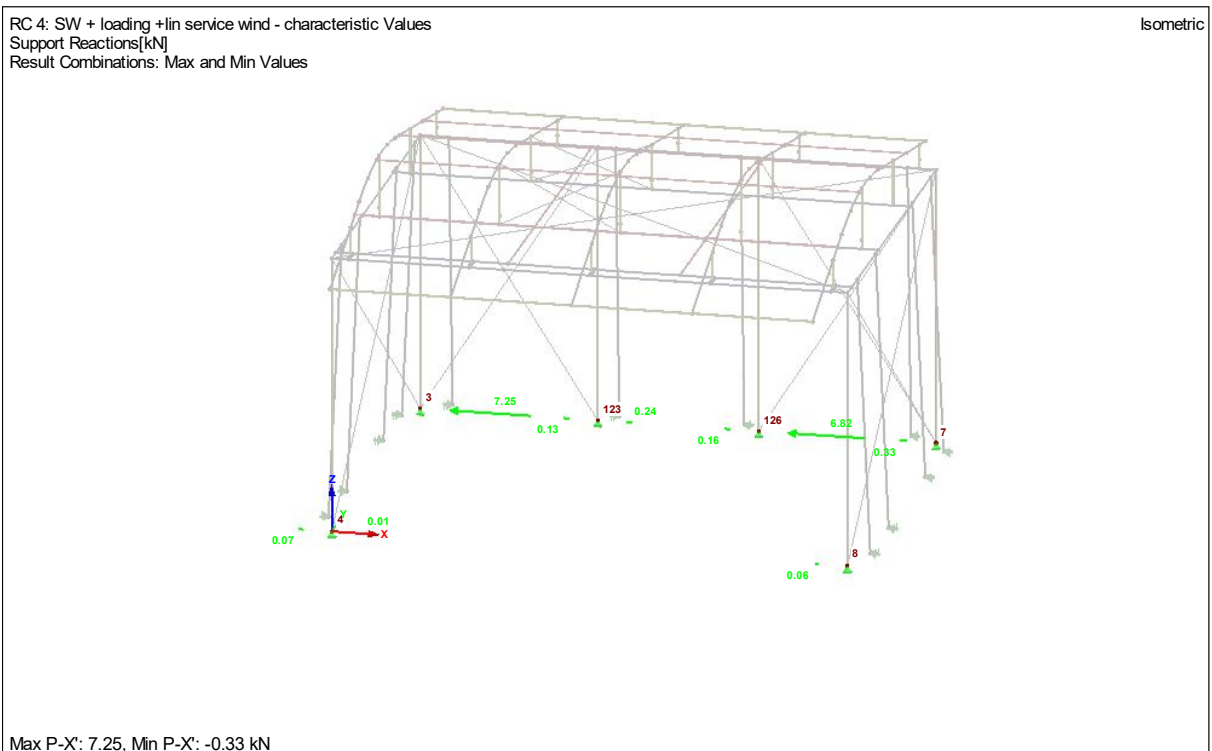
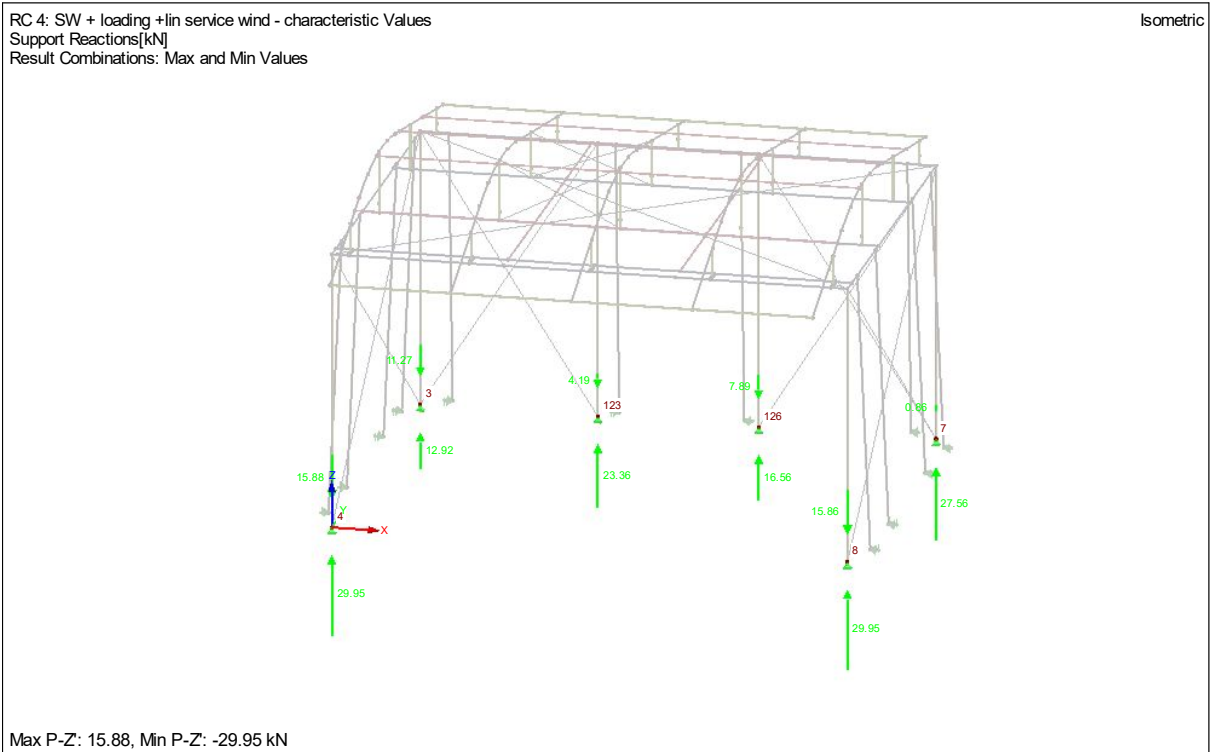
6.1 Ballast positions

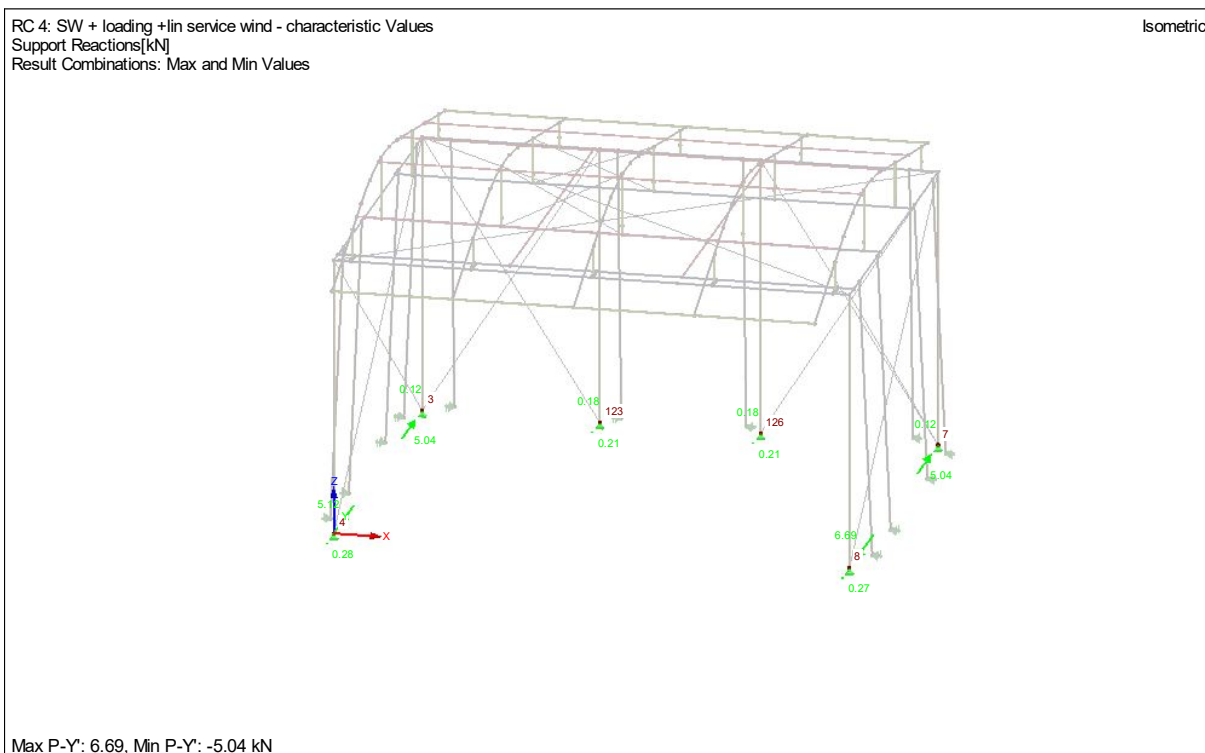


6.2 Over view support node numbers



6.3 reaction forces in the In-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values.

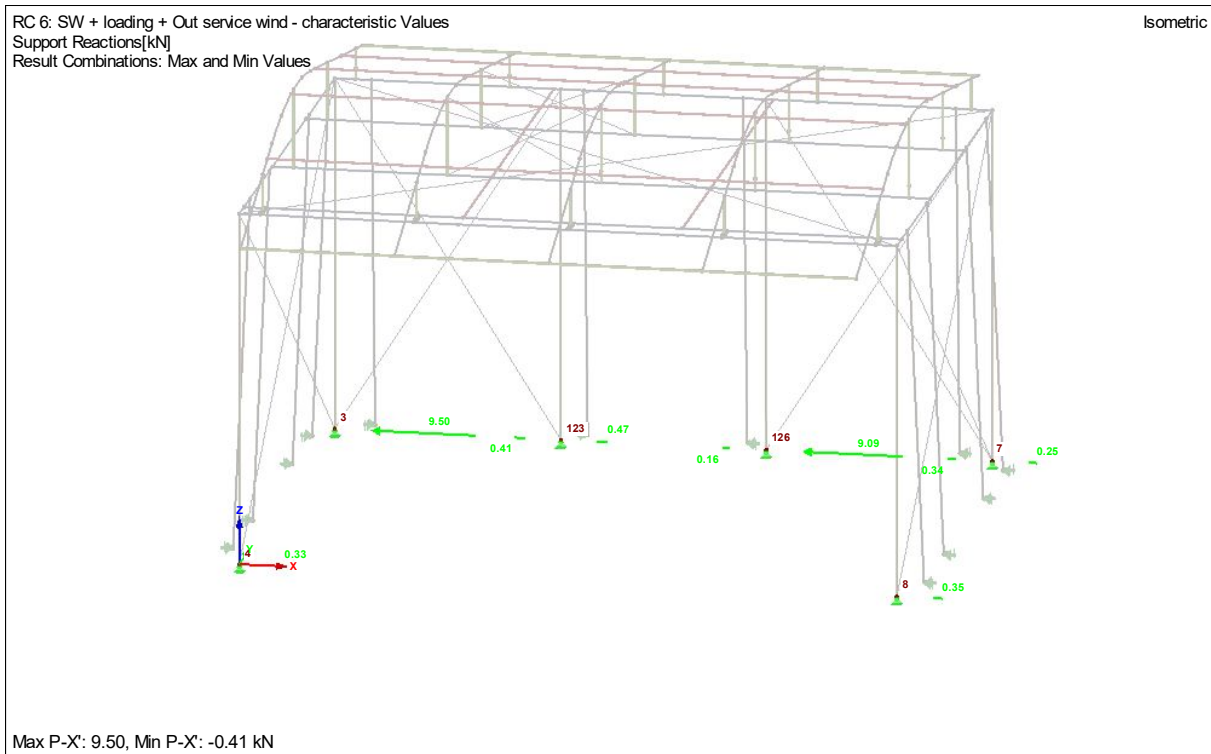
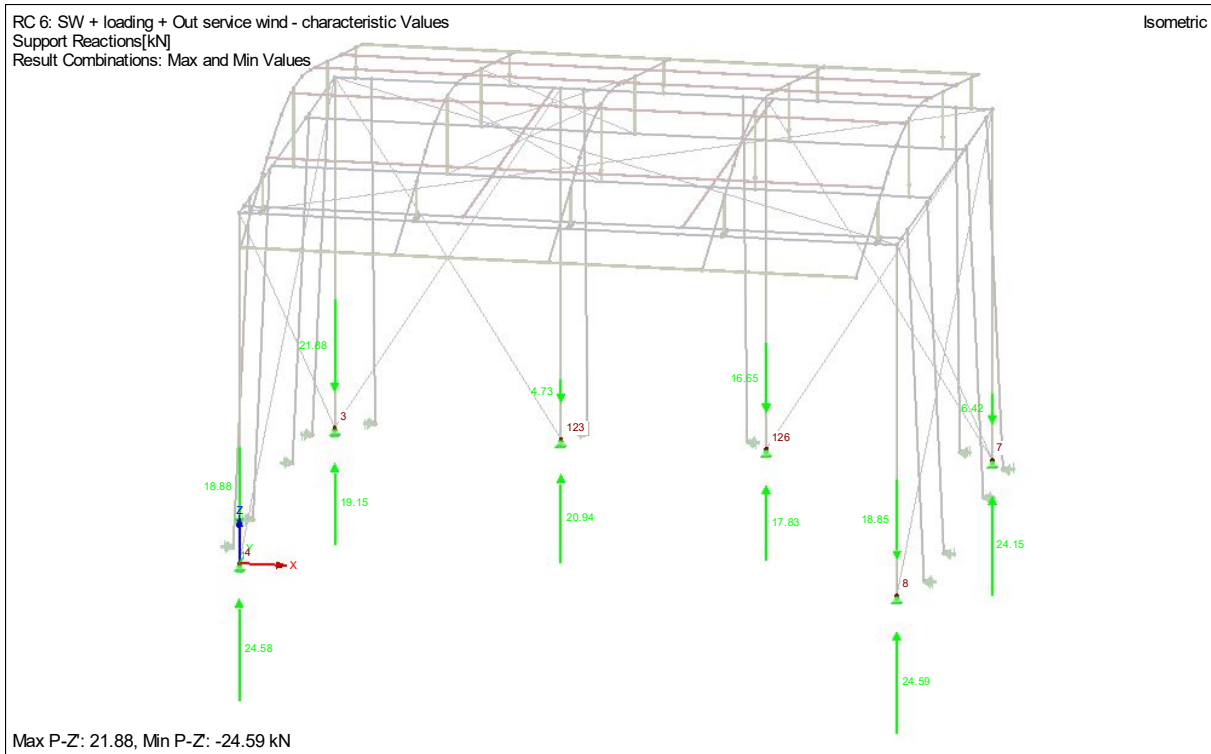


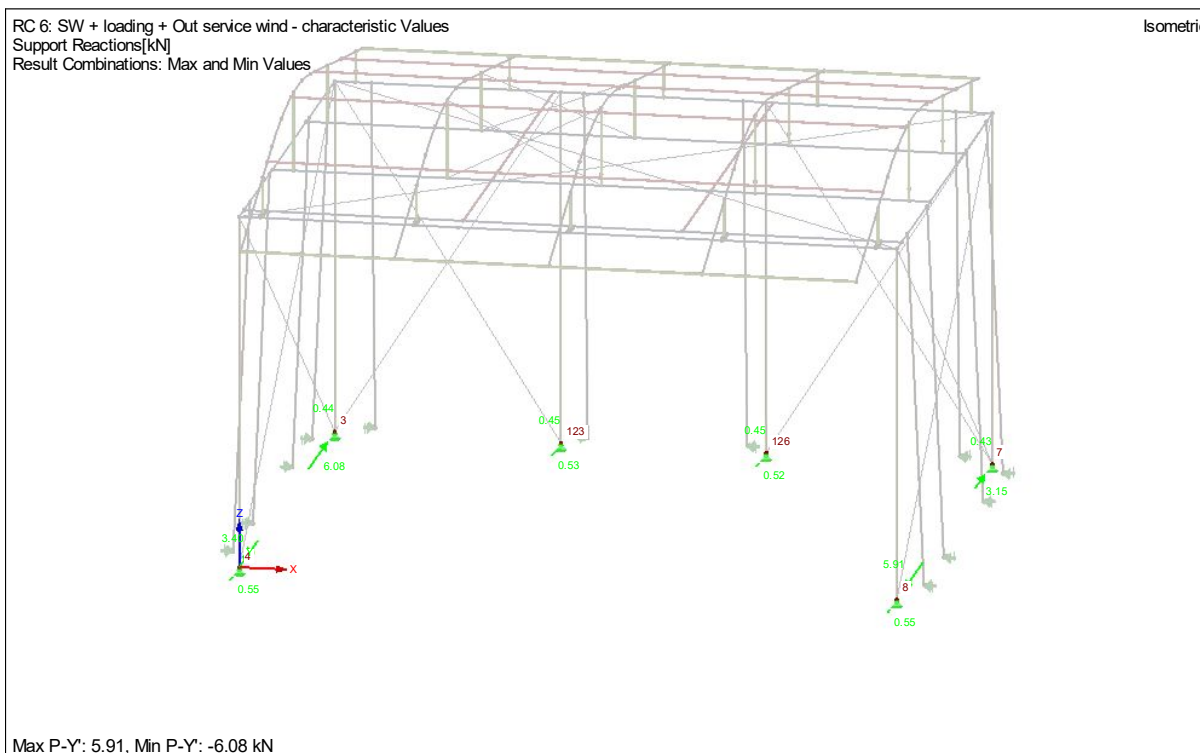


Reaction forces on the support nodes of the main construction, in the In-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	7,25	0,12	11,27	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-5,04	-12,92	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	Max	0,01	5,12	15,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,07	-0,28	-29,95	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,00	0,12	0,86	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,33	-5,04	-27,56	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,00	6,69	15,86	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,06	-0,27	-29,95	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,24	0,18	4,19	0,00	0,00	0,03
	Min	-0,13	-0,21	-23,36	0,00	0,00	-0,03
126	Max	6,82	0,18	7,89	0,00	0,00	0,03
	Min	-0,16	-0,21	-16,56	0,00	0,00	-0,03

6.4 reaction forces in the Out-service situation of the main support nodes, characteristic values.





Reaction forces on the support nodes of the main construction, in the Out-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _x	P _y	P _z	M _x	M _y	M _z
3	Max	9,50	0,44	21,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-6,08	-19,15	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	Max	0,33	3,40	18,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-0,55	-24,58	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,25	0,43	6,42	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	-0,34	-3,15	-24,15	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,35	5,91	18,85	0,00	0,00	0,00
	Min	0,00	-0,55	-24,59	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,47	0,45	4,73	0,00	0,00	0,02
	Min	-0,41	-0,53	-20,94	0,00	0,00	0,00
126	Max	9,09	0,45	16,65	0,00	0,00	0,02
	Min	-0,16	-0,52	-17,83	0,00	0,00	-0,01

6.5 Ballast calculation against uplift.

For the uplift ballast calculation the maximum uplift force per main support nodes are taken into account. The maximum values are taken from the table's in chapter 5.2 and 5.3.

As shown in the tables below the results of the out service are the normative results

maximum values in-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _{x'}	P _{y'}	P _{z'}	M _{x'}	M _{y'}	M _{z'}
3	Max	7,25	0,12	11,27	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	Max	0,01	5,12	15,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,00	0,12	0,86	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,00	6,69	15,86	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,24	0,18	4,19	0,00	0,00	0,03
126	Max	6,82	0,18	7,89	0,00	0,00	0,03

Maximum values Out-service situation

Node No.		Support Forces [kN]			Support Moments [kNm]		
		P _{x'}	P _{y'}	P _{z'}	M _{x'}	M _{y'}	M _{z'}
3	Max	9,50	0,44	21,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
4	Max	0,33	3,40	18,88	0,00	0,00	0,00
7	Max	0,25	0,43	6,42	0,00	0,00	0,00
8	Max	0,35	5,91	18,85	0,00	0,00	0,00
123	Max	0,47	0,45	4,73	0,00	0,00	0,02
126	Max	9,09	0,45	16,65	0,00	0,00	0,02

The self-weight of the system is already taken into account in the different calculations. The values are the actual values which need to be secured against ballast. The safety factor γ against overturning sliding and lifting are taken from table 2 of the EN-13814

The self weight of the Layher system will be partly subtracted from the uplift force.

The total weight of the Layer system is 65 kN. The weight of the Layher system which is taken into account is 45 kN, Because the middle of the stage will not help against uplift. The 45 kN will be equally divided along the 6 points

Partial safety factor for the uplift $\gamma = 1.2$

Calculation

Support A (node 4 and 8)

$$P_{z, \min} = 18.88 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast A} = (18.88 - 7.5) * 1.2 = 13.6 \text{ kN} \sim 1400 \text{ kg}$$

Support B (node 3 and 7)

$$P_{z, \min} = 21.88 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast B} = (21.88 - 7.5) * 1.2 = 17.25 \text{ kN} \sim 1750 \text{ kg}$$

Support C (node 123 and 126)

$$P_{z, \min} = 16.65 \text{ kN}$$

$$\text{Ballast C} = (16.65 - 7.5) * 1.2 = 10.98 \text{ kN} \sim 1100 \text{ kg}$$

6.6 Calculation of the system against overturning.

Results from the RFem program

	Description	Value	Unit
	LC1 - Self-weight		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	-19,95	kN
	CO150 - LC1 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	20,65	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	41,64	kN
	CO151 - LC1 + LC2 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	20,65	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	10,00	kN
	CO152 - LC1 + LC3 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	20,65	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	21,14	kN
	CO153 - LC1 + LC4 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	20,65	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	4,64	kN
	CO154 - LC1 + LC5 + LC10 + LC11 + LC12 + LC13		
	Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	20,65	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	-18,36	kN
	CO160 - LC1 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
	Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	-15,39	kN
	CO161 - LC1 + LC2 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
	Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
	Sum of loads in Z	-47,03	kN
	CO162 - LC1 + LC3 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
	Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN
	Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN

Sum of loads in Z	-35,89	kN
CO163 - LC1 + LC4 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-52,39	kN
CO164 - LC1 + LC5 + LC20 + LC21 + LC22 + LC23		
Sum of loads in X	21,10	kN
Sum of loads in Y	4,76	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-75,39	kN
CO170 - LC1 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-17,40	kN
CO171 - LC1 + LC2 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-49,04	kN
CO172 - LC1 + LC3 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-37,90	kN
CO173 - LC1 + LC4 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-54,40	kN
CO174 - LC1 + LC5 + LC30 + LC31 + LC32 + LC33		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-77,40	kN
CO180 - LC1 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-46,32	kN
CO181 - LC1 + LC2 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-77,96	kN
CO182 - LC1 + LC3 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-66,82	kN
CO183 - LC1 + LC4 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-83,32	kN
CO184 - LC1 + LC5 + LC32 + LC33 + LC34 + LC35		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-20,67	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-106,32	kN
CO250 - LC1 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	52,94	kN
CO251 - LC1 + LC2 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	21,30	kN
CO252 - LC1 + LC3 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	32,44	kN
CO253 - LC1 + LC4 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	15,94	kN
CO254 - LC1 + LC6 + LC110 + LC111 + LC112		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN

Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	8,94	kN
CO255 - LC1 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-59,83	kN
CO256 - LC1 + LC2 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-91,47	kN
CO257 - LC1 + LC3 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-80,33	kN
CO258 - LC1 + LC4 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-96,83	kN
CO259 - LC1 + LC6 + LC112 + LC113 + LC114		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-103,83	kN
CO260 - LC1 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122		
Sum of loads in X	22,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	38,81	kN
CO261 - LC1 + LC2 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122		
Sum of loads in X	22,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	7,17	kN
CO262 - LC1 + LC3 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122		
Sum of loads in X	22,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	18,31	kN
CO263 - LC1 + LC4 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122		
Sum of loads in X	22,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	1,81	kN
CO264 - LC1 + LC6 + LC120 + LC121 + LC122		
Sum of loads in X	22,12	kN
Sum of loads in Y	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-5,19	kN
CO270 - LC1 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	52,94	kN
CO271 - LC1 + LC2 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	21,30	kN
CO272 - LC1 + LC3 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	32,44	kN
CO273 - LC1 + LC4 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	15,94	kN
CO274 - LC1 + LC6 + LC130 + LC131 + LC132		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	8,94	kN
CO275 - LC1 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-59,83	kN
CO276 - LC1 + LC2 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134		

Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-91,47	kN
CO277 - LC1 + LC3 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-80,33	kN
CO278 - LC1 + LC4 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-96,83	kN
CO279 - LC1 + LC6 + LC132 + LC133 + LC134		
Sum of loads in X	0,00	kN
Sum of loads in Y	-10,23	kN
Sum of loads in Z	-103,83	kN

6.6.1 Calculation against overturning in the In-service situation

decisive load combination CO150

Self-weight of Layher stage = 65 kN

Wind on Stage 2 * 0.3 * 1.3 * 25 = 19.5 kN

Sum of load in Y direction = 20.65 kN

Sum of load in Z direction = 41.64 kN

Overturning moment

$$M_{ov} = (19.5 * 2/2) + (20.65 * 10.5/2) + (41.64 * 10/2) =$$

$$M_{ov} = 19.5 + 108.41 + 207.3 = 335.2 \text{ kNm}$$

Stabilization moment

$$M_{stab} = (65 * 10/2) + (2 * 13 * 9)$$

$$M_{stab} = 325 + 234 = 559 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_{stab} / M_{ov} = 559 / 335.2 = 1.66 > 1.2$$

6.6.2 Calculation against overturning in the Out-service situation

decisive load combination CO260

Self-weight of Layher stage = 65 kN

Wind on Stage 2 * 0.44 * 1.3 * 25 = 28.6 kN

Sum of load in X direction = 22.12 kN

Sum of load in Z direction = 38.81 kN

Overturning moment

$$M_{ov} = (28.6 * 2/2) + (22.12 * 10.5/2) + (38.81 * 12/2) =$$

$$M_{ov} = 28.6 + 116.13 + 232.86 = 377.59 \text{ kNm}$$

Stabilization moment

$$M_{stab} = (65 * 12/2) + ((14+17.5) * 12) + (11 * 8) + (11 * 6)$$

$$M_{stab} = 96 + 224 + 88 + 66 = 474$$

$$M_{stab} / M_{ov} = 474 / 377.59 = 1.25 > 1.2$$

6.7 Ballast calculation against slipping

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account according to the table below.

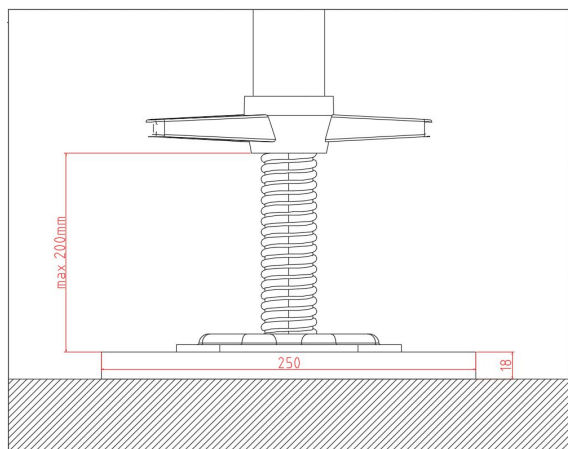


Table 3 — Coefficients of friction μ

	Wood	Steel	Concrete
Wood	0,4	0,4	0,6
Steel	0,4	0,1	0,2
Concrete	0,6	0,2	0,5
Clay ^a	0,25	0,2	0,25
Loam ^a	0,4	0,2	0,4
Sand and gravel	0,65	0,2	0,65

^a At least of stiff consistency in accordance with ENV 1997-1.

6.7.1 Ballast calculation against slipping In service

Decisive load combination is CO150

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account.

Horizontal force = 20.65 kN

Uplift force = 41.64 kN

Self-weight Layher = 65 kN

Check

(ballast + Self-weight Layher– uplift force) * friction coefficient / wind loading > 1,2

$(2*14 + 2*17.5 + 2* 11 + 65 - 41.64) * 0.4 / 20.65 =$

$108.36 * 0.4 / 20.65 = 2.09 > 1.2$

6.7.2 Ballast calculation against slipping In service

Decisive load combination is CO260

For the friction coefficient the factor of 0.4 has been taken into account.

Horizontal force = 22.12 kN

Uplift force = 38.81 kN

Self-weight Layher = 65 kN

Check

(ballast + Self-weight Layher– uplift force) * friction coefficient / wind loading > 1,2

$(2*14 + 2*17.5 + 2* 11 + 65 - 38.81) * 0.4 / 22.12 =$

$111.19 * 0.4 / 22.12 = 2.01 > 1.2$

7.0 Appendixes and extra information

Truss series	Prolyte H40V
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-4

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 13.39 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	34.05 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	34.05 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	200.86 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	18.94 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	18.94 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	20x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	339 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	339 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	16.96 cm ²	
I_y	4179.54 cm ⁴	
I_z	4179.54 cm ⁴	
i_y	15.70 cm	
i_z	15.70 cm	
I_T	900 cm ⁴	

Truss series	Prolyte H30V
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-2

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 10.42 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	24.00 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	24.00 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	200.86 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	14.73 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	14.73 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	16x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	16.96 cm ²	
I_y	2095.86 cm ⁴	
I_z	2095.86 cm ⁴	
i_y	11.12 cm	
i_z	11.12 cm	
I_T	500 cm ⁴	

Truss series	Prolyte H30D
Truss manufacturer	Prolyte Group
Truss series calculated by:	Krasenbrink + Bastians.
Structural report number:	12500-1

Design internal forces for the complete truss

Normal force main chord	+/- 50.22 kN
Normal force coupling system	+/- 52.58 kN
Normal force diagonals	+/- 10.42 kN
Bending moment $M_{yR,d}$	10.39 kNm
Bending moment $M_{zR,d}$	12 kNm
Normal Force $N_{R,d}$	150.65 kN
Transversal Force $V_{yR,d}$	12.76 kN
Transversal Force $V_{zR,d}$	7.36 kN

Truss geometry

Main chords	48x3	EN AW-6082T6
Diagonals	16x2	EN AW-6082T6
Coupling system	CCS6	
Height	207 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
Width	239 mm	Centre to centre distance main chords
A	12.72 cm ²	
I_y	1057.29 cm ⁴	
I_z	1057.10 cm ⁴	
i_y	9.12 cm	
i_z	9.11 cm	
I_T	150 cm ⁴	